THE BRITISH FOR SCHLEY.

Depew Says the Naval Controversy Hurts Our Prestige.

The Senator Also Discusses the Commercial Jealousy of Europe—Interest in the Yacht Race Abroad—Experts Look for an Even Contest.

NEW YORK, Aug. 24.—"The Schley-Sampson controversy is not doing us any good abroad; it is arousing contempt and derision toward the American Navy," said United States Senator Chauncey M. Depew, who, with his son and niece, Miss Paulding, returned from abroad today on the steamship St. Paul. The tugboat named after him took the Senator's party aboard after the baggage had been examined.

"A great deal of interest is taken in the controversy," said the Senator. "The fact that Schley's daughter is married to Mr. Wadley, an Englishman, and the brother of Stuart Wadley, British Military Attache at Paris, is the reason that people in England are interested in the controversy, and it is owing to Admiral Schley's English connections that there is a favorable feeling for him over there."

Talking of the commercial feeling in Europe, Mr. Depew said:

"The nations, I have observed, are considerably scared by our manufactures. They are trying to make combinations against us, but I am in no fear that they will be able to do it, although they may act individually. The one thing that they 'go up against' are treaties and favored nation clauses. They can't agree among themselves. It is like combinations of railroads. One railroad may say we want 40 per cent, another railroad 50 per cent, another 60 per cent, when there is only 100 per cent to divide up. The manufacturers of each nation were clamoring for a protection law for some time to keep out foreign productions, but chiefly those of the United States.

"Germany, a short time ago, had everything in the hands of syndicates; that Government was only paying 3 per cent and the trusts were paying the same. I tell you, they had the trust question down finer than we ever dreamed of. The outlook for America and her goods, on the other side, is bright, and we are, as we have been for some time, making rapid headway."

Of the yacht races the Senator said: "There has never been a race which has aroused such keen interest in England as the coming race. The papers are full of it and everywhere it is a subject of discussion. The feeling there is that the yacht race is going to be a pretty even affair. The yachts have been talked about and their relative merits gone over again and again. The feeling seems to be that it is a pretty scary race, for it is hard to decide, so even do the chances seem, which of the yachts will win. If Sir Thomas wins the cup he will, I know, be given a grand farewell here and a magnificent reception when he brings the trophy back to the old country. Everywhere the spirit of fairness is shown and an equal belief of fairness will prevail on this side."

SCHLEY EXPLAINS A LETTER.

The Department Places Wrong Interpretation on Its Contents.

F. W. Hackett, Acting Secretary of the Navy, yesterday made public the latest letter written by Rear Admiral Schley to the Navy Department, touching upon the matter of the alleged interview with Rear Admiral Howison in the "Boston Record." In his letter Admiral Schley makes it clear that he did not in his former communication challenge Admiral Howison for cause, but simply called the attention of the department to the alleged interview and asked that it be referred to Admiral Howison. Admiral Schley's letter is as follows:

"The Arlington,
"Washington, D. C., Aug. 21, 1901.

"Sir: 1. I have to acknowledge the receipt of the department's letter of this date in reply to my communication of the 19th instant.

"2. While it is true that one of my counsel, Captain Parker, in reply to an enquiry made to him, did give his personal opinion of the several rear admirals on the active and retired lists, among whom was Rear Admiral Howison, I am assured by him that he believes the Secretary misunderstood him that any one of the officers named would be perfectly satisfactory to me. Captain Parker's conversation was had at a time when nothing was known of the alleged interview as published in the 'Record.'

"3. In my letter of the 19th instant I expressly stated my opinion of the high personal character of Rear Admiral Howison, and I avoided any expression of opinion as to the truth of the statements made in the newspaper clipping which I enclosed.

"4. It was with the desire to avoid the necessity of making a formal challenge that I requested the department to lay before Admiral Howison the statements that he is alleged to have made, and thus give him the opportunity to take such action as his sense of the propriety of the occasion might suggest.

"5. I therefore respectfully state that the department has not placed the proper construction upon my letter when it treated it in the nature of a preliminary challenge for cause. I could not challenge for cause until I discovered there was a cause, and the object of my communication, as is evident upon its face, was to ascertain if Rear Admiral Howison had made this statement. You will observe in this connection that in his original statement he says, 'I have made no public utterance relating to this subject.' I submit that his private utterances would affect his qualification as much as his public utterances and my request was only to have this alleged interview submitted for his consideration. Very respectfully,

"W. S. SCHLEY."

