MAKE

UP YOUR mind just how much you want to pay for a SUIT or OVERCOAT. Then come HERE for it. We guarantee to give you a FINER, more fashionable, and better fitting one for the money than any other store in town, no matter whether it's a $10 one, a $50 one or one of the many intermediate grades.

ROBINSON, CHERY & CO.,
Clothes, Furnishings, Hats,
Twelfth and F Sts.

Our Great Stock-taking Sale ends to-night. Till then ONE-THIRD OFF everything.

When we Make a Reduction It's Genuine.

When we say we'll take a third off—a third goes off the regular price marked on the article. Prove it by comparing the prices we'll quote to you during our REDUCTION sale, with those others are asking for the same articles. The result will be sufficient evidence of the fact.

We'll tell you about Sideboards to-day. Our stock of them is magnificent, but entirely too full. Lots of chances to get a handsome "Board" for two-thirds the usual charge.

These ideas:

$16.00 Sideboard, $9.25.
A little more than a third off in this case. The sideboard is of solid oak—with French bevel plate mirror, two small and one large drawer—and two cupboards.

$22 Sideboard, - $15.
Serpentine top—neat carvings, made of solid oak, 4 feet wide, with French bevel plate mirror, shelf top, 1 large and 2 small drawers—1 lined for silver—and roomy—2 cupboards.

$58 Sideboard, - $39.
A very handsome Board—with swell front and ends—made of solid quartered oak—large shapen bevel mirror—2 small and 1 large drawer.

$100 Sideboard, - $67.
A very large, handsome Sideboard, 5 feet wide—made of solid quartered oak—4 drawers—2 cupboards—large glass.

$125 Sideboard, $83.33.
A 5-foot, very massive quartered Sideboard, with 5 swell front drawers, 2 cupboards, finely finished throughout.

CHINA CLOSETS to match at equally as advantageous prices.

The Julius Lansburgh Furniture & Carpet Co.,
THE RINK,
New York Ave.,
Bet. 13th and 14th Sts.

Our Regent Cork Sole Shoe
—For men—is far above the standard of its price.
—For make, finish and service you'd judge it to be $5. It's price
$3.00
—If you're a wearer of Cork Soles shoes, see it.
—We'll be glad to tell you its many merits.
EDMONSTON'S,
1334 F St. N. W.

YOU DID MENTION IT, AND I also bought clean and cheap of G. W. MERRILL & CO., 456 N. Y. ave., depot at Eckington. COAL. oct8-3mo

GEO. C. MOUNTCASTLE.
VERMONT AVE. STABLES.
Vermont Court, between L and M Vermont ave. and 15th street
Telephone, 1034. jal-2w

Naval Orders.

Surgeon J. B. Parker has been ordered to duty in connection with the Congressional committee on the Ford's Theater disaster, relieving Medical Director B. H. Edd, who will take the place of Medical Director Michael Bradley on the naval examining board.

DOINGS OF THE DISTRICT

Important Conference Over the Municipal Building Item.

JUDGE BRADLEY ON PENALTIES

Committeeman T. W. Smith, of the Board of Trade, Submits a Minority Report on the Contagious Disease Hospital Site—Central Union Mission Wants to Sell Sawed Wood—Removal of the Garbage Begun.

Commissioners Ross and Powell, in company with President Warner, Secretary Wight, Messrs. Thomas Somerville, and George Gibson, all of the board of trade, were in conference at the Capitol yesterday with the sub-committee of the House on District appropriations. The principal topic discussed was the item providing for a municipal building. Mr. A. A. von Herbelis accompanied the Commissioners. Upon his return to the board room, President Ross said the delegation had had a very satisfactory interview.

