

# MONDAY And TUESDAY

are our Fall opening days for Ed. V. Price & Co., Chicago's leading tailors, when we will show a full line of fine Imported and Domestic Woolens.

You can see a few of the leading shades and patterns in our north window.

Mr. Jno. M. Shea, who was unavoidably delayed in reaching Pensacola this week, will be with us Monday and Tuesday to show you this fine line of Woolens.



**DR. J. G. HEARD,**  
Dentist.  
A General Practice Covering All the Branches of Dentistry.  
Rooms 6, 7 and 9, Masonic Temple, Office Phone 777, Residence Phone 559.

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Offices—Fisher Building, Palafox Street. Practice in all the state and United States courts. Twenty-three years' experience. We never allow business to die on our hands.

**Dr. Mallory Kennedy**  
Has Removed to the  
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**TURTON & BELL,**  
Photographers Since 1870.  
Kodak Supplies. Finishing for Amateurs.

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FINE PHOTOGRAPHS.  
Pensacola, Fla.

**R. K. WHITE,**  
Watchmaker, Manufacturing Jeweler and Graduate Optician, 30 S. Palafox St., Pensacola, Fla.

IF YOU WANT A SURF BATH, or a day's recreation, go to the Santa Rosa Pavilion. CHAS. H. BURTON, Manager.

## Tersely Told

Suit was filed in the circuit court yesterday by V. E. Shields & Co. against Richard Morris, Jr., Avery & Avery representing the petitioners. Damages in the amount of \$150 are asked. A suit was also filed by Robert McKinnon against J. E. Alexander, damages being asked for in the sum of \$300. Sullivan & Sullivan for plaintiff.

The maximum temperature yesterday was 84 degrees at 10:30 a. m. and the minimum was 70 degrees at 3:40 p. m. The average maximum for the date is 86 and the average minimum is 73. The highest on the same day last year was 89 and the lowest was 78.

Paul Johnson, aged 26, a sailor on a fishing smack, died yesterday afternoon at the contract hospital after a week's illness of acute asthma and Bright's disease. He will be buried this morning.

Mrs. W. B. Reynolds and children, who have been visiting Mrs. A. L. Pake for several weeks, returned to their homes in Camden, Ala., yesterday.

K. R. Paderick and D. W. Burke, two prominent citizens of DeFuniak, were business visitors to Pensacola yesterday.

Miss Maud Bates, of Birmingham, who has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Macon on East Wright street for the past two months, will leave today for her home.

Mrs. Clyde E. Wilson and daughters, Helen, Mary and Kathryn, will leave today for Roberts, where they will spend a week visiting relatives.

C. W. Hagerman, who is now located in Calhoun county, passed through the city yesterday en route to Atlanta on a business trip.

J. Francis Keeley will sing the offertory solo at the First Baptist

Church Sunday at the forenoon service.

Fred Long, of Marianna, was among the business visitors to the city yesterday, registering at the Merchants.

C. M. Covington and family, who have been spending the summer in North Carolina, have returned home.

Pure and Double Strength. Lemon and Vanilla extract may be pure and still be weak. The Blue Ribbon brand is pure and double strength.

## WORSE EVIL THAN ALL OF OTHERS KNOWN

Colored Saloon Owner Tells Colored Prohibition League Why He Will Vote Dry on October 1—Active Work of Negro Prohibitionists Here.

The Journal has been furnished the following report of the meeting held Thursday night by the Colored Prohibition League on Pensacola:

The Colored Prohibition League held a rousing meeting at the Mt. Zion Baptist Church. R. T. Thomas presided, and several very excellent speeches were delivered.

Notable among them was that of Moses Lyman, a colored whiskey dealer, who said that after five years of keeping a saloon he could truthfully say that it was the most damning thing the world had to deal with. He said that the saloon ruined more young men than all other combined evils in the world. He declared that while he was engaged in the saloon business, for the sake of his race he was willing to follow another business for a living, and that on election day he would cast his vote against the sale of whiskey.

Prof. V. J. Steward delivered a fine address, which evidently made many votes for the cause. Dr. Lewis also spoke.

The audience expressed itself in no uncertain tone of condemnation against those colored preachers who are not helping in the cause of prohibition.

A committee met last night at Clinton Chapel to arrange for the next meeting.

