

TEMPERANCE LEGISLATION.

Under the above heading, the Herald, of last week, publishes an article from the Albany Law Journal, which takes the position that all laws that regulate, restrain or prohibit the sale of alcoholic liquors are summary laws. This is the old bar-room argument, and we were surprised to see such an article in the columns of our neighbor, after its professions of being in favor of temperance, and our present liquor laws, although we knew those professions were all sham, and made only to hold votes to sustain the Republican party.

The idea that laws regulating, restraining and prohibiting the sale of intoxicating liquors are summary laws is about as tenable as the position would be that laws prohibiting horse-stealing, arson and murder are summary laws. A summary law is one that regulates the personal expenses of living of the individuals of a community, and is not one that has for its object the prohibition of crime. That alcoholic liquor making and selling for the purpose of being used as a beverage, is a crime at least equal in magnitude to those of horse-stealing, arson and murder, no one who will look about him and see the results will for a moment doubt. If it is such a heinous crime, and at least one-half of the liquor dealers even will admit it to be, why should it not be prohibited as other crimes are? The Herald, by borrowing another's brains, responds, "why, although it is a high crime, yet laws to prohibit it are summary, and summary laws must not be tolerated." Now, are such laws summary? How does a law that prohibits the manufacture and sale of a poison restrain a man from spending just as much money as he wants to? As a summary law is one that says that the people subject to it shall only spend so much for food, clothing, and other necessary expenses, it strikes us as though the dram-shop system, rather than the Prohibition principle, is founded in the summary law idea, and that it has run the full length of the summary tether. It says to the poor unfortunate bound down by it, you shall spend nothing for food and clothing for yourself and family, you shall dress in the worn out clothes of those charitably inclined and shall feed on the crumbs that fall from the tables of those not under my dominion.

WHISKEY THE ORIGIN OF THE CHICAGO FIRE.

After all that has been said relative to the origin of the Chicago fire, it turns out last that whiskey was at the bottom of it. A Chicago correspondent of the New York Observer says: "The singular tale of the oil lamp and the cow in De Koven street is apocryphal. Anne Maloney, the owner of three cows, utterly repudiates the idea of attending her lit-tle story at half-past nine o'clock at night. She clearly saw the flames begin in a German tailor's shanty, where a number of his companions had been drinking and carousing all Sabbath afternoon. President Jefferson said that the cup had caused more mischief during his administration of eight years than all other causes combined. Here whiskey, yielding a half shillings to the nation-keeper, costs our country \$250,000,000 and hundreds of precious lives."

THE GRAND-DUKE ALEXIS.

This member of the imperial family of Russia has landed in New York, and the city is almost wild in its reception of him. While it is certain that noble will make themselves ridiculous in doing homage to this royal personage, yet it is undoubtedly well enough that his sojourn here should be made as agreeable as possible. Russia, like the United States, is one of the great nations of the future. With her vast territories, abundant resources, and her constitutional government, civil and religious liberty, and popular education to dwarf every other nation in Europe by her greatness. The time is coming when the three leading nations of the world will be the Republic of the United States, the Empire of Russia, and the Republic of Australia. The time when the nations of Europe will be dwarfed by the greatness of Russia in the North, and the United States in the west, and Australia at the east. This is what the brotherhood of two great nations means. When we come into the empire of the world we will be friends. Russia has much to learn of us. The Grand-Duke Alexis, the Russian prince in religious matters and general education. He will find here the people can be relied on to govern themselves.

THE BRANDON (MIA) REPUBLICAN.

regards the late conflagration in Chicago and the North-western forests as a "terrible retribution" from Heaven for the devastation that marked the course of Sherman in his famous march to the sea. It leads its article as follows: "The South Heaping Coals of Fire on the Heads of Its Enemies." The Mormons have already claimed these awful calamities as the vengeance of Heaven upon the people of Illinois for having driven the Saints out of the State thirty years ago. No doubt the South is prepared to "heap coals of fire upon the heads of its enemies." Its leaders have "exten" enough of it in past years to have a little to spare, either for friend or foe.

THE NEW YORK TELEGRAM SAYS.

There will be a meeting of disaffected Republicans, Nov. 30, to arrange an anti-Grant programme. Among the names given are those of Schurz, Greeley, Cox and Sponcer.

REPUBLICANISM IN ENGLAND.

