The Coconino Sun

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

At Flagstaff the county seat of Coconino county.

CURRENT COMMENT.

By the aid of a new French telescope the moon will be brought within 88 miles of the earth.

In Michigan a spiritualist has been hired by a sea captain to point out where a vessel went down.

Chicago is to have a gold exhibit next fall, in which the gold fields of every section of America will be represented.

A tiny electric light fastened to the end of a pencil is a recent invention to enable reporters to make notes in darkness.

It is the impression of the Philadelphia Ledger that Illinois, more than any other state, will be the battle ground of the coming presidential campaign.

Citizens of Pittsburgh, Pa., will erect a monument to Stephen Collins Foster, author of "My Old Kentucky Home," "Old Black Joe" and other southern melodies.

Half of the newspapers speak of "William McKinley, Jr." This is entirely wrong. The junior should be dropped after a man's name when his father dies. Ex-Gov. McKinley's father died several years ago. There can be no junior unless there is a living senior of the same name.

Considerable of a sensation was recently created by the formal declaration of the Women's Rescue league at Washington that the bicycle is a promoter of immorality and that the league intended to begin a national crusade against the use of bicycles by women. There are 45,000 bicyclists in Washington and at least 15,000 are women and girls.

At the recent international Sunday school convention at Boston some significant figures as to the growth of Sunday school work were furnished to the public. It was stated that there were 12,000,000 adults on the roll of Sunday school pupils and teachers. This roll does not include Catholic children, nor the children and parents who belong to non-Evangelical Protestant churches.

A Swedish woman in Chicago has started the somersault cure for women who desire to improve their figures. "Sometimes," she says, "it takes logic and patience to persuade a stout, dignified lady to turn a somersault, but once you learn how to turn somersaults, even at 50, the exhilaration of it grows on you, and its effects on one's girdle measure are simply astonishing. The somersault does more for a clumsy fat woman than anything I can recommend."

The hot weather record was broken at two points at least in Arizona recently. The director of the weather bureau at Phœnix received a requisition from the observer at Fort Mojave for a new thermometer. The old instrument had a capacity of 127 degrees, but the temperature went beyond that point and the instrument burst. At Parker, on the Colorado river, there was a similar occurrence, where a thermometer of 123 degrees went to pieces. The heat in both places was unprecedented.

A letter has been issued in Philadelphia by the American Anti-Vivisection of Pennsylvania, appealing to the public not to circulate sensational stories about alleged mad dogs and the terrible results of people bitten by them. Such accounts, it states, frighten people into nervous disorders, and yet there is upon record a great mass of testimony from physicians asserting the extreme rarity of hydrophobia, even in the dog. The letter quotes a number of prominent physicians in support of the theory that practically there is no such affliction to mankind as hydrophobia.

Samuel Plimsoll, of England, who has won immortality already by giving to the safety load line of British ships the name of "Plimsoll mark," arrived in the United States recently as full of a new project as ever he was of improving the lot of the British sailor. He hopes to start a movement in this country which will tend to eradicate what he terms our "inherited and unjust dislike of and ill feeling toward the mother country." He believes the feeling starts with the children and is taught to them from school histories that misstate facts, and he is going to examine the histories.

There will come a time when the question of industrial co-operation in the United States, as one means of settling the vexed relations between employers and employes, will receive greater attention than has yet been given it. The reports submitted at the recent co-operative congress in England demonstrated the success of industrial co-operation there. In 30 years the number of co-operative societies have doubled, being now 1,700, with a membership of 1,400,000. The capital of these societies is $75,000,000, their annual business is $250,000,000 and their profits $25,000,000.

In considering the loss by fire, insurance men look at the subject from two points. The property loss is the total loss; the insurance loss the loss that falls upon the insurance companies. In the United States there were 38,003 fires in 1895, which destroyed 53,961 pieces of property; the total loss amounted to $142,110,233, and the insurance loss to $84,698,030. These amounts are enormous, but the average property loss and the average insurance loss were smaller than ever before, being $3,793 for the former and $2.228 for the latter, as against $3,9[illegible] and $2.530 respectively in 1894.

