

**Highest Praise**



**Budweiser**  
"King of Beers"

THE Scientific Stations for the Brewing Industry of Bohemia and Bavaria, attest that Budweiser is not only equal to the best Bohemian and Bavarian beers in all their properties, but exceeds them in keeping qualities. Budweiser is brewed and bottled only at the home plant of the

**Anheuser-Busch Brewing Ass'n**  
St. Louis, U. S. A.

Orders Promptly Filled by  
**Alfred Moog, Distributor, Pensacola, Fla.**

# A JUST AND LASTING PEACE

(Continued From Page One.)

to generally Sakhalin, each binding itself not to fortify its half of the island, Japan pledging itself not to fortify Laprouse Strait which will be Russia's commercial route to the Pacific.

The plenipotentiaries went further and decided to add a new clause, providing broadly for mutual commercial privileges by which each country will secure for the other the benefit of the "most favored nation" and "open doors."

The new treaty will be wonderfully friendly, almost to the extent of raising a suspicion that they have negotiated not only peace but concluded a basis for future alliance.

Before separating after the morning session, both sides sent felicitations to President Roosevelt. Mr. Witte frankly paid tribute, saying "History will ascribe to you the glory" and adding appreciation of the president's "generous initiative."

## IN THE INTERESTS OF HUMANITY AND CIVILIZATION.

Portsmouth, N. H., Aug. 29.—The official account of this afternoon's session of the peace conference is given out by Mr. Sato as follows:

"The conference discussed the details of the treaty of peace and decided to entrust the drafting of clauses to Privy Counsellor De Marteaux and Mr. Demaison, legal adviser of the foreign offices of Japan, with instructions to finish the work as soon as possible."

The following statement was made by Mr. Sato in behalf of the Japanese plenipotentiaries:

"On the question of the final disposition in the matter of the island of Sakhalin and reimbursement for same, which caused the widest divergence of views, both points threatening the existence of the conference. His majesty, the Emperor of Japan, responding to the dictates of humanity and civilization, in a spirit of perfect conciliation and in the interest of peace, authorized his plenipotentiaries to waive the question of reimbursement and consented to a division of Sakhalin island upon terms

## DISCRIMINATING LADIES.

Enjoy Using Herpicide on Account of Its Distinctiveness.

The ladies who have used Newbro's Herpicide speak of it in the highest terms for its quick effect in cleansing the scalp of dandruff and also for its excellence as a general hair-dressing. It makes the scalp feel fresh and it always that itching which dandruff will cause. Newbro's Herpicide effectively cures dandruff, as it destroys the germ that causes it. The same germ causes hair to fall out, and later baldness, in killing it. Herpicide stops falling hair and prevents baldness. It is also an ideal hair dressing for it lends an aristocratic charm to the hair that is quite distinctive. Sold by W. A. D'Alemberte, druggist and apothecary, 121 S. Palafox street, Pensacola, Fla. Send 10c. in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich.

## Still in Business!

**GEORGE A. PETERSON,** is now located at Cer. Government and Barcelona Sts., and is better prepared than ever to repair safes, typewriters, guns, pistols, locks, light machinery and bicycles. PHONE 203.

## SAY, JACK,

how is it your clothes always look so nice?

That's easy. I belong to the **Pensacola Pressing Club.**

They keep them in good shape and only charge me one dollar per month. Why don't you join? Just ring up Phone 675 and give Malcolm White your name, or see Eugene Reese at Johnson's store.

mutually acceptable, thus making it possible to bring the important work of the conference to a successful issue."

## The Morning Session.

Portsmouth, N. H., Aug. 29.—When the peace plenipotentiaries started for the conference room to-day there was a recognition on both sides that the decisive hour in the fate of the peace conference had come. Mr. Witte seemed not in a pleasant frame of mind. He had received new instructions during the night, reiterating the old. They left him no leeway. Unless the new Japanese proposal met the emperor's ultimatum, as given to President Roosevelt through Ambassador Meyer (no indemnity but the cession of half of Sakhalin without money payment beyond that for the maintenance of the Russian prisoners and that involved in the cession of the Chinese Eastern railroad), he considered he had full authority to reject it flatly without reference to St. Petersburg.

