THE SUNDAY TIMES' PAGE ABOUT ORGANZIATIONS OF MEN.

A WEEK IN LABOR CIRCLES

Matters of Interest to Organized Workingmen of the District.

SUNDAY, APRIL 21.

Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101—Typographical Temple.

L. A. 4308, K. of L., Musical Assembly—Elks' Hall, Ninth street and Pennsylvania avenue.

L. A. 2389, K. of L., Bread Bakers—Plasterers' Hall, Four-and-a-half street and Pennsylvania avenue.

MONDAY, APRIL 22.

L. A. 1644, K. of L., Journeymen Plasterers—Plasterers' Hall, Four-and-a-half street and Pennsylvania avenue.

L. U. No. 190, Brotherhood of Carpenters—Hall, 425 Twelfth street.

Carriage Makers' Assembly—Bunch's Hall, 314 Eighth street.

Amalgamated Society of Carpenters and Joiners—Costello's Hall, Sixth and G streets.

L. A. 1748, K. of L., Carpenters and Joiners—Harris' Hall, Seventh and D streets.

TUESDAY, APRIL 23.

Federation of Labor—Plasterers' Hall, Four-and-a-half street and Pennsylvania avenue.

Building Trades Council—Typographical Temple.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 24.

Carpenters' Union, No. 1—Hall 419 Tenth street.

L. A. 2031, K. of L., Tin and Sheet-iron Workers—Plasterers' Hall, Four-and-a-half street and Pennsylvania avenue.

Paper Hangers' Protective Union—Harris' Hall, Seventh and D streets.

L. A. 1173, K. of L., Cement Workers—Harris' Hall, Seventh and D streets.

Electrical Workers—Suite of rooms, 509 Eleventh street.

THURSDAY, APRIL 25.

District Assembly of Knights of Labor—Plasterers' Hall, Four-and-a-half street and Pennsylvania avenue.

Protective Street Railway Union—Bunch's Hall, 314 Eighth street, 2 o'clock p. m.

Plumbers' Association—Elks' Hall, Ninth street and Pennsylvania avenue.

Fresco Painters—Hall 1230 Seventh street.

Galvanized Iron and Cornice Workers—Hall, 737 Seventh street.

FRIDAY, APRIL 26.

Bricklayers' Union, No. 1—Bricklayers' Hall, Seventh and L streets.

L. A. 1798, K. of L., Journeymen House Painters—Harris' Hall, Seventh and D streets.

L. A. 4786, K. of L., Eccentric Association of Steam Engineers—Bunch's Hall, 314 Eighth street.

Stonecutters' Association—Costello's Hall, Sixth and G streets.

Carpenters' Council—Typographical Temple.

SATURDAY, APRIL 27.

L. A. 2370, K. of L., Tailors—Plasterers' Hall, Four-and-a-half street and Pennsylvania avenue.

Cigar Makers' Union, No. 110—Hall, 737 Seventh street.

Bakers and Confectioners' Union, No. 118—Mannerchor Hall, 537 Seventh street.

FEDERATION OF LABOR.

The regular meeting of the Federation of Labor was held last Tuesday night. President James F. McHugh called the meeting to order promptly at 8 o'clock. A full representation of officers and delegates was present.

The special business of the evening was on the report of the committee on revising the constitution. About two hours' time was devoted to the consideration of the report. Several changes were recommended by the committee, the principal one being the system of representation. The changes suggested fixes the representation on the basis of taxation.

Several minor changes were also suggested. After debating and disposing of about one-half of the sections the matter was laid over till the next meeting night.

Credentials of J. Lloyd, in place of Joseph Collins, from the electrical workers, and C. A. Meyers, in place of L. Dahler, were read and accepted.

The new contract committee failed to have any meeting last week, but would meet this week and organize.

The special committee to wait on the Boston Variety Store with reference to the electric work in the new addition, reported that the manager, in the absence of the proprietor, had assured the committee that all the work would be done strictly by union labor.

A special committee to wait on Morton C. Stout & Co. reported that the principal member of that firm had stated that they were willing to do anything in reason to effect an honorable settlement. All their clothing, while done out of the city, was done by union labor. The men in their employ here were willing to join the union. In reply to the report the delegates from the tailors stated that only firms that had their work done in Washington by union men could be considered fair employers.

The committee to wait on Fitzgerald & McLaughlin reported that the firm had stated that they were willing to make a settlement, but could not afford to pay union rate of wages.

A letter was read from Mr. A. S. Edwards, of Baltimore, requesting the privilege of the floor to make a statement regarding the arrangements for the lectures of Mr. Walter Vrooman, the labor evangelist. Permission was unanimously granted and Mr. Edwards admitted, who gave a brief description of the lectures to be delivered by Mr. Vrooman, the life-long advocate of nobler living and thinking. Mr. Edwards stated that arrangements had been made for Mr. Vrooman to lecture at the Masonic Temple on April 22-23.

