THE CONSERVATIVE.

Published Every Friday. | A HOME PAPER—Devoted to Politics, News, Home Interests, Miscellany, &c. | L. A. Kelly, Publisher.

VOL. III—NO36. | M'CONNELSVILLE, OHIO, MAY 21, 1869. | $2.00 A YEAR.

You All

You All

YOU ALL

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS,

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC.

Prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson, Philadelphia. Their introduction into this country from Germany occurred in

1826.

THEY CURED YOUR

FATHERS AND MOTHERS,

And will cure you and your children. They are entirely different from the many spurious ones by the country Rotted Bitters or Tonics. They are no brewer preparations, or anything like rum; but good, honest, reliable medicines. They are

The greatest known remedies for

Liver Complaint,

DYSPEPSIA,

Nervous Debility,

JAUNDICE,

Diseases of the Kidneys,

ERUPTIONS OF THE SKIN,

and all Diseases arising from a Disordered Liver, Stomach, or IMPURITY OF THE BLOOD.

Constipation, Flatulence, Inward Piles, Fullness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fulness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried or Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a Lying Posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, &c., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil and Great Depression of Spirits. All these indicate disease of the Liver or Digestive Organs, combined with impure blood.

Hoofland's German Bitters

is entirely vegetable, and contains no liquor. It is a compound of Fluid Extracts. The Roots, Herbs, and Barks from which these extracts are made are gathered in Germany. All the medicinal virtues are extracted from them by a scientific chemist. These extracts are then forwarded to this country to be used expressly for the manufacture of these Bitters. There is no alcoholic substance of any kind used in compounding the Bitters, hence it is the only Bitters that can be used in cases where alcoholic stimulants are not advisable.

Hoofland's German Tonic

is a combination of all the ingredients of the Bitters, with pure Santa Cruz Rum, Orange, &c. It is used for the same diseases as the Bitters, in cases where more generous stimulus is required. You will hear it said that these remedies are entirely different from any others advertised for the cure of the diseases named. They are scientific preparations of medicinal extracts, while the others are mere decoctions of roots in plain form. The TONIC is decidedly one of the most pleasant and agreeable remedies ever offered to the public. As a tonic it is unequaled. It is a pleasure to take it, while its life-giving, invigorating, and medicinal qualities have caused it to be known as the premier of all tonics.

DEBILITY.

There is no medicine equal to Hoofland's German Bitters or Tonic in cases of Debility. They impart a tone and vigor to the whole system, strengthen the appetite, cause the enjoyment of wholesome food, enable the stomach to digest it, purify the blood, give a good sound, healthy complexion, eradicate the pallor resulting from age, impart a bloom to the cheeks, and change the pale, sickly, short-breathed, emaciated, weak, and nervous invalid, to a full-faced, stout, and vigorous person.

Weak and Delicate Children are made strong by using the Bitters or Tonic. In fact, they are Family Medicines. They can be administered with perfect safety to a child three months old, the most delicate female, or a man of ninety.

These Remedies are the best

Blood Purifiers

ever known, and will cure all diseases resulting from bad blood. Keep your blood pure; keep your liver in order; keep your digestive organs in a sound, healthy condition, by the use of these remedies, and no disease will ever assail you. The best men in the country recommend them. If years of honest reputation go for anything you can rely on these preparations.

FROM HON. GEO. W. WOODWARD,

Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA, March 16, 1867.

I find "Hoofland's German Bitters" to be not an intoxicating beverage, but is a good tonic, useful in disorders of the digestive organs, and of great benefit in cases of debility and cases of nervous action, in the system.

Yours truly,

GEO. W. WOODWARD.

FROM HON. JAMES THOMPSON,

Judge of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA, April 29, 1868.

I consider Hoofland's German Bitters" a valuable medicine in cases of attacks of Indigestion and Dyspepsia. I can certify this from my experience of it.

Yours, with respect,

JAMES THOMPSON.

FROM REV. JOSEPH H. KENNARD, D. D.,

Pastor of the Tenth Baptist Church, Philadelphia.