Mr. Witte considered that the emperor had figuratively burned his bridges behind him in the replies he had given to the head of the American republic. His superior having committed himself, Mr. Witte felt himself tied hand and foot. Unless the Japanese proposal this morning, therefore, came strictly within his instructions, he would, according to his views, not only be justified in refusing, but be compelled to refuse it. Diplomatically he would, according to the Russian counsel, have that right. To a proud man like Witte, the position was insufferable. He was playing a "dog's comedy," he said to a friend, but he is a man of passion, a man who acts sometimes upon sudden impulses, and he is quite capable at the critical moment of disregarding the letter of his instructions and laying them at the feet of the world, forcing the emperor to take the responsibility. But there are motives that might impel him in the other direction. None knows as well as he the hostility which exists at court against him. No one knows as well as he that the emperor's advisors are trying to poison his majesty's mind against him. None knows as well as he that the military party is demanding a continuation of the war and that he disobeys the letter of his instructions he will be accused of temporizing. He will be charged with being willing to make peace at any price. No plenipotentiary at such a crisis was ever placed in so difficult

## HEROIC FIREMAN MET DEATH BY SUFFOCATION

**WAS ATTEMPTING RESCUE OF FOUR CHILDREN IN BURNING DEPARTMENT STORE WHEN HE WAS OVERCOME BY SMOKE.**

By Associated Press.

Chicago, Aug. 29.—Groping through smoke to the top floor of the barns of a department store in North Clark street to rescue four children whom he believed to be cut off by the flames, Lieutenant William M. Mayer, of the fire department, last night was suffocated by smoke. His dead body was found several minutes later by other firemen.

While a fire was blazing in the barns, spectators called out that the family of Louis Nelson, the foreman of the barns, was cut off by flames. Mayer dashed into the building only to discover that the family had already escaped. Overcome, he fell face downward in the room and died. Lieutenant Mayer was fifty years old.

## Society Leader's Thigh Bones Screwed Together With Ivory

By Associated Press.

New York, Aug. 29.—Operations which have succeeded one another through months of pain suffered by Mrs. Arthur Paget, the well known society leader, have proved in vain, and another most difficult one will be attempted next week, says the Herald's London correspondent. Mrs. Paget sustained a fractured thigh and the bones failed to knit sufficient-

a position. Court intrigue, the curse of Russia, is again in play. Even the members of his entourage could not fathom his intentions when he went to the conference to-day. One of them said:

"If you want my opinion, it is 95 chances out of 100 that Mr. Witte will not even consider the Japanese proposals. I cannot believe that they will absolutely waive indemnity and not substitute something in lieu thereof which will involve money payment by Russia. And if they offer a proposition which again arrays indemnity in any amount in a new dress, Mr. Witte, I am satisfied, will not even consider it. He goes to the conference to listen to what they have to say. He will take his place at the conference table and sit silent until they have finished. That will be the psychological moment. Then he will reply. Perhaps he did not himself know when he left the hotel this morning what reply he would give."

Just before the conference met, the Associated Press received an intimation that Baron Komura held a strong card in reserve which would make it almost impossible for Mr. Witte, no matter how he viewed his instructions, to reject the second proposal without submitting it to the emperor. Should the first proposal be refused the information of the Associated Press is that Baron Komura would then play his last trump—a wholesale proposal to arbitrate all unadjusted propositions before the conference.

It is hardly conceivable that Mr. Witte would refuse to place before the author of the Hague tribunal such a proposition. To do so would be for him to court both for himself and his government an universal outburst of denunciation.

## BODY OF MOUNTAIN HERMIT FOUND SHOT IN BACK.

By Associated Press.

Phillipsburg, Mont., Aug. 29.—The badly decomposed body of George A. Reed, who has been missing since last June has been found in a shallow grave near Boulder creek. The body shows that Reed had been shot in the back and dragged some distance to the place where he was buried. It is supposed he was murdered for the money he is known to have hoarded in his hermit cabin in the mountains.

## OVEREXERTION.

It Leads to Weakness of Heart and Early Death.