At the conclusion of his remarks Mr. Edwards was unanimously tendered a vote of thanks for his interesting address.

A letter was received from the secretary of the Single Tax Club of Washington inviting the Federation to be present at the Builder's Exchange on Wednesday evening, April 24, to listen to the address of Harry A. Davis, esq., of the Washington bar.

The delegates from the painters reported grievance against a prominent hatter on the avenue, and a committee was appointed to investigate.

Delegates from the street car union requested the patronage of organized labor for those roads that did not oppose their employes becoming members of the union. The delegates also requested the delegates to withhold patronage from those roads that opposed organized labor. The matter was referred to the local organization for action.

Letters from Mr. B. Salamon requesting that his name be taken off the unfair list was referred to the carpenters' organization for approval.

DISTRICT ASSEMBLY.

With the exception of the Barbers, and Bakers' Drivers, every assembly in this jurisdiction was represented at the District Assembly meeting last Thursday night. The meeting was called to order by the Worthy Foreman Michael Cuff, but Master Workman Simmons took charge of the meeting after the opening ceremonies had been concluded.

The master workman read a letter from Cleveland, Ohio, which stated that the Tin and Sheet Iron Workers' Union had disbanded, and the craft was now organizing under the Knights of Labor.

The master workman also read a letter from the Cleveland laundry workers for the encouragement of the movement to organize the laundry employes in this city. The letter stated that the laundry girls in Cleveland had seen their wages reduced and hours of labor increased to such an extent that they realized that they were fast drifting into mere human money-making machines for the benefit of their employers. Determined to be free, they had established a co-operative laundry, and were now doing over $2,000 worth of work monthly, with a steady increasing business.

Brother Keefe, of the Tailors' Assembly, was admitted to make an announcement for the "Vrooman Lectures" for Monday and Tuesday next.

The outside guard announced that a member of the United Hatters' Association was desirous of getting some assistance to enable him to go to Pittsburg. Though the hatters are not organized in the K. of L., still in a few hours the applicant was on his way to Pittsburg, a ticket having been purchased for him by the secretary, in compliance with instructions of the District Assembly.

Carriagemakers reported names of applicants for membership.

Plate printers reported reinstatement of member at last meeting.

Eccentric engineers reported name of applicant for membership; also that the number of names on the roll-book was larger than at any time since the assembly was organized.

Douglass Assembly reported two initiations at last meeting. Only two members out of employment, and they have been promised jobs.

The executive committee reported several letters received in answer to requests to employ union labor. The letters were very encouraging and the writers assured the executive board that their efforts were strictly in accord with the aims of organized labor to better the condition of the working classes.

Under good of the order the delegates were requested to attend the Vrooman lectures, also to alter the address of Harry Davis, esq., next Wednesday night on single tax at Masonic Temple.

The attention of the delegates was called to what seems to be a clear violation of the eight-hour law, which is that of giving out by contract the repairs of the District vehicles, to contractors who work their employes not less than nine hours per day. It was the opinion of the delegates that the eight-hour law was intended to cover all Government work, no matter whether it was the contract to repair wagons or the contract to build a school house. The matter was referred to the committee on eight-hour violations for investigation.

Another case of open violation of the law, in pavement laying in the District, was reported and referred to the committee for investigation.

The committee on eight-hour violations reported the charge of violating the law on the aqueduct bridge had been thoroughly investigated, the committee had positive proof of the violation by actual observation having watched the job for twelve hours in succession, in addition to this the testimony of a number of the employes was had who were willing and ready to swear to their statements as made, that they were compelled by the contractors to work twelve hours per day. The committee desired to know the wishes of the District Assembly, as to future actions. The question was debated at length by the delegates, the general sentiment was, however, that the present case would not be a good one on which to test the law. The committee was instructed to use every effort to secure the enforcement of the law in the future which was thought would be done if the officers were notified.

The master workman called the attention of the delegates to the appeal of District Assembly No. 75, of Brooklyn, N. Y., in behalf of the unfortunate victims of the late railway strike in that city. While the strike is over, said the master workman, much remains to be done. Many of the members of the order have been blacklisted for taking part in the strike, others who by slight acts of indiscretion have placed themselves within the grasp of the law and have been indicted for offenses, which in ordinary times would have been overlooked.

The master workman then suggested that a sum be appropriated. Acting on the suggestion of the master workman, the sum of $250 was ordered to be sent in response to the appeal.

The propriety and benefits of using union labels on the products of union labor was then considered. During the debate information was asked why the bakers did not have a label on union made bread. The reply to this was that the bakers favored the label, but that bread buyers did not, owing to a misconception on their part as to how the label was applied. The general supposition of the public is that the label is applied like a postage stamp, therefore there is a natural opposition to the system. But it appears that the label is put on with a stamp, whose imprint can be seen after the label is removed.