It seems just now a debatable question, whether or not Queen Victoria will ever have a successor on the throne of England. She has long years demonstrated the possibility of England's getting on quite as well without a monarch as with one, and the people who have seen how smoothly the machinery of government can be made to go while the Queen remains in seclusion, are evidently questioning the propriety of maintaining any longer an expensive collection of figures on heads as a royal family must necessarily be. The snubbings to which various members of the Queen's household, including the Queen herself, have been compelled to submit, show a waning loyalty on the part of the people which is by no means encouraging to the young man who hopes to be the next King of England. The angry murmurings of the lower orders are audible across the Atlantic. Liberalism in the middle class has already proved itself a power not to be despised, and were England other than she is, the indications of a coming revolution would be pronounced unmistakably by all lookers-on. As it is, we must throw in the opposite scale the intense conservatism of the British character, a conservatism amounting at times almost to stolidity. We must remember, also, that nearly all the wealth of England would be imperiled in making any change, and the repressive power of this wealth can hardly be estimated.

THE COMING SESSION OF CONGRESS.

The President and Cabinet officers are busy preparing their annual reports for Congress, and in about two weeks that body will convene for its annual session. We have seen the statement that the present will be a brief session, but can see no reason for it. It will not be any necessary limitation, while the number of bills which will burden the calendar will be unusually large. The perplexities of Congressional legislation are growing to be as great relatively as that of State legislators. Rings are formed—combinations made, and every means employed to influence the action of Congress on certain questions. Bills embracing questionable legislation are frequently slipped through in the hurry of the closing hours of the session. Worst of all is the growth in the volume of private bills, and the absorption of the time of Congress in considering projects which are purely private and designed to promote individual interests. In this State, one feature of the proposed Constitutional Amendment is that which provides for limiting the Legislature to purely public questions and measures. We are persuaded that it will pay for a political party to propose the same kind of amendment to the National Constitution. If Congress were limited to public bills, and if private measures were provided for by some general feature of the Constitution, it might be better for the country at large. Of course, this thought, as applied to national legislation, would need to be elaborated with exceeding care,—but this done and the burden of Congressional business would be greatly relieved.

THE YEAR 1872 WILL BE A JUBILEE YEAR.

The year 1872 will be a jubilee year to the New York Observer, which was established in the beginning of 1823. This paper is one of the most influential in the country; and has acquired its influence by a rigid adherence to, and a fearless advocacy of, sound principles in Church and State. It has both a Religious and a Secular Department, kept distinct; and although not political or partisan in its character, it freely expresses and ably defends its views on matters of public policy. It has been for almost half a century a light in the Church and a pillar in the State. It will celebrate its jubilee by presenting to each one of its new subscribers a NEW YEAR-BOOK—an encyclopaedia of the most valuable information in regard to all those matters in the Church and in civil life which every one desires to have constantly at hand. The book alone will be worth a year's subscription to the paper. Send for a specimen copy of the paper. New subscribers will receive the paper free until January 1st.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MANHOOD: HOW LOST, HOW RESTORED.

Just published, a new edition of Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay on the radical cure (without medicine) of Spermatorrhoea, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, Impotency, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc., also, Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance. Price, in a sealed envelope, 6 cts. The celebrated author, in this admirable essay, clearly demonstrates from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual; by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically. This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land. Sent, under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, postpaid on receipt of six cents, or two post stamps. Also, Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 25 cents. Address the Publishers, CHAS. J. O'KINE & CO., 127 Bowery, New York, P. O. Box 436.

THE LARGEST QUEENSWARE STORE.

SO H I J-EASTERN OHIO!

R. L. JENKINS,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN QUEENSWARE!

CHINA! GLASS! AND EARTHEN WARE!

McConnellsville Ohio.

REASONS FOR PATRONIZING JENKINS' ESTABLISHMENT!

1st. Jenkins imports his own goods and is thereby able to undersell all who purchase at second hand.

2nd. He has the largest establishment, and most complete variety of goods in South Eastern Ohio, and you are enabled to get just what you want—do not have to take just what you can get.

3rd. Living amongst us, Jenkins helps to build up the business of the community, and it is no more than right that community should build him up instead of going off to Zanesville, or some such point to buy your goods.

FANCY GOODS

At Jenkins' in

Unquestionable Variety!

April 27, 1872-18.

STATE OF OHIO.

JOHN ALEXANDER, DRUGGIST.

We keep on hand, and are constantly receiving LARGE STOCKS OF DRUGS AND MEDICINES!

