DeSOTO TIMES.

W. S. SLADE, Editor.

HERNANDO, MISS., DECEMBER 25, 1890.

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Advertisements inserted at $1 25 per ten lines or less for first insertion, and 75 cents per ten lines or less for each additional insertion.

Water Valley, Miss., had a fifteen thousand dollar fire, on the 19th inst.

The New York Statts Zeitung was sold a few days ago, for four million dollars.

MRS. JEFFERSON DAVIS says a New York journal, has received 45,000 subscriptions for the life of her husband.

BEING without food and clothes the Indians must do something to keep warm, hence why they are on the war path.

A combination of Democrats and Alliance men in South Dakota will put a non-Republican in the United States Senate.

The business failures occurring throughout the country during the last seven days number 404, as compared with 374 last week.

The preparations to make the Farmers' Institute, which is to assemble at Memphis, January 6, 1891, a success are being vigorously pushed by the managers.

THE Idaho Legislature on the 18th elected Gov. Shoup, W. J. McConnell and Fred T. Dubois, United States Senators. Shoup and McConnell short term, and DuBois the full term.

Mrs. Washington Anderson, over ninety years old, was buired at Dubuque, Iowa, on the 19th inst. It is claimed that she was the last living representative of the family of Gen. George Washington.

On the Iron Mountain train, on the 20th, near Garvin, Ark., in a car full of passengers, J. D. Harris was robbed of $350 in bills by three unknown men in the presence of a number of passengers, none of whom attempted to interfere.

THE December returns to the Department of Agriculture on the value of the plantation are nearly the same as last year. But puts Mississippi on top. The figures are as follows:—Virginio, 8.7 cents per pound: North Carolina, 8.7; Georgia, 8.6; Florida, 8.6; Alaboma, 8.6; Mississippi, 8.8; Louisiana, 8.8; Texas, 8.4; Arkansas, 9.5; Tennessee, 8.8.

THE United States Supreme Court by its recent decision has settled one of the most important questions before the American people, and removed all doubts concerning the authority of States, and municipalities to regulate or even prohibit the retail liquor traffic. It says, in effect, that the right to sell intoxicating liquor by the glass is not an inherent and inalienable right of citizenship but a privilege which may be given, denied, withdrawn or restricted according to the interests of the community.

The Manufacturers' Record of December 13, says: The organization of new manufacturing enterprises in the South goes steadiiy on, notwithstanding the severe financial stringency which restricts all business operations throughout the country. The indications are favorable for an early improvement in money matters, and then we may look for a very decided increase in activity throughout the South. With money troubles promptly settled, the coming spring would show great developments than have yet been seen in this section.

The issue of standard silver dollars from the mint during the week ending Dec. 20, was $705,535.

FOR CHANCERY CEERK

HERNANDO, MISS., Dec. 23, 1890.

CAPT. SLADE:—I desire space in your paper, to say to the good people of our county, that I have decided to submit my name for their consideration, in connection with the office of Chancery Clerk. Now, I am due an explanation, to several gentlemen whom I have told that I would not be in the "scramble". For ten years I have been closely confined to the work in this office, and denied, the pleasure, of going out and mingling with the people, as I often desired to do. My duty to my employer, and the public, will demand my constant presence and services here, as in the past, until the expiration of JUDGE WEST'S term of office. I had been advised, that it would be folly, to announce myself a candidate, and then stay at home, and stick to business. Now, I think this a reflection upon the intelligence of our people. I am not a stranger to this people. They know of my services in this office, and can judge of my qulifications and efficiency. I have none other claims to offer; neither appeal upon personal grounds, nor assumption of obligations, pertaining to organized brotherhoods—sectarian or secular; only submitting myself, to the action of the Democracy, of the county, to cheerfully abide its decision.

It is essentially a business matter. The office is to be filled by a servant elected by the people. I am an applicant for the position; but have neither the time nor inclination, to make a house to house canvass, and beg, bore, or importune my friends, for their votes—I will not believe they desire this. If I am shown to be the choice of the majority, I shall feel highly honored and truly grateful; otherwise, no bitterness shall rankle in my bosom—no soreness under my hat. I am in to stay, but no scramble in mine. I have business—work to perform, every day.