The master workman called attention to an erroneous impression that had been created as to his suggestion that the locals consider the advisability of establishing a labor bureau. The idea was to establish one general labor bureau for all the locals, and not one for each local, as had been published.

AMONG THE LOCALS.

The members of the Theatrical Alliance of Stage Employes were so impressed with the plan adopted by the Electrical Workers of dispensing with meeting in a hall and engaging a suite of rooms for headquarters that they have followed suit. Rooms have been engaged at 1316 E street, and the members can drop in at any time.

The regular meetings of the alliance are held on the first Sunday in each month, but owing to the advantages of the suite of rooms the members have been enjoying a series of continued meetings for the past few weeks.

The alliance has every confidence in Col. Albaugh employing members of the union in his new opera house when it is completed. Encouraging reports come in at every meeting, and with the assistance that it has been rendered by organized labor they are convinced of attaining their ends.

A straight eight-hour union job or no union carpenters on the Portner flats was the verdict of the Carpenters' Council at its recent meeting, and this action has been indorsed at the local meetings of the four organizations of carpenters that form the council. This request has been complied with by the contractor.

The electrical workers continue to meet in the suite of rooms 509 Eleventh street, and have decided that the experiment is a success, therefore by unanimous vote have concluded to make the rooms permanent headquarters.

The members have been much interested in their recent meetings over the prospects of gaining the suit against the Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone Company for damages caused by the fatal accident of Thomas Connors, one of the members of the union. The suit is now ended, Mr. John M. Berger, the president of the union, who had also been appointed administrator by the court, agreeing to accept the compromise of $900, as offered by the company.

The mother of Thomas Connors, who by the death of her son was left without means of support, has been well cared for by the union since the accident.

The attendance at the regular meeting of the Galvanized Iron and Cornice Workers, held last Thursday evening in their hall, 737 Seventh street, was very large.

The charter of the Cornice Workers was closed on April 1st, but this had no effect on the number of applications being received. Two initiations and six applications received was the result of Thursday night's meeting.

Very few of the members reported out of work. It is confidently predicted that before August 1st all of the desirable cornice workers of this city will be members of the union.

$100 Reward, $100.

The reader of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for testimonials. Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

HONEST TONICS—Chr. Xander's Coca Wine; basis 1884 wine, 60c bottle. Wild Cherry Cordial not made of bark, but of the fruit. Pride of Virginia Port, 75c full quart; more nutritious than a dozen Stout or malt compounds.

Holtzman's restaurant, Ninth and E streets northwest, will open soon. Announcement of date in Times later.

DISTRICT SOLDIER BOYS

One Week's News and Gossip Around Local Armories.

The order for the annual inspection and muster is out. It begins with the general staff and non-commissioned staff at headquarters Wednesday, May 1, and ends with Battery A, First Separate Company and Ambulance Company, Saturday, May 18. The dates of the other inspections are as follows: Field and staff, First Regiment, at 8:10 p. m., Wednesday, May 1; First Battalion, at 8:45 o'clock p. m., Wednesday, May 1; Second Battalion, at 8 o'clock p. m., Monday, May 13; Third Battalion, at 8 o'clock p. m., Saturday, May 11; field and staff, Second Regiment, at 8 o'clock p. m., Monday, May 6; Fourth Battalion, at 8 o'clock p. m., Tuesday, May 14; Fifth Battalion, at 8:15 o'clock p. m., Monday, May 6; Sixth Battalion at 8 o'clock p. m., Tuesday, May 7; First Separate Battalion, at 8:45 o'clock p. m., Monday, May 27; Engineer Corps, Corps of Field Music, and Second Separate Company, at 8 o'clock p. m., Saturday, May 4.

The inspection will be in regulation full dress uniform, except that those organizations not provided will wear field dress and equipments. In issuing the order, Gen. Ordway takes occasion to compliment the commands on the increased percentage in attendance over 1893. Hereafter service chevrons will be worn only on the uniform dress coat.

TWO YEARS COMPARED.

A comparison of the percentage of attendance of the years of 1893 and 1894 shows some interesting facts. In 1893 there were only three organizations having 100 per cent and in 1894 there were seven, as follows Company B, First Battalion, Company C, First Battalion, Field and Staff, Second Regiment, Field and Staff, Fifth Battalion, Field and Staff, Third Battalion, Field and Staff, Fifth Battalion, Field and Staff, Engineer Corps.

In 1893 ten commands were over ninety per cent and in 1894 there were eleven, as follows: Company A, First Separate Battalion, Battery A, Light Artillery, Company B, Sixth Battalion, Company A, First Battalion, Company C, Fourth Battalion, Company A, Fourth Battalion, First Separate Company, Corps of Field Music, Company D, Fourth Battalion, Company D, First Battalion, Field and Staff, First Regiment.