Judge Bradley of the District supreme court raised a question recently, in a private note to the Commissioners, over the legality of the assessment of 2 per cent. per month penalty on taxes that become delinquent. He declined to pay the penalty assessed against him, and that brought the issue to the front. After an examination of the law the Commissioners held that there was ample authority for the collection of a penalty, but as a matter of further precaution the matter was referred to Attorney Thomas. When President Ross' attention was called to the matter yesterday by a TIMES reporter, he said that pending an investigation of the question by the attorney the Commissioners would

DECLINE TO DISCUSS IT.

He regretted that it had become public.

The issue is of some importance, since if the penalty clause is found to be defective it will invalidate the collection of a considerable sum annually, and at the same time in a large measure hamper the collection of taxes. Without a penalty to enforce prompt payment, the accumulation of revenues would depend upon the voluntary acts of the taxpayers, and many would be apt to defer payments to suit their own convenience.

In his minority report, as a member of the board of trade's committee appointed to select a site for the proposed contagious disease hospital, submitted to the Commissioners yesterday, Mr. Thomas W. Smith says "the committee seemed to have but one object in view, and that was to pass upon a question which had been called to their attention within three days prior to convening. The site selected was the only one a majority of the committee had been called upon to visit, and was visited and inspected at the instance of and with Mr. Warner."

Mr. Smith thinks the matter should have received more consideration.

Attention is called to the fact that the Commissioners are on record as being opposed to the location of the hospital upon a site near to that proposed, and that the board of trade's selection is 1,300 feet nearer the swampy flats, immediately alongside of the smallpox hospital and over the

GRAVES OF THE PAUPER DEAD.

"What is still more infamous," he says "it is over the graves of those who died of smallpox many years ago."

Mr. Smith suggests that the Commissioners cannot legally appropriate the ground for the purpose of a hospital site, it having been dedicated as a burial ground for the poor.

Mr. Smith says there are many reasons to justify the charge that "the formation of the committee was for an unworthy purpose."

The Commissioners read the report and immediately thereafter forwarded it to the Congressional committee.

Orders issued yesterday:

That a sewer in Fourteenth street, between Center street and Whitney avenue, be added to the provisional schedule for 1896.

That the resignation of Miss J. C. Kelton, tracer in the engineer department, be accepted, to take effect on the 10th instant.

That a sewer be constructed in front of premises Nos. 916 to 922, Second street northeast, cost to be paid by applicant.

That three gasoline lamps be erected and lighted in alley of square 511.

Rev. E. D. Bailey, of the Central Union Mission, asks the District authorities to purchase so much as they may need of the wood which the mission has for sale, being the accumulations of sawed stuff supplied by the work of indigent persons to whom employment is given from day to day. Many unemployed persons are given temporary work by the mission and are furnished meals in compensation

FOR THE LABOR PERFORMED.

In this way more fuel is obtained than can be disposed of, and the Commissioners' patronage is solicited as a means of continuing the mission's charity.

Sixteen teams with a full complement of workmen made an attack upon the garbage pile yesterday. Twenty teams will be used to-day, and on Monday the number will be increased to thirty. Such is the report made by Harbor Master Lutton at the District building yesterday.

William S. Hardesty was yesterday appointed telephone operator in the office of the superintendent of the telegraph and telephone service, vice M. B. Domer, resigned, the appointment to take effect to-day.

The committee of fifteen, mentioned in yesterday's TIMES, whose duties are as a relief committee to direct the collection and distribution of money and supplies among the needy and deserving during the present winter, was yesterday appointed by the District Commissioners.

The members are requested to meet in Commissioner Truesdell's room at the District building at 3 p. m. to-day for the purpose of effecting an organization.

The committee is the same as last year, with one exception. Mr. J. Harrison Johnson retires on account of his pressing public duties and Mr. C. G. Conn succeeds him. With this exception the full list was published in yesterday's TIMES.

Chief Parris' "laddies" responded last month to twenty open and thirty still alarms of fire. The aggregate of losses reported was $18,780; insurance, $11,000.