A prominent university professor says that an investigation of some years has convinced him that much evil has resulted from college athletics. College athletics, he finds, bring on by overexertion a number of ills, of which the worst and most common is weakness of the heart, that, developing with maturity, unfits the victim for continued efficient effort in business and eventually carries him off before his time.

Sprinting and tennis he believes to be the two sports which work the most havoc with the heart.

Oliver Wendell Holmes said that a condition which often promoted long life was prudently poor health at an early age. He meant by this that a man who in his youth had to husband his strength and by slow and careful process develop the good health that he lacked would be more likely to escape the dangers of overexertion in which the careless giant was tempted to indulge.

Still, given strength and good health in the beginning, moderate exercise of one's powers cannot fail to be a source of renewed strength as well as of healthful enjoyment.—Boston Globe.

## Has It Puzzled You to Find a Food Easy to Digest?

Try **Grape-Nuts** There's a Reason.

ly to support the weight of her body. The operation now to be performed is a difficult and serious one, and will, it is expected, last three hours. The side of the thigh will be cut open and an incision made until the fractured bones are encountered. These will then be firmly screwed together with ivory and in a few months time, it is hoped, the fractures will be united strong enough to bear the weight of the body.

# INQUEST ON THE REMAINS OF YOUNG

**Judge Bellinger Had Jury Empanelled and Viewed the Body of Dead Negro Yesterday.**

The death of "Buster" Young, due to a knife wound inflicted by Jim Forrest, alias "Candy Jim," called for an inquest, and yesterday morning Judge Bellinger ordered Constable Robe to summon a jury to view the remains and hear the evidence.

This was done early in the forenoon, the body being viewed at the home of the father of the deceased upon West Government street. The jury was composed of John Baker, foreman; F. E. Howell, I. Medlock, W. R. Rowley, D. B. Reed, Jr., and John Dunn.

The jury heard the statements of the witnesses, and decided that the deceased had come to his death from a knife wound in the hands of Jim Forrest, alias "Candy Jim."

Forrest and Young engaged in a fight about a week since in Gidden's saloon at the corner of DeVillier and Zarragosa streets, and Young was stabbed under the heart. He went to his home and remained there until death occurred.

Forrest is still at large, although the officers have been searching for him since the fight.

## A MONSTER PHANTOM.

The Ancient Norse Legend of the Flying Dutchman.

The old Norsemen had a curious and vague tradition of a phantom ship which they called Mannifnol. The French maritime chronicler, Jal, gives an account of her. So likewise does Thorpe in his work on "Northern Mythology." She was so gigantic that her masts were taller than the highest mountains. The captain rode about on horseback delivering his orders. Sailors going aloft as boys came down respectable middle aged men, and in the blocks about her rigging were dining halls where they sustained life during their heavenward wanderings. When passing through the strait of Dover on her way northward she stuck, but the captain, with ready invention, ordered her sides to be liberally besmeared with soap, and she slipped through, leaving the cliffs of France and England white forever afterward.

Down to within a century ago, this gigantic ship was known among English sailors by the name of the Merry Dun of Dover, but she seems quite to have disappeared from the maritime lore of Great Britain. Seamen of Normandy still believe in her existence and call her the Chasse Froude. They say that she is so immense, that it takes her seven years to tack. On one occasion in turning her bowsprit swept away a whole battalion of soldiers from the Dover cliffs while her stern boom was demolishing the forts of Calais.

There is a section of the Colorado desert where nature has left some remarkable records. She has visited the region alternately with fire and water and has left it with neither. It is the most desolate, wild, barren, forbidding part of the desert, says the Los Angeles Times, and it is shunned alike by man and beast. There there is good and sufficient reason for avoiding this locality is attested by numbers of graves, nameless for the most part, found in the terrible region.

These graves are simple affairs, merely mounds of earth with a border of stones about each and a pile of rocks two or three feet high at the head. Each tells the story of a tragedy of heat, thirst and death. Those items are about all that is ever known of the stories of those who perish. Their mummified bodies or bleached bones are found long after the struggle is over, and the finder, respecting the memory of the unknown, respects a hole in the earth, lays the ghastly relic within and piles up the only monument available in that wild region.