"Rear Admiral, U. S. Navy.
"The Secretary of the Navy, Navy Department, Washington, D. C."

Mr. Hackett yesterday made the following reply to Admiral Schley:

"Navy Department,
"Washington, August 24, 1901.

"Sir: The receipt of your letter of the 21st instant, explanatory of what was designed by your former letter of the 19th, upon the subject of the competency of Rear Admiral Howison to sit as a member of the Court of Enquiry, convened at your instance, is acknowledged. Very respectfully,

"F. W. HACKETT,
"Acting Secretary.

"Rear Admiral Winfield S. Schley, The Arlington Hotel, Washington, D. C."

The Acting Secretary has referred Admiral Schley's letter to Captain Lemly, the judge advocate of the court, and he will not state what further action, if any, will be taken upon the subject matter of the communication.

Captain Lemly was at his office in the department yesterday, and devoted the greater portion of his time to the preparation of the case for the Schley Court of Enquiry, and the compilation of a list of witnesses. This will be furnished to counsel for Admiral Schley at an early date. The list will not be complete, but it will contain names of a majority of the witnesses, who will be called to testify to the charges made against Admiral Schley.

..YOU..
EMPLOY AN EXPERT
In Food Selection when you Eat
GRAPE-NUTS
The Most Perfectly Made Food for Human Use.

To Keep Food Crisp.

A novel way of opening a package of food is shown on the Grape-Nuts package, where a line indicates that a slit should be made with a knife, and the package squeezed, which makes it gap enough to pour out what is needed for a meal, then the package automatically closes, preserving the contents from the moisture of the air.

As a rule, Grape-Nuts packages are not kept on hand very long in any family, but it is well to know how to keep the contents of the package in prime condition. Grape-Nuts Food is ready cooked, very crisp, and can be served immediately with a little good cream or milk. This feature is of great advantage to those who appreciate ease and convenience in preparing breakfast.

TRIAL OF MRS. BONINE.

The Case Attracting Much Attention at the Court House.

Although it is yet more than a month before the fall meeting of the Supreme Court of the District, which will convene the first Tuesday in October, the trial of Lola Ida Henry Bonine, who is under indictment for the murder of James Seymour Ayres, jr., is already a subject of every-day discussion about the City Hall. Counsel for Mrs. Bonine, it is said, are desirous of calling the case to trial at as early a day as is practicable, and it is also known that District Attorney Gould is as anxious that the matter should be submitted to a jury.

It is believed that an effort will be made to bring the case to trial during the latter part of October. There are many who predict, however, that Mrs. Bonine will not be called to trial before possibly the middle of November. In any event, when the case is called to trial it is generally conceded that it will be the most sensational case tried before the local courts since the Schneider murder trial in the early 90's.

It is also believed by those who are conversant with the length of time taken in disposing of important murder trials in the local courts that the hearing in the Bonine case will occupy the attention of the court for more than thirty days. It is expected that there will be about seventy-five witnesses called on behalf of the Government and probably as many more for the defence.

DIPHTHERIA SIGN REMOVED.

Health Department's Explanation in the Lazerow Case.

The diphtheria sign on the residence of Max Lazerow, of 1346 B Street northeast, was taken down yesterday by direction of the Health Department. Dr. Grafton D. P. Bailey, the physician now in charge of the patient, Pauline Lazerow, called upon Health Officer Woodward yesterday and certified that the girl did not have diphtheria on August 20. He filed at the same time the results of an examination on the 21st inst. by Dr. Wallace Johnson of two specimens of blood serum culture from the throat of the girl, which he pronounced negative.

Dr. Woodward, the Health Officer, stated that diphtheria signs were placed on the house of a patient upon the statement of the attending physician, without examining a culture or requiring the examination to be made. The physician in such instances, said he, are supposed to be competent authorities. Only in doubtful cases is an examination made by the Health Department, and then only at the request of the physician, and the examination is not imposed. Dr. Woodward quoted the regulations governing the department in such cases.

The removal of the sign, he continued, could be immediately accomplished upon the certification of the attending physician that the disease no longer existed, or had not existed at all.

At the time of this interview with Dr. Woodward, Dr. Bailey had not arrived, and the Health Officer stated that he had had no intimation that anything was wrong or any request for the removal of the sign until yesterday morning, when in the early mail he had found a letter from Dr. Bailey:

"I fully intended seeing you today," he writes, "but was prevented by very pressing business. In regard to the case of Pauline Lazerow, 1346 B Street northeast, I was called to see this case the night of August 17, and on August 19 a diphtheria card was placed on the house. I suppose by direction of a physician who was called into attendance before I was called in.