STOCK OF WALL PAPER!

FAMILY GROCERY!

AMOS BRADY,

North side of Center St., between East and Penn Sts., McConnellsville, Ohio.

R. L. MORRIS,

South side of Center St., three doors East of Public Square, McConnellsville, O.

T. D. CHEADLE, MERCHANT TAILOR,

McConnellsville, Ohio.

Dry Goods! Dry Goods!

W. H. & C. McCARTY, Dealers in Dry Goods,

North side of Center Street, two doors East of Public Square, McConnellsville, Ohio.

Grocery and Provision Store!

D. & C. W. MUMMEY have on hand, at all times,

TEAS, COFFEES, SUGARS, MOLASSES, AND GROCERIES GENERALLY,

Keep a Full Supply of All Kinds of Provisions in this Market.

N. B. Their Meat Market is open at all hours of the day. None but the best of Cattle killed, and consequently their beef is always of the best quality. Flour sold by the sack at the lowest rates. [April 21, 1871-ly.]

UNDERTAKERS!

R. D. JOHNSON & CO.,

North-East corner of Centre and Penn Streets, McConnellsville, OHIO.

LIVERY ESTABLISHMENT,

And are prepared to furnish all patrons with whatever they may want in their LINE.

FURNITURE.

H. BUNSMOOR & SON,

Keep on hand a very large Stock of FURNITURE, to-wit: CHAIRS, TABLES, BUREAUS, BEDSTEDS, &c., &c.

McCONNELLSVILLE AND MALTA.

N. B. They employ none but first-class mechanics, and warrant all their work. Their Platform is: "Good work, good pay and low prices!" [April 21, 1871-6m.]

C. ROBERTSON,

N. W. Cor. of Pub. Squ., McConnellsville, O.,

TOILET ARTICLES.

Physicians' Prescriptions carefully compounded, and Paints mixed to order. [April 21, 1871-15.]

The Sash & Door Factory,

McConnellsville, Ohio,

Furnishes to order FLOORING, WEATHER BOARDING, SIDING, CEILING

SASH, SHUTTERS, BLINDS, DOORS, BOX & COMMON WINDOW FRAMES, BLACKEN'S, BATTONS AND MOULDINGS, ALSO

Painting & Matching, Scroll Sawing & Rippling Done to Order.

Oak, Poplar and Pine Lumber bought and sold. [April 21, 1871-1y.]

ADAMS & KAHLER,

Dealers in

Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots and Shoes,

(N. W. Corner East and Centre Streets) McCONNELLSVILLE, OHIO.

NEW GOODS received regularly. The highest price paid for COUNTRY PRODUCE in exchange for Goods. [May 4, 71-1y.]

H. SPENCE,

Dealer in Hats and Caps on Center St., east of Pub. Square, McConnellsville, O.,

has on hand, at all times, the most complete assortment of the

Very Latest Styles of HATS and CAPS!

NEW GOODS Received With Every Change in the Seasons!

EVERYTHING SOLD LOW FOR CASH!

The Highest Cash Prices paid for Mink, Skunk, and Coon Skins! [April 21, 1871-1y.]

ZANESVILLE BUSINESS CARDS.

W. H. RUTLEDGE.

Alter's Block, No. 56 Main Street, Zanesville, Ohio,

Has opened a complete Stock of Velvets, Body and Tapestry Brussels, Extra Super Sarcenet, Medium Supers, Ingrain, Venetians, Dutch Wool, Cottage, Hemp, and Rag Carpets, ALSO Wall Papers, Window shades, Matts, Rugs, Oil Cloths, &c. Agents for Marbleized Mantles. We invite the Public to call and examine our Stock. [June 3, 1871.]

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GROVER & BAKER.

ROOFLAND'S COLUMN.

ONE MILLION OF LIVES

SAVED! It is one of the remarkable facts of this remarkable age, not merely that so many persons are the victims of dyspepsia or indigestion, but its willing victims. Now, we would not be understood to say that any one regards dyspepsia with favor, or feels disposed to rank it among the luxuries of life. Far from it. Those who have experienced its torments would soon surrender to any other ailment, who would jolly under all the trying circumstances in which it was placed, were there an attack of dyspepsia, or his jollity would have speedily forsaken him. Men and women sometimes suffer its tortures unconsciously, but whoever heard of a person who enjoyed them? Of all the multifarious diseases to which the human system is liable, there is, perhaps, none so generally prevalent and so injurious as this. It is a wretched being in the world it is.

