

The Pensacola Journal

Daily, Weekly, Sunday. PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING EXCEPT MONDAY. THE JOURNAL COMPANY. FRANK L. MAYES, PRESIDENT AND GENERAL MANAGER. MEMBER THE ASSOCIATED PRESS. SUBSCRIPTION RATES. One Year \$5.00, Six Months \$3.00, Three Months \$1.85. One Month 45c, One Week 10c, Weekly Edition, year \$1.00. Papers on Sale at all News Stands. THE ONLY PENSACOLA NEWSPAPER FROM WHICH A DETAILED CIRCULATION STATEMENT CAN BE SECURED. Office—108 and 110 East Government Street. TELEPHONE No. 38.

PENSACOLA, FLORIDA FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 21, 1905.

GOING AWAY? When you leave the city for your summer vacation have The Pensacola Journal follow you. Notify circulation manager, Phone 38.

SOUTHERN PROGRESS SINCE THE CIVIL WAR. From a recent issue of the Southern Farm Magazine the Memphis Commercial-appeal has boiled down the following statistics relative to Southern progress during the past forty-four years which will prove of interest:

The entire population of the United States in 1860 was 31,448,000, while the population of the South in 1904 was 25,300,000, and this does not count either Missouri or Delaware. In 1860 the bank deposits of the United States were \$253,300,000, while in 1904 the bank deposits of the South were \$745,000,000 or three times as much. In 1860 the railroad mileage of the United States was only 30,592, while in 1904, the mileage in the South was 62,360. In 1860 the pig iron in tons of the whole United States was 884,474, while in 1904 the pig iron of the South was 2,743,318. In 1860 the United States mined 15,173,000 tons of coal. In 1904 the South mined 67,700,000 tons. In 1860, 4,158,500 bales of cotton were produced in the country, while in 1904, no less than 12,879,000 bales were produced in the South. In 1860, 830,450,000 bushels of corn were produced in the United States, while in 1904, more than 661,000,000 bushels were produced in the South alone. In 1860, the United States had 5,025,738 cotton spindles, in 1904 the South had 8,615,000 spindles. In 1860, the value of all the exports from the United States was \$333,576,000, while in 1904, the exports from the South were \$559,242,000. In 1860, the property value of the United States was estimated at \$16,159,000,000, while in 1904 the property value of the South was estimated at \$10,500,000,000. These figures show that to-day the South has almost as large a population as the entire country and before the war began, and that it has more railroads, more exports, more cotton spindles, and in a general way it is richer in natural resources, bank deposits, pig iron and coal than was the entire republic in 1860. No one who looks at these figures can have any doubt as to the future of the South. At no distant day it is bound to be the predominant figure in the country's commerce.

New York has found an excuse for a world's fair. The three hundredth anniversary of the discovery of the Hudson River by Hendrick Hudson will be celebrated by the greatest exposition in the history of the world.

SPLENDID SELECTIONS FOR STATE BOARD OF HEALTH. Newspapers through the state generally commend Governor Broward's appointments to the State Board of Health and the following from the Tampa Herald is a fair sample of the numerous articles that have appeared in this connection:

Governor Broward has exercised his usual wisdom in the selection of the gentlemen who are to constitute the state board of health for the next four years. The reappointment of Hon. Edward M. Hendry, of Tampa, and Dr. Horace M. Simpson, of Pensacola, places again in office gentlemen who possess the entire confidence of the people of Florida, for they have served one term with becoming fitness. Captain Harry Fozzard, of Jacksonville, is the new appointee to fill the place held by Captain Broward before his election as governor. Captain Fozzard is a gentleman who is well known and whose reputation as a citizen of high standing is a guarantee that he will fill his new position with fidelity to the people's interests.