The plain now lies nearly a hundred feet below the level of the sea, and the rocks of the plain and the bases of the mountains are washed and eroded in a wonderful manner. Mingling with the burnt stones and volcanic debris are rocks worn by the waves and shaped into hundreds of fantastic forms. There are many acres of these stone curiosities, and certain sections of the field seem devoted to certain shapes and figures.

For instance, one passes through a region which he at once names the cabbage patch, for it presents the appearance of a field of those vegetables which have turned to stone. The waves have worn the rocks into round boulders about the size of the vegetable which they so much resemble and have cut into the globes, laminating them in perfect imitation of the leafy layers of the garden vegetable.

Another locality is devoted almost exclusively to dinner plates. Thousands of rounded, thin disks are scattered over the plain or are piled scores deep in singular piles, each piece shaped exactly like the crockery which adorns our tables and quite as thin and symmetrical.

Another section of this truly wonderful region is given almost wholly to dumbbells. These vary in size from pieces weighing one or two pounds up to those seemingly calculated for exercising the muscles of a giant and weighing thirty or forty pounds each. In almost every instance these natural dumbbells are well balanced, the balls at either end of the connecting piece being of the same size and weight.

There is in this plain an arsenal also. While guns and swords and bayonets and powder were not there to be found, there are thousands of cannon balls varying in size from two and three inch balls to those fit for the big thirteen inch guns of modern warfare. And all are of stone, all formed in nature's workshop.

There are other objects innumerable. There are stone roses, stone lilies, stone tulips, stone leaves, stone birds, stone animals, stone quotes, stone ornaments in varied and unique designs, stone canes—in fact, almost everything conceivable in nature or art imitated in stone on the plain of Yuma.

In one portion of Yuma rise two hills or small mountains. One might mistake them in the distance for ancient craters, but when he approaches the eminences he discovers them to be monuments to an ancient life—the records of species now extinct. They are shell mountains, great beds of prehistoric bivalves which were left stranded when that ancient sea swept back from the region and left a dry and desolate land.

One of these mountains, the large one, is composed wholly of large rough shells, much larger, but less elongated, than the shells of the modern oyster, which in some respects they so much resemble as to lead to the suspicion that they are the remains of the ancestors of our much prized bivalve.

The lesser hill is composed of tiny shells of a prehistoric type of brachiopoda. Like the larger shells, they are found except on the surface in an undisturbed state, both valves of nearly every shell being found in position. Although the mollusk dwellers of these shells vanished several centuries ago, so perfect are the shells one almost expects when he opens the valve of the shell to find the living creature within.

## THE PLAINS OF YUMA

SOME OF THE CURIOSITIES OF THE COLORADO DESERT.

Graves Each of Which Tells a Story of a Tragedy of Heat, Thirst and Death—Odd Stones and Shells That Strew the Barren Region.

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Truth forces the observer of nature to admit that birds and other creatures support the earth among themselves just about as man does. A bear has his boundaries, beyond which his fellow bear does not trespass with impunity; the wild rabbit you see on your lawn in the moonlight is the same innocent little creature you have been seeing every night all the summer time, and even the robin that gathers the early worm for his breakfast from your garden will show fight when another comes marauding on his preserve. Nor does this last a year only, for there is good evidence that the same bird will come back to the claim it staked off the year previous.

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# KILL ALL MOSQUITOES.

New Orleans, Aug. 24, 1905.

To the General Public:

As the public has shown a commendable desire to annihilate the mosquito, which is the only means by which yellow fever is communicated to persons, and as I have received numerous requests from many sources to appoint a general fumigation day, I herewith suggest Saturday, Aug. 26, and Sunday, Aug. 27, from the hours of 10 a. m. to 12 m.