In 1894 there were only three commands above 80 per cent and below 90. In 1894 the number was eighteen, as follows:

Company A, Sixth Battalion; field and staff, Fourth Battalion; Company A, Second Battalion; Company C, Second Battalion; Company B, First Separate Battalion; Company B, Fifth Battalion; Company G, Engineer Corps; Company A, Fifth Battalion, then Company C; Company D, Third Battalion, then Second; Company A, Third Battalion, then Company B, Second; Company D, Sixth Battalion, then Company A, Third; Company B, Third Battalion; Company B, Engineer Corps; Third Separate Company, then Company A, Fifth; Company A, Engineer Corps; Company B, Fourth Battalion; Company D, First Separate Battalion; field and staff, Sixth Battalion.

In 1893 there were only eleven commands between 70 and 80 per cent, against seven in 1893. The lowest in 1893 was 37.50, and in 1894 55.55 per cent. If the commands are able to improve in the same ratio this year Gen. Ordway will be much pleased.

A NEW INSPECTOR GENERAL.

The inspection this year will be conducted by a new inspector general, Winthrop Alexander. Gen. Ordway forwarded his nomination Wednesday to the President. The appointment has been most enthusiastically received by the guard.

On all sides it is spoken of in the most complimentary manner. Two years ago the new inspector general assisted at the inspection and every one was pleased with the way in which he handled himself. His appointment bears with it the rank of major, and is made to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Gen. Dan Macauley last fall. Since then the position has been vacant and the boys were wondering who would inspect them this year.

Maj. Alexander began his military career with the Boston School Regiment in 1876, and was private, corporal, first lieutenant, respectively, in the command. From 1879 to 1882 he served in the corps of cadets at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology being, respectively, first sergeant, captain and major. In 1880 he enlisted in the First Massachusetts Infantry, and for a time was first lieutenant of Company D. He also belonged to the Second Rhode Island Infantry, and was also a member of Light Battery A, Massachusetts Volunteers. In 1889 he came to Washington and enlisted in Light Battery A., and three months later was commissioned junior first lieutenant, and remained as such until August, 1893. At that time he returned to Boston. Since then he has been of troop D. While in the National Guard of the District he was a member of the brigade examining board.

Gen. Ordway will straighten up all National Guard matters this week. He will come to the armory some time early in the week and give a day or two to guard matters. He will go into camp with the brigade either June 5 or 12. The date will be decided this week. All the infantry companies will be expected to be present, but the battery and troop may be permitted to go off on a march by themselves, provided they do so before June 30. The camp will last ten days. In speaking of the camp Gen. Ordway said:

GEN. ORDWAY TALKS.

"I have worked four years for this camp, and I expect to be a success. In all Northern States they are successes, and the percentage of attendance of the various commands must be 90 or more. I have not issued an order yet, but I will notify all the commands that they must appear in camp, and that every organization must show 75 per cent. attendance for ten days or get out. If the government appropriates money for the purpose of instructing the National Guard of the District, and that guard does not want to profit by it, why, the sooner we get rid of them, the better."

Gen. Ordway means that the camp shall be a success. He has worked hard to obtain the money necessary and expects each company to be out in full force. There will be no difficulty in any command securing permission to leave the District to take part in any competetive drill but it must bear the 75 per cent. requirement in mind.

It is probable that the St. Louis interstate drill will catch some of the District companies. It is to be held from July 1 to 7 and camp duties would then be over. Most flattering offers have been made. The prizes aggregating $16,000 in value are guaranteed by the Fair Association and the money is in the bank to pay them. The governor's consent for the companies of the National Guard of Missouri to enter this drill has been secured as well as an order for the admission of companies from other States to enter the State of Missouri bearing arms. Telegrams to the leading companies of the United States have been sent out and will be followed by a circular setting forth the prize lists.

THE PRIZES OFFERED.

The list embraces the following: Grand interstate infantry drill, five prizes, of which the first is $3,500 and the citizen's silver cup value dat $1,000. Maiden infantry drill, three prizes, first prize $1,500. Grand interstate artillery drill, three prizes, first prize $2,000. Grand interstate Zouave drill, three prizes, first prize, $1,500. Grand military school cadet drill, first prize silk flag value $200.

With the exception of that of the Zouaves the drilling will be judged according to the latest revised tactics of the regular. Classes are not restricted to a given number of entries and no entrance fee is required.

The drill will be held on the spacious grounds of the St. Louis Fair Association, which are well adapted for drill and encampment purposes.

The Zouaves have received an invitation to attend the second this spring, and the offer is very tempting. This company may go.