"Mr. Lazerow was very much opposed to the card being placed on his house and place of business, and by his demand I took cultures from his child's throat and he had them examined by Dr. Wallace Johnson, and both proved negative. Now, doctor, I would like you to have this case investigated and corrected, if error has been made. These people are very much exercised and have secured services of counsel and he has requested me to call with him to consult you tomorrow. I hope that you will give this subject your personal attention and accept this letter as an apology for my not calling in person."

STOCK BROKERS TO COMBINE.

Bloomer & Co. and Ffoulke & Co. Soon to Become One Firm.

The stock brokerage firms of Bloomer & Co. and Ffoulke & Co. will combine on next Saturday, August 31, forming the new firm of Bloomer & Ffoulke. The membership of the firms will all be included in the new concern, George C. Bloomer and Charles P. Williams representing the present Bloomer & Co., and Horace C. Ffoulke representing Ffoulke & Co.

The new concern will occupy the offices now occupied by Bloomer & Co., on F Street, giving up the Ffoulke & Co. offices, in the Bond Building. The correspondents of the concern in New York will be Sweet & Co., at present the correspondents of Ffoulke & Co.

Bloomer & Ffoulke will be well represented on the exchanges both of this city and of New York. Messrs. Bloomer and Ffoulke are both members of the New York Stock Exchange, and Messrs. Williams and Ffoulke are both members of the Washington Exchange. In addition Mr. Ffoulke is a member of the New York Cotton Exchange.

BANANA PEELS ON SIDEWALKS.

The Police Directed to Enforce the Garbage Regulations.

Hereafter the regulations with reference to the throwing of banana peels and other refuse upon the streets and sidewalks will be strictly enforced by the police, as will also all of the garbage regulations.

In a recent communication to the lieutenants of the precincts Major Sylvester has advised them that he has observed that banana peels, torn paper, etc., are thrown around tree boxes and in the streets in front of fruit stands, bootblack stands, chairs, etc.

Continuing, Major Sylvester says: "I have to direct that all persons having stands, bootblack stands and chairs where such practice is observable be required to keep the same clean, or suffer a revocation of permit.

"In this connection the attention of the officers of your command is called to the fact that the law requires them to see that the garbage regulations are complied with, and they should therefore make frequent tours of the alleyways."

A MINOR SUES THE DISTRICT.

Lizzie Davis Seeking to Obtain $25,000 in Damages.

Suit was filed in the Supreme Court of the District yesterday by Lizzie Davis, a minor, against the District of Columbia and Thomas W. Smith to recover $25,000 claimed as damages for personal injuries.

The suit is brought on behalf of the minor by her next friend, George A. Davis. It is stated in the declaration that Lizzie Davis was injured by the falling of a heavy piece of timber at Smith's lumber yard on July 23 last.

It is alleged that on the date mentioned the defendant District of Columbia allowed the defendant Smith to place and maintain large piles of lumber and heavy timber, on the west side of Fourth Street, near Georgia Avenue. It is also alleged that the lumber was negligently and unskillfully stacked. It is finally alleged that on the day mentioned a heavy piece of timber fell from one of these stacks of lumber and struck the plaintiff, causing her to lose the sight of her left eye and suffer severe lacerations about her head and body. Gittings & Shields are named as counsel for the plaintiff.

DOCTORS SEEKING A CURE.

A League in Europe to Investigate Sea Sickness.

Interest in the Cup Races—The Condition of Holloway Jail Complained Of—Archbishop Temple's Anniversary—Wasps Destroy Fruit.

(Special Cablegram—Copyrighted.)

LONDON, Aug. 24.—A league against sea sickness, according to the "British Medical Journal," has been formed in Paris with the object of collecting information in regard to sea sickness and to conduct experiments regarding the pathology and the treatment of the sickness and to publish the results and also to train specialists who will practice on all steamers. The league has issued a journal called "Du Mal de Mer." A congress will be held in the autumn. At Ostend an exhibition of inventions for the prevention and treatment of sea sickness has been opened under the patronage of the King of the Belgians.

It is confirmed that the royal yacht Victoria and Albert, which conveyed the royal party to Flushing when they went to attend the funeral of Empress Frederick, was sent home and ordered on a long sea trial because she rolled terribly in a moderate sea on the way over. Queen Alexandra and the majority of the members of the crew were sea sick. It seems that no tinkering will redeem this vessel, which has already cost almost as much as a battleship. It is doubtful if the King and Queen will ever use the yacht again.