The Colored Women's Auxiliary will hold a meeting Sunday at 3 p. m. at Allen Chapel, A. M. E. Church.

The meeting Thursday night appointed one delegate to visit each church Sunday to say something at the close of the 11 o'clock services for prohibition, as follows:

Mt. Zion Baptist, Adams; St. Paul Methodist, Green; Allen Chapel, Campbell; John the Baptist, McMillen; Liberty Baptist, Stewart; Clinton Chapel, Methodist, Miles; Big Zion, Methodist, Watts; Mt. Moriah, Methodist, Thomas; Edwards Chapel, Methodist, Lyman; Antioch and Trinity, Baptist, Walker; West End Baptist, Rivers; Ninth Avenue Baptist, Plummer; Golden, Mason; Mt. Olive, Baptist, Devaughn; Houser Chapel, Parker; Union Baptist, Christian.

## PROGRAM OF CONVENTION

Prospectus of the County School Convention at Molino.

Following is the program for the Escambia County Sunday-school Association convention, to be held at Molino, Sept. 20-21:

Friday, Sept. 20.—7 p. m., devotional exercises, Rev. J. M. Tate; 7:30 p. m., sermon, Rev. Thos. M. Callaway.

Saturday, Sept. 21.—9 a. m., devotional exercises, Rev. J. W. Breedlove; 9:30, welcome address, Rev. J. O. Lawrence; 10, response, Mr. H. E. Corfman, and address on "The Propriety of the Escambia County Sunday-school Convention," by Rev. W. Frank Moore; 11 a. m., enrollment of delegates, appointment of committees, president's report, secretary's report, election of officers, selection of place of next meeting, "Our Union with Alabama," secretary; 11:50 p. m., "The Sunday-school as a Financial Success in a Neighborhood," Mr. J. W. Cray; 1:30 p. m., "The Relation of the Home to the Sunday-school," Mr. J. N. Andrews; 2 p. m., "The Best Way to Interest the Small Child," Mrs. Rosa Whately; 2:30 p. m., "A practical Sunday-school," Mr. Henry Mackey; 3 p. m., address by Mr. W. C. Lott; 3:30 p. m., "The Relation of the Sunday-school to the Pastor," Rev. Thos. M. Callaway; 4 p. m., "How to Train New Teachers," Rev. J. W. Senterfit and general discussion.

Mr. J. S. Roberts, tax collector, will be in his office, commencing Aug. 23, for twenty days, for the purpose of receiving poll taxes for the coming election. J. S. ROBERTS, Tax Collector.

**E. B. Hoffman & Son,**  
Staple and Fancy Groceries.  
Aunt Hannah's Death Drops.  
For Bed Bugs and Roaches.  
Phone 325.  
No. 57 E. Gregory St.

## THE TRADEMAN'S WEEKLY REVIEW

New Industries Formed In Dixie Land During The Past Week.

Special to The Journal.

Chattanooga, Tenn., Sept. 13.—The week ending today witnessed very interesting industrial developments in the Southern States, as evidenced by the following list compiled from reports made to The Tradesman. Four cotton mill companies and a cotton oil company appear in the list from North Carolina. The reports from Texas include three new warehouse oil company appear in the list from West Virginia are shown in the list with a list of several hundred names which they desired stricken from the registration list, there was but one voice raised in protest against the unusual, unannounced and wholly unfair proceeding—that of Chairman Merritt, who stated the case plainly when he remarked:

"There are a whole lot of good men who will lose their votes by this now."

Alabama. Clanton—\$5,000 warehouse and fertilizer company. Huntsville—Foundry and machine shops. Birmingham—\$15,000 steel company.

Arkansas. Casa—\$8,000 warehouse company. Dardanelle—\$5,000 warehouse company.

DeWitt—Stave mill. Camden—Fertilizer factory. Little Rock—\$100,000 power plant; \$25,000 lumber company.

Georgia. Acworth—\$3,000 cotton gin. Woodstock—Oil mill and fertilizer factory.

Kentucky. Danville—\$100,000 barytes mill. Corbin—Gas plant. Beaver Dam—\$5,000 creamery.

Mississippi. Gulfport—\$10,000 ship chandlery company.

Missouri. St. Louis—\$25,000 construction company; \$15,000 box factory; \$50,000 chemical company; \$5,000 wood-working plant.

