

INAUGURATED

With Imposing Ceremonies, Gen. Bushnell Becomes Governor.

The Oath of Office Administered in the Rotunda of the State House.

Thousands Witnessed the Ceremonies and the Splendid Parade—Thirty-Nine Civic and Political, and 60 Military Organizations Participated in It.

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 13.—The fates that preside over the weather department was certainly favorable to ceremonies attending the inauguration of Gen. Asa S. Bushnell Monday.

Under the auspices of the inauguration committee a corps of decorators have been at work for two days and nights festooning the mammoth arches of the rotunda with gaudy bunting and flags and pictures of eminent Ohio republicans, and the stage, made as commodious as the limited space would permit, was erected for the accommodation of the retiring and incoming officials, members of the legislature, etc.

Gov. McKinley got over to the office from the Neil house at an early hour. There were still a few letters to write, and a few documents yet to sign. He had no time to himself, however, not even a minute, as a stream of callers poured in and out of the office ceaselessly, saying good-by and wishing him success in the future. Confusion, which reigned everywhere, had its center in the governor's office. At 11:30 Gov. McKinley with his military staff in full uniform and the members of the joint legislative committee, left the state-house in a procession and took carriages at the Broad street front of the capitol building, going to the Chittenden hotel to meet Gov. Bushnell. The party was a distinguished looking one, and being recognized as it went down High street, was loudly cheered by the thousands that lined the sidewalks on either side. There was an immense crush at the Chittenden. Everybody that was not at the state house was at the hotel. Gov. Bushnell, with his new staff, looking very imposing in their handsome uniform, had been holding a levee all the morning. The governor's family were with him, accompanied by a number of friends from Springfield.

The arrival of Gov. McKinley and party was made known to the incoming chief magistrate by a great shout of welcome which rang through the corridors of the hotel. It was several minutes before the elevators got them all to Gov. Bushnell's apartments, where there was an informal but hearty exchange of greetings. The two governors introduced the members of their staffs to one another, but few of them being acquainted, and chatted for a few minutes with the members of the legislature constituting the joint committee. It was about ten minutes before the noon hour when the movement to the state house began. Gov. McKinley took Gov. Bushnell at his right side and started down the stairway, the legislative committee immediately following, with the staffs of the two governors behind.

Cheer after cheer rent the air as they walked down the crowded stairways of the hotel to the lobby. When the well known figures of Bushnell and McKinley appeared at the landing of the grand staircase the great crowd in the lobby set up a tremendous cheering and clapping of hands.

Arrived at the state house, the retiring and incoming governors and their escort were vociferously received and, on marching through the dense mass of people through the rotunda, found in waiting the members of the legislature, the justices of the supreme court and city, county and state officials, present by invitation, seated upon the platform.

The massive arches of the rotunda and the somber corridors of the state-house rang with cheer after cheer when McKinley and Bushnell walked in. Every available inch of room had been utilized to put somebody into, both on the stage, the floor of the rotunda and the steps and hallways beyond. Gov. Bushnell smilingly bowed his acknowledgments of his more than flattering reception, and amid a storm of applause mounted the steps of the platform and sat down back of a table with Lieut. Gov. Jones at his left and Gov. McKinley at his right.

When the confusion had partially subsided, Rev. William J. Russell, pastor of the Central Christian church, stepped forward and made the invocation. It was apt and eloquent, and, unlike many, was of becoming brevity. After a brief pause, Gov. Bushnell arose and took the oath of office. This was administered by the chief justice of the supreme court, who made the incident an imposing one. Looking Gov. Bushnell seriously in the face, speaking with great deliberation in a tone which rang all through the distant space, he exacted from the incoming governor the obligations to support the constitution, uphold the laws and faithfully discharge the duties of his high office. Instead of merely bowing his acknowledgments, as is often done under such circumstances, Gov. Bushnell responded in firm and ringing tones, the words, "I do."

Asa S. Bushnell was now governor of Ohio and William McKinley a private citizen. There was another burst of applause and cheers when the crowd realized that the change had been consummated and that the republican standard-bearer of last year was at last firmly fixed in the office to which their suffrages had elected him. Gov. Bushnell then began the deliv-

ery of his address. It had, of course, been prepared in advance, and was read by the governor in a loud, clear voice. His discussion of state affairs met with great favor, especially from the members of the legislature, who warmly applauded the various suggestions made.

At the conclusion of the address the official party took carriages and participated in the huge parade.

The procession formed on Third street centering at Third and Broad and Third and State. It moved southwardly to Third and Mound, thence one square west to High, north on High street to the viaduct and back again past the reviewing stand at the north front of the state house.