The heat and the light are still bad at the new armory, but they are not the only questions bothering the companies now. Janitors must be provided and over this there is some tall complaining being done. Capt. Walsh, superintendent of the armory, has sent out this week a notice to each company commander, asking if his command has a janitor, and what it can do towards supporting one. Four dollars a month will be necessary from each company and it is probable it will attend with Gen. Ordway issuing an order in regard to this.

The Fencibles and Mortons are busy drilling for the Memphis affair and are the only two companies going. The Corcoran Cadets have concluded to stay at home. Capt. Edwards says he cannot take fifty men to Memphis and 75 per cent. of the company to compare he gives it up. The Fencibles are hard at it and are making up the team. Second Lieut. Mortimer will act as first lieutenant, Private Harry A. Dunn as second lieutenant, R. C. Rice as first sergeant, C. E. Cessford, second sergeant, Private J. P. Cromwell, third sergeant, Private S. Schulman fourth sergeant and Private W. K. Nottingham, fifth sergeant. The Mortons held a free entertainment Friday night and money will be the only drawback to their going.

NOTES FROM COMMANDS.

The resignation of First Lieut. S. D. Rotrauel, inspector of rifle practice, Fourth battalion, has been accepted. Adjt. Hodgson, of the Fourth, has received his commission.

The auditing committee has examined the books of the secretary and treasurer of the Second Regimental Association and found them correct.

The Brigade Board met Wednesday night and passed three candidates. The room was so cold that officers and candidates are still shivering.

Major Ross has 250 men in his battalion now and will march to inspection in Convention Hall with a band.

The Light battery recruited three men Wednesday night. Lieut. Robbins put them through the drill. Capt. Forsburg is considering the advisability of issuing a reward for Lieut. Griffith. His friends fear he is lost.

This year no "official" report of the inspection will be issued until after the inspection is finished.

Corporals McClain and Kirk, Company B, Sixth battalion; and Sergt. Stewart, and trooper Carpenter, Troop H, were before the Rifle Practice Board Tuesday evening. They are candidates for inspector of rifle practice for the separate companies.

The following have been honorably discharged: Privates William T. Gale and Arthur G. Prangley, Ambulance Company; privates J. F. Kemp and R. E. Wines, Company C, engineer corps; private Charles E. Ball, Company B, Third; Corporal Austin T. Avery, Company E, Fourth; private Eli Harrison, Third Separate Company, and private William F. Gasion, Company C, engineer corps.

What to Do With Our Boys.

—New Budget.

AMONG LOCAL ATHLETES

What Is Going on in Amateur Circles on Land and Water.

An announcement which cannot fail to be of great interest to all lovers of amateur field sports is that of the Sportsman's Association, which will hold its first exposition at Madison Square Garden, New York, from May 13 to 18, inclusive.

One of the principal features outside of the practical tests and illustrations of all sorts of field sports is the exhibit of necessary articles and appliances.

The association hopes to place before the sportsman every essential detail specifically illustrating the evolution and growth of all that pertains to the life and pursuits and pleasures of a sportsman.

There will be fourteen classes in all in the exhibit and each will be broad enough to show to the fullest extent the evolution in this or that appliance. For instance, in shooting the evolution of the gun is the history of the catapult, the cross bow, the blunderbuss, flintlock guns, percussion guns, muzzle and breech-loading, and repeating arms and so on. And so with all other land sports.

Then take the water sports, the chief and best of which is rowing. Of course, of this there will be no practical illustration.

The water craft will show the evolution from the primitive dugout, canoes, skiffs, batteau, and on through to the delicate paper racing shell of to-day.

All the athletic field and indoor sports will be represented and the exhibit alone will be worth going many hundred miles to see.

It will be the first affair of its kind in this country and will no doubt attract sportsmen from all over the country. There will also be a loan department to which will be sent souvenirs and articles of all kinds; indeed, everything within the realm of the sportsman illustrating the advancement of outoor sports.

Many of our local sportsmen and athletes are taking an interest in the affair, and more than likely several of them will carry out their intention of contributing to the loan department from their valuable collections of trophies and souvenirs.

An additional feature will be the kennel show of prize hunting dogs of every known variety.

Frederick S. Webster of New York, who is well-known in all lines of sports and athletics, is the secretary of the association, and his connection with the affair bespeaks for it the success it will go doubt have.

COLUMBIA ATHLETIC CLUB.

The all-absorbing subject during the past week at the Columbia Athletic Club has been the club benefit, which will take place to-morrow night at the Academy of Music.

The gymnasium has been given up almost entirely to the work of putting the finishing touches to this or that athletic number which will be among the many features of the excellent programme to be presented.

Prof. Crossley and his pupils have worked hard and patiently for the success of the affair, and there is no doubt that the athletic and gymnastic portion of the programme will be run off smoothly.

The musical part of the programme is in good hands, and a grand treat is in store for all who may attend.