Some interest has been aroused in the coming races for the America's Cup, as the impression seems to be gaining ground that Shamrock II really has some chance of success. English yachting experts, however, do not share the opinion that the challenger is so much better than the Shamrock I, as Sir Thomas Lipton asserts, for she certainly showed no such overwhelming superiority here. There has been little betting as yet, but one enthusiast, who was anxious to back his views, invested $1,000 on the English boat yesterday. He stuck out for odds of 5 to 4 against the challenger and was duly accommodated.

Richard Croker talks of returning to New York next week, but he confides his actual plans to no one. His passage, if it has been engaged, is in another name. He was at the Letcombe and Folkestone races this week and spent his afternoons in Tattersall's ring. No one addressed him, and he spoke only to his trainer and jockey.

William Gillette began rehearsing "Sherlock Holmes" at the Lyceum Theatre today. The cast is the same as that which produced the play in America, except that W. L. Abingdon plays the part of Prof. Moriarity and Charlotte Granville that of Madge Larrabee. The first performance will be given at Liverpool on September 2. One week later the play will be produced in London.

A philosopher who had been heard to say of the English people that their condition was due to taking baths and changing their clothes made the point that bathing in the morning and dressing for dinner in the evening each day renews a man. He explains and contrasts their condition to that of the foreigner, who does not renew his sense of personal existence at least three times a day. It must be that such a belief induced the "Times" to devote leading articles a column long dealing with "The Verminous Condition of Holloway Prison."

The "Times" had no space for the Franco Turkish embroglio or the political purport of the Czar's visit to France, but it must, in duty to the nation, deal with the alleged verminous condition of a place where arrested persons are detained. It must have gauged the situation correctly, for a watch snatcher who was remanded a week for full evidence protested for bail, pleading that the cells of Holloway prison, which he must have known before, prevented sleep through the activity of the insects. The magistrate declared that was sufficient reason and admitted him to bail. The "Times" endorses the action of the magistrate entirely, saying:

"We do not desire to dwell without necessity upon a very unsavory subject, but the magistrate only expresses an opinion which will widely hold when he says there is no need for a person to suffer more than necessary while in Holloway."

The "Times" proceeds to call for an immediate remedy. Though it regards an incriminated person as a suspect, the "Times" says he is still entitled to be spared this torture.

The Most Reverend Frederick Temple, Archbishop Canterbury, who is eighty years old, celebrated today his silver wedding. He was not married until he was fifty-five years old. He is regarded as an excellent Bishop, and happy family man. His wife, who is the daughter of a nobleman, is not a "platform woman," but shows a lively interest in her husband's faith in active temperance work. Her husband justifies his own faith, for he walks daily from one engagement to another, and he never has a postponed one on account of ill-health. Moreover, he admits himself that he is a poor preacher.

The people of the fruit-growing districts of England are beginning to insure themselves against wasps. This year, owing to the absence of early rains, they annihilated some crops. The growers of apples found that they filled their carts with mere skins, filled with sated wasps.

A reckless driver of a motor car, whose speed on a public highway in England is fixed at twelve miles an hour, was arrested the other day. In court he pleaded that "there is a person in Sandringham Palace who covered the distance to King's Lynn, which was seventeen miles, in an hour."

The magistrate replied: "I think it right to say in favor of his Majesty that the King can do no wrong."

INSTRUCTIONS TO POLICEMEN.

Major Sylvester Issues Orders Regarding Sidewalk Vaults.

Major Sylvester has directed the lieutenants of the police precincts to instruct new members of the force, and the old ones who need it, as to the proper manner of enforcing the regulations, especially that one pertaining to open vaults in the sidewalks.

"The Commissioners' order," says Major Sylvester, "effectually closes those employed merely for ventilation, but with respect to those utilized by merchants in taking in and bringing out their goods, it is intended that they shall possess such openings for all practical purposes, and in enforcing the regulations it is not intended that the police should make that enforcement technical.

"They should be reasonable in every respect and not operate so as to cause a merchant a loss of profits or an interference with his trade during the hours of business.

"They should see that precaution is taken to prevent accident when such vaults are temporarily in use."

A Milk Dealer Under Arrest.

