

# The Pensacola Journal

Daily, Weekly, Sunday.

PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING EXCEPT MONDAY.

THE JOURNAL COMPANY.

FRANK L. MAYES, PRESIDENT AND GENERAL MANAGER.

MEMBER THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

### SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Year.....\$5 00	One Month..... 45
Six Months..... 2 50	One Week..... 10
Three Months..... 1 25	Weekly Edition, year, \$1 00

Papers on Sale at all News Stands.

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Offices—108 and 110 East Government Street. TELEPHONE No. 38.

PENSACOLA, FLORIDA, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 23, 1905.

## THE CASE OF MR. BROWN, FORMERLY OF MARION.

Some months ago, the Honorable C. M. Brown, state senator from Marion county and late candidate for governor, issued an affectionate "farewell address" to the people of good old Marion, folded his tent and hid himself over to the little principality of Dade where, in the city of Miami, he announced that he intended making his permanent home.

This was altogether within the right and province of the distinguished gentleman from Marion and his departure, duly announced and as duly made, was accompanied by the conventional tears and regrets from the inhabitants of his old-time bailiwick.

There would probably have been nothing more heard of the distressing incident had it not been for the fact that Senator Brown, who was elected for a four-year term and who had served but half that time, seemed to think he could live in Dade county and still represent the district which elected him but from which he had permanently withdrawn his residence. The people of Marion county thought different, and as their distinguished former fellow-citizen refused to go through the perfunctory procedure of resigning his office, the county democratic executive committee very naturally and very properly issued a notice calling Governor Broward's attention to the fact that a vacancy existed and asking the governor to call a special election to fill it before the state legislature convenes. This the governor has done, just as he should do, and so far as Marion is concerned, everything is lovely and the election will, in due course, be held.

But now comes more talk, and the following from the Miami Metropolis indicates the drift thereof:

Sam Russ, the "short talk" man of the Times-Union, its chief editorial writer, and one of, if not the best, informed political writers in Florida, asks the following question and volunteers this assertion, evidently intending it for the action of the Marion county democratic committee in declaring vacant the seat of Hon. C. M. Brown as state senator from Marion county, and petitioning the governor to call an election to name his successor: "Has a county executive committee the authority to declare vacant a seat in the state senate? Isn't the senate the judge of the qualifications of its members? Certainly it is demoralizing to find a democratic committee beseeching the governor to take authority never given him by law. If a governor had the power to 'purge' a legislative body would he not become a Cromwell on occasion? And how can democrats advocate such usurpation?"

We have a slight acquaintance with Mr. Sam Russ, the alleged author of the quoted remarks in the above. He is a bright young man, stands well all over the state, and he has prospects of an exceptionally promising character. We may be wrong, but we don't believe he wrote it, or if he did, he did so without consulting that "inner consciousness" of his that everyone knows forms such a characteristic element in his make-up.

If we understand the matter aright, the executive committee is not assuming any "authority," other than that of officially informing the governor of a self-evident fact. No one is denying that "the senate is the judge of the qualifications of its members"—it will no doubt take care of that feature of the case itself when Senator Brown attempts to butt in at the coming session. The governor is not trying to "purge the legislative body" and no democrats are "advocating usurpation."

One of the most important and time-honored principles of democracy is that embodied in the institution of local self-government, and certainly the people of Marion county are as much entitled to local self-government as are the people of any of the other counties of the state. It is only to be regretted that Senator Brown does

not seem sufficiently imbued with that kind of democracy or with that appreciation of the proprieties in the case, which would impel him to relieve the people of Marion county from further trouble in the premises by publicly resigning his office and not putting himself in the attitude of attempting to hold on to a position in which he is not wanted and where he has no right.

The Ocala Banner very properly styles the defense of Senator Brown as "very lame logic" and sums up the case in the following unanswerable terms:

The democratic executive committee of Marion county has no desire to usurp the functions of the state senate or to exercise any authority that does not belong to it. Hon. C. M. Brown has permanently withdrawn his citizenship from this county and the democratic executive committee has officially notified the governor of this fact because it knows that the senate is not authorized by law to call elections to fill vacancies even in its own body. The democratic executive committee knows that the governor is empowered to perform this duty. If he calls an election and Mr. Brown's successor presents his credentials to the senate that body is still invested with all of its prerogatives—it can either turn him down or seat him. This is all there is to it.

## OTHER MARKETS FOR COTTON PRODUCTS.

Savannah News.