The following numbers compose the programme, which is authentic, and is published now for the first time:

1. Wand drill, by the junior members—Masters Duvall, Waters, Underwood, Goldschmid, Cabrera, Cushman, McClair, Miller, Avery, Rase, Lanier, Plant, Nolan, King, Biscoe, Reed, Lunsford, Lewis and May.

2. Selection—Ohio Mandolin Orchestra assisted by Mr. Arthur E. Yundt, late of the Tuxedo Mandolin-Guitar Quartet.

3. Indian clubs—Master A. Plant. Horizontal bar—Messrs. Sewall, Ross, Allen, Craig, Shelley, Harmon and Prof. Crossley.

4. Columbia Quartet, "Norine Maurine," Messrs. Watson, Fisher, Looker, and Mooney.

5. Acrobatics, Masters Waters, Sperrier, Cabrera, and Prof. Crossley.

6. Soprano solo, selected, Miss M. Frances Miller, of Baltimore.

7. High kicking, jumping, and pole vaulting, Messrs. Hough, Dodley, Emmons, McElhone, Elder, Kirkland, and Craig.

8. Baritone solo, "Bright Star of Hope," V. Robaudi, Mr. J. J. Fisher.

Violin and 'cello obligato; violin, Mr. Chris Arth, jr.; 'cello, Mr. William A. Donoh; piano, Prof. William Waldecker.

9. Double trapeze, Messrs. Sewall and Ross.

Part 2—1. Flying rings, Messrs. Ross, Sewall, Craig, Holbrook, Harmon and Prof. Crossley. 2. Banjo duet (a) Evening News March, (b) Lion du Bal, Cullen and Conns, air, Charles McKinsey, accompanist. 3. Foilfencing, Messrs. Harmon and Bayley; sparring, Messrs. Von Lindgren and Carter. 4. Comic song, Mr. George O'Connor. 5. Acrobatics, Messrs. Sewall, Ross and Prof. Crossley. 6. Selection from "Rigoletto," Verdi, Kimball Quartet, Mrs. Kitty Thompson-Berry, soprano, Mrs. E. R. Hempstone, contralto, Mr. W. J. McFarland, tenor, and Mr. Bernard Ryan, basso. 7. Club swinging, Mr. C. Royce Hough; Roman ladders, Messrs. Nolan, Elder, Holbrook, Ross, Waters, Sperrier, Cabrera, Lunsford and Goldschmid.

8. Musical Specialties—Mr. Will Haley.

9. Human Pyramids—Messrs. Sewall, Nolan, Johnson, Hampton, Ross, Craig, Shelley, Elder, Allen, Holbrook, Goldschmid, Lunsford, Tallmadge, Hooker, Waters, Cabrera, Sperrier and Underwood.

Royce Hough, whose work as an all-around athlete created so much favorable comment, after smashing the several records in the C. A. C. championship events, will appear and endeavor in exhibition to lower his own records.

The human pyramids, which were given at the C. A. C. benefit for the first time last year by amateurs, will be the crowning feature to-morrow night and some ten or twelve figures will be introduced. The souvenir programme will be a "thing of beauty and a joy forever," and alone worth the price of admission.

The tennis courts at the C. A. C. field are about ready and the club's crack players will have an opportunity to test them during the week.

Everything is moving along smoothly in the arrangements for the bicycle meet to be held on May 30, and an affair of unusual importance in cycling is promised. It will bring the cracks of this section, as well as the flyers from the north. Both Class A and B will be fully represented in the several distances.

Adam Johnson and Royce Hough are taking plenty of practice, with a view of of being entered in the Princeton College open championship, to be held May 4. The former will probably go in the throwing hammer event, in which many predict he will make a good showing. Hough will represent the club in the running high jumps and broad jumps, and possibly putting the shot.

H. Clifton King, son of Dr. William R. King, vice president of the club, and one of its hardest workers, is one of the most promising juniors in Prof. Crossley's classes. His work on the German horse on ladies' day was a feature.

The amusement committee, which has worked so earnestly and succeeded so well in providing amusement and entertainment for the club and its friends during the season, will now take a long-earned and well-deserved rest from its labors.

Charlie Kintner, at one time one of the club's most popular and active members, now a member of the New York Athletic Club, has during the past fortnight been distinguishing himself at the last-named club, first, as captain of the water polo team, which won so handily the series of games from the Chicago Athletic Club in the N. Y. A. C. pool, and again by winning the wrestling event from J. Cremins in the heavyweight class. Cremins is considered well up among the best in amateur wrestling circles in New York. It was a great victory for old "Kint," as he was familiarly known here when, as No. 3 in the big four of the C. A. C., he helped it to win many a victory on the water. The crew was composed of Nute, stroke; "Kint," 3; Wade, 2, and Dr. Snyder, and latter on Kondrup, bow. It is pleasant to be reminded of such a crew, the like of which there have not been any hereabouts for several years.