A Confirmed Dyspeptic!

But it is not our intention to descant on the horrors of Dyspepsia. We have said that dyspepsia is perhaps the most universal of human diseases. This is emphatically the case in the United States. Whether in this general prevalence is due to the character of the food, the method of its preparation, or the hasty manner in which it is usually swallowed, is not our province to explore; but we do wish to say that we are called to deal in this:

Dyspepsia Prevails

almost universally. Nearly every other person you meet is a victim, and apparently willing one; for were not this the case, why so many sufferers, when a certain remedy and safe remedy is within the easy reach of all who desire to avail themselves of it? But the majority will not. Blinded by prejudice, or deterred by some other unexplained influence, they refuse to accept the relief proffered them. They turn a deaf ear to the testimony of the thousands whose sufferings have been alleviated, and with strange pertinacity appear to cling with desperate determination to their ruthless tormentor. But says a dyspeptic: What is this remedy to which you refer? This great alleviator of human suffering, almost as widely known as the English language. It has alleviated the agonies of thousands, and is so easy carrying comfort and encouragement to thousands of others. This acknowledged panacea is none other than Dr. Hooffland's German Bitters.

Let it Be Remembered.

Would you know more of the merits of this wonderful medicine than can be learned from the experience of others? Try it yourself, and when it has failed to fulfill the measure of its efficacy given by the proprietor, then abandon faith in it.

First Prizes

They Purify the Blood,

cleanse the vital fluid of all harmful impurities and supplying them with the elements of genuine healthfulness. But in most cases generally, it relieves, soothes, and eradicates disease, Dyspepsia,

They Stand Unrivalled.

Now, there are certain classes of persons to whom extreme Bitters are not only unpalatable, but who find it impossible to take them without positive discomfort. For such Dr. Hooffland's German Tonic has been specially prepared. The preparation is not only palatable, but combines, in modified form, all the virtues of the German Bitters. In cases of languor or excessive debility, where the system appears to have become exhausted of its energies, Hooffland's Tonic acts with almost marvellous effect. It gives strength to weakness and throws dependancy to the winds. But Dr. Hooffland's beneficence to the human race are not confined to his celebrated German Bitters, or his invaluable Tonic. He has prepared another medicine, which is rapidly winning way to popular favor because of its intrinsic qualities. This is Dr. Hooffland's Podophyllin Pills, a perfect substitute for mercury, without any of mercury's evil qualities. The Podophyllin acts directly on the Liver to act upon the Liver, are mostly composed of Podophyllin, or the Vital Principle of the Mandrake Root. It is the medicinal virtues of this health-giving plant. The Podophyllin acts directly on the Liver. The extract of Mandrake contained in them is skillfully combined with four other extracts, thus producing a pill that influences the entire digestive and assimilatory system, and in its action is entirely free from any. Possessing these much desirable qualities the Podophyllin becomes invaluable as a FAMILY PILL. No Hooffland should be without them. They are perfectly safe, require but two for an ordinary dose, are prompt and efficient in action, and when used in connection with Dr. Hooffland's German Bitters, or Tonic, may be regarded as a certain remedy in all cases of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia or any of the disorders to which the system is ordinarily subject.

DR. HOOFLAND.

having provided internal remedies for diseases, has given the world one nearly for external application, in the wonderful preparation known as

Dr. Hooffland's Greek Oil.

This Oil is a sovereign remedy for pains & aches of all kinds. Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Toothache, Chilblains, Sprains and Burns, Pain in the Back and Loins, King's Evil, &c., &c. All applied to its external application. The number of cures effected by it is astonishing, and they are increasing every day.

Internally, it is a cure for Heartburn, Kidney Disease, Sick Headache, Colic, Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, and Cramps, Pains in the stomach, Colds, Asthma, &c.

The Greek Oil is composed entirely of healing gums and essential oils. The principal ingredient is an oily substance, produced in the southern part of Greece. Its effects as a destroyer of pain are truly magical. Thousands have been benefited by its use, and a trial by those who are skeptical will thoroughly convince them of its inestimable value.

These remedies will be sent by express to any locality upon application to the principal office, at the German Medicine Store No 631 Arch Street, Phila.

CHAS. M. EVANS Prop'r.

Formerly, L. M. Jackson & Co.

These remedies are for sale by Druggists, Storekeepers, and medicine Dealers every where.

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