

The Pensacola Journal

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PENSACOLA, FLORIDA, SUNDAY MORNING, JULY 23, 1905.

GOING AWAY?

When you leave the city for your summer vacation have The Pensacola Journal follow you. Notify circulation manager, Phone 38.

The Fever Situation and How It Is Regarded.

The report of the existence of yellow fever in New Orleans and the quarantine against that city by neighboring states and cities has all been attended by what is, in some respects, a most remarkable condition of public sentiment.

Five years ago the mere mention of yellow fever was enough almost to drive some persons into a paroxysm of fright. The established existence of a single case would have caused a stampede. A half dozen cases in New Orleans would have been sufficient to start a regular exodus from Pensacola by everyone who could make money enough together to buy a railroad ticket.

What is the situation now? Not a single person feels the least uneasiness. No one has left town or wants to leave. Business has not and will not be interfered with. Everything will rock along in its old-time way and developments will be contemplated with assurance and received with equanimity.

Why is this so?—what has occasioned this change? Simply the fact that medical science has discovered the cause of or the means by which yellow fever is propagated and has likewise discovered an absolute method of coping with and eradicating the disease. The existence of yellow fever, when discovered in time as it has been in this case, can be controlled almost to a mathematical certainty.

Pensacola is particularly fortunate at this time in several particulars. The cases of yellow fever in New Orleans are a long way off and not likely to be communicated this distance. Our city health authorities have taken up the matter of protection in a vigorous, common sense way and have announced that the public is to be kept posted as to the actual conditions in this city. And last, but what is more important than either of these other things, we have a corps of medical men here who are not only capable of handling the situation from an expert standpoint, but who have the confidence of the entire community in their ability to protect the public health and interests of the city in every way.

While it is to be regretted that fever should break out in any American city, the present case will not be without a certain compensating value. It will demonstrate the facts that yellow fever does not now possess its old-time terrors and that medical science is abundantly able to cope with it in any form and at any place. Business will not be interfered with to any appreciable extent and public sentiment will show no sign of disturbance anywhere.

The Journal will keep the public posted on the true situation at all times. As it exists now there is no cause for alarm and we do not think there will be in the future.

Max Hamburger's mammoth 44-page edition of his Mobile Herald, issued in honor of the visit to Mobile of the Alabama Press Association, was a magnificent effort, reflecting credit upon the city as well as upon the enterprising proprietor of the Herald. Mr. Hamburger is getting out a paper of which Mobile should be proud.

Make Pistol-Toting a Penitentiary Offense.

The sad tragedy of the past week, in which three peaceable citizens were shot down without warning, two of them being killed and the other being possibly fatally wounded, brings again the concealed weapon question prominently to the front.

Why is it that tragedy after tragedy happens year after year as a direct

result of the carrying of the concealed weapon, while juries look on with complacency and state legislatures refuse to provide punishment fitting the crime?

The penalty for carrying a concealed weapon in Florida is \$100.00 fine or 90 days in jail.

It ought to be five years in the penitentiary with no opportunity to get off by the payment of any kind of a fine.

Moreover, there should be a law against selling a revolver to anyone unless the purchaser can show a license from the county authorizing him to carry it (not concealed).

What is \$100 fine to a man who is able to pay it or who has friends who will pay it for him? What is three months in jail to a worthless negro who would as soon spend his time there as at work earning his living?

What does either the fine or the imprisonment, or both, amount to as a protection to the lives of peaceable citizens who have no reason for carrying weapons themselves, but who do have, or should have, some reason to expect protection of the law from cowards or criminals who think it necessary to carry a gun?

The concealed weapon outrage has gone far enough in Florida. When the next legislature meets the practice should be made a penitentiary offense. Until that time every man convicted of carrying a gun should be given the 90-day jail sentence. Cut out the fine—put the pistol-toter behind the bars. That ought to have some salutary effect for the present and when the legislature makes it a penitentiary crime and a few people are sent up for five years each it ought to pretty nearly break the practice up.

It is high time that this, or something like this, was done to stop it.

Professional "Ethics" as Practiced in Jacksonville.