Walter Dorsey, a merchant, was arrested yesterday afternoon on a warrant sworn out by the District Chemist, Mr. Hird, charging him with selling impure milk to the public. He was taken to the station by Precinct Detective Barnes, of the Eighth precinct, and was later released upon depositing $25 collateral for his appearance in court Monday morning.

At the Boarding House.

(From Tit-Bits.)

"Man wants but little here below," remarked the landlady.

"And here is the place to get it," continued the facetious boarder.

TAXED HIDES AND RED TAPE.

The Penalty Which Manufacturers Pay for Their Drawbacks.

Officers of the customs service look with favor on the movement, organized as the Free Hides League, to secure from Congress next winter the repeal of the present duty of 15 per cent on all hides of cattle coming into the United States. The ordinary answer that has been given by friends of the tax, when its injurious effects on the export trade in shoes are cited, is that the law grants a drawback of 99 per cent in all such cases. While this is theoretically true, the difficulty for the conscientious manufacturer in proving his claim to the drawback is very large. Some idea of the detail involved may be gleaned from a letter addressed by Assistant Secretary Taylor to the collector of customs at Boston.

A manufacturing company at Campello, Mass., desired to secure the drawback on an exportation of men's shoes in which the outer soles, the counters, the heels, and the top lifts were made from sole leather produced from imported hides. Mr. Taylor's instructions were that the entry under which the merchandise is to be inspected and laden must show, separately, the marks and numbers of the shipping cases and the contents of each case as described in the export invoice. Attached to the entry and forming a part thereof there must be a tabulated statement showing the number and style of each kind of shoe contained in the shipping cases, and the number and description of the parts on which drawback is claimed.

The entry must further show, in addition to the usual averments, that the exported merchandise was manufactured of the material and in the manner set forth in the manufacturers' sworn statement, a copy of which was already in the collector's hands. As a part of the drawback entry and a prerequisite to liquidation, the manufacturers must file a certified copy of the tannery record covering the sole leather used in the shoes included in the drawback entry, and the certificate of the manufacturer of such leather, for purposes of identification. In liquidation, the weights of leather consumed in the manufacture of the several parts, which may be taken as bases for allowance of drawback entry, after official verification of exported quantities and kinds; but in no case shall such weights exceed 1,900 ounces for each 100 pairs of shoes exported.

No one can read a set of regulations of this kind, realizing all the vexation and delays which it involves in the manufacture of shoes, without wondering at the lengths of protectionism which dictated such a tariff. No shoe manufacturer, even though he is using imported hides in his business generally, likes to be limited in any class of shoes entirely to those materials, when in certain parts the domestic product could be worked in to better advantage. The trouble of manufacturing shoes in one way for the home market and in another way for the foreign market is also considerable.

And what is the return for all this labor and trouble? The revenue yield is trifling, and the benefit to the stock raiser, if any, is very slight. It is generally hoped in Treasury circles that, in the interests of our growing export trade, we may soon return to free hides. The movement for it promises to be very strong, as will be the movement for a reduction of the duty on white pine. The two forces should work together, as the 15 per cent tax on hides and the $2 duty on white pine were both serious offences to common sense.

ALLEGED TO BE INSANE.

Mrs. Leonard in Custody at the House of Detention.

Mrs. Margaret J. Leonard, wife of James C. Leonard, who lives at 121 Jefferson Street, Anacostia, was arrested on a warrant sworn out by her husband about 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon, on a charge of making threats. It is alleged, however, that Mrs. Leonard will be examined as to her mental condition, and the real charge preferred against her is one of insanity.

Mrs. Leonard was removed to the House of Detention. It was stated last night that Dr. Marbury had made an examination of the woman and that he had not substantiated, by his examination, the charge of insanity made against her by Mr. Leonard. Last night Mrs. Leonard was very hysterical, and wept almost continuously. She was visited early in the evening by her youngest daughter.

Mrs. Leonard, it is alleged, has been violent for some time, and efforts which have been made by her family to keep the matter quiet were successful until yesterday, when she is alleged to have become particularly violent. Mrs. Leonard is also alleged to have threatened to kill her young children on several occasions, until at last the case had to be brought to the attention of the police. For some time past, according to statements made by the police, Mrs. Leonard has been particularly boisterous and violent, and had caused considerable trouble and annoyance to her husband and children. Her condition is said to have been known to several people in Anacostia, who united with the family to prevent the facts from becoming generally known.