Building permits issued yesterday: F. P. Serrin, agent, four dwellings, Nos. 2321 and 2323 Virginia avenue, and 2312 and 2314 G street northwest, $8,000; Joseph Manning, dwelling at No. 820 Second street southwest, $1,000.

Court Notes.

George H. Tichenor, John T. Moylan, and T. M. Fields yesterday filed an amended bill in their suit against Oliver Harr and others of the Columbia Concrete Construction Company. They ask for a receiver, an accounting, the enforcement of payment of subscriptions, and Harr and others be restrained from collecting money due the company.

Jacob Richardson was convicted yesterday of stealing a bicycle from Harry M. Schneider on November 29 last, and was sent to Albany for three years.

Edwin Forrest, as administrator of Anthony F. Navarre, yesterday sued to recover a judgment for $703 against William J. Moberley. He asks for a discovery of claims against lot 5, square 490, owned by Moberley and a sale by court trustee.

Real Estate Transfers.

Deeds of real estate were filed yesterday for record, as follows:

Ward T. Forrester, part of lot 1, square 276, $10. James F. Brown and wife to K. Kemper, trustee, part of original lot 11, square 724, $10. William A. Gordon, trustee, to James A. Houghton and Olive L. Houghton, lot 45, square 112, in Georgetown, $10. United States Secretary Life Insurance and Trust Company, of Pennsylvania, to Frank W. and Evan H. Tucker, lot 105, square 856, $1,900. Corey C. Croissant, trustee, to Lucy W. Ferguson, several blocks in American University Heights, $10.

VAL BLATZ MILWAUKEE BEER.

UNITED STATES ACADEMY
—OF—
MEDICINE AND SURGERY,
807-809-811 14th ST. N. W., BET. H AND I STS.
WASHINGTON, D. C.
A Permanent Institution for the Scientific Treatment and Cure of
Nervous, Mental and Special Diseases.

Chronic, Skin and Blood Diseases.

All Diseases of a SPECIAL NATURE Privately, Safely, and Permanently Cured.

All Effects of Abuses, Excesses, Improper Life, etc., which render Marriage Unhappy and Life Miserable, are Successfully Treated upon the Latest Scientific Principles.

A PERFECT RESTORATION GUARANTEED.

ORGANAL WEAKNESS
Immediately cured and full vigor restored. This distressing affliction, which renders life a burden and marriage impossible, is the penalty paid by the victim of improper indulgence. The most chaste must acknowledge that the passions are the great magnet by which the whole world is attracted. Destroy them and what have we? Man is no longer interested in the opposite sex; the interchange of that blissful repose which now attracts and interests the whole world exists no longer; man ceases to be what God made him; the world is no longer interesting to him, and remorse and disappointment are his constant companions. Consult us at once, and you will find the sympathy and relief that you positively require.

MARRIAGE.
Married persons, or young men contemplating marriage, aware of physical weakness, loss of procreative powers, impotency or other disqualification, speedily restored. He who places himself under our care may confide in our honor as gentlemen and confidently rely on our skill as physicians.

CHRONIC DISEASES.
The most wonderful success has been attained in the treatment of the cases to which we devote our special attention, and through years of patient labor and research we have discovered the most infallible methods of curing general weakness, involuntary discharges, impotency, nervousness, confusion of ideas, palpitation of the heart, timidity, diseases of the throat, nose and skin, affections of the liver, stomach and bowels—those terrible disorders arising from solitary habits of youth—and secret practices, making life a miserable existence and marriage impossible.

YOUNG MEN
Who have become victims of solitary vice, that dreadful and destructive habit, which annually sweeps to an untimely grave thousands of young men of exalted talent and brilliant intellect, may call with full confidence.

We address all those who have injured themselves by improper indulgence and solitary habits which ruin both mind and body, unfitting them for business, study, society or marriage.

OUR CURES ARE THOROUGH AND PERMANENT.

REMARKABLE CURES
Perfected in old cases which have been neglected or unskillfully treated.

A CURE WARRANTED.