JULY—1896.

Sun.	Mon.	Tue.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Sat.
....	....	....	1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30	31	....

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

Gleaned By Telegraph and Mail.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

William C. Whitney, in a recent interview at New York, said that if a free coinage candidate was nominated by the democrats at Chicago on a free coinage platform it would disrupt the democratic party, as no power on earth could persuade the New York sound money democrats to accept the free silver idea, and a compromise was impossible.

A Washington dispatch stated that the A. P. A. vote would be cast independently for president, but that the order would devote itself to congress and legislatures.

The United States authorities have seized the steamer City of Richmond, and taken her to Key West, Fla. Those on board were charged with filibustering and being engaged in a military expedition to Cuba against Spain.

The members of the notification committee appointed by the republican national convention went to Canton, O., on the 29th and formally notified Gov. McKinley of his nomination for the presidency, Senator Thurston making the speech. Gov. McKinley responded by saying he unqualifiedly approved the national platform, that protection and reciprocity must be encouraged and sufficient revenue must be raised to meet the expenses of the government, and that the money of the United States, of whatever kind, must be as good as the best in the world.

President Cleveland left Washington early on the 30th to spend the summer with his family at Gray Gables, Buzzard's Bay, Mass. During his absence official business will be conducted in the same manner as if he was in Washington, all official news being given out as usual from the white house.

Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe, the authoress of the celebrated volume "Uncle Tom's Cabin," died at Hartford, Conn., on the 1st, aged 85 years. She was stricken with paralysis.

A new political party has been organized in the state of Washington, called the free coinage republican party. A committee was appointed to select 17 delegates to the bimetallic convention at St. Louis on July 22.

Mr. Hobart, the nominee for vice president, visited Gov. McKinley at Canton, O., on the 1st and had a private conference with him. Mr. Hobart left afterward for Cleveland to confer with Mark Hanna.

A Louisville, Ky., dispatch of the 2d stated that John S. Rhea, of Russellville, would nominate Senator Blackburn for the presidency at Chicago.

Several prominent silver republicans of Minnesota on the 2d issued a manifesto announcing that they could no longer stand by the party on account of its single standard platform. Bimetallism was pointed out as the fundamental principle of republicanism and the dire results feared from monometallic financial basis were dilated upon. Among the signers were Congressman C. A. Towne, of Duluth, and ex-Congressman John Lind, of New Ulmsi county.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Miss Lillian Ashley, of Boston, whose case against E. J. (Lucky) Baldwin, the prominent capitalist and horseman, for betrayal under promise of marriage, has been on trial in the superior court at San Francisco for several weeks, created a sensation in the court room on the 2d by walking over to Baldwin, drawing a revolver and firing at his head. A bystander knocked the weapon aside in time to save Baldwin's life. It was believed the woman's mind was unbalanced.

Alderman H. H. Johnson, of Sioux City, Ia., was removed from office for alleged boodling by the council after a trial lasting three days. He will fight the case in the courts.

The jury at Santa Fe, N. M., found James Addison Peralta-Reavis guilty of conspiracy with Miguel Noe and others to defraud the United States government out of public land by trying to establish the fictitious Peralta land grant. Noe is a fugitive from justice in Mexico.

Joe Patchen and John R. Gentry, the two famous race horses, had a meeting at Chicago and Patchen won two straight heats decisively, 2:05¼ being the best time made.

Galveston, Tex., had a $150,000 fire on the 2d. The Mallory line sheds, extending from pier 24 to pier 28, burned together with contents. A train of 26 empty freight cars on the track was consumed. In one shed was stored 5,000 bales of jute and a large amount of baggage, ties and general merchandise. Spontaneous combustion was given as the origin of the fire.

Swells from a passing steamer capsized two yawls of the towboat Fallie at Cincinnati recently. Seven men were thrown into the river. Six were rescued, but one was so badly crushed between the towboat and steamer that he cannot live.