DR. JACKSON—DEAR SIR:—I have been frequently requested to connect my name with recommendations of different kinds of medicines, but regarding the practice as out of my appropriate sphere, I have in all cases declined; but with a clear proof in various instances, and particularly in my own family, of the excellence of Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters, I depart for once from my usual course, to express my full conviction that for general debility of the system and especially for Liver Complaint, it is a valuable and reliable preparation. In some cases it does not appear to act promptly, but if the medicine be persevered in, it will in very troublesome cases of long standing, be found to be the only medicine to effect a cure. I doubt not, it will be found to be those who suffer from the above causes.

Yours, very respectfully,

J. H. KENNARD,

Eighth, below Coates street.

CAUTION.

Hoofland's German Remedies are counterfeited. The genuine have the signature of C. M. Jackson on the front of the outside wrapper of each bottle, and the name of the article blown in each bottle. All others are counterfeit.

Price of the Bitters, $1 00 per bottle; Or, a half dozen for $5 00.
Price of the Tonic, $1 50 per bottle; Or, a half dozen for $7 50.

The tonic is put up in quart bottles.

Recollect that it is Dr. Hoofland's German Remedies that are so universally used and so highly recommended; and do not let the importunity of druggists induce you to take anything else that he may say is just as good, because he makes a larger profit on it. These Remedies will be sent by express to any locality upon application to the

PRINCIPAL OFFICE,

AT THE GERMAN MEDICINE STORE,

No. 631 ARCH STREET, Philadelphia,

CHAS. M. EVANS,

Proprietor,

Formerly C. M. JACKSON & CO.

These Remedies are for sale by Druggists, Storekeepers, and Medicine Dealers everywhere.

NOTION AND MILLINERY STORE.

C. L. HALL,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALER IN

Notions and Millinery Goods,

BELL STREET, MALTA, OHIO.

☞ BUSINESS DONE ON A STRICTLY CASH SYSTEM! ☜

May 7, 1869-tf.

FALLING AND GOING!

CLOTHING, CLOTHING!

COATS, PANTS, VESTS, SHIRTS, (Linen and Flannel,) DRAWERS SUSPENDERS, HANDKERCHIEFS, NECKTIES COLLARS AND SOCKS BOUGHT AT FALLING AND GOING OFF AT

☞ Cash Prices!! ☜

AT

T. D. CREADLE'S

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING STORE.

☞ Goods promptly made to order by First Class Makers, and from the best assortment of piece goods ever brought to this market. Many goods sold at less than cost. T. D. CREADLE.

CENTER STREET, McCONNELSVILLE, OHIO.

April 19, 2m.

A. W. WALKER, | J. G. WALKER.

MALTA, OHIO.

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!!

A. W. WALKER & CO.

Merchant Tailors,

Bell Street, Malta, Ohio.

Clothing made to order on the shortest notice and at prices to suit the times. All orders accompanied by a responsible name will be promptly filled. This firm is always up to the latest fashions, and warrant their clothing to stand the scrutiny of the most fastidious. They keep goods to sell by the yard or in any shape to suit purchasers. Ladies' Cloaking always on hand.

CALL EARLY, BEFORE THE RUSH BEGINS.

Mar. 19-1y.

Painting, Glazing, and Paper Hanging.

J. J. STEWART,

Is prepared to renew his business as House, Sign and Carriage Painter; Glazier, and Paper Hanger. Give him a call at his shop in

Two Doors East of the Post House.

All work done neatly, expeditiously and cheap.

April 9th—tf.

S. C. BREWSTER,

DEALER IN

Dry Goods, Notions,

QUEENSWARE.

GROCERIES.

HATS AND CAPS.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

☞ A SPECIALITY MADE IN DRESS GOODS. ☜

First Door East of the Court House,

McCONNELSVILLE, OHIO.

April 16, 1869.

P. SWEENEY & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF CIGARS,

And Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Cigars, Snuff, Smoking and Chewing Tobacco, Pipes, &c., &c.

ROOMS, North-west Corner of the Public Square, West of Court House,

M'CONNELSVILLE, OHIO.

April 16-6m.

Gallery of Art.

W. C. TRESIZE

asks the public to call and examine his specimen Photographs, Ferrotypes, Ambrotypes, Gems, &c., &c., which cannot be surpassed anywhere. He has perfected arrangements whereby any one can be accomodated with the finest of Oil Paintings and pictures of India Ink Work. Rooms over Boone's Saddler Shop, in J. C. Stone's Building, Center Street, M'Connelsville, Ohio.