Persons Ruined in Health by Unlearned Pretenders Who Keep Trifling with Them Month after Month, Giving Poisonous and Injurious Compounds, Should Apply Immediately.

OFFICE HOURS—9 to 3, 6 to 8. Sundays—10 to 2. Consultation Free and Invited.

LOCAL NEWS OF ALL SORTS

The Weather To-day.

The District of Columbia and Maryland—Fair; slightly colder; northerly winds.

Missed the Rabbit, Hit the Man—William Lawson, colored, of No. 418 Temperance alley, was taken to the Emergency Hospital last night and had a portion of a charge of bird shot extracted from his leg. He says an unknown gunner who was trying to get a bead on a big rabbit missed the latter in his excitement and fired at his (Lawson's) lower extremities, which were protruding from a clump of bushes.

Charge Against Murphy Nolle Prossed—The alleged case of embezzlement against John Murphy was nolle prossed in the police court yesterday, as "there was nothing in it."

Charged with Sunday Bar—Anthony Redier and Michael Gallagher, keepers of a saloon on Sixth street, opposite the Baltimore and Potomac Railroad depot, under the firm name of Redier & Gallagher, were charged in the police court yesterday, by Policemen Lynch and Pierce, with selling liquor on Sunday. A jury trial was demanded, bonds being fixed at $400.

Rifleman Cheshire Held—Augustus Cheshire, colored, who formerly kept a rifle range on Fourteenth street, was held for the grand jury in $700 bonds by Judge Miller yesterday. The charge against the prisoner was wilfully shooting with a rifle James Carter, colored, fourteen years of age, several months ago, because the boy annoyed him at his range.

Detective and His Prisoner—Detective Rhodes will return from Philadelphia early this morning with his prisoner, George W. Taylor, who is wanted here, owing to his connection with an alleged fraudulent scheme known as a "buggy exchange."

Swindled a Furniture Dealer—A warrant has been issued for the arrest of Charles McKinley, charged with false pretenses in securing from Mr. George Breitharth, the Seventh street furniture dealer, $15 by means of a bogus draft signed by a fictitious person.

May Have to Serve Time—Detective Horne arrested James Ross, a colored waiter, yesterday, charged with the larceny of a costly clock from Thomas W. Wright, of No. 469 Maryland avenue southwest. The case will be heard in the police court this morning.

Says He Was Faithful—Mr. Malone Wheeless, in his answer to his wife's bill for divorce, denies the charge of criminal intimacy with Mrs. Catherine Hay, wife of Dr. George W. Hay, of No. 2205 K street northwest, at Charlestown, W. Va., or any other town or place. He says he has been faithful to his wife, has supported her and their child, and asks that her suit be dismissed. In his crossbill for divorce he charges that she has been unfaithful to her marriage vows.

Men Who Will Try Howgate—The list of jurors in Judge McComas' court was completed yesterday, and from it the first selections of men to try the Howgate case must be made. The names are as follows: William H. H. Cissel, Alexander D. Tucker, Joseph T. Smothers, F. A. Beuchler, John H. Eubank, W. S. Tappan, Joseph Jennings, Norman Simpson, William H. Cranston, Robert P. Wright, Joseph Richardson, William B. Turpin, Thomas Henderson, John G. Fidler, John Caspari, T. Fisher Latimer, Harmond T. Lord, Thomas Kinslow, Fritz Herzog, Samuel Hilton, Charles A. T. Chase, John G. Burchfield, Joseph Manning, Alfred Flather, James H. Rockett and George Turner.

American Association Out of It—There will be no American Association baseball in the coming season. This announcement was given yesterday afternoon by President William S. Kames.

The Labor Problem and the Negro—R. W. Thompson, formerly the managing editor of Indianapolis World, and now connected with the Government Printing Office, will read a paper to-morrow afternoon at 4:30 o'clock, before the Shiloh Baptist Lyceum, on "The labor problem in its relation to the negro." This society meets at the church named on L street, between Sixteenth and Seventeenth streets northwest.