Trenton—\$20,000 milling company. Webb City—Concentrating mill. Campbell—\$13,600 canning factory. Vienna—Canning factory.

Kansas City—\$10,000 investment company; \$50,000 investment company.

North Carolina. Asheville—Furniture factory. Belmont—Cotton mill. Newwood—\$25,000 oil mill. Jamesville—\$30,000 cotton mill. Maxton—\$100,000 cotton mill. Winston-Salem—\$25,000 telephone system.

Gastonia—\$100,000 cotton company. Charlotte—\$125,000 machinery and supply company.

Oklahoma. Alva—\$500,000 cement plaster factory. Billings—\$10,000 cotton gin. Guthrie—\$100,000 engineering company; \$100,000 lamp company; \$500,000 manufacturing company. Fargo—\$12,000 investment company.

Edmond—Telephone system. Shattuck—\$100,000 development company.

Granite—\$10,000 electric light and power plant. Cyril—\$25,000 development company.

Oklahoma—\$25,000 development company; \$15,000 hardware company. South Carolina. Rock Hill—\$100,000 cotton mill.

Tennessee. Rockwood—Ice factory. Lexington—\$20,000 iron-working plant.

Nashville—Two mining companies. Sweetwater—\$30,000 waterworks. Memphis—\$75,000 lumber company.

Texas. Mount Pleasant—\$5,000 warehouse company; brick works. Waelder—Warehouse company. Saratoga—\$10,000 oil company. Dallas—\$25,000 packing plant. Del Rio—\$30,000 telephone system. Waco—Cold storage plant. Commerce—Waterworks.

Hillsboro—Warehouse company. El Campo—Warehouse company. Fort Worth—\$100,000 trust company.

Snyder—\$8,000 cotton gin. Ochiltree—\$10,000 development company. Grand Falls—\$300,000 irrigation company.

Virginia. Big Stone Gap—\$800,000 land company. Roanoke—\$150,000 mining company. Petersburg—\$50,000 manufacturing company.

Houston—\$50,000 tobacco company. West Virginia. Clarksburg—\$50,000 mining company. Elkins—\$75,000 power company. Wellsburg—\$100,000 oil and gas company. Lewisburg—\$300,000 mining company. Welch—\$50,000 mining company. Buckhannon—\$10,000 land company. Huntington—\$50,000 lumber company. Charleston—\$50,000 hardware company.

## Sidelights on the Anti-Pro. Campaign

Published By  
Liquor Dealers' Association.

SPIRIT OF FAIR PLAY IN PRESENT CAMPAIGN.

The spirit of fair play and justice has always been a recognized trait of the American people, and there can be no question that, as a whole, the people of this great nation have nothing but censure for a man or set of men who resort deliberately, to any underhand method for the purpose of gaining ascendancy in any cause.

It is, and has all along been, the desire and intention of those opposing prohibition to conduct the campaign in a perfectly fair and dispassionate manner, avoiding personalities, mudslinging and a resort to the questionable methods that have in other cities made mockery of justice and a joke of the right of franchise.

At the meeting of the esteemed Board of County Commissioners on Thursday night, when representatives of the Escambia County Prohibition League quietly stepped into the arena with a list of several hundred names which they desired stricken from the registration list, there was but one voice raised in protest against the unusual, unannounced and wholly unfair proceeding—that of Chairman Merritt, who stated the case plainly when he remarked:

"There are a whole lot of good men who will lose their votes by this now."

And this action, which, in its effect, may deprive many good citizens of their right of franchise, was taken by the very ones who have all along made watchwords of honesty, fair play and the rights of man. Had similar action been attempted by those opposed to prohibition, the howl raised about it would have resounded from the Perdido river to Key West.

The laws of the land guarantee to every man the right of franchise, and it is almost inconceivable that any man or set of men could conscientiously take action which will result in throttling a fair and impartial expression of public opinion at the polls on election day. But maybe, after all, this is what some people call a "SQUARE DEAL."

Those opposed to prohibition will not find it necessary to resort to such methods during the present campaign. And should drastic action become necessary, formal notice will be served on the Escambia County Prohibition League, stating explicitly what action it is proposed to take, in order that they may have ample time to prepare adequate defense. The fight from this end of the line, at least, will be conducted fairly, and in the open, and there will be no recourse whatever to the paraphernalia or methods of political thugs.