My formal announcement will appear in due time. This is rather previous, but I must set myself right, and get even with the boys.

Yours truly,

J. M. CLARK.

COLORADO FRUIT LANDS

City Lots and Acre Property Set to Fruit Sold on Installments.

In the beautiful Uncompahgre Valley, on the sunset slope of the Rockies in Colorado, a fortune can be made from five acres set to fruit trees, or a handsome profit realized by purchasing one or more of our city lots set to fruit. We care for trees for non-residents for one half the crop. To advertise this property we are offering for a short time alternate city lots in East Montrose at five dollars and fifty cents, furnishing recorded deed free of charge.—This valley is rapidly becoming famous as the finest fruit growing section in the United States. Montrose is the Queen City of the valley and the commercial center of Southwestern Colorado. Write to S. E. Land, Sup't of Immigration, Montrose, Colorado, for descriptive pamphlet or apply to this office.

A good egg food for feeding once or twice a week is to boil a quart of beans to a thick soup. Then thicken with ground oats, wheat bran and fine meal, with a little salt and pepper. Feed warm these cold mornings the fowls will eat it greedily, and the beans furnish quite a large proportion of nitrogen for the albumen of eggs.—Fancier's Journal.

The souvenir edition of The Appeal-Avalanche is "a thing of beauty and a joy forever."

Senator Gorman's residence was burned at Laurel, Maryland, on the 17th inst. His wife and daughter escaped in their night clothes and did not save anything.

Christmas comes but once a year, but that is no reason why a man should destroy all the pleasure of the occasion by getting on a beastly drunk.

Subscribe for your conuty paper, and keep posted on events.

HUMOROUS.

—Husband (of economical views)—"That's a very becoming bonnet, my dear." Wife (of sarcastic turn)—"Oh, yes, becoming very old and decrepit."—N. Y. Ledger.

—Mother—"And the serpent, as a punishment for tempting Eve, was made to crawl all the rest of his life." Bobbie—"Well, mamma, how did he get along before?"—Babyhood.

—Shakespeare was slightly mixed in his "seven ages" It is the "whining schoolboy" whom the maternal eye has detected in some flagrant act of disobedience that "shifts into the slippered pantaloon."—Puck.

—Lady Friend—"What is the hardest thing connected with your editorial duties, Mr Lumpley?" Editor—"The hardest thing is to leave the impression that I am out of town on the first of the month."—Nebraska State Journal.

—Mrs. Chippering—"So these are your children, are they?" Mrs. Marrow—"Yes, and every body says they're just the image of me." Mrs. Chippering—"Why, so they are, poor little things."—Buffalo Courier.

—An exchange has an article headed "The Mystery of a Golden Chain." The mystery is probably at the pocket end, and opinions are equally balanced as to whether it is an old-fashioned pinchbeck bull's eye or only a bunch of keys."—Boston Transcript.

—"Poor Jenny! It must be an awful shock to you!" sympathized her friend; "and to think that you trusted him all these years, while he was embezzling such enormous sums." "Yes," she sobbed, "I knew my millinery alone came to more than his salary, but I never suspected him."—Time.

—Landlord—"I think you will like this store, Mr. Scales. The rent is cheap and it is light and airy, as you see—not a dark corner in it anywhere." Mr. Scales—"That's just the trouble, Mr Quarterday. It won't do for a grocery store at all, you see. It would be an awful nuisance to have to go away down in the cellar every time to sand the sugar."—Somerville Journal.

—Mrs. Minks—"I think it is too bad, Mr. Minks! Why can't a man be as considerate for his wife a few years after marriage as he was before? But I suppose it is too much to expect; men are all alike, and care only for themselves." Mr. Minks—"Really, my dear, I don't know what you are driving at." Mrs. Minks—"Oh, no; of course not! You don't even know that this is my birthday, and yet only a few years ago the date was engraven on your heart, and you never failed to give me a present. Why didn't you do so to-day?" Mr. Minks—"Because, my dear, I did not wish at your age to remind you of the painful fact that you were a year older."—N. Y. Ledger.