Yeoman Lane Pleaded Guilty—Sentence will be imposed by Judge Miller next Monday on Samuel Lewis Lane, ship's yeoman of the steamer Fish Hawk. As predicted in yesterday's TIMES, Lane entered pleas of guilty in three cases of petit larceny in the police court and said he was drunk when he stole the three pairs of field glasses.

Said to Have Stolen a Diamond Ring—The case against Arthur W. Jackson, arrested in New York, charged with the theft of a diamond ring valued at $200 from Mrs. Augusta Von Brant while she was here on a visit, will probably be tried in the former city. Detective Boyd left here yesterday to appear against Jackson. By false representations, it is said, the prisoner obtained the ring from the store of Galt & Brother, where it had been left for repairs by Mrs. Von Brant.

Harvest of the Thieves—The record of thefts reported to Inspector Hollinberger at detective headquarters yesterday embraced the larceny of a navy blue cloth overcoat from G. L. Morton, of No. 1310 Q street northwest; a bicycle lamp from Fred Harris, of No. 1724 New Jersey avenue northwest; horse blanket from William H. Burk, No. 1322 Fifth street northwest, and a pocketbook containing $35 in money and a check for $10 from Mrs. E. M. Tingley, of No. 937 Rhode Island avenue.

Illustrated Sunday-school Lessons—The International Sunday-school lessons for the first quarter in 1895 will be illustrated by stereopticon pictures at the Church of Our Father, corner of Thirteenth and L streets northwest next Sunday evening. Thirty views will be thrown upon the canvass, among them selections from Hoffmann, Bodenhausen, and other masters. The display of the pictures will be accompanied by an explanatory lecture by the pastor, Rev. A. G. Rogers, D. D. A popular song and praise service, with the hymns thrown on the canvass, will also form a feature of the evening. Those who are interested in Sunday-school work should attend this service and witness the interest manifested by this thriving school.

Negroes Will Meet in Convention—Mr. James A. Ross, president of the Negro National Democratic Association, in company with the secretary, Mr. Charles L. Barnes, has issued a call for the various vice presidents to send delegates to the convention of colored Democrats, to be held at Odd Fellows' Hall, on L street, to give expression to their sentiments regarding their treatment by the administration and to offer an address to the negroes of the country who have given their support to Democracy.

W. C. T. U.'s Week of Prayer—The Woman's Christian Temperance Union will observe the week of prayer by holding meetings in the auditorium of the Central Union Mission, beginning with Sunday afternoon and continuing every afternoon at 2 p. m. during the week. Following are the leaders: Sunday, January 6, 3 p. m., Mrs. Martin and Miss Miner; Monday, 2 p. m., Mrs. S. L. Beller; Tuesday, 2 p. m., Mrs. Christine Dierson; Wednesday, 2 p. m., Mrs. M. E. Cohen; Thursday, 2 p. m., Mrs. M. E. Griffith; Friday, 2 p. m., Mrs. H. P. Vies; Saturday, 2 p. m., Mrs. S. D. La Fetra. There will be good music and everybody will be welcome.

Several Police Court Cases—In the police court yesterday Edward Nailor, colored, was sent to jail for three months for the larceny of two boxes of oranges from McGregor & Brother, commission merchants, and an additional thirty days for stealing a wheelbarrow from Ezekiel Smith, with which to carry off the fruit. Isaac Dodson and Charles Mack, colored, were sent to jail by Judge Miller for sixty days each, their offense being a brutal assault on a man named Shea. An Ambush alley crap-shooter, who gave his name as Isaac Dodson, was fined $10. Thomas Davis, an alleged deserter from the Army, was sent to jail for sixty days in default of having real estate bonds for threatening the life of Annie Wood, a colored domestic.

TAKES A FRESH START.

Three More Victims of the Smallpox Reported Yesterday.