The commission appointed by the cotton convention that met recently in New Orleans to see what could be done to enlarge the market for cotton products, had a very pleasant and, in all respects, satisfactory interview with the president yesterday. They asked him to appoint a commission to take up the matter at once, and he agreed to do so. He realizes the importance of the cotton crop not only to the South, but to the whole country. He understands that cotton brings more actual cash into the country than any other product of American industry, and he is ready to do anything it is possible for him to do to widen the markets for cotton products, and thus keep the price where it will yield to the cotton grower a fair profit for their labor and investments. As a matter of fact, the government has always been on the alert to advance the interests of the cotton grower and cotton manufacturer. Throughout all of the troubles in the Far East it has insisted upon the open door policy, because by means of it the chances for a greater market for American products, especially cotton, are greatly increased.

It is true, of course, that goods made from American cotton would find their way into Manchuria if the open door policy didn't prevail there, but they wouldn't be in demand in such quantities as they are with that policy. American enterprise increases the volume of trade much more rapidly than it would be increased by the efforts of Russia or Japan.

China is consuming only a small part of the products of cotton that she ought to consume, and would consume if greater efforts were made to place such products in the interior of that empire. If a government commission takes hold of the work of introducing these products into China, in greater volume, there is no doubt that in a very few years a great increase in the demand for raw cotton would be noticeable.

Recently a treaty was concluded with Abyssinia that will undoubtedly be helpful to cotton growers. That country is, as yet, but a small consumer of cotton fabrics, but there are indications that the market for cotton goods there will steadily increase. And the Philippines will doubtless become a large market for such goods in the course of a few years. That market is very considerable now, but as the people of the islands become prosperous they will become greater consumers of cotton goods.

Of course the commission that called on the president yesterday was in the interest of the cotton growers, but if a wider market is found for cotton products the mills of this country will be benefitted about as much as the cotton producers.

It has been demonstrated that the South can grow all the cotton the world wants for many years to come. The manufacturers of Europe need not search their possessions for other sources of supply. But they must

## Religious Instruction In the Public School

By Congressman W. BOURKE COCKRAN

THE germ of democracy, the form of government which our system of education must preserve, was planted on the shores of Galilee when the Saviour proclaimed that ALL MEN ARE EQUAL in the sight of God. While despotism and autocracy are based on human frailty, the essence of democracy is belief in human virtue and the capacity of man for almost INFINITE PERFECTABILITY. Neither despotism nor servitude could survive among a people trying to follow the Christ example, for justice and equality are the inevitable fruits of Christianity. As a democracy cannot survive except these fruits of Christianity flourish, public education MUST INCULCATE A KNOWLEDGE OF THE MORAL LAW upon which the government is founded.

The present system is inadequate to the necessities of the state. Education of the intellect alone is insufficient to cultivate loyal obedience to the will of the majority. Moral instruction removes THE DISPOSITION TO INFRINGE the rights of others. I don't want the state to assume the burdens of a religious propaganda, because to do so would necessitate the selection of the best religion, and those who think as I do would be the first to oppose such a thing. The efficiency of both church and state is increased by separation, but the state has no right TO PENALIZE MORAL INSTRUCTION or to devote the taxes of those who believe in moral instruction to the support of schools which are agnostic and anti-Christian.

THE PRESENT SYSTEM IS DISCREDITED ON ALL SIDES, AND EVERY MAN OF ANY CONSEQUENCE SENDS HIS CHILDREN TO PRIVATE SCHOOLS. THE PUBLIC SCHOOL IS BECOMING, AS IT IS IN EUROPE, THE POOR SCHOOL.

make up their minds to pay a price for it that will yield the producers a fair profit. They will hardly get cotton grown elsewhere on better terms, if in fact there are other places, not now known, where a supply can be obtained.

**The Journal Printed During January, 1905, a Total of 101,708 Copies Or an Average of 3,912 Daily.**

The following figures show The Journal's circulation for each day during the month of January, 1905, with the average number of copies daily:

Jan. 1..... 3,750	Jan. 17..... 4,000
Jan. 2..... 3,750	Jan. 18..... 3,900
Jan. 3..... 3,750	Jan. 19..... 3,800
Jan. 4..... 3,650	Jan. 20..... 3,800
Jan. 5..... 3,650	Jan. 21..... 3,800
Jan. 6..... 3,725	Jan. 22..... 4,200
Jan. 7..... 3,750	Jan. 23..... 4,100
Jan. 8..... 3,900	Jan. 24..... 4,100
Jan. 9..... 3,900	Jan. 25..... 4,100
Jan. 10..... 3,800	Jan. 26..... 4,075
Jan. 11..... 4,000	Jan. 27..... 3,950
Jan. 12..... 4,000	Jan. 28..... 3,900
Jan. 13..... 3,900	Jan. 29..... 4,300
Jan. 14..... 3,900	Jan. 30..... 4,300
Jan. 15..... 4,000	Jan. 31..... 4,000
Jan. 16..... 4,000	
<b>Total For Month..... 101,708</b>	

The total 101,708 divided by 26 (the actual number of issues) shows the average number of copies printed per issue during the month to be 3,912

I hereby certify that the above statement is correct according to the records on file in this office.