It is regarded as entirely probable that Hon. E. M. Hendry will be chosen as president of the board for the second term, he having already filled the position with that dignity, firmness and fairness for which he is so well known and so highly esteemed. The State Board of Health is one of the most vitally important of all the state's institutions and it is at all times deserving of the strongest and most loyal support from the whole people. In order to secure and hold this support and respect it is always incumbent upon the chief executive to lay aside any other consideration and select only those gentlemen who repre-

sent the very highest type of citizenry and in the present board Governor Broward has shown that he was fully cognizant of the responsibilities, and well has he discharged his duty.

Philadelphia is the hottest place on the map. This applies both to temperature and to politics.

If all the Smiths in Georgia stand by him Hoke has a cinch on the governorship.

NEWS AND VIEWS FROM STATE PAPERS.

Vagrants Scarce in Gainesville. The new vagrancy law passed by the legislature at its last session is causing much comment about the state. It has a long list of those termed as vagrants, but there are mighty few, if any, to be found in this locality. There seems to be a desire on the part of all, white and black, to "get busy," and there is plenty to do in Gainesville.—Gainesville Sun.

Alachua Watermelons. The farmers in Alachua county grow watermelons that weigh as much as ninety pounds. That is the way to do things.—St. Augustine Record.

What Could Florida Say? We do not know that the czar was referring to the Florida Legislature as an argument against representative institutions; but if he did what could Florida say for herself or her lawmakers?—Tallahassee Capital.

Hon. Wilkinson Call. It makes us excessively weary to see some of our own state papers engaged in idiotic twaddle of the idiosyncrasy of poor old Senator Call. Hon. Wilkinson Call, for nearly half a century, was the idol of a large number of the people of Florida; and for a younger generation, whose fathers and mothers may have been beneficiaries of the faithful service of this man, to now be engaged in strewing thorns instead of roses along the pathway of his setting sun, is worse than sacrilegious.

Ex-Senator Wilkinson Call cannot now be far from the "four-score" mark. How many of us who now uphold and honor him in the tottering infirmities of old age, can hope to have our mental faculties as well preserved when we reach this ripe old age that courageous men are bound to honor?

The democracy of Florida once needed him in the councils, and "tribute to whom tribute is due"—she never called upon him in vain.

It is time now to show to the living some of the flowers we are reserving for the dead.—Jacksonville Floridian.

Col. Robert W. Davis. Col. Robert W. Davis, who has decided to make Tampa his future home, shed the light of his sunny countenance upon the Herald editorial sanctum to-day. Col. Davis is an attorney of brilliance and skill is too well known to almost all Floridians to need commendations at the hands of the Herald. In his formation of a law partnership with Hilton S. Hampton he has made a fortunate step, for no young man stands higher than Hilton Hampton, and the success of the new firm is fully assured by the union of the brilliant talents of two such gentlemen. The Herald sincerely welcomes Colonel Davis to Tampa, together with his estimable family.—Tampa Globe.

Where Credit is Due. The Globe does not appropriate to itself one particle of credit for the location of the State University at Gainesville. It does not believe that its murmurings had the least influence with the board of control. It was in sympathy with Gainesville, and that is the whole story. Its influence, perhaps, was as much felt as that of any other paper printed in the state, but it is to the citizens of Gainesville that the credit belongs.—Tampa Globe.

A Striking Contrast. The delightful climate of Florida stands out these days in striking contrast with the torrid northern temperature. Yesterday's record of heat prostrations in New York and other cities beyond the Mason and Dixon line was but a repetition of that of many other days preceding and the same old story is told over and over again year by year.

Of course, such fatalities excite the sympathy of people everywhere. As a matter of fact there is no remedy immediately available for the amelioration of conditions in the congested tenement districts in the great cities, but public sympathy has result-

ed in some improvements being made and others are in contemplation. The point is that Floridians should be grateful that their lot is cast in such a favored place. Here sunstroke is unknown and while New Yorkers are sweltering in unendurable heat, the people of this state, no matter in what portion, are given by a kind Providence a salubrious climate, cooling breezes and glorious sunshine. Florida's summers give no cause for complaint. Floridians have much to be thankful for.—St. Augustine Record.