Three new victims of smallpox were discovered by the health office authorities yesterday and removed to the pesthouse last night. These were:

Basil Locker, colored man, of No. 714 St. Mary's court, between Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth, G and H streets northwest.

Frank Turner, colored, five years of age, No. 1810 Valley street, north of S and between Twelfth and Thirteenth streets northwest.

Susan Green, colored woman, of No. 1227 Madison street northwest.

Dr. Woodward stated to a TIMES reporter last night that it had been just two weeks since William Green was stricken with the disease and removed to the hospital. This is the usual period of incubation. It will be remembered that Green died at the pesthouse. Henry Green, his brother, is now at the suspect camp awaiting the development of the disease, and Susan Green, who was taken to the hospital yesterday, was Henry Green's wife. A few hours before the eruptions appeared on this woman she gave birth to a dead infant, the remains of which were removed last night to potter's field and buried in the inclosure set aside for smallpox victims.

It was also learned that Basil Locker, of St. Mary's court, had the disease one week before it was discovered and reported to the health office. During this time throngs of school children who attend St. Mary's Mission School, at the mouth of the byway by that name, thronged in and out of the court while at their recess plays, and some may even have invaded the infected premises, in view of this state of affairs, Dr. Woodward last evening sent to the principal of the school a request that the building be closed to scholars for a period of two weeks.

There is a remarkable similarity between the case of Susan Green, taken to the hospital yesterday, and that of Mary Taylor, who died in Stone's row several weeks ago, both having been delivered of children when discovered to be suffering from smallpox.

Edward Johnson has been appointed a special policeman for duty in the smallpox service, he having formerly been a special on the force. Several others may be appointed today.

Police Station Did Not Deter Him.

Thomas Williams, a white waiter, approached Nannie Brown, colored, at Twelfth and D streets northwest, only a few rods from No. 1 police station, last night, and without provocation dealt her a stunning blow, knocking the woman down and severely injuring her. The assailant was promptly arrested by Policemen Boyce and Williams.

When We Cure Rupture
It is healed permanently. There's never a relapse when the ROBERTS PROCESS is used. Two years after being cured a Washingonian testifies: "I have felt strong and vigorous ever since my complete cure of right inguinal hernia."
Skillful treatment for both sexes.
NATIONAL HERNIAL INSTITUTE,
Washington Branch, 1421 G St., Riggs House. Opposite

- GRAND OPENING -
311 Seventh Street N. W.
A FEAST OF BARGAINS
FOR CLOTHING BUYERS.
Bargains--Bigger--Better--Brighter Than Ever Before Heard of.

The announcement in the daily papers several days ago to the effect that Sam'l Friedlander had bought the stock of the New York Clothing House has spread like wildfire. The announcement TO-DAY that Sam'l Friedlander will open this old and respected house and instil more of the spirit of enterprise into it, that has been characteristic of him during his seven years of honorable management of this house, has created a sensation that will reach its focus this morning, when the doors will be thrown open to the public and the residue of the stock of the New York Clothing House, embracing still a large line of fine

Suits and Overcoats

Will be offered at prices that are practically GIVE AWAY PRICES. This immense stock was bought at figures that warrant its being offered at prices that are ridiculously low. We can sell cheap--and we will sell cheaper than the lowest prices named elsewhere. Come--

EXPECT MUCH---YOU'LL GET IT.

It is a source of gratification to be able to sell such really magnificent values for such nominal figures, for we shall offer this sale as a specimen of what the public may expect of us in their future dealings with this house--Square dealing and honest values will be the standard by which the big crowds that will be here to-day will be augmented on each successive day.

We're going to start our spring trade with a brand new stock of goods, hence every garment in this house will and must be sold regardless of its original value. 'Tis the opportunity of a lifetime--EMBRACE IT. Get here early and avoid the crush.

Sam'l Friedlander,
SUCCESSOR TO
The New York Clothing House,
311 Seventh Street N. W.