HARRY R. SMITH, Circulation Manager.  
Sworn to and subscribed before me this 31st day of January, 1905.  
J. P. STOKES, Notary Public.

RELIGION and virtue are our highest concerns, but it doesn't follow that government has any warrant to interfere with the beliefs of individuals. Our educational system must confine itself to imparting the things we believe in common, and IT MUST BE LEFT TO THE PARENTS AND THE CHURCHES to make of religion a vital matter. The state is not the only educational agency.

In religion some final court of appeals is necessary, different creeds having different courts, and it logically follows that if the state is to impart religious instruction it must determine the kind of religion that is to be taught, which would mean a court passing on the orthodoxy of public school instruction. You can't give religious instruction in the schools WITHOUT INVADING THE FIELD WHICH THE MODERN STATE HAS ABANDONED.

All the moral virtues are already promoted by the public schools. I deny that they are agnostic or anti-Christian. They are only non-Christian. They exert an elevating moral influence WITHOUT ANY TALK ABOUT IT. If you want the Catechism taught, in the name of heaven why don't you teach it to your children yourself or have your churches do it?

If you don't want to pay taxes for the support of the public schools, why not object to being taxed for the support of the courts, which may not be conducted on a basis to suit you? The state goes ahead in its secular work, and, if you choose, set up your rival institutions, but neither directly nor indirectly WILL THE STATE CONTRIBUTE to their support.

THE RESULTS OF OUR SYSTEM OF SECULAR INSTRUCTION CHALLENGE THE ADMIRATION OF THE WORLD, AND WE DO NOT PROPOSE TO ADOPT ANY RETROGRADE METHODS.

## WILL OF GENERAL LEW WALLACE

AFTER ALL DEBTS ARE PAID RESIDUE GOES TO WIFE AND HER HEIRS.

Crawfordsville Ind., Feb. 22.—The will of the late General Lew Wallace was admitted to probate here yesterday. The instrument was drawn on November 10, 1899, and was witnessed by Benjamin Crane, an attorney, and Judge A. B. Anderson, of the United States court at Indianapolis. The provisions of the will follow:

"I, Lew Wallace, of Crawfordsville, Ind., do make and publish this my last will and testament.

"First—I be my will that my just debts and all charges be paid out of my estate.

"Second—I give and devise all the residue of my estate to Susan E. Wallace, my well-beloved wife, to be hers and her heirs forever.

"Third—I direct that an appraisal and sale of my personal property be dispensed with, and my said executrix be not required to give bond."

## WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY AT FLORIDA CHAUTAUQUA.

DeFuniak, Feb. 22.—A large gathering filled the amphitheatre at the Florida Chautauqua today in the observance of Washington's birthday. The weather was delightful and the audience in holiday dress. A number of patriotic selections were rendered by the splendid concert band and orchestra of St. Louis, Mo., and national hymns given by the American Ladies' Quartet of Chicago. The address of Mr. Kenneth Bruce was eloquent and appreciated and frequently applauded by the audience.

The chautauqua is now under full headway and Saturday promises to have one of the finest gatherings of the season, and one that Pensacola can be proud of as it is to be entitled "Pensacola Day."

The famous "Rooney's Boys," one of the most celebrated attractions in the country, will delight every one. The excursion train leaves Saturday morning at 7 o'clock. Round trip tickets, including all the Chautauqua exercises, and railroad fare, for the nominal charge of eighty-five cents.

## NEW ROUTES OF MALLORY LINE

(Jacksonville Times-Union.)

On another page of this paper appears an advertisement under the heading of "Travel from Florida by Steamship," in which are brief descriptions of two new and exceptionally attractive steamship routes from Jacksonville inaugurated this season by the Mallory Steamship Lines.

For several seasons there has been a great demand for a steamship passenger service between this territory and the ports of Mobile and New Orleans. Such a line is now established, and caters strictly to passenger travel from Florida. The details of this new route are as follows: Steamships of Mallory Line leaving New York every Friday and bound for Mobile, Ala., now call at Brunswick, Ga., which point is reached early every Monday morning. Passengers from Florida en route to Mobile and New Orleans leaving Jacksonville every Monday morning at 9 o'clock, have a short rail ride of three hours and reach Brunswick at noon in time for dinner aboard ship, and sail from Brunswick that afternoon for Mobile direct.

An Enjoyable Trip. This trip is an especially enjoyable one, over Southern seas, usually free from the severe weather, and because of that fact the steamer pursues a course along the east coast of Florida, with many scenic attractions along shore, plainly visible. After passing around the many keys of the southernmost point of Florida, and a delightful voyage of about thirty-six hours on the Gulf of Mexico, and a daylight trip through Mobile harbor, passengers are landed at that city, usually on Friday morning. New Orleans passengers are ticketed from Mobile by rail, which is only a short ride of about three hours.