Prohibition Does Not Prevent Full Prisons.

It has been freely alleged that prohibition reduces crime, and that, with prohibition in force, the number of inmates in the prisons of the county would be materially reduced. Prison statistics are, therefore, of especial interest at this time.

The number of prison inmates in the census year, 1890, in the United States was 82,29, or 1,315 for each million of the population. The prohibition state of Kansas stood above the average; it had 1,351 prisoners for each million of inhabitants. Maine stood below the average and had only 774. But if states like Indiana show 907, Minnesota 619, Wisconsin 663, Nebraska 619, Maine has no reason to boast of the beneficial effects of fifty years' prohibition.

Moreover, all the prohibition states except Vermont show a decided increase of prisoners compared with 1880. Vermont alone shows a decrease, but this state also enjoys the proud distinction of being stationary in its population, while that of the United States increases about 25 per cent in a decade.

Massachusetts which, in consequence of its laws has a very limited number of saloons, has 2,335 prisoners for every million of inhabitants—more than twice the average—and shows, compared with 1880, an increase of 329.

The Dakotas make a more favorable showing. They have only 538 prisoners, but they are very thinly populated, and have no cities of any size. Yet in spite of prohibition the number has increased 94, compared with 1890, an increase above that of Indiana, where it was 92.

Evil Consequences Follow Prohibition.

Which is the better? Such is the title of a very pertinent editorial in a recent issue of the News-Leader of Richmond, Va., and which shows up the evil consequences of the prevailing

method in the south of attempting to make men sober by driving out the legalized sale of liquor. The lamentable results of such attempts and the deplorable failure of the local option policy are all vividly portrayed in the following editorial:

"Curious insight into methods of securing liquor in prohibition districts is given by a recent occurrence in a small southern city. Four countrymen living about fifty miles away, went to the city by wagon, taking along some horses to trade. The journey required two days each way. One of their first acts was to begin to seek something to drink. The city is tight as a drum, with barrooms all closed and blind tigers supposed to be banished. One of the men found a negro barber, who supplied a limited quantity of what he said was blackberry wine. Meanwhile, the others staying around the wagon lot, had found a small negro boy with a sample of stuff which he said he could sell them at a dollar a quart. The countrymen chipped in, bought a quart and proceeded to drink it in back alleys and behind fences, turn and turn about. The result was that three of them were made desperately ill and the fourth died. The alleged whiskey was manufactured a little at a time in the back room of a local druggist and was composed largely of wood alcohol.

"Now the question is whether a decent saloon, under rigid police supervision and with the laws enforced, would not be better than this system of secret poison. All of us who know southern communities are familiar with all the little characters in this little tragedy—men from the country who come in thirsty for liquor, the negro barber who has a little in a back room, the hotel porter who knows where to find it, the sharp, disreputable negro street urchin familiar with all the devilment there is and accustomed to run immoral errands of all kinds. They are everywhere, and they cannot be eradicated, and how many men are poisoned or frenzied annually by such means no statistics can tell us."

No Benefit Derived From Local Option.

After two years of experience of local option at Wallisville, Texas, this is the way J. R. Davis, an attorney of that place, writes: "During all of this time I have not seen one single benefit that has resulted from it, nor can I cite a single toper who is not equally as bad, if not a worse, so now than he was before prohibition was introduced here. The only difference I can see is that more whiskey comes to the place than did when the saloons were running full blast. The people drink more of it, drunkenness is more common, and disorder prevails in a higher degree than ever."

DELIGHTFUL TO TAKE MOXLEY'S LEMON ELIXIR is pleasant to take and pleasant in results. It acts promptly and thoroughly but does not sicken or irritate. It is the ideal laxative. 50c and \$1.00 a bottle at all drug stores.

## PLANT WON'T BE SHUT DOWN

Receiver Appointed for the North Georgia Electric Company.

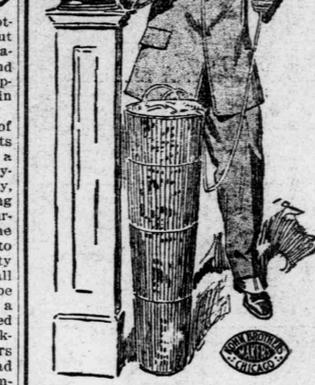
By Associated Press.