Bob, the monster mastiff presented to the club, is fast making friends with the members, and oftener making fast to trespassers on the grounds.

The baseball team, in its new uniform, made its first appearance during the week and celebrated the occasion by winning a game from the City Postoffice team. When it "gets together" better it will be one of the strongest teams here.

CARROLL INSTITUTE ATHLETICS.

In order that the management and Prof. Joyce of Carroll Institute, may learn just what material there is to draw from for future local athletic events, a gymnastic exhibition and several indoor contests, open to C. I. members only, will be given in the gymnasium on Thursday evening the 25th instant, and the winner of each event will hold the institute championship.

This is a wise move, and will do the organization a great deal of good in drawing attention to it by the work of its athletes in other gymnasiums.

The programme will open with an acrobatic and contortion act by Prof. Joyce, his brother James E., Joe Daly and Master McAfee.

The following events will be for the institute championship. Putting 16-pound shot, running high jump, standing broad jump, pole vault and wrestling in the 135 and 160 pound classes. In the latter event the C. I. has some excellent material on hand to develop.

The special exercises on the programme will be: On the German horse, by G. McClusky, A. Becker, Arthur May, P. Hughes, and Harry Hickey; on the parallel bars, the above with the addition of B. Finnigan, Joe Daly, and Prof. Joyce.

There will be several clever sparring bouts by John Eckart and Ed Roach and by Prof. Adams and Mr. Grimm, of Gallaudet College; also an obstacle race by J. Buckley, W. Evans, F. Blue, and E. Borgman, and an amusing egg and potato race.

Exercises on the double horizontal bar will be given for the first time in public, Prof. Joyce, J. E. Joyce, George McClusky, and Joe Daly will perform upon the new apparatus. Harry Parke will introduce novelties in fancy riding.

A new game is being practiced in the gym, and it is one in which there can be no approach to rough playing. The game was arranged by Dr. Sargent, of Cambridge, Mass., and is called "Battle ball." It is played in a court marked off on the floor of the gym, the size of playing field being 50 by 25 feet. On the lines are placed bowling pins or Indian clubs, placed about eighteen inches apart. The ordinary basket-ball is used and the game is to throw the ball between the pins, the doing which successively counts ten points. Five players on each side of a foul line endeavor to keep the opponent from throwing the ball through the wickets or pins. It bids fair to be very popular.

GEORGETOWN COLLEGE ATHLETICS.

Georgetown University will send a track and field team to the annual intercollegiate games at Mott Haven on May 25, and the prospects are that the entries will score a number of points.

Much is expected from George Mahoney's ("Big Mike") work. He will be entered in hammer throwing and putting the shot and broad jump. His work is of the phenomenal class when it is considered that he has had virtually no training to rub off the rough places to make his work easier. As it is he will make the best of them at Mott Haven do their best to keep out of his way.

Both Harvard and Pennsylvania are anxious to see Mahoney win the six points which go to the two weight-throwing events, because it will deprive Yale of this big lead and give the others a better chance to win the championship.

It is said that each of these colleges has offered to send its trainer down to coach Mahoney, but he would not hear to any proceedings that savored of a "combine," preferring, if he can, to win the events on his own merits.

Georgetown has several speedy trackmen. Fox, the new sophomore, who recently won the interclass 100-yard dash with ridiculous ease, has good records for all distances up to 440 yards.

Holt, also a new man, who claims to have beaten Orton, of "Pennsylvania" fame as a sprinter, is anxious for a chance at his fellow-townsmen for the inter-collegiate championship.

Murphy, the popular third baseman, who has done 10 1-5 for the 100 yards, will make a good showing under proper training.

Claiborne is a mile runner who has a number of medals for 5-minute work for the mile when in his "preps." It will be a pretty contest between him, Douglass, and Holt to decide which is to represent the college in the mile run.

Harley, the great left fielder of the ball team, is training for the quarter-mile run and will make a good showing in the field games.

Mahoney, Walsh, Scanlon and McAnerney will go into the jumping events.

The preliminary contests, which will decide the make-up of the Mott Haven team, takes place on the campus on May 1, the occasion being the annual field day. Manager McDermott opened the lists during the week and reports full entries for each event excepting pole vaulting.

The baseball team covered itself with enough glory during the past fortnight to last the rest of the season. It has been victorious in several hard battles, and it has also been lucky, by which I mean that upon several occasions it has played in such careless, slovenly manner that it was lucky to win when it did. This should not be. No team, however good, should underestimate its opponents, or, having "sized them up," it should never allow itself to do careless work. It leads to worse faults and ultimate defeat.