The Jacksonville Metropolis is taking a fall or two out of the Duval County Medical Association's pretensions by showing up some of the ridiculous inconsistencies which form a part of the much vaunted "medical ethics" of so many present day physicians.

It all came about as a result of a resolution adopted by the doctors requesting the newspapers "to refrain from publishing the name of any physician, a member of this society, connected with any case of a medical or surgical nature."

The enterprising Jacksonville physicians then proceeded to resolve further, "that if the case is of such public interest the physician in charge will furnish the press the exact condition of the patient, providing his name does not appear in the communication."

This of course, is extremely kind, not to say considerate, of the physicians. If the case is of public interest they will favor the public by imparting information concerning it to the press, but only under certain conditions to be complied with by the press. Whether the public is properly treated or not all depends on how the press acts towards the physicians.

If The Journal were doing business in Jacksonville it would kindly, but firmly, tell the Duval County Medical Association to attend to its own business. But it would also do more than that—it would take the Association at its word and refuse to publish the name of any physician except where his name had a news value in connection with an event and it would then

PENSACOLA PUTS ON QUARANTINE

No Passengers or Baggage to Be Allowed to Enter the City from New Orleans—Box Cars to be Fumigated.

CITY BOARD OF HEALTH HELD MEETING YESTERDAY AFTERNOON AND PUT ON TEN EXTRA INSPECTORS TO SEE THAT CITY IS CLEANED UP AT ONCE.

A quarantine against New Orleans was ordered yesterday by Dr. Joseph Y. Porter, state health officer, and it went into effect last night. This was the result of the report which reached the city the night previous to the effect that there was yellow fever in the Crescent City, and the placing of a quarantine by Mobile and other cities.

Dr. Warren E. Anderson, the agent of the State Board of Health, wired Dr. Porter at Key West early yesterday morning apprising him of what he had learned, and he received an immediate reply ordering a quarantine against all persons and baggage, and also ordering the fumigation of freight cars from New Orleans.

Before he received a reply Dr. Anderson notified the Louisville and Nashville officials not to sell any tickets from New Orleans to Pensacola, and last night Thos. Cusachs went out to Flomaton where he will be stationed to intercept any passengers and baggage that may endeavor to come to this city from there. The agent also wired Dr. Porter last night for additional instructions as he desires to put on more men. Speaking of the matter last night Dr. Anderson stated that while he had heard reports of the fever being in other cities, he had no confirmation of the same.

He stated that every possible precaution would be taken to protect Pensacola, and asked that the citizens lend their assistance by cleaning up their premises and disinfectants about them. He said that several parties, who were in New Orleans, and desired to come to Pensacola had already been turned away, and that no one from the city would be allowed here.

Dr. Porter's Telegram.

Dr. Porter's telegram in reply to the one sent him, is as follows:

"Key West, July 22, 1905.
"Dr. W. E. Anderson, Agent State Board of Health, Pensacola, Fla.
"Place Cusachs at Flomaton with authority to detain passengers from New Orleans, whose whereabouts have been the Italian quarter of that city, or who cannot give satisfactory account of stay in that city for the past ten days. Fumigate box cars for mosquitoes, but do not detain freight or baggage. Request city authorities of Pensacola to fill up low places and citizens generally to enlist in mosquito killing crusade."
"PORTER."

Ten Extra Inspectors.

Ten additional inspectors will be placed on duty Monday morning by Acting City Health Officer Pierpont, making a total of fourteen inspectors. This was decided upon at the meeting of the City Board of Health, held yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock, when there were present, Mayor Bliss, Dr. Pierpont, Chairman Reilly of the finance committee and Chairman Ingraham of the board of safety. The matter was thoroughly discussed, and it was deemed advisable to place the city in good sanitary condition at once, and to impress upon the residents the necessity of cutting down all weeds in their yards and placing oil upon all stagnant pools of water. These inspectors will only look after this end of the work. Each one will be given a can of kerosene oil, and when they find a pool of stagnant water some of the oil will be placed on it. This will destroy the mosquito. The board requested that the mayor purchase oil

publish that physician's name whether he desired it or not.