The confederate reunion opened at Richmond, Va., on the 30th, an immense throng being present. Gen. Gordon was presented with a gavel made from a tree from the battlefield of Chickamauga. Gov. O'Ferrall, of Virginia, welcomed the veterans and Gen. Gordon responded. After the appointment of committees the convention adjourned until the next day.

The strike at the Brown Hoisting Co.'s works at Cleveland, O., on the 2d assumed a serious aspect. While 250 police were guarding 500 workmen along the streets they had to use their clubs on the strikers who followed. Albert Saunders, an employe of the works, was knocked off his wheel by a brick and drew his revolver and shot a striker, who died soon after. The police hurried Saunders into an office, but the mob wanted to lynch him and the mayor had to order soldiers to the scene before Saunders could be taken to the station.

The latest cholera news from Cairo, Egypt, stated that 4,419 cases were reported for June and 3,598 deaths.

Jake Williams, a negro, 20 years of age, was lynched in Madison county, Fla., by a mob of 75 men, who took him away from an officer while on the way to jail for an attempted assault on a young white woman.

A receiver was appointed for the New York Recorder newspaper on the 2d.

The corner stone of the monument to be erected to the memory of Jefferson Davis was laid at Richmond, Va., on the 2d with impressive ceremonies. Gen. Stephen D. Lee, of Mississippi, was the orator of the occasion. It was the last day of the reunion of the United Confederate Veterans' association.

J. E. Hardy, a high wire performer from Toronto, Can., made two daring trips across the gorge at Niagara Falls, N. Y., on a three-quarter inch wire rope. The wire was about 160 feet above the water.

During the month of June the United States mints coined 140,982 gold pieces, of the value of $2,471,217; 3,143,423 silver pieces, valued at $1,950,682; 9,496,210 minor pieces, valued at $202,019. The coinage of standard silver dollars will soon be increased to 3,000,000 a month.

An explosion occurred in the arsenal near Fort Moselle, Germany, and 42 men were killed and 100 others badly injured.

The Red Star packet boat Rahmanieh, bound from Suakim to Suez, broke her shaft, drifted upon a reef and foundered. Sixty persons were drowned, most of them Greeks.

Crezenzo Mebola, who murdered Emanuel Loro, was hanged for the crime at Scranton, Pa., on the 1st.

The steamer Kawanura Maru collided with and sunk the Hozui Maru off Hiroshima, Japan, during a storm, and 178 lives were lost.

Rufus Buck, Louis and Lucky Davis, Maomi July and Sam Sampson, members of the Buck gang, were hanged at Fort Smith, Ark., on the 1st.

The flour mill and elevator of Beck Bros., at Cecil, O., was destroyed by fire on the 30th. The night watchman was missing and was supposed to have perished in the flames.

The first annual convention of the Socialist Trade and Labor Alliance of the United States and Canada met at New York on the 29th.

In a quarrel over the admission of colored children into the white district school ten miles east of Guthrie, Ok., J. H. Swain, a negro school-teacher, was shot and killed by W. H. Arnold, a white school director. Arnold gave himself up. He claimed self defense and showed several knife cuts inflicted by Swain.

The geological office at Washington has issued a bulletin showing that the mineral products of 1895 increased in value over those of 1894 $80,000,000, the total being $611,795,290.

Four boys were drowned and 13 persons were hurt by the collapse of a wharf at Boston on the 30th. The citizens were celebrating "Farragut day" and the wharf was overcrowded.

ADDITIONAL DISPATCHES.

The steamer Samuel N. Hodge, of Buffalo, bound from Cleveland to Prescott with 600 tons of wire, caught fire on Lake Ontario on the 5th. The steamer St. Joseph sighted the burning steamer and for over an hour kept two streams playing upon the burning craft, but to no purpose, and to avoid being burned to death those on board the Hodge jumped into the lake. All were picked up by the St. Joseph's crew.

Mrs. Robert Young, residing with her husband and family at Donnellson, Ill., locked herself and her ten-year-old daughter in a bedroom and, after saturating the bed with kerosene, ignited it, burning herself and daughter to death. The house was entirely consumed. The husband, who occupied another apartment, succeeded in getting their other five children out of the building alive. Mrs. Young was believed to have been temporarily insane.