As the team now stands it can win a championship college series from any of the big ones, and as it will have no opportunity to go away on a long trip it is suggested that games be arranged to be played in Philadelphia while the League team is away, as follows:

Princeton vs. Georgetown, "Pennsy" vs. Georgetown, Princeton vs. "Pennsy."

The standing of Georgetown, earned in recent games, would make the games very much of a drawing card.

The team's work in college games this season has been remarkable, as will be seen by this statement of games, giving scores of each team:

Georgetown vs. Vermont	19—2
Georgetown vs. Murray Hill	22—2
Georgetown vs. Lehigh	14—5
Georgetown vs. Yale	29—5
Georgetown vs. Princeton	7—12
Georgetown vs. Princeton	17—11
Totals	99—37

Reardon's work in right field, where he was put as a substitute, has been of the gilt edge kind. He is a good hitter and a sure fielder and thrower. He will no doubt be placed permanently at right.

Big Mike Mahoney's merit as a pitcher and almost a novice at that, has been phenomenal. He now holds the season's college records for "strike outs," he struck out eleven in Yale game and eleven with Princeton.

O. P. SCHMIDT.

BITS OF INTEREST.

When Japanese oranges have the skin removed the sections fall apart naturally.

The Art Club of Detroit is organizing a loan exhibition, to take place in the latter part of May.

Within the last two years more than 2,000 artificial fish ponds have been constructed in Missouri.

Sea anemones have been known to live for three or four years without any nourishment save what they extract from the water.

Springfield is to have an art club. Its object is to bring together artists and art lovers. It intends also to hold an annual exhibition.

A rare collection of autograph manuscripts and literary bric-a-brac has been presented to the Boston public library by Judge Miller Chamberlin, of that city.

The Cornell University Agricultural Experiment Station announces a process by which butter is made out of whey. It is said to be scarcely, if any, inferior to butter made by the old whey—namely cream.

On the field of Waterloo a topaz seal, set in gold, was recently found, bearing the arms and motto of Viscount Barrington. It belonged to Ensign Barrington, who was killed at Quatre Bras June 16, 1815, and had lain undiscovered for eighty years.

The discontinuance of the English publication All the Year Round recalls the fact that "A Tale of Two Cities" and "Great Expectations," first appeared in it. It is to be incorporated in Household Words, for which "Hard Times" was originally written.

Getting Along.

Jones—How's Wheeler getting along since he bought a bicycle?

Brown—On crutches, I believe.—Life.

Planked shad dinners every Sunday at Marshall Hall. Steamer Macalester leaves at 11 a. m. and 2:30 p. m.

MAN BORN OF WOMAN.

We are told by the poet of the olden times that he is of few days and full of trouble. Many troubles of men are of their own making. Falling into vicious habits through example or ignorance, he soon learns the dreadful effects. Surely but slowly those nerves grow weaker, appetite fails, bad taste in the mouth, visceral organs refuse to perform their functions; at last death would seem a relief. Dr. Walker of 1411 Pennsylvania avenue, northwest, has established a world-wide reputation in the cure of all diseases of this nature.

Thousands of men in Washington and vicinity are suffering tortures every day. They know there is something wrong. The family physician does not understand the case. He thinks the patient is "run down" and needs a tonic. Not being a specialist, it is not possible for him to understand these intricate cases. Friends do not understand; only the victim himself knows. Life is to him a burden, sapped of vigor and spent of vitality, enervated and debilitated with no ambition, strength or vitality, he lives on through wearying days and unrefreshing nights, as the penalty of his own actions. It is to the unfortunate sufferer from nervous debility in any of its various forms that Dr. Walker, the specialist, particularly addresses himself. He has spent a lifetime in treating nervous and chronic diseases, and it is due to the successful treatment of these troubles that has given him the high reputation which he so proudly maintains. Let your disease be what it will—whether some ordinary complaint that has become chronic and baffled your family physician, or those most serious diseases which are undermining your strength, prostrating your vitality and fast hurrying you toward a premature grave—consult Dr. Walker the specialist. He makes absolutely no charge for consultation, examination or advice, either in person, at his office, or by letter. Thousands of young and middle-aged men, with shattered nerves, weakened powers, and exhausted vitality, who had tried in vain the treatment of other physicians until they had become discouraged, despairing, and almost hopeless, have, by applying to Dr. Walker, been soon restored to sound health, strength and vigor.

Dr. Walker may be consulted free of charge at his well-known sanitarium, 1411 Pennsylvania avenue, adjoining Willard's Hotel. Office hours, 10 a. m. to 5 p. m.; Wednesday and Saturday evenings, 7 to 8; Sundays, 10 to 12.

Letters promptly answered. Charges for treatment very low. All interviews and correspondence sacredly confidential. No cases made public without consent of patient.

The Waltz.

By our first Aubreybeardslist.

—Life.