No 1—tf.

W. H. M'CARTY

DEALER IN

Dry Goods, Notions, Lady's and Childr Shoes, &c., &c.,

AT

PRICES THAT ARE RIGHT

STORE: Second door above Public Sq're, North side of Center Street, M'Connelsville, Ohio.

July 9, 1868—tf.

NEW! FRESH! ATTRACTIVE!

GREAT PILES OF

WALL PAPER

AT THE

Book Store

FOR THE

SPRING and SUMMER TRADE!

We have just received and opened the Largest Stock of

WALL PAPER,

WINDOW SHADES,

TRANSOM PAPER,

BORDERS, &c.,

Ever brought to town, and of the most desirable patterns and quality—from a Common Brown to fine Gilt Paper—which we will sell

LOWER than EVER BEFORE!

Our stock embraces the best and finest variety in the market, purchased direct from the Manufacturers, and cannot be surpassed for beauty of styles and Low Prices.

ADAIR BROS.

March 19, 1869.

WOMAN'S BEAUTY.

There is a good deal said about our beauty, a great deal done to make us beautiful. How? In spirit? Not at all. To be physically beautiful is our aim. For this we do the costly bonnet, the dainty boot, friz our hair, paint our faces. To this end we devote our lives, sacrifice health, mind, heart and strength.

From the cradle we are taught that we must be beautiful. We are shut up in the house, away from the glad sunlight and pure air, to protect our fair complexions, dressed in corsets and crinoline to improve our forms gaitered and thinly hosed in the dead, of winter, that our feet may be *petite* and attractive. Our brothers run, laugh loud, whistle, get tanned wear stout boots and warm cloths—but we don't—it isn't "lady-like." They grow strong in the gymnasium or at the woodpile, while we crochet, practice the last song, behave with propriety, and "sometimes make cake. They go to college, grow independent, go out into the world, make their mark, while we, who are attractive get married, and we, who are not, teach school, make dresses, and fade out. Some of us live in the country In that case, we milk cows, make, butter and cheese, help send our brothers to school, learn how to cook, get a husband.

Sometimes we are ambitious to acquire strength of mind to study and investigate for ourselves. Twenty three of us requested admittance to Wabash College, Ind., but were refused because we were women. At Oberlin they have a "Gentleman's Course" and a "Ladies Course," because we have nothing to do in life but get married, while our brothers, you know, must be lawyers, doctors, ministers, &c.

Two or three of us make speeches, but our brothers and the church members say that we unsex ourselves, that we are trying to be men, that we are blaspheming God for making us women.

The majority of men admire us for our physical beauty alone, and the wonder, why we aim at nothing else.

I know a young lady, living in the vicinity of a College, who has a Ba's single beau, because the young men "will not go with the ugliest girl in the town. Many an intelligent man, utterly ignoring a priceless soul, hid by homely exterior, has unconsciously wedded a virago, because the morning was pink and white. Many a wife and mother sits by her hearth to-tonight bewailing the lost charms which once held him who promised to "love and cherish," and there are husbands and fathers plodding their weary way from the solitary board to the counting room, without sympathy, early and late, because their wives and daughters will have the admiration which fashionable beauty demands

We love admiration; we seek it, court it; dress three times a day, enter society, spend a hundred thousand and "saddle down Broadway;" we take a summer trip, that we may be the "most elegantly dressed lady at Niagara," We are so frail and delicate that we must be cared for, and protected, and, of course, we never marry unless a fortune is offered us.

Our beauty lifts us up and drags us down. It lifts us up by securing a wealthy and influential husband—it drags us down by this rule, "the greater beauty the greater the prize, the greater the snare." We cannot protect ourselves, for various reasons. First, we are weak. Second-we know nothing but to please and be admired. Thirdly, we treat all men alike. Fourthly, it degrades us to entertain the slightest suspicion of evil. One of us started from St. Louis alone, a few months since; she was bewildered by different trains, and inquired which she would take for Indianapolis; she was told, & entered the car designated, when she found herself locked in an empty car with him who had directed her thither. Her cries were heard by a policeman and she was saved.

A young lady went from California to Denver City, taking her highest recommendations. She commenced teaching, but pupils were few and board was high. There came one wearing our country's insigna who called himself a friend. She was alone. No woman extended a helping hand. No father's heart bled for her. No Christian hand was reached out to her healing. They passed by on the other side. She is now an outcast. God pity her!