Sidney Randolph, a negro, charged with the murder of little Sadie Buxton at Gaithersburg, Md., was lynched by a mob who overcame the sheriff and forced him to surrender the keys of the jail. The negro protested his innocence to the last. Afterwards a rumor arrived at Gaithersburg that the colored people were organizing and threatened to lynch the father of the murdered Sadie Buxton and the deputy sheriff got 200 men under arms to guard Buxton from harm.

Senator Teller, at Denver, Col., denied the report at Chicago that he had written to Gov. Altgeld that he would not permit his name to go before the democratic convention. He said he would accept the nomination if it was likely to bring success to the cause of free silver.

At Tammany's celebration of Independence day at New York letters of regret at not being able to be present were read from President Cleveland, Vice President Stevenson, Secretaries Olney and Smith and others. President Cleveland urged the society to stand steadfast for sound money.

Ex-Gov. Waite made a dramatic exit from the state populist convention at Denver, Col., on the 4th accompanied by 83 delegates. The ex-governor represented the minority faction from Arapahoe county, which were not allowed seats in the convention. The bolting Waite faction held another convention at which the ex-governor was elected to head the contesting delegation to the national convention at St. Louis.

M'KINLEY NOTIFIED.

The Committee Informs Him of His Nomination for President.

The Nominee Says Protection and Reciprocity Must Be Encouraged and Revenue Must Meet Expenses—The National Platform Approved.

Canton, O., June 30.—The members of the committee appointed by the republican national convention to notify ex-Gov. McKinley of his nomination for the presidency arrived at the McKinley home yesterday. When Mr. McKinley appeared on the porch cheer after cheer arose from the crowd. Senator Thurston then stepped upon the porch and delivered the official notification. Mr. McKinley responded as follows:

Senator Thurston and Gentlemen of the Notification Committee of the Republican National Convention: To be selected as their presidential candidate by a great party convention, representing so vast a number of the people of the United States, is a most distinguished honor, for which I would not conceal my high appreciation, although deeply sensible of the great responsibilities of the trust and my inability to bear them without the generous and constant support of my fellow countrymen. Great as is the honor conferred, equally arduous and important is the duty imposed, and in accepting one I assume the other, relying upon the patriotic devotion of the people to the best interests of our beloved country and the sustaining care and aid of Him without whose support all we do is empty and vain. Should the people ratify the choice of your great convention for which you speak, my only aim will be to promote the public good which, in America, is always the good of the greatest number, the honor of our country and the welfare of the people.

The questions to be settled in the contest this year are as serious and as important as any of the great governmental problems that have confronted us in the past quarter of a century. They command our sober judgment and a settlement free from partisan prejudice and passion, beneficial to ourselves and befitting the honor and grandeur of the republic. They touch every interest of our common country. Our industrial supremacy, our productive capacity, our business and commercial prosperity, our labor and its rewards, our national credit and currency, our proud financial honor and our splendid free citizenship—the birthright of every American—are all involved in the pending campaign, and thus every home in the land is directly and intimately connected with their proper settlement.

Great are the issues involved in the coming election and eager and earnest the people for their right determination. Our domestic trade must be won back and and our idle workingmen employed in gainful occupations at American wages. Our home market must be restored to its proud rank of first in the world, and our foreign trade, so perceptibly cut off by adverse national legislation, reopened on fair and equitable terms for our surplus agricultural and manufacturing products. Protection and reciprocity, twin measures of a true American policy, should again command the earnest encouragement of the government at Washington. Public confidence must be resumed and the skill, the energy and the capital of our country find ample employment at home, sustained, encouraged and defended against the unequal competition and serious disadvantages with which they are now contending. The government of the United States must raise enough money to meet both its current expenses and increasing needs. Its revenues should be so raised as to protect the material interests of our people with the lightest possible drain upon their resources, and maintain that high standard of civilization which has distinguished our country for more than a century of its existence. The income of the government, I repeat, should equal its necessary proper expenditure. A failure to pursue this policy has compelled the government to borrow money in a time of peace, to sustain its credit and pay its daily expenses. This policy should be reversed and that, too, as speedily as possible.