WELLINGTON'S MODESTY.

The Unostentatious Way in Which He Announced the Victory at Waterloo.

Earl Stanhope's volume of "Notes on Conversations with the Duke of Wellington" furnishes many interesting anecdotes which are not yet familiar to the reading public. Lord Stanhope tells the following story of Daniel Webster:

I breakfasted this morning with Hallam, and met Mr. Webster, the justly celebrated American, whose acquaintance I had already made the day but one before at a dinner at Lord Stanley's. He told me that on his way out he had been reading two or three odd volumes of the Duke of Wellington's dispatches, and had been greatly struck at their total freedom from any thing like pomp or ostentation, even in moments of the greatest triumph. The Waterloo dispatch itself contained nothing about "victory and glory." So unpretending was it, said Mr. Webster, that Mr. Quincy Adams, who was our Minister at London at the time, and who had a good deal of bitter feeling against this country, with which peace had only just been concluded, declared, on first reading the dispatch, that it came from a defeated General, and that in real truth the Duke's army must have been annihilated at Waterloo. This he seriously believed for some time. What a contrast, continued Mr. Webster, to Napoleon's rhetorical bulletins. One day one read in them: "We have thrown Blucher into the Bober!" and a few days afterward one found that Blucher had somehow got out of this Bober and defeated Napoleon himself at Leipsic.

Lord Stanhope gives the Duke's version of the way the news of Waterloo was brought to England, thus: "The news of Waterloo was first brought over by a Jew in the service of Rothschild. He embarked at Ostend, and nobody on board the vessel knew of it but he. The way he got at it was this: He was at Ghent, looking in with a crowd at the window, when a messenger arrived to the King of France, and he saw that the King, after reading the letter, embraced the messenger and 'kissed him all around the room and all about the house.' Upon this the Jew felt sure that the news was a victory, and without an instant's delay set off upon his journey to England. At Ostend he saw Malcolm, but told him nothing, nor did he to any one until he reached Rothschild's house in the city. He afterward went to Lord Liverpool. Lord Maryborough added that before they sailed from Ostend they saw a dragoon run down to the beach, take off his cap and wave it in the air. The other people on board all wondered what it could mean, and none guessed; but the Jew had still the composure to keep his secret."

Customer—"The milk is a little bit blue, don't you think?" Milkman—"If you had as many one-horse jokes made about you as city milk has, you would feel a little blue yourself."—Indianapolis Journal.

The State Horticultural Association, will hold two meetings next year; one to be held at the annual encampment of the Patron's Union, and the other at Booneville on December 16.

The State board of control, after paying all the expenses, attaching to the Penitentiary this year, has paid a net profit of $18,500 into the State Treasury, and have on hand $10,000 worth of wagons and other products of convict labor in the prison walls.

Twenty-four dwellings burned down and several others damaged by fire in New Orleans on the 17th.

Brevet Major General Alfred H. Terry of the United States Army died on the 16th inst.

The Indian warriors are handicapped by squaws and squalor.

Accounted for: Mrs. Gazzam—"There's always a kind of sheepish look about Mr. Jaysmith that I can't explain." Gazzam—"It comes from his mutton-chop whiskers, I suppose."—Epoch.

Senator Hoar can now add the Boston election to those other reasons for congrtulation which he thinks should make all true Republicans hopeful and happy.—Boston Globe, Dem.

Dissolution Notice.

Hernando, Miss., Dec. 22, 1890.

THE firm of C. M. Bye & Co., has this day been dissolved by mutual consent, C. M. Bye having sold his interest in the business to H. R. C. Foster. Foster assuming all liabilities of said firm of C. M. Bye & Co, and is alone authorized to collect the debts due the firm of C. M. Bye & Co.

The business will be continued at the same place by H. R. C. Foster.

C. M. BYE,
H. R. C. FOSTER.

I thank those who have patronized us so liberally in the past and hope they will continue to trade with Mr. Foster.

Dec, 25 1890—1m