INDUSTRIES OF THE SOUTH

Their Relation to Labor Discussed by Hon. Carroll D. Wright.

DIVERSIFICATION IS NEEDED

Negro Problem Cannot Be Solved by Any Scheme of Colonization—With Increased Consumption There Will Come Increased Power of Productivity and Enhanced Wages—Labor Difficulties in the South.

"Labor and the industries of the South" was discussed last evening in an able paper before the National Geographic Society at National Rifles' Armory by Hon. Carroll D. Wright, Commissioner of Labor.

Mr. Wright pointed out that the patience which the South exercised for twelve or fifteen years after the close of the war enabled her business men to pull together, to appreciate their status and to understand the necessity of individual development. They also, after careful study, discovered the extent of their natural resources; that their coal deposits exceeded by more than forty times the strength of the coal fields of England in their original richness; that they had also immense deposits of iron, and learned the relation of their cotton industries to the heavier industries.

With these great basic resources the South has worked diligently, and as a result has developed wonderfully in transportation, banking, waterways, educational institutions, and on many other lines.

In keeping with her development and progress, the South has reduced her indebtedness and shown a thorough appreciation of all the benefits which come from individual prosperity. The Southern States recently discovered, Mr. Wright said, that loss comes from the concentration of too much force in one industry. The lesson was severely taught and quickly learned. Now their corn goes to the Northwest, and the far West is using

MACHINERY MADE IN THE SOUTH.

He gave figures illustrating various lines of development and then turned his attention to the influence which this development has on labor. The negro labor problem, he continued, would sooner or later result in increased demand from the workers, and then the South would be met with the labor difficulties which must be handled with wisdom and in the light of the experience of the North and Europe, which have met them in turn as their industries have been extended.

He believed that the fundamental principles of industrial training must be applied as well as the principle of elementary education; that no scheme of colonization in this or other lands could possibly solve the negro problem; that the basic error of the government in making a treaty with the Indians would not be repeated with the negro, but that in a higher standard of life and in a consequently increased power of consumption there would come a correspondingly increased power of productivity and enhanced wages.

The negro could not be made over into a Caucasian, but should be developed into the very best negro possible. His standard of living is now represented by less than $1 a week, while that of the American laborer is represented by $8 per week. But with the natural resources of the South and the abundance of labor, the negro's standard of living must rise and

WITH IT HIS WANTS.

So the patience of the South will again be tried, but on different lines from that of a generation ago. The speaker predicted that with the wisdom of the captains of industry in the South, who are watching the effect in other quarters of the world, the labor difficulties there will be less severe than in other localities, and that the principle of ownership of homes by the laborer would be recognized as an essential element of industrial peace and prosperity, in which prosperity the other portions of the United States would not suffer, but would receive their share of benefit through an increased exchange of commodities.

JAMES M. TERRELL'S WILL.

After His Wife's Death Nearly Everything Goes to a Religious Society.

James M. Terrell put everything in the hands of his executors, Watson T. Clark and John D. Swormstedt in trust; first, to allow his wife, Jane, the use for life of his residence, No. 1111 I street northwest; second, to sell all other property but his books, and use the funds for his wife, and after his wife's death to give the remainder, outside of small bequests to relatives, to the Society of Oblate Sisters of Providence for the benefit of St. Francis Academy, at Chase street and Forrest Place, Baltimore.

He left $5 each to Ann Day, Mary A. Doster, Mary Carter, Catherine Warrick, and Robert Douglass, and to his nephews, Roscoe Douglass and Jesse and Edward Doster, $1 each; to his nephews, Sterling Doster and William Warrick, and nieces, Eunice Doster and Beatrice Warrick, $100 each; to his nephew, James H. Grimes, all his books, his burial lot, and $500, which is to be $1,000 if this nephew marries, and to Sister Augustin, of the Sisters of Providence, $100. The will is dated March 25, 1891.

ALEXANDRIA HAPPENINGS.