The money of the United States and every kind or form of it, whether of paper, silver or gold, must be as good as the best in the world. It must not only be current at its full face value at home, but it must be counted at par in any and every commercial center of the globe. The sagacious and far-seeing policy of the great men who founded our government, the teachings and acts of the wisest financiers at every stage in our history, the steadfast faith and splendid achievements of the great party to which we belong, and the genius and integrity of our people, have always demanded this, and will ever maintain it. The dollar paid to the farmer, the wage earner and the pensioner must continue forever equal in purchasing and debt paying power to the dollar paid to any government creditor.

The platform adopted by the republican national convention has received my careful consideration and has my unqualified approval. It is a matter of gratification to me, as I am sure it must be to you, and to republicans everywhere, and to all our people, that the expressions of its declaration of principles are so direct, clear and emphatic. They are too plain and positive to leave any chance for doubt or question as to their purpose and meaning. But you will not expect me to discuss its provisions at length or in any detail at this time. It will, however, be my duty and pleasure at some future time to make to you and through you to the great party you represent, a more formal acceptance of the nomination tendered me.

No one could be more profoundly grateful than I for manifestations of public confidence of which you have so eloquently spoken. It shall be my aim to attest this appreciation by an unsparing devotion to what I esteem the best interests of the people, and in this work I ask the counsel and support of you, gentlemen, and of every other friend of the country.

The generous expressions with which you, sir, convey the official notice of my nomination, are highly appreciated, and as fully reciprocated, and I thank you and your associates of the notification committee and the great party and convention at whose instance you come for the high and exceptional distinction bestowed upon me.

Following the formal speeches, H. H. Smith, secretary of the notification committee, presented a gavel made from a log taken from the cabin in which Lincoln lived.

Dashed to Death.

Grand Rapids, Mich., June 30.—Herman Cole, an aeronaut, was killed at North park yesterday afternoon, and a crowd of several thousand witnessed his death. As his balloon ascended the wind dashed it against a building. Cole tried to retain his grasp on the handle bars, but was again thrown heavily against the building. He fell 50 feet, landing on his head, and died an hour later.

Three Drowned in the Missouri.

Tekamah, Neb., June 30.—Miss Jessie Kelso, Miss Sadie Reese and John Samson, part of a picnic party, were drowned in the Missouri here yesterday. The boat they occupied was swamped. But one member of the party was saved, he clinging to the boat. Their bodies were swept away by the strong current.

Sixteen Prisoners Escape.

Oklahoma City, Ok., June 30.—The county jail of Pottawatomie county at Tecumseh is reported to have been broken yesterday, and it is stated that 16 inmates escaped.

BILL DOOLIN ESCAPES.

The Outlaw and 13 Other Prisoners Get Out of the Guthrie Jail.

Guthrie, Ok., July 6.—Fourteen prisoners overpowered the guards in the United States jail at 9:30 last night and broke jail. Bill Doolin and Dynamite Dick, the last survivors of the Dalton gang, who were wanted for the murders committed in the Ingalls fight, at which four deputy marshals were killed, were the principal actors. They got the guards' two revolvers and a Winchester by a rush out of the cages when the gate was opened. They knocked one of them down and placed the other two in the steel cages. They came out at the point of their revolvers. Having the guards safe, the ringleaders called for everyone of the prisoners to escape if they wanted to. Only 14 followed. William Beck, one of the escaped prisoners, returned and said that Doolin was so weak that he sat by the side of the road outside of the city, wondering how he would escape. Later the outlaws made a man named Schofield and his girl get out of a buggy and give it to them.

WITH ANOTHER STAR.

The United States Flag Changed for Utah's Sake.

Washington, July 5.—For the first time Saturday the flag of the United States floated with 45 stars on its blue field, indicating the admission of Utah to the sisterhood of states. General orders issued by the war and navy departments had prepared the way for the change, and for several months the flagmakers have been busy in placing a new star on the flags in stock. From economical considerations the old army flags will not be retired at once, but will be replaced only as they are worn out. In the case of the naval flags the change was more easily made, for those on hand on shipboard may be readily altered by the expert sailmakers.