Atlanta, Ga., Sept. 13.—Samuel C. Dunlap, of Gainesville, Ga., has been appointed the receiver of the North Georgia Electric Company on petition of Elwood Allen and W. D. Chamberlain of Ohio, and the Western Union Telegraph Company. The receivers gave \$25,000 bond and will continue the plant in operation.

Lame Back.

This is an ailment for which Chamberlain's Pain Balm has proven especially valuable. In almost every instance it affords prompt and permanent relief. Mr. Luke LaGrange, of Orange, Mich., says of it: "After using a plaster and other remedies for three weeks for a bad lame back, I purchased a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm, and two applications effected a cure." For sale by all druggists.

## Early Arrivals



In Men's and Young Men's Suits from the shops of the world's greatest tailors,

**Kohn Brothers**  
Chicago

We have this line on sale exclusively in this city from

\$15.00 to \$25.00

Let us show you the latest models. As represented or your money back. You will not be urged to buy.

**THE M. & O.**  
321-323 SOUTH PALAFOX STREET  
OPPOSITE PUBLIC SQUARE

## BOYS ON TOP OF A TRAIN FOR THE WEEK

Stole Ride on a Flyer and Had Experience They Will Not Forget.

By Hearst News Service.

Joliet, Ill., Sept. 13.—Six boys who attempted to steal a ride on the limited train on the Santa Fe road reached this city after an exciting experience. One of them, Robert Bullock, whose home is in Richmond, Va., sustained a fracture of the skull and may not recover. The other boys gave the names of Edward Smith, James Brady, Harry Jones, Leslie Atchison and Robert Arntz, and said their homes are in Cincinnati.

They climbed on the train as it was leaving Chicago and lay down on the roof of the first car. When the train attained full speed after leaving the city limits the boys narrowly escaped being tossed over the edge, and managed to cling on only with the greatest difficulty.

All of them were badly burned by hot cinders, and finally young Bullock, screaming that he could stand it no longer, attempted to rise. The train just then passed over a bridge, and Bullock's head came in contact with the superstructure with terrific force. He was dashed to the edge of the car insensible, and was saved from falling by Jones.

While much cloudiness prevailed in New England, New York, the upper Lake region, Kentucky, portions of Kansas, and the northern Rocky mountain region, and during mornings on the Pacific coast, the sunshines in other sections was generally the average amount or above the normal, being excessive in Louisiana and Texas.

With the exception of damaging wind and hail storms in southern Indiana, there were no severe local storms reported during the week.

The Jacksonville correspondent for Florida states that it was slightly warmer than the average over most of the state, the highest temperature occurring during the fore part of the week, with thunder showers most frequent from the 3rd to the 5th, and some locally heavy rains in the northeastern portion on the 4th and 6th. There was ample sunshine.

## McKINNONVILLE.

Special to The Journal.

McKinnonville, Sept. 13.—Quite a crowd of people from here attended the quarterly conference at Pleasant Grove Sunday. There were two services, one at 11 a. m. and one in the afternoon at 3. Both sermons were preached by Rev. Mr. Glenn, of Evergreen, Ala.

Miss Jeanie Burns, of Beatrice, Ala., is visiting her sister, Mrs. D. C. Henderson, who has been ill for several days.

Miss Mayme Freeman, of Pensacola, is visiting relatives here.

## It Builds Force

What is medicine for? To cure you, if sick, you say. But one medicine will not cure every kind of sickness, because different medicines act on different parts of the body. One medicine goes to the liver, another to the spine, Wine of Cardui to the womanly organs. So that is why

## Wine of Cardui

has proven so efficacious in most cases of womanly disease. Try it.

Mrs. Wm. Turner, of Bartonville, Ill., writes: "I suffered for years with female diseases, and declared without relief. My back and head would hurt me, and I suffered agony with bearing-down pains. At last I took Wine of Cardui and now I am in good health." Sold everywhere, in \$1.00 bottles.

WRITE US A LETTER

Write today for a free copy of valuable 64-page Illustrated Book for Women. In your next Medical Advice, describe your symptoms, stating age, and reply will be sent in plain sealed envelope. Address: Ladies' Advisory Dept., The Chattanooga Medical Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.