If there is one thing above all others which makes the public disgusted it is this continued fuss, feathers and foolishness which a few members of the medical profession make over their so-called "medical ethics."

If those ethics are so sacred, why must they always be sprated about in public? If this rule of professional duty is so self-evident, why must it always be a subject of defense on any and every occasion? If the physicians, in short, really want their names kept out of the newspapers, why don't they keep quiet about it?—there would be no trouble in keeping their names from the public then.

Without discussing at all the sense and logic of this professional code of ethics, which is no doubt open to argument on both sides, the fact remains that if a physician is really sincere about wanting his name kept out of the paper he can have his desires satisfied without all this public display of assumed modesty and supercilious sensitiveness.

As every newspaper knows, however, it is usually the fellow who makes the biggest fuss about it who really wants his name mentioned. The other one, who attends to his own business and is not always harping on his "professional ethics," and doesn't care whether his name is printed or not, seldom has any cause for complaint.

and other disinfectants at once, and issue a proclamation requesting the residents to put their premises in proper condition.

Superintendent of Streets Gingles stated that Monday morning he would place every man he could secure at work cutting down weeds and opening drains, and he expected to have the city well cleaned, so far as the streets are concerned, within a short time.

MAYOR BLISS ISSUES ADDRESS TO THE PUBLIC.

Mayor Bliss has issued the following address to the public:

The time has arrived when the people of Pensacola should use all diligence in precautionary sanitary measures. All garbage should be properly disposed of and all weeds cut and all pools of water sprinkled with kerosene oil.

The prevalence of fever in a district in New Orleans need not cause alarm in this city if the people will co-operate with the city board of health. It has been pretty well demonstrated by scientific experiments during the past two years that the fever will not spread if mosquitoes be kept from the patients. But when a mosquito sucks the blood of a patient it becomes infected with the virus and when that infected mosquito bites a well person it injects the poison into his system. So the best way to prevent the spread of the fever is to stop the mosquito.

As this is largely a new matter to the mass of the people I desire to make a few statements that corroborate this idea.

It is a well known fact that a hard frost will put an end to a fever epidemic, probably because the frost puts a stop to the mosquito.

The city of Havana had not been free from fever for about 200 years until the city was cleaned up and the mosquitoes nearly eradicated.

In Panama and other fever countries there are certain places where the fever does not spread, probably because these places are high and dry and have no mosquitoes.

In this country it has been noted that fever will not spread where mosquitoes are scarce. Actual scientific experiments have demonstrated that mosquitoes do carry the disease while all experiments to show that clothing carry it have failed.

Therefore, the city board of health will at once begin a crusade against the mosquito as a precautionary measure. Several new inspectors are wanted and will be put to work at once. The weeds of the city will be disposed of and all pools of water sprinkled with kerosene oil, and all low places filled as fast as practicable. In this work the board solicits the co-operation of the entire people. Cut your weeds at once. Pour oil on every pool of standing water, no matter how small. See that all old cans, or other vessels lying about do not have water in them. Watch the rain barrels and tanks. It would be well to have all sleeping apartments screened and to kill all mosquitoes that may be hiding inside the room. This may be done with insect powder or by other methods. The city will order a fumigant in preparation for this purpose to all who desire the city to do so.

The city board of health wants the confidence of the public. I assure the people that we will not outrage the public by hiding the disease as has apparently been done in New Orleans. If the fever makes its appearance in Pensacola the public will be advised.

No Cause for Alarm.

I wish to admonish the citizens there is no cause for alarm nor any excitement in Pensacola in regard to one case of fever in nearly a quarter of a century. We hope to continue this record. Quarantine has been established against New Orleans. All precautionary measures will be resorted to. But this need not cause excitement. We are trying to be on the safe side, believing an ounce of prevention is worth a ton of cure in this matter.

Do It Now.

Let your watchword be "vigilance." Do it now. If you have a stagnant pool of water about you put oil on it at once. These precautions can do no harm and it is very advisable that they be taken at once.

CHAS. H. BLISS, Mayor.

Dr. Pierpont's Statement.