ADVERTISING CONSISTENCY. St. Augustine Record.

Perhaps the man who is being urged to advertise may be brought to consider the matter more seriously by reason of the repeated injunction, "Advertise your business." But, while his spirit may be willing his financial faith may be weak. It is probable that every merchant and every manufacturer has more or less distinct visions of himself in the role of a Wana-maker or a Douglas, and wishes that somehow he might be able to make his name known throughout his territory as those names are known all over America. And a lot of them are going it, too.

Without a pretty good knowledge of the conditions existing in a given case, no one should assume to say what kind of advertising should be done for the business under consideration; but that any business worthy the name can be successfully advertised by one means or another cannot be denied. Countless examples of great profits from advertising are too well authenticated—too familiar—to be ignored. The man who wants to advertise must be able to weigh every circumstance and condition which can affect his problem. Give the factors of the goods or the services on the one hand, and the buyers of the same on the other, what means can be employed to bring them together? There is a way for each case. In many lines the ways are identical. Some cases will require special plans. What is needed is careful, systematic study of the question from all points before a decision is made. By this means success is more than probable; it is almost certain.

PITH AND POINT. Being worthless pays no dividends. Keeping a diary is nearly as hard work as keeping a dairy.

Being favorably impressed is the cheapest way we know of being a good fellow.

Nothing makes us quite so mad as to have people say, "What made you do it?"

It is terribly hard to impress people with the importance of aiding in a good cause.

Every one realizes when he goes to a photographer's that he is not looking his prettiest.

It is all right to do things for your town, but first do things for your home and family.

We are all pretty easily pleased when we consider that three or four times a day we see exactly how we look in the looking glass.—Atchison Globe.

Childhood Woes. Old Lady—What, you are sorry you are getting so big? Why so? Child—'Cos ma says I'm gettin' old enough to know better.—Brooklyn Life.

The Grace of Experience. He—How well Miss Elderberry carries her age! She—But, then, she has become so accustomed to it, you know.

Slap an extinguisher upon your irony if you are unappreciated by a vein of it.—Lamb.

The Journal Printed During June, 1905, a Total of 117,100 COPIES or an average 4,504 DAILY

The following figures show The Pensacola Journal's circulation for each day during the month of June, 1905, with the average number of copies daily:

Table with 2 columns: Date and Copies. June 1 4,600, June 16 4,450, June 2 4,450, June 17 4,450, June 3 4,450, June 18 4,700, June 4 4,700, June 19 4,450, June 5 4,450, June 20 4,450, June 6 4,500, June 21 4,450, June 7 5,000, June 22 4,450, June 8 4,450, June 23 4,450, June 9 4,450, June 24 4,700, June 10 4,450, June 25 4,800, June 11 4,700, June 26 4,800, June 12 4,450, June 27 4,450, June 13 4,450, June 28 4,450, June 14 4,450, June 29 4,450, June 15 4,450, June 30 4,450.

Total for the month.....117,100 Average per day..... 4,504

I hereby certify that the above statement is correct according to the records on file in this office.

H. R. SMITH, Circulation Mgr.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 30th day of June, 1905.

J. P. STOKES, Notary Public.

THE IMPORTANCE OF IRRIGATION. Tampa Times.

The official call has been issued for the thirteenth national irrigation congress to meet at Portland Ore., August 21st, to remain in session four days. The meeting is coincident with the best days of the Lewis and Clark centennial exposition, and the usual low railroad rates are to be obtained. The mayor of this city may appoint ten delegates and each commercial body two, and upon presenting their credentials these gentlemen will be entitled to all the privileges and courtesies extended to delegates. The matter of irrigation has become of national importance, the government having embarked upon it on an extensive scale with the ultimate intention that all available water shall be conveyed to lands which need its application.