Yesterday afternoon, according to the police, Mrs. Leonard visited the saloon kept by her husband at 45 Harrison Street, Anacostia, and created a scene. Mr. Leonard then went to the police station and secured a warrant for her arrest, charging her with having made threats against the lives of her children. She was taken into custody and removed to Police Headquarters. Sanitary Officer Frank saw her and became interested in her case. An examination into her sanity will be made on Monday.

Mrs. Leonard is 44 years of age and apparently of a hysterical temperament. The meeting between the mother and daughter at the House of Detention last night was pathetic. Miss Leonard is said to have sided with the mother against her father in the present situation.

The police last night were anxious to keep the facts in the case from becoming public. It is alleged that Mrs. Leonard has been jealous for a long time, and that the jealousy has preyed upon her mind.

Considerable sympathy is expressed for the family in Anacostia, where they are well known. According to a statement made last night, it is not believed that Mrs. Leonard is insane, but that there is some other motive back of her arrest.

HIS VISIT CUT SHORT.

A Baltimore Boy Arrested and Held for His Father.

Rodney D. Brown, a sixteen-year-old runaway boy from Lansdown, Baltimore County, Md., came to Washington alone about 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon and departed some five hours later in the society of his male parent, after having spent all but an hour of his visit to the Capital in the custody of the police.

The boy was arrested at the Baltimore and Ohio station, in accordance with a telegram from his father, and was held at the House of Detention until the latter came for him. The boy said he was on his way to Cumberland.

FIGHTING ON THE STREET.

Smith and Lucas Arrested, Charged With Disorderly Conduct.

Joseph Smith and William Lucas, colored men, engaged in a fight over a 2-cent cigar on U Street northwest last night, during which Lucas is alleged to have received a severe beating at his opponent's hands.

The vanquished then retired from the scene, but reappeared shortly with an immense iron hammer. Catching sight of his opponent, Lucas started toward him and was about to break the hammer over Smith's head when Bicycle Policeman Nebb put in an appearance, arrested both men, and took them to the stationhouse, where he charged them with having acted in a disorderly manner on the street.

Smith managed to secure $5, which he put up as collateral, while Lucas was locked in a cell until tomorrow morning, when he will be given a hearing in court.

A Speedy Automobilist.

A speedy automobilist, who gave his name at No. 3 police station as Charles H. Peck and his occupation as a merchant, was arrested in the White Lot yesterday afternoon for exceeding the limit of speed allowed by law.

Goldenberg's | 7th and K Sts. "The Dependable Store." | Goldenberg's

Extra Efforts and Magnificent Inducements Make the

"CLEAN SWEEP" SALE A SUCCESS.

Monday we add fresh interest to the "Clean Sweep" Sale by these unparalleled offerings. Wise folks, who make their dollars go a long way, will study this announcement carefully.

We are most relentless in slashing prices when we determine on final clearance. Don't expect complete assortments—but do expect prices almost ridiculously low—and to make certain of these come to-morrow.

15c, 20c, and 25c Quality of "Midnight Fast Black" Linings, 8½c Yd.

We are large retailers of these Linings, and we are especially fortunate in securing this extra bargain to offer for Monday. It consists of Mill Ends of from two to ten yards of the famous MIDNIGHT FAST BLACK LININGS (name stamped on the selvage of every yard) at HALF PRICE AND LESS.

The lot is made up of 36-inch Beetled Percalines, fine Mercerized Sateens, and the much-talked-of Spun Glass and plain Percalines—lengths sufficient for waist or dress lining. A tempting bargain right now, just before you buy your new fall dress. The 15c, 20c, and 25c quality offered for, a yard..... 8½c

P. S.—The sale will start at 9:30 a. m.

Wash Fabric "Sweep."

FIRST LOT—A great variety of pretty Wash Fabrics that are really worth about three times the price charged for Monday. Dainty, neat, and attractive colorings in light and dark effects. In all there are 50 pieces of Kimona Cord Dimities at the most insignificant price, a yard..... 3½c

SECOND LOT—Including Wash Fabrics that sold for 12 1-2c and 15c a yard, in which are all of our Lawns, Dimities, Batistes, and Dotted Swiss, in ten lovely patterns of both light and dark colorings. Only the determination to make a "Clean Sweep" would prompt us to quote Monday's price, yard..... 5c

Sheets and Pillow Cases.

90x99 Bleached Sheets; extra large size; for double beds, made of good quality sheeting; Monday, special price, each..... 49c

81x99 "Lockwood" Sheets; full double bed size; deep hem; made of good heavy sheeting. A sheet that we guarantee. A superb value for, each..... 44c

63x99 Lockwood Sheets; full size for three-quarter beds; good quality sheeting. Monday's special price, each..... 37c

45x36 "Mohawk" Pillow Cases; regular size; made of regular pillow case cotton; every case has the well known "Mohawk" mills ticket. Monday's price, each..... 11c

Matting "Sweep."