Acting City Health Officer Pierpont, when asked for an interview last night, gave out the following:

"It has been definitely proven that the infective germs of yellow fever, malarial fever and filaria sanguinis hominis, (a blood disease), are transmitted from one person to another by means of some forms of the common mosquito. The city board of health will at once commence a crusade against mosquitoes in order to prevent the ingress of any of these diseases. Ten additional sanitary inspectors will be employed to have all weeds and underbrush destroyed, and all stagnant pools of water, either filled in or their surfaces oiled, which destroys the "wrigglers"—the embryo mosquito.

"If the mosquitoes are destroyed, the possibility of the city being infected by any of the above mentioned diseases is positively nil.

"The public is, therefore, earnestly requested to co-operate with the authorities with this end in view and local opportunities to destroy the breeding places of mosquitoes, such as old tin cans, buckets, unused pig sties and troughs, gutters (after a rain), barrels, tubs, cisterns that are exposed to the air, and barrels of water placed on buildings for fire protection. Where it is necessary to keep stagnant water small mesh wire gauze should effectively shut out the mosquito.

"For the destruction of existing mosquitoes the city authorities will furnish free of charge, Pyrethrum powder (insect powder), which being burned in a closed room will either kill or stupefy the insects so that they can be swept up and thrown into the fire.

"The sanitary inspector will treat stagnant water, whenever found, with kerosene oil, and any citizen who cannot obtain this oil, will be supplied by the

city for this purpose, without charge. "All classes of citizens should sleep under mosquito bars, or in rooms protected by screens."

"Strict compliance with the above cure immunity against the above mentioned disease."

"J. HARRIS PIERPONT, Acting City Health Officer."

Dr. Kennedy.

Dr. Mallory Kennedy, of the Marine Hospital Service, was seen at his office last evening by a Journal reporter.

In answer to a question as to whether or not it was true that there was yellow fever in New Orleans, he said: "I have made what report I have to make to Dr. Anderson, of the State Board of Health, and have nothing further to say for publication regarding the condition of affairs in that city."

In answer to a question as to whether or not he considered the yellow fever of today as dangerous a disease and as difficult to cope with as the yellow fever of by gone years, Dr. Kennedy said:

"Yellow fever is yellow fever. There are mild cases, and often we meet cases of the most malignant type, depending upon the amount of the poison received by the patient, and his resisting power. As far as being able to handle a few sporadic cases or a whole epidemic for that matter, one has but to look back at the magnificent record of the campaign waged against it in Cuba by Dr. Gorgas to be convinced that it can be effectually cope with.

"Since modern research has demonstrated beyond the shadow of a doubt that the mosquito alone, (and then, only one particular breed) has the power to transmit the disease, the physicians and the public no longer have the dread that they once held for this 'yellow peril'."

"Given a case of yellow fever diagnosed at the outset the only precaution necessary to prevent its spread, is to keep the patient thoroughly screened from the Stegomyia fasciata in order that this mosquito cannot become infected and then infect others. The house if possible should be screened, but if this is not practical, the room of the patient should at least receive this attention. Having once effectually screened the house the next step should be to get rid of all mosquitoes in the house, and this is very easily done.

"Pyrethrum powder, better known as Persian insect powder, can be procured at any drug store. A handful of this powder placed upon a tin and sprinkled with alcohol will, when ignited, burn for some twenty minutes. The mosquitoes in the room become sufficed and fall to the floor when they can be swept up and burned. This was the method used to a great extent in Cuba.

"Pensacola at present is booming—and the public may rest easy that everything in the power of man will be done by our excellent health authorities to make sure that nothing will interfere with our prosperity. The people in the meantime can and am sure will, assist the authorities in every way possible to clean and keep clean our city. If they have customers let them begin the good work by pouring kerosene oil on the top of the water. This will keep the mosquitoes in the water from getting out and prevent others from getting in. It is not a difficult matter to do this. Let them cut down the weeds in the yard and fill up the holes and stand shoulder to shoulder, and they will have nothing to fear."

No Fever at Mobile.