Steamers to Texas. Another attractive steamship route, which will be a popular one with the Western tourists, is that via Key West to Texas, and over which the Mallory Line is making a strong bid for passenger business in connection with its express service from Key West to Galveston, Tex. Travelers from the lower east coast of Florida, via Miami, and from the Florida Gulf coast, via Port Tampa, by this route are afforded all-ocean trips to Texas, and, in fact, an all-water trip covering over half the distance between Florida and the Pacific coast. From either Miami or Port Tampa passengers are handled in connection with the Peninsular & Occidental Steamship Company to Key West, allowing stop-over at the Island City, thence by Mallory Line express steamships to Galveston, at which point close connections are made with all rail lines diverging to points in California, Colorado, New Mexico, etc.

Through the Sea Islands. The route to New York by Mallory Steamship Line has always been a favorite with travelers to and from Florida, and needs no special mention. The little trip through the famous sea islands afforded passengers by this line, is a most delightful one, carrying passengers in and out among the picturesque islands by daylight, and in full view of Dunegness, Stafford Place, the noted and historic islands of Cumberland and St. Simons; together with a brief stop at Jekyll island, on which is located the Jekyll Island Club, one of the most magnificent private winter clubs in the country.

We have the finest stock of Guns in the South—L. C. Smith, Parker, Syracuse, Remington, Browning, Winchester, Lefever, Ithaca, and other makes.

REVOLVERS. Colt's, Smith & Wesson, Iver Johnson, etc.

AMMUNITION. All loads, U. M. C. and Winchester, both black and smokeless powders.

FISHING TACKLE. Everything to catch fish, from minnows to tarpon rods, Reels, Lines, Artificial Bait of all kinds.

Guns and Tackle selected by experts and fully guaranteed.

SPORTING GOODS A SPECIALTY. Chaffing Dishes, Fine Carving Sets, Table Cutlery, Pocket Knives, etc.

De Muth's Biscuit Machines, Refrigerators, Freezers, Stoves, Ranges and Heaters.

No necessity of sending east or west for goods when you can get them nearer home at lower prices.

Mail orders a specialty.

BARNEY-CAVANAGH HARDWARE COMPANY MOBILE, ALA.

## Do you know "The Song of 60 Years?"

There are four verses. Verse 1. Ayer's Hair Vigor makes the hair grow. Verse 2. Ayer's Hair Vigor stops falling hair. Verse 3. Ayer's Hair Vigor cures dandruff. Verse 4. Ayer's Hair Vigor always restores color to gray hair.

No. 5603.  
H. L. COVINGTON, President. M. E. CLARK, Cashier.  
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The directors and officers of this bank solicit correspondence and accounts upon terms consistent with conservative and prudent banking principles.

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We draw our own Bills of Exchange on Great Britain, Ireland, Germany, France, Austria, Italy, Holland, Spain, Belgium, Russia, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, and other European countries.

Vessels disbursed upon the Most Favorable Terms, and their obligations taken Payable at Port of Destination Ten Days After Vessel Arrives there.

Safety Deposit Boxes For Rent, in Connection with which we have a Private Department for the use of Renters.

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YOUR ACCOUNT IS RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED.

**R. M. CARY,**  
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Jellico, Little Cahaba, Brookwood.

Orders left at either  
Office: 43 S. Palafox Street, Phone 93, or Retail Yards: Cor. Taragona and Gonzalez Streets, Phone 6,  
will receive prompt attention.

## Our Tourist Friends

You have come to Pensacola because someone or something interested you in the Deep Water City. You would not have come if you had not been interested, and you would not stay here now if your later impressions did not justify your previous decision to spend the winter here.

It follows, therefore, that you are not only interested in Pensacola now, but you will in all probability continue to be interested after you leave and may possibly desire to return here for future winter seasons.

This being the case, you will want to keep in touch with the latest developments in the Deepest Harbor on the Gulf, and no way can that be done so cheaply, easily, or satisfactorily as through the columns of

## The Weekly Journal at \$1.00 Per Year

The Weekly Journal is a consolidation into one paper of all the best and latest telegraph news contained in the daily, and it furnishes a medium for keeping posted on Pensacola affairs which can not be excelled in any other way.

You will probably want something of an artistic nature to carry home with you or to send to your friends. The Journal's last year's

## Progress and Prosperity Edition

is filled with beautiful illustrations of the city and harbor, and can be purchased at any of the book stores or at The Journal office for 15 cents a copy.

The Journal will also shortly issue a special Pensacola and Panama Canal Edition. If you are not going to stay until it is issued you can have your orders now, and copies will be mailed you at 15 cents a copy as soon as the edition appears.

**You Are Invited**

to call at The Journal office while in the city, get acquainted and secure any information which you may desire about the city. The Journal office is open night and day, and you will always be welcome.