12 1-2c a yard instead of 19c for Heavy Seamless China Matting.

19c a yard instead of 20c for Fine Japanese Cotton Warp Matting.

22c a yard instead of 40c for Fine Japanese Cotton Warp Matting.

White Goods "Sweep."

5 pieces of fine sheer India Linen—worth 10c a yard—for..... 5¾c

5 pieces of Mercerized Victoria Lawn; 40 inches wide—regular price 12 1-2c—Monday..... 9¾c

5 pieces of Solid Colored Organdy, yellow, light blue, royal, purple, lavender, Nile green—sold for 25c—offered for Monday at..... 12½c

10 pieces of No. 200 English Long Cloth; 36 inches wide; 12 yards in the piece, and a standard quality at $1.25 a piece—Monday's price..... 98c

Embroidery "Sweep."

Lot 1—Cambric and Swiss Embroideries and Insertings to match in a large and varied assortment; among the lot are open and attractive patterns up to four inches wide; regular 8c and 10c values for..... 4⅞c

Lot 2—Includes Embroideries in Cambric, Swiss, and Nainsook; also a full line of Insertions. These are in desirable widths, suitable for skirts and other purposes. Regular 10c and 12 1-2c embroidery for a yard..... 7¾c

Notions.

15c Nainsook Dress Shields, a pair..... 8c
24-yard pieces of Twilled Tape..... 6c
Brainerd & Armstrong's 100-yard Spool Silk, a doz..... 85c
5c Smith's Best Needles, all sizes, paper..... 2c
5c French Whalebones, a dozen..... 3c
3c Universal Hump Hook and Eyes, 2 dozen for..... 1c
2c Morse & Kaley Darning Cotton..... 1c
10c Faller's 4-oz. bottle of Machine Oil..... 4 1-2c
5 1-4 Tubular Shoe Laces, a dozen..... 4c
5c Hose Darners..... 2c

CAPTURED AFTER A CHASE.

Eddy Tiller Charged With Theft From the Fern.

Eddy Tiller, eighteen years of age, was arrested yesterday afternoon in Alexandria Harbor by Policeman Deane, of this city, on a charge of having stolen a quantity of brass from the United States steamer Fern. Two of Tiller's companions are said to have made their escape by jumping from the boat and running through a lumber yard.

About 4:30 o'clock in the morning Tiller and his companions were seen on the Fern, it is said, and were driven off by the watchman. During the morning it was discovered that a heavy brass stanchion and eight or ten belaying pins were missing. The police were notified. While they were investigating the case the boys were seen going down the river in a sailboat. The police were handicapped by the absence of a patrol boat, the Vigilant still being in the hands of the repairers. Policeman Deane was sent to Alexandria on the ferryboat and landed just as the sailboat arrived. The Alexandria authorities were advised and are looking for the other boys. Tiller was brought back to the city yesterday afternoon.

EXCURSIONS.

Attractions at Marshall Hall.

A good place to spend today is at Marshall Hall, where cool river breezes always blow and shade is to be found in abundance. Prof. Schroeder and his band give concerts both on the boat and grounds. Table d'hote dinner is served in the dining hall on the arrival of the boat. Steamer Charles Macalester will leave for Marshall Hall today at 11 a. m., 2:30 and 6:30 p. m., returning leave the Hall at 1, 5 and 9 o'clock p. m. Indian Head trips will be run every evening this week except Sunday and tournament day, August 28. Week day trips are made to Marshall Hall at 10 a. m., 2:30 and 6:30 p. m. Music and dancing all day and evening.

Cabin John Bridge Attractions.

Prof. Breton, the only person who has ever accomplished a unicycle ride down Pike's Peak and the Capitol steps, will ride across the stone coping of Cabin John Bridge today. After this thrilling performance he will return to the grounds, where he will make a descent of 300 feet down a flight of steps at an incline of 45 degrees. Mme. Marguerita Koontz Holland, assisted by Dana C. Holland, will render solos in the afternoon and evening, accompanied by Prof. Immich's Concert Band. There will be other amusements as usual.

Excursion to Richmond.