During yesterday there were numerous rumors in circulation to the effect that fever existed in Mobile. Acting Health Officer Pierpont last night called up Dr. Rhett Goode over the long distance phone and apprised him of these rumors, and was told by the Mobile health officer that there was absolutely no truth in the reports, as the city was in a healthy condition, and no fever existed of that character. He also told Dr. Pierpont that the governor of Alabama had ordered a quarantine of the entire state against New Orleans.

Give your wife a rest and take dinner at

MANHATTAN DINING ROOMS, MANHATTAN HOTEL, Garden and Baylen Streets, Pensacola, Florida.

Dining Rooms operated by Chas. Camps, "Caterer to Mankind"—American plan.

Noon. Relishes. Pickles, Olives, Salted Peanuts, Soup. Chicken Gumbo Filet. Sea Food. Baked Trout on Gratin. Boiled. Ham Hocks and Cabbage. Roasts. Loin of Veal With Dressing. Entrees.

Chickens a la Maryland Spaghetti Italiane. French Fritters, Wine Sauce. Vegetables.

New Potatoes, Corn on Cob, Macaroni Dessert. Vanilla Ice Cream, Lemon Pie. Coffee, Tea, Iced or Hot, Milk Cheese, Crackers.

Meal Hours. Early Train Breakfast, 6:15 a. m. Breakfast, 7 to 9. Dinner, 12:30 to 2. Supper, 6:30 to 8.

Sunday. Breakfast, 8 to 10. Dinner, 1 to 2. Supper, 6:30 to 7:30.

Hog Stealing Alligator.

Mr. Wallace Thompson, who lives at Bamboo Villa, on Lake Vernon, a short distance from town, had quite a thrilling experience last night. About midnight he was aroused by a peculiar noise in his backyard and hurriedly dressed and went out to see who the intruder was, and to his surprise he found an eight-foot alligator with one of his hogs in his mighty jaws. Before anything could be done the hog was dead from the bites of the ferocious serpent. Mr. Thompson succeeded in killing the "hog," and says he intends bringing him to the curio store, where he will be put on exhibition.

BAD BLOOD INVITES DISEASE

The blood supplies nourishment and strength to every part of the body when it is rich, pure and healthy. When from any cause it becomes diseased or weak it cannot supply the nutriment the system needs, and the body is unable to resist the diseases and troubles that are constantly assailing it to break down the health.

I have used S. S. S. and found it to be an excellent blood purifier and tonic. My blood was weak and impure, and as a result my system became very much run down and debilitated. I lost twenty or more pounds in weight, had no appetite and was in bad shape. Seeing S. S. S. advertised I began its use, and am well pleased with the results after using it for some little while. My system and general health have been wonderfully built up, and I do not hesitate to give S. S. S. the credit for it. H. MARTIN, Warren, O., 69 Second St.

Rheumatism, Skin Diseases, Scrofula, Catarrh, Old Sores, Malaria, Contagious Blood Poison, etc., are the results of vital or diseased blood, and until this vital fluid is cleaned and made pure, strong and healthy, these diseases will continue. The greatest of all blood purifiers and tonics is S. S. S. It has been curing all diseases of the blood for more than forty years by going down to the very root of the trouble, forcing out all poisons and impurities and building up every part of the system by its fine tonic effect. S. S. S. cures Rheumatism, Skin Diseases, Scrofula, Catarrh, Old Sores, Malaria, Contagious Blood Poison and all other

SSS PURELY VEGETABLE.

blood troubles, and cures them permanently. S. S. S. is the acknowledged king of blood purifiers and the greatest of all tonics. Books on the different diseases, and any medical advice you may wish will be given without charge.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.



Fruit Canning Accessories

We suppose you intend to put up some fruit this year as usual, and as berries, pines and other fruits are now plentiful, you most likely will "start" at once.

You will need some new jars, rubber rings and jelly tumblers—one always does.

Jars are so ridiculously cheap nowadays it is folly to risk spoilage with old and unsafe ones, for the contents are always worth much more than the jar. Then there's the disappointment after one's labor—that's the most distressing feature.

We have the best kinds now ready for delivery. Extra quality rubber rings.