Realizing that if the mosquito is to be destroyed the work of fumigation must be well done, we have formulated the following instructions for the guidance of the PUBLIC:

1. Remove all ornaments of metal, such as brass, copper, silver and gilt from the room that is to be fumigated. All objects of a metallic nature which can not be removed can be protected by covering the object tightly with paper, or with a thin coating of vaseline supplied with a brush.
2. Remove from the room to be fumigated all fabric material after thoroughly shaking. Open all drawers and doors of furniture and closets.
3. The room should be closed and made as tight as possible by stopping all openings, in chimney, floor, walls, keyholes and cracks near windows and doors.
4. Cracks can be closed by pasting strips of paper (old newspapers) over them with a paste made of flour.
5. After the room has been prepared roll sulphur or flowers of sulphur should be burned in the room, one pound to every 500 cubic feet of air space, or about six pounds to an ordinary room.
6. The sulphur should be placed in an iron pot, flat skillet preferred, and this placed on bricks in a tub or other convenient water receptacle with about one-inch of water in the bottom. This is a precaution which must be taken to guard against accidents, as the sulphur is liable to boil over and set fire to the house.
7. The sulphur is readily ignited by sprinkling alcohol over it and lighting it.
8. The apartment should be kept closed for two hours, and then opened up and well ventilated.

Note—To find the cubic contents of the room, multiply the length of the room by the width, and this total by the height, and to find the amount of sulphur necessary to fumigate the room divide the cubic contents by 500, and the result will be the amount of sulphur required in pounds.

Take, for example, a room 15 feet long, 10 feet wide and 10 feet high, we would multiply 15x10x10, equals 1500 cubic feet. Divide this by 500 and you will have the amount of sulphur required, viz: 3 pounds.

J. H. WHITE, Surgeon P. H. and M. H. S.  
A. L. METZ, M. D.  
Professor of Chemistry and Medical Jurisprudence, Medical Department, Tulane University of Louisiana.

I entirely concur in the above recommendation.

JUAN GUITERAS, President of the Board of Infectious Diseases, Havana, Cuba.

Those who prefer to use pyrethrum (insect powder) in place of sulphur can do so by burning one pound of pyrethrum to every 1000 cubic feet of air space.

The powder should be put in a shallow pan, sprinkled with a few drops of alcohol and ignited, or a redhot coal may be placed in the center of the powder.

The same precautions in the sealing of the room to be fumigated should be observed as in the burning of sulphur.

Great care should be exercised to sweep the room after the fumigation, and the mosquitoes swept up should be thrown into a fire.

## To the Citizens of New Orleans:

In conformity with the urgent request of the Marine Hospital Surgeon in command, and on behalf of the volunteer ward organization, your representatives, I earnestly recommend a general fumigation of houses, stores, office buildings, factories, and every harboring place of the mosquito on Saturday, Aug. 26, so generally adopted as a half holiday, and on Sunday, the 27th, in the case of those who find that a more convenient day.

Your attention is called to the directions issued by Dr. J. H. White, indorsed by Dr. John Guiteras.

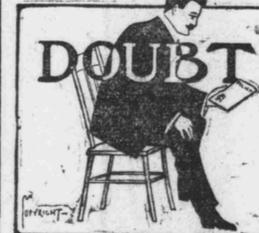
Free sulphur will be furnished from this office to those unable to buy it. This sulphur will be delivered to the ward organizations on a requisition signed by the president or chairman, and these officers are urged to send for their supplies as soon as possible, and to advertise the place of its distribution. Respectfully,

BEVERLY WARNER, General Superintendent.

**We carry a full line of sulphur and PERSIAN INSECT POWDER for killing mosquitoes. Also a full line of disinfectants.**

**W. A. D'ALEMBERTE,** Druggist and Apothecary, 121 S. Palafox Street, Pensacola, Fla.

# Don't Gamble



when it comes to insurance. Quit taking the risk yourself. Turn it over to us and

**Have a Good Policy Written Up.**

It's safer and costs but little. If in doubt ask others who know and have had experience. Investigation will prove we're right. We take the risk and take ends your worry. Insure now. Delays are dangerous.

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ROOMS WITH RUNNING WATER AND PRIVATE BATHS. LARGE SAMPLE ROOMS.

**Special Weekly Rates for Table Board.**

F. L. BOWEN, Manager.

Formerly of Windsor and Aragon Hotels, Jacksonville, Florida.

The style of the coal and wood firm wish to buy coal and wood cheap for Acosta & White has been changed from the fall and winter will find it to their advantage to place orders now.

# THE STRAND CIGAR CLEAR HAVANA. UNION MADE.

FOR SALE BY DEALERS EVERYWHERE. GENOVAR-MARTINEZ CO., Manufacturers, St. Augustine, Florida.