A special excursion train will leave Washington next Saturday night, August 31, at 11:59 o'clock from Ninth Street and Maryland Avenue southwest, over the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad. Returning, special train will leave Richmond Monday, September 2, at 6 p. m., arriving in Washington that evening. The excursion will be under the auspices of Capital Lodge, No. 21, and Caldwell Company, No. 4, Uniform Rank, Knights of Pythias. The fare for the round trip will be $2.50.

Mules Severely Beaten.

Robert Gans and Richard Scott, nineteen and twenty years old, colored boys, were arrested yesterday on complaint of Humane Officer Rabbitt, for mistreating two mules owned by J. T. Bomar, of 1021 Third Street northeast. The arrest was made at the Seventeenth Street dump. Both of the animals are alleged to have been badly cut by a long blacksnake whip. The mules are valued at $200. The youths will be tried on Monday on a charge of cruelty to animals.

Party.

(From the Detroit Journal.)

Some of the women thought their party was complete with the nomination of candidates. Others thought otherwise.

"Fancy a party without principles!" argued these latter.

"Or without refreshments!" exclaimed several, whose native womanliness had hitherto kept them from joining in the debate.

It went without saying, of course, that a party without a frappe, at least, is not a party at all, but merely an informal if indeed it were more than an at home.

SETTLED OUT OF COURT.

Parties to Cohen-Kessler Damage Case Tire of Litigation.

The suit brought by Miss Ida Cohen to recover damages in the sum of $500 from Louis Kessler, to cover expenses of celebrating an alleged engagement to marry her, has, it is said, been settled out of court. It is not known just how much money Miss Cohen is to receive, but it will be a sufficient amount to cover an outlay of $50 for viands for the celebration feast, $1 for the hire of a carriage to bring her father to ratify the engagement, and $1 to reimburse her for the loss incurred on a railroad ticket to West Virginia that she did not use because of the alleged influence Kessler exercised to keep her from making the trip. This settlement is said to have been agreed upon at a meeting of the parties on Friday night.

FELL FROM A STEEPLE.

A Painter Killed While at Work on a Church.

LACONIA, N. H., Aug. 24.—Nason E. Young, a painter of this city, fell from the steeple of the Unitarian Church here this morning, and died from his injuries.

Young fell from near the bell deck, about seventy-five feet, to the ground. He had previously painted the spire above, the top of which is 150 feet high.

Samuel Friedlander & Co. | 416—Seventh St. N. W.—416

A SWEEPING
Clearance Sale
SUMMER GOODS SACRIFICED.
Fall Stocks Must Now Have Room.

Tomorrow's Banner Bargains!
We Print the Prices—You Will Do the Rest.

1c for Women's 5-cent Colored Border Handkerchiefs—pretty patterns—fast colors.
7c for Women's 15c Ideal Black Hose—seamless and stainless—silk finish.
2½c the yard for Fine Embroideries—values up to 10c.
2c for Women's 5c Swiss Ribbed Vests—dainty stripe effects—sleeveless.
6½c for Children's 12½c Peerless Black Hose—seamless—double heel and toe.
8c for Women's 15c Amoskeag Gingham Aprons—well made—neat check patterns.

Women's Garments—Stock-reducing Prices.
15c for Women's 50c Percale Shirt Waists—size 32 only.
59c for Women's $1 Sea Island Percale Waists—lovely color effects.
$3.75 for Women's $7.00 Unlined Dress Skirts—made of fine quality All-wool Homespun, in light and dark grey, navy blue, and black—seven gore—every skirt finely tailored.

Women's Undermuslins—Stunning Specials.
15c for Women's 25c Muslin Drawers—hemstitched—cut full and well made—great value.
39c for Women's 69c Muslin Skirts—splendidly trimmed with embroideries and laces.

A Swift Sale of Dry Goods.
3¾c the yard for 7c American Shirting Prints—no remnants—best quality.
9c for 12½c Full Bleached Turkish Towels—fast red border—40x20 inches.

Men's Furnishings—Special Values.
25c for Men's 50c Negligee Shirts—pretty patterns—all sizes—semi-laundered.
18c for Men's 50c Fancy Balbriggan Undershirts—nearly all sizes—great value.

29c for Children's 50c School Umbrellas.

Our Clothing Clean-up.
$5.00 for Men's $10, $12, and $15 Stylish Summer Suits, consisting of fine quality Cassimeres, Worsteds, Cheviots, and Serges; single and double breasted styles; all sizes; perfectly tailored.

Clark's O. N. T. Spool Cotton, 4c. | Brook's Machine Cotton, 1½c.

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