R. Gerson, 109 SOUTH PALMBOX STREET, PENSACOLA.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

In re Estate of John A. Brosnahan, deceased. Notice is hereby given to creditors, legatees, distributees and all persons having claims or demands against the said estate to present them within two years. Sallie M. Brosnahan, Walker Ingraham, H. A. Brosnahan, Executors. June 18, 1905. June 18 05 a w s w

In Escambia County Circuit Court—

State of Florida—in Chancery. James Wilkins, et al., vs. W. A. Booth, Pensacola City Co., a corporation, W. H. Davidson, Storratt Tate, Administrator and heir at law of Walter Tate, deceased; W. H. Knowles, heir at law of Peter Knowles; Louis Boley, Louisville and Nashville Railroad Co., a corporation, successor to the Pensacola Railroad Co., a corporation; A. V. Clubb, C. B. Parkhill, Thomas C. Watson, W. E. Anderson, Alex. Stoddard, N. Thurston, Fannie E. Haines, Electra B. Richards, Josephine G. W. Terry, Van Baugh Livingston and Abida Booth.

On Monday the fourth day of September, A. D. 1905, the defendant, W. A. Booth, N. Thurston, Fannie E. Haines, Electra B. Richards, Josephine C. W. Terry, Van Baugh Livingston, Abida Booth and Alexander Stoddard are required to appear to the bill filed against them herein. This order to be published once each week for eight consecutive weeks in the Pensacola Journal, a newspaper published in said Escambia county. A. M. McMillan, Clerk Circuit Court. By L. G. Ayward, D. C. Pensacola, Fla., July 1st, 1905. July 1 05 a w s w

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

FOR SALE, STEAMBOAT—Suitable for freight and passengers. 85 feet long. Great bargain. Write box 837, Tampa, Fla., for photo and particulars. 23 July 23 05

EXCURSIONS

The Tug Monarch

will run her regular Sunday excursions Sunday, as follows:

Leave City at 10 a. m. for Station. Leave Station at 1 p. m. for Pensacola.

Leave Pensacola 3 p. m. for Station. Leave Station 4 p. m. for Gulf and return to Station.

Leave Station 6 p. m. for Pensacola. Parties can stop at Station on first trip and return to the City in last trip.

FARE FOR ROUND TRIP, 50 CENTS. CHILDREN, 25 CENTS.

CAPTAIN

BENNIE EDMUNDSON'S LAUNCHES

CUPID, ROBT. L. E. NANCY AND EDNA S.

can be chartered by the hour, day or week. Terms, reasonable.

Fishing Tackle and Cooking Utensils furnished if desired.

PHONE 204

CAPT. BENNIE EDMUNDSON

OWNER.

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CITY WHARF LANDING.

Open to charter by private parties for fishing trips, bathing, or other summer recreation.

Formerly ship's boat for Spanish cruiser Isla de Luzon, one of Dewey's prize captures.

Has full canopy and is most comfortable boat in the bay.

MAX KLEIN, OWNER.

PETER VERDICHA, CAPTAIN.

PHONES, 358 and 1070.

GRAND EXCURSION

To Marianna and River Junction Saturday, Aug. 5th, 1905.

Leaving Union Depot on regular passenger train at 6 a. m. This is good to return on any regular passenger train until Tuesday night.

Fare for Round Trip. From Pensacola to Marianna, \$2.50. From Pensacola to River Junction, \$2.00. From Milton same as Pensacola. Purchase ticket at ticket office. Everybody should take advantage of these low rates, as this will be the last cheap excursion to these points this season.

Committee—Robt. King and Martin Patterson, Milton. For further information, apply to Robt. King, 722 N. Hayne St.

For Something Good to Eat

Ring 1132

T. E. Gartland,

Butcher and Green Grocer,

28 East Government

ELECTRIC PARK!

TUESDAY, JULY 25

BAND CONCERT

...AND DANCE...

Music by Chaffer's Band.

Be at the Park Tuesday night and enjoy yourself. You may discover that Chaffer's Band can play some. That's a specialty in the latest right-up-to-date and most popular dance music.

The cars will run to give the latest accommodation to all. Round trip, 10 cents. Admission at the gate, 15 cents.