JUMPED INTO THE LAKE.

Passengers on Board a Burning Steamer Adopt Heroic Measures.

Oswego, N. Y., July 6.—An unusual marine disaster occurred yesterday off Oak Orchard, and in the middle of Lake Ontario. Steamer Samuel N. Hodge, of Buffalo, bound from Cleveland to Prescott, with 600 tons of wire, caught fire. Steamer St. Joseph, Capt. John Prenton, Oswego, sighted the burning steamer and was soon beside her. For over an hour the St. Joseph kept two streams playing upon the burning craft, but to no purpose, and to avoid being burned to death those on board the Hodge jumped into the lake. All were picked up by the St. Joseph's crew.

BOTH GOOD SHOTS.

Dick Younger and the Town Marshal of Russellville, Ky., Killed.

Russelville, Ky., July 6.—A deadly duel took place near Adairville yesterday. Dick Younger went to the town drunk, and as he rode out of town he fired his pistol. H. H. Harmon, the town marshal, jumped on a horse and started after Younger. An hour later both men were found dead about one mile from the town. Both men had been shot through the heart, and only one chamber in each revolver had been discharged. Younger was a relative of the notorious Missouri outlaws of the same name.

PROTESTED HIS INNOCENCE.

But That Did Not Prevent a Maryland Mob from Hanging a Negro.

Rockville, Md., July 6.—Sidney Randolph, a negro, charged with the murder of little Sadie Buxton, and with assault with intent to commit murder on the girl's father and mother and elder sister, during the night of May 25, at the home of the Buxtons, near Gaithersburg, was lynched before daylight on Saturday by a mob of determined men, who overcame the sheriff and forced him to surrender the keys of the jail. The negro protested his innocence of the crime to the last.

DEED OF A DERANGED MOTHER.

She Burns Herself and Ten-Year-Old Daughter to Death—The Other Children Saved.

Hillsboro, Ill., July 6.—Mrs. Robert Young, residing with her husband and family at Donellson, locked herself and her ten-year-old daughter in a bedroom and after saturating the bed with kerosene, ignited it, burning herself and daughter to death. The house was entirely consumed. The husband, who occupied another apartment, succeeded in getting their other five children out of the building alive. Mrs. Young is believed to have been temporarily insane.

NOT IN GOOD STANDING.

Ex-Gov. Waite Not Allowed a Place in the Colorado Populist Convention.

Denver, Col., July 6.—Ex-Gov. Waite made a dramatic exit from the state populist convention Saturday, accompanied by 83 delegates. The ex-governor represented a minority faction from Arapahoe county, which was not allowed a place in the convention, and he took occasion to denounce the gathering as illegal, stating that he would carry an appeal to the national convention at St. Louis, on July 22.

Drought and Disease Playing Havoc.

Little Rock, Ark., July 6.—It is reported that crops in southeast Arkansas are almost total failures from drought. Stock is being carried off by the hundreds by the disease known as anthrax, even squirrels, rabbits and other game suffering from its ravages.

Desperate Russian Riot.

New York, July 6.—Two factions of Russian veterans became involved in a fight at a picnic at Maspeth, L. I., Saturday. Two deputy sheriffs were injured mortally and 100 men less seriously, of whom 40 are still in the hospital. Fifty-nine arrests were made.

Natural Gas Production.

Washington, July 6.—The natural gas production in the United States for 1895 is reviewed in a report of the geological survey. The total value was $13,006,650, against $13,954,400 in 1894, the value of coal or wood displaced by gas.

In the Hierarchy.

The principle of charging for the "know-how" is not forgotten by professional men who have got on well in their work. The story is told in an English book of a distinguished bishop, who, being dissatisfied with the arrangements of his palace, employed a first-class architect to superintend possible alterations. The architect took time to consider and at last submitted plans. By this time the bishop had decided that the cost was too great and relinquished his building project altogether. "And now," said the bishop, "I shall be glad if you will tell me how much I shall pay you for your trouble." "I thank your lordship, £100," answered the architect. "One hundred pounds!" exclaimed the bishop. "Why, I have curates in my diocese who do not receive so much as that for a whole year's service." "That may be true, my lord," said the architect, "but I happen to be a bishop in my profession." There was nothing more to be said and the bishop paid the bill.—Youth's Companion.