While Florida has no arid lands in the strict sense of the word, and no rivers and accompanying situations which make available any large schemes for irrigation, it does have a dry season at a critical period of crop-making, as well as means which may be employed to mitigate occasional and temporary droughts. Irrigation from artesian waters is employed in some localities with great success, and it might be almost generally adopted with profit. It is to be hoped that a sufficient number of Floridians will attend the convention at Portland to get all the newest ideas and information and to be followed home by printed copies of the instructive proceedings.

The Times has constantly and consistently insisted that the adoption of irrigation, as far as it is practicable, would provide a most advantageous policy for the farmers and gardeners of Florida. It would be especially valuable if applied to orange growers during the trying dry spell of spring in which so many trees shed a large share of their fruit. And not less paying would it be if applied to gardens. It can be done at comparatively small expense, where artesian water is not available by a small and cheap pumping apparatus.

Swells of Ancient Egypt. From what has come down to us, written, painted or chiseled, the Egyptian lord must have been a great swell. The details of the twelfth dynasty show Egyptian elegance at its best. The lord has a male housekeeper, his mlatre d'hotel, called "superintendent of the provision house." There was a "superintendent of the baking house," and the mixer of drinks had the title of "scribe of the sideboard." Perhaps he was a butler and regulated the supply of wines from the cellar. There were gardeners, porters and handier men, all busy in attending to the master. "A preparer of sweets" must have been a confectioner. The Egyptian when he was no longer mortal had hopes of being well fed in the hereafter, as he believed he would be nourished in his particular heaven with abundant goose and beef. Offerings to gods show the variety of the Egyptian menu, and in one are included ten kinds of cooked meat, five kinds of birds or game, sixteen varieties of bread and cake, six assorted wines, four brews of beers, eleven sorts of fruits and an endless number of sweet things.

Flowers in Northern Russia. An English traveler in northern Russia writes to the Gardener's Chronicle that nothing surprised him more than the universal presence of well grown flowering plants in dwelling rooms. Even in the cells of monasteries and in the studios of city photographers farther north than Archangel he found such plants as oleanders, crotons, parganions and fuchsias in almost every room. The double windows, so necessary to keep out the cold, have a draft tight space between them filled with flowering plants, and it does not seem necessary to open them for air during the short hot summer. From September to June the country is buried in snow and shut in by ice. The average temperature for January is only 10 degrees. The July temperature, however, has an average of 60 degrees F., which is hardly to be wondered at when it is remembered that the sun shines twenty-two hours out of the thirty-four.

Lost the Prize. James Crossley, a noted English bibliomaniac, lived him one memorable day to a bookstall in Shudehill market and, spring a little volume, took it up and glanced carelessly through it. After awhile he asked its price from an old woman and was told it was two and sixpence. "I'll give you sixpence for it," said Crossley. "Nay," replied the poor old dame; "it cost me 2 shillings." Whereupon our book devourer threw it down in disgust and retired. A gentleman, overhearing the altercation, stepped forward and purchased it at the sum demanded. Crossley returned soon after and, noticing the book had gone, anxiously inquired what had become of it. "Sold," answered the woman, "for what you refused to give." "Tell me who bought it, and I'll give him 10 shillings for it!" said Crossley eagerly. The moral is self evident.

Perfectly Safe. "Bridget, I have to go out this evening, and I want you to see that your mistress gets this note without fail as soon as she comes in."

"Yiss, sor, I'll just leave it in the pocket of the trousers ye've taken off. She be sure to go through them."

Perfectly Natural. Old Gentleman—How old are you, my dear? Little Girl—I was eight years old yesterday. Old Gentleman—Indeed? You don't look to be that old. Little Girl—Ah, how you naughty men do flatter us poor, weak women!