The National Collection Agency, a new corporation, from Washington, was yesterday granted a charter of incorporation by Judge Norton, of the corporation court. The officers for the first year are J. B. Brown, of Washington, president; William G. Greene, of Alexandria, vice president, and Edward L. Cockrell, secretary and treasurer. The officers, with James A. G. Suit, of Washington, and John Y. Callahan, of Alexandria, constitute the board of directors.

The District Investment Company, of Washington, was also chartered yesterday. The capital stock is $20,000, and Mr. D. D. Stone, of Washington, is its president.

Capt. William Shock, the city overseer of the poor, fell on the ice in Fayette alley yesterday and fractured all the bones of his wrist.

A traveling case containing twenty-nine dry cups for open-circuit telegraph work was found by a colored boy in the woods near the St. Asaph track yesterday evening, a short distance away from the telegraph lines. The police think it belonged to a gang of wire tappers who were going to tap the Driving Park wire, but were frightened off.

The reception of Mrs. George S. French at her home on North Alfred street last night, from 9 to 11 o'clock, was attended by the elite of Alexandria society.

The Relief Hook and Ladder Company met last night and elected Mr. Park Agnew, president; Mr. Charles Picken, secretary; Mr. Leopold Ruben, treasurer; Mr. R. M. Latham, foreman, and other officers.

The German Building Associations, Nos. 4 and 5, have elected Isaac Eichberg, president; Justus Schneider, secretary, and M. B. Harlow, treasurer.

Miss Boyde Faulkner, daughter of Senator Faulkner, of West Virginia, is visiting her cousins, the Misses Kemper, on Washington street.

Probably Fired by Tramps.

Since the police have started in to "vag" the tramps and others who call at the station houses for free lodgings, those weary wayfarers have been seeking other sleeping places, and complaints are being made to the police that they enter vacant houses for that purpose. At 11:50 o'clock last night No. 4 engine responded to a local alarm for a flame discovered in the vacant house, No. 924½ F street southwest, which was supposed to have been accidentally fired by tramps while trying to keep warm. The blaze was quickly extinguished. Damage about $25.

We Have Known Such People.

Some people are so stingy that prosperity is sinful to them.—Atchison Globe.

Ever Tried It?

Theory doesn't cut much of a figure—demonstrated facts are the things that convince. We are convincing people every day—except Sunday — that it is cheaper and more satisfactory to buy

A MISFIT SUIT OR OVERCOAT

Than it is to jump into ready-made clothing. Our supplies come from 200 of the best tailors in America—they make mistakes — and they have garments left uncalled for. We accept none but best qualities. We sell them at less than one-third actual COST.

MISFIT
Clothing Co.,
941 Pa. Ave. N. W.
Between 9th and 10th Sts.

CHICKERING & SON'S PIANOS,
MASON & HAMLIN'S ORGANS,
WASHBURN Mandolins and Guitars,
STEWART BANJOS,
Sheet Music and Music Books.
MODERATE PRICES.
EASY TERMS.
John F. Ellis & Co.,
937 PA. AVE. N. W.

FUNERAL EXPENSES REDUCED.
S. H. HINES,
Undertaker and Embalmer, Main Office, 423 G street northwest. Branch office, 910 Four-and-a-half street southwest. Twenty years' experience in the business, and first-class work guaranteed. Arrangements can be made with us for funerals in any part of the United States.
No. 3 Varnished Coffin, without glass $15.00
No. 4 Varnished Coffin, with glass 25.00
No. 5 Varnished Casket, with glass 35.00
No. 6 Varnished Casket, better grade 45.00
No. 7 Black Cloth Casket, with glass 55.00
No. 8 Black Cloth Casket, with glass 65.00
No. 9 Black Cloth Casket, with glass 75.00
No. 10 Black Cloth Casket, with glass 85.00
Metallic Caskets furnished in proportion when desired. It will cost you nothing to investigate our prices. oct9-6mo