The Dog That Got the Ducks.

A good story is told of hunters from Washington who went to the coast of North Carolina to shoot ducks. There were six men in the party and they had three dogs with them. They hunted in couples. Shooting was good and from each of the six couples the sound of guns being being fired notified their friends of their success, for they were only a short distance apart. Each couple was somewhat indignant, because whenever a duck fell their own dog failed to get it, one dog seeming to secure almost every one of the wild fowl. At luncheon time they came together. "Well, what luck?" was the general greeting. "Elegant, but your dog got our ducks," was the universal respond. Then they looked at each other, while from out the little bay glided a skiff loaded with ducks, in the forward end of which sat the dog which had gathered them in.—Washington Star.

TO CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS and the EAST

Via Burlington Route.

The traveling public is sure to find the best fast Vestibuled Trains from the Missouri River to the East via the Burlington Route. Elaborate Compartment Sleepers (same rate as standard sleepers); free Chair Cars of luxurious pattern to St. Louis; Standard Sleepers, free Chair Cars and Dining Cars to Chicago.

Ask ticket agent for tickets via *Vestibuled Elt* to Chicago, and via the *Vestibuled Limited* to St. Louis.

L. W. Wakeley, Gen. Pass. Agt., St. Louis, Mo.

"You nebber yet," said Uncle Eben, "could fin' er man so stingy dat he isn't willin' ter share his loafin' time wif somebody dat's really busy."—Washington Star.

Valuable Franchise Secured.

The franchise of easy digestion—one of the most valuable in the gift of medical science—can be secured by any person wise enough to use Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, either to suppress growing dyspepsia, or to uproot it at maturity. Bilious, rheumatic and fever and ague sufferers, persons troubled with nervousness, and the constipated, should also secure the health franchise by the same means.

The manner of a vulgar man has freedom without ease, and the manner of a gentleman has ease without freedom.—Chesterfield.

I can recommend Piso's Cure for Consumption to sufferers from Asthma.—E. D. Townsend, Ft. Howard, Wis., May 4, '94.

Half the misery of human life might be extinguished by mutual offices of compassion, benevolence and humanity.—Addison.

Hall's Catarrh Cure

Is taken internally. Price 75c.

Music is a prophecy of what life is to be, the rainbow of promise translated out of seeing into hearing.—Mrs. L. M. Child.

History makes haste to record great deeds, but often neglects good ones.—Hosea Ballou.

People look at my six days in the week, to see what I mean on the seventh.—Cecil.

You

Will realize the greatest amount of good in the shortest time and at the least expense by taking

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1.

Hoods' Pills are easy to take, easy to operate.

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S·H·& M· REGISTERED TRADE MARK

BIAS VELVETEEN SKIRT BINDING

that is rainproof and sheds water. It wears—like the other S. H. & M.'s and does not turn gray like the cheap kinds. Put it on your traveling and sea-side gowns.

If your dealer will not supply you we will.

Samples showing labels and materials mailed free.

"Home Dressmaking Made Easy," a new 72 page book by Miss Emma M. Hooper, of the Ladies' Home Journal, giving valuable points, mailed for 25c.

S. H. & M. Co., P. O. Box 599, N. Y. City.

Sparkling with life—rich with delicious flavor, HIRES Rootbeer stands first as nature's purest and most refreshing drink. *Best by any test.*

Made only by The Charles E. Hires Co., Philadelphia. A 5c. package makes 5 gallons. Sold everywhere.

STEADY WORK WE PAY CASH WEEKLY and want men everywhere to SELL STARK TREES proven "absolutely best." Superb outfits, new system. STARK BROTHERS, LOUISIANA, MO., ROCKPORT, ILL.

EFFECTS OF A SMILE: YUCATAN KILLS IT.