When we fall there is none but God to pity. Our brothers glory in like sins, and stand upon the high places of earth, while we are trod upon, hissed at. No repentance can remove the stain; it is scarlet always. We that are pure and sinless tread upon our fallen sisters. We cannot so much as think of them in their degredation. We forget that money and station bought many of us; forget that God sees behind the marriage vow: forget that hundreds of street girls and *traviatas*, who at this hour are selling their virtue, were "once as pure as the snow," forget Christ's voice, Do unto others as you would that they should do unto you!"

—[Packard's Monthly, for May.]

How the Radicals Attempted to Fool the Darkey, and How They Fooled Themselves.

The Alton (Ill.) Telegraph, Radical sheet, charges that what it calls "reconstruction," was defeated in Mississippi at the election last fall, by an atrocious fraud. The Radicals, it says, to prevent the colored voters from being deceived in consequence of their inability to read, had tickets printed in Chicago in a peculiar style, viz: Upon the back of the ticket was lithographed the national flag in colors, the stripes running lengthwise with the ticket. Upon the reverse side were printed the words: "For the Constitution" and, following, the names of the Union candidates for State officers. Through some mismanagement on the part of the Union men, the tickets were circulated a little too soon, and some of them fell into the hands of the rebels, who at once saw their object, and immediately set about getting up an imitation, with the difference that upon the *fac simile* the words 'Against the Constitution,' together with the names of the Democratic candidates for State officers, were printed. The only distinction between the Union ticket and the imitation, with the exception of the wording, was that the impression of the flag upon the original was from a steel plate, and upon the fraudulent one from a wood cut. This difference was not apparent to the eyes of the freedmen, so they voted against reconstruction by the thousands, while fancying that they were casting their ballots "for the flag." The matter, that paper thinks, deserves further investigation.

The New York Commercial Advertiser, has come to the conclusion "that many corrupt men and corrupt practices have crept into the Republican party during the past few years." It gives us great pleasure to record the fact that the eyes of the Commercial Advertiser's editor, like those of puppy dogs, after nine days, are being opened.—*Ohio Statesman.*

RECONSTRUCTION TALK.

Dona Platt and a Virginian.

[Correspondence Cincinnati Commercial.]

THE WILDERNESS, April 23, 1869.

There is a certain sort of majesty, a sense of complete ness about the river, below Washington, that impresses a Westron man, accustomed to see in the rivers of his country huge ditches, constructed to carry off water, and therefore only full at flood. Yet there is nothing about it in the way of scenery. The banks, although broken and varied are too low, and seem to frame in inadequately the wide mirror of quiet waters. At least, so I thought and felt as the steamer Keyport snored as it floated down with its freight of humanity, bound South A subdued lot of humanity it was, well whipped, but far from reconstructed. And a nice mess we are making of it in the way of legal enactments, as a little observation of, and talk with, the assortment on board would convince one in a brief period of time.

We complain that these Southern people do not accept the situation and look the inevitable in the face. Are we not guilty of the same error? The differences nationality led to a bloody war, in which we laid waste wide fields, burned the homesteads, and killed the best beloved, and yet propose, by a few crude statutes to wipe out the deadly antagonism and make the people, so punished, a patriotic peaceful, loving body of citizens.

Had we attempted this in good faith, we would yet be fighting the inevitable but feeling the impossibility of such result, we have, in fact, used our power to benefit ourselves. Our so called reconstruction acts serve New England, and not the South. The net purport and upshot of the business is, to have a body of men in Congress from the Southern States who represent the monyed interests of Yankeedom. We call them carpet-baggers. I met one, at the opening of the holidays, last winter, carpet bag in hand, making for the depot,

'Whither bound?' I cried.

'Home, for a few days.'

'What, going South?'

'Devil a bit. I am making for Connecticut, to see my family."

He did not call the land of his constituents home. Of course not, nor does he consider the interest of political locality, but votes steadily with the manufacturing capital of his old name.

'Ma, make Bob behave hisself, every time I hit him with the hammer he hollers."