H. L. COVINGTON, President. M. E. CLARK, Cashier. C. W. LAMAR, Vice-President. JNO. PFEIFFER, Asst. Cashier. THE AMERICAN NATIONAL BANK OF PENSACOLA, FLA. DESIGNATED DEPOSITORY OF UNITED STATES Capital Stock, \$200,000 Surplus, \$40,000 DIRECTORS: Henry L. Covington, J. M. Pfeiffer, Bryan Dunwoody, Frank Reilly, W. S. Rosasco, T. F. McGourin, F. E. Brawner, C. W. Lamar, J. R. Saunders, S. J. Foshee, A. M. Avery, W. H. Milton, Jr., O. E. Maura, W. L. Cawthon, C. A. O'Neal, Dr. W. J. Hannah, McKenzie Oerting, Alex McGowin, C. M. Covington. Accounts of Banks, Individuals, Corporations, and Firms Solicited. Four per cent. interest paid on Time Deposits.

WM. H. KNOWLES, President. W. K. HYER, JR., V-Pres. and Cash. THOS. W. BRENT, Asst. Cashier. W. N. ROBERTS, Asst. Cashier.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK, of Pensacola, Fla. DIRECTORS: F. C. Brent, W. A. Blount, Wm. H. Knowles, W. K. Hyer, Jr., D. G. Brent. FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC EXCHANGE BOUGHT AND SOLD. We draw our own Bills of Exchange on Great Britain, Ireland, Germany, France, Austria, Italy, Holland, Spain, Belgium, Russia, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, and other European countries. Vessels disbursed upon the Most Favorable Terms, and their obligations taken Payable at Port of Destination Ten Days After Vessel Arrives there.

Safety-Deposit Boxes For Rent, in Connection with which we have a Private Department for the use of Renters. Savings Department—Interest Paid on Deposits at Rate of 4 per cent per Annum.

L. HILTON GREEN, PRESIDENT. R. M. BUSHNELL, CASHIER. T. E. WELLES, VICE-PRESIDENT. MANSFIELD MORENO, ASST. CASHIER. Citizens National Bank, of Pensacola, Florida. Directors: Geo. W. Wright, Alex M. Robinson, Morris Bear, T. E. Welles, L. Hilton Green. A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED.

J. S. REESE, President. E. W. MNEFEE, Cashier. R. M. CARY, Vice-President. THE PEOPLE'S BANK OF PENSACOLA. Directors—L. J. Reeves, J. S. Reese, W. DeC. Kessler, R. M. Cary, W. A. D'Alemberte, T. A. Jennings. TRANSACTS A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS. YOUR ACCOUNT IS RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED.

R. M. CARY. Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Steam, Domestic, Anthracite and Blacksmith COAL. Office—No. 13 South Palafox street, Telephone, 53. Yards on Zaragoza and Gonzalez streets. Phone, 6.

John Massey. Jackson Brandon. T. D. Adams. Pensacola Electrical Company. ELECTRICAL CONTRACTORS. ALL WORK GUARANTEED. Cor. Intendencia and Baylen Sts. Bell Phone, 570. No job to big or small for us. We do work in any part of the city and also outside the city.

WE ARE GROWING BIGGER. HAVE OUTGROWN OUR BABY CLOTHES AND OPENED A Down-Town Office and Builders' Supply Depot. WHERE WE WILL BE GLAD TO HAVE YOU CALL BEFORE PLACING YOUR ORDER FOR BUILDING MATERIAL OF ANY DESCRIPTION. WE ARE TO-DAY UNPACKING A CAR LOAD OF PAINT and want your business. Prompt attention to all mail orders. Saunders Mill Company. Pensacola, Florida. Phone 717.

COMFORT. CORDIALITY. CUISINE. SOUTHERN HOTEL. Pensacola, Fla. ROOMS WITH RUNNING WATER AND PRIVATE BATHS. LARGE SAMPLE ROOMS. Special Weekly Rates for Table Board. F. L. BOWEN, Manager. Formerly of Windsor and Aragon Hotels, Jacksonville, Florida.

Order Your ICE, COAL and WOOD from the Consumers' Ice and Fuel Company. Office—Corner Chase and Tarragona. Phone 258.

Professional Directory. DR. R. G. BUCKNER, SPECIALIST. EYE, EAR NOSE AND THROAT. Office 7 1/2 S. Palafox St. Office Hours: 9 to 12 and 3 to 5.

PATTILLO CAMPBELL, Attorney-at-Law. Room 405 Thiesen Building.

THOS. PEBLEY, LAW, REAL ESTATE, LOANS AND COLLECTIONS. PALAFOX AND ROMANA. PHONE 559.

J. P. STOKES, Attorney and Counsellor at Law. 108 East Government Street. General Law Practice.

GEORGE DOUVILLE, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. Room 500 Thiesen B'ld. Phone 734.

DR. BOULTER, DENTIST. MODERN DENTISTRY. Office—Southwest corner of Palafox and Intendencia.

WELSH & SMITH, DENTISTS. PHONE 525.

DR. JNO. B. TILLER, Dentist. Room 8, Brent Building. Phone, 68.

DR. YATES will be out of town July 30th to be absent until August 22nd.

L. C. PHILLIPS, M. D. HOMEOPATHIST. Office at No. 7 1/2 S. Palafox, Blount Building. Office Hours—8:30 to 11 a. m., and 2 to 5 p. m. Residence, 10 North Palafox. Phone 65—two rings. Office Phone 65. Sundays—Subject to call.

DIRECTORY. CENTRAL TRADES COUNCIL. There will be a meeting of this body on the first and third Wednesdays of each month at 7:30 p. m. All delegates are requested to be present. Z. W. ROBERTS, President. W. L. DELAY, Secretary.

Pensacola Lodge No. 3, K. of P. meets every Monday evening at 8:00 o'clock at their Castle Hall, Blount Watson building, corner Palafox and Garden streets. Visiting brethren cordially welcome. H. C. VON WERDER, C. C. H. HORSLEK, K. of R. & S.

Rathbone Lodge No. 30, K. of P. meets every Thursday evening at 8:00 o'clock in their Castle Hall, third floor, Blount Watson building, southwest corner Palafox and Garden streets. Visiting knights are cordially welcomed. H. B. CERUTI, C. C. C. J. LEVY, K. of R. & S.

Knights of Columbus. Meetings of the Knights of Columbus are held at their hall, No. 8 West Intendencia street, on every Monday evening at 7:30 o'clock. An invitation is extended to visiting Knights. JOHN B. JONES, Grand Knight. EDM. FOX, Recorder.

Pensacola Lodge No. 4, I. O. O. F. meets every Thursday evening at 7:30 at the new hall on West Garden street. Visiting brethren cordially invited. N. A. NEILSON, N. G. B. R. WITKOWSKI, Secretary.

REBEKAH SISTERS. Naomi Lodge No. 10, Rebekah Sisters meets every Monday night at 8 o'clock in I. O. O. F. Hall. Visiting sisters cordially invited to present. MISS NEITA M. ELLIOTT, MISS MAMIE FREEMAN, Secretary. W. W. W.

Excelsior Encampment, I. O. O. F. Excelsior Encampment No. 4 meets on second and fourth Wednesdays at I. O. O. F. Hall, on West Garden street. Visiting patriarch invited. T. G. STINSON, Scribe. JOHN WILLOCK, Chief Patriarch.

Joppa Lodge, No. 6, I. O. O. F. Joppa Lodge, No. 6, I. O. O. F. meets every Tuesday evening at 7:30 o'clock at Rafford Hall, West Garden street. Visiting brethren cordially invited. H. J. DEVLIN, N. G. C. L. SMITH, Sec.

Oak Grove, Lodge No. 4, Woodmen's Circle, meets every Thursday at 3 p. m. Visiting sovereigns cordially invited. MRS. S. B. OLSEN, Guardian. LILLIE BRANUM, Clerk. M. E. B. A. No. 81 meets first and third Wednesday evening at 7:30 p. m., Rafford Hall, No. 10 West Intendencia Street. A. G. FELL, Pres. J. L. SWEENEY, Sec.