I had, sitting near me, a full stomached, heavy jawed specimen of old Virginia. He was reading a Richmond paper, and broke into a hearty laugh. He thought the matter that contained the laughter too good to keep to himself, so looking over his gold-rimmed spectacles at me, his nearest neighbor, he said:

'Did you read that? Now I say that's d—d good'

As he pointed to an extract from one of my letters of course I heartily concurred in his approbation. But to save my conscience, I said it was from one of those paid corespondents that hang about Washington, and write sensational stuff.

'A magny set of curs, I expect,' was his complimentary response, 'but than feller puts it in about right, this time. These d—d Yankees are running the Government to hell, on a down grade, without brakes.'

'Don't you think you are to blame for a good deal of this?'

'What the devil can we do, sah?'

'Accept the situation. Recognize the negro as a citizen; go on quietly under the law, and try to create a material prosperity, instead of fighting over political differences.'

My friend removed his spectacles in evident wrath; his brows corrugated, and he crumpled the journal he had been reading into a ball as if to cast it at me, and then roared;

'Look here, stranger, what you say is like licking a man when he's down. We fought a ba'r fight, and when we were whipped we owned up like men, and all that we've got is to be disfranchised ourselves and then have these d—d niggers made citizens, to send cursed carpet-baggers to vote away our bread and butter. That you call accepting the situation.—All very well for you, who may be a carpet-bagger for anything I know.'

If I were, it would be more in accordance with old Virginia politeness to restrain your personal remarks. On the contrary, I am the author of the extract you so much admired just now. For five or six years I have been striving to withdraw from these heated political contests, so as to look calmly on both sides. I consider the so-called acts of reconstruction unwise; not on your account, for you are wrong-headed, obstinate and violent, and deserve all that has come to you in the way of punishment,—but on account of the entire country, for I can see that they will not bring about the peace and harmony that are necessary to success.

JANUARY.—He who is born in this month will be laborious, and a lover of good wife, but very subject to infidelity; he may too often forget to pay his debts, but he will be complaisant, and withal a fine singer. The lady born in this month will be a pretty, prudent housewife; rather melancholy, but very good-tempered;

FEBRUARY.—The man born this month will love money much, but the ladies more; he will be stingy at home, but prodigal abroad. The lady will be a human and affectionate wife and tender mother.

MARCH.—The man born in this month will be rather handsome, he will be honest and prudent, but will die poor. The lady will be a passionate chatterbox, somewhat given to fighting, and in old age too fond of the bottle.

APRIL.—The man who has the misfortune to be born in this month will be subject to maladies. He will travel to his advantage, for he will marry a rich and handsome heiress, who will make—what, no doubt, you all understand. The lady will be tallt and stout, with little mouth, little feet, little wit but a great talker, and withal a great lier.

MAY.—The man born in this month will be handsome and amiable. He will make his wife happy. The lady will be equally blest in every respect.

JUNE.—The man will be of small stature, passionately fond of women and children, but will not be loved in return. The lady will be a giddy personage, fond of coffee; she will marry at twenty-one, and be a fool at forty-five.

JULY.—The man will be fair; he will suffer death for the wicked woman he loves. The female of this month will be passably handsome, with sharp nose and sulky temper.

AUGUST.—The man will be ambitious and courageous, but too apt to cheat. He will have several maladies, and two wives. The lady will be amiable and twice married; but her second husband will cause her to regret her first.

SEPTEMBER.—He that is born in this month will be wise, strong and prudent; but too easy with his wife, who will cause him much uneasiness. The lady, round-faced, fair-haired, witty, discreet, affable, and loved by her friends.

OCTOBER.—The man will have a handsome face and florid complexion; he will be wicked in his youth, and always inconstant. He will promise one thing and do another, and always remain poor. The lady will be pretty, a little given to contradiction, a coquettish, and sometimes a little too fond of wine—she will give her preference to eau de vie. She will have three husbands, who will die of grief; and she will best know why.

NOVEMBER.—The man born now will have a fine face, and be a gay deceiver. The lady of this month will be large, liberal and full of novelty.

DECEMBER.—The man born in this month will be a good sort of person, though passionate. He will devote himself to the army and be betrayed by his wife. The lady will be amiable and handsome with a good voice and well proportioned body; she will be married twice, remain poor, but continue honest.

A very large natural cave has been found by a party of Government surveyors near Bonny Springs, Kentucky.