Gov. Bushnell rode with uncovered head, bowing his acknowledgments to the yelling multitude and smiling graciously to the zealots who shouted "Hurrah for Bushnell!" until they looked tired. The demonstration given Gov. Bushnell was purely spontaneous, and showed the kindly regard in which the new chief magistrate was being held by the people.

Gov. McKinley was seated beside Gov. Bushnell, but did not recognize any of the tumultuous demonstrations except when the name of McKinley was called out and cheered when he would quietly nod and turn to Gov. Bushnell.

The parade was the finest ever seen at an inauguration. It was immense in numbers and in the splendor of display. The gentlemen composing the various civic and military organizations had been waiting with some impatience on the cold ground for over an hour, some of them having been on their feet for two hours, and it was with a degree of relief that they received the order to march and stepped gallily away to the inspiring music of the many bands.

In the procession were 39 civil and political organizations and 60 military organizations which was reviewed by the gubernatorial party from a stand on the north side of the capitol. Immediately after the parade ex-Gov. McKinley and Gov. Bushnell were driven to their respective quarters, and the members of the legislature and Lieut. Gov. Jones repaired to the senate chamber, where the oath of office was administered to the latter. On taking the oath of office Gen. Jones spoke at some length.

The other state officers went to their respective offices accompanied by their predecessors, where, by arrangement, different members of the supreme court were present to administer the oaths of office as required by law, and the inauguration exercises were over.

THE LEGISLATURE.

All Game in Ohio to Be Protected for Two Years—Commission to Fix County Officials' Salaries.

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 13.—SENATE.—The senate convened at 9 o'clock Monday. Private Secretary Boyle presented the governor's address, the reading was dispensed with. The report of the emergency board was accepted. Mr. Sparks' bill to prohibit display of foreign flags was referred to the committee on corporation. The special tax cigarette bills of Avery and White were referred to the committee on judiciary and finance, respectively. Resolutions of thanks to the retiring president, Lieut.-Gov. Harris, were offered by Mr. Avery, and passed by a rising vote. A motion made by Mr. Gardfield, providing that when the senate adjourned it adjourn until 11 a. m. Tuesday, to elect a United States senator. The senate then recessed until after the inaugural parade.

Houses.—Bills introduced: Establishing normal schools in colleges and universities; prohibiting the killing of all kinds of game for two years; allowing the assessment of property for free turnpikes. The present law catches only property within one mile, providing for the appointment of a commission of one man from each township in each county to fix fees and salaries of county officers. A bill providing that whoever shall assault a female under 12 years of age against her will shall be punished with death. Any forcible assault over this age is to be punished as determined by court.

HOUSE PAGES.

Speaker Sleeper Announces His Appointments.

Speaker Sleeper announced the appointment of pages as follows: Thomas Shelton, Hamilton county; Howard Blake, Columbiana; Merrill Smith and Joseph McDowell, Coshocton; John Sweeney, Hocking; Howard Sneedaker, Belmont; Justin Burns, Green, and John Urwin.

Stenographers were appointed as follows: Gertrude Laughlin, Bellefontaine; Edna L. Rownd, Toledo; Chas. H. Karr, Miami; and Frank B. Patrick, Franklin. Mr. Beckham offered his resolution which was referred to the committee on appropriations.

Mr. Starr offered a joint resolution, which was adopted, providing for holding a joint senatorial convention at noon Wednesday.

Claimed the Bank Had Been Robbed.

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 13.—The directors of the Fifth Avenue bank, which closed its doors on Saturday, alleged on account of a groundless run in consequence of the Adair failure of Friday, now claim that the bank has been robbed extensively by its cashier, John A. Knight. He has not been arrested yet, but the directors have him shut up in the bank trying to make him tell what he has done with the money. The bank officers say that about \$50,000 is missing.

Wants Cushioned Chairs.

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 13.—Representative Hutchinson, of Columbiana county, Monday offered a resolution authorizing the third assistant sergeant-at-arms to have the chairs in the house cushioned at a cost not to exceed \$1.25 each. He wanted the resolution rushed through, but Palmer, of Cayahoga, thought the members could stand wooden bottoms another day or two and the resolution was referred to the finance committee.

A SOLUTION

Of the Present Difficulty Between England and America.

Clause to Be Attached to the Behring Sea Treaty Providing Arbitration

Of All Pending Questions Between the Two Countries by England—The British Cabinet Will Make Public the Material Documents on Venezuela Affairs.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—Mr. Henry Norman, the special commissioner of the London Daily Chronicle, calling to his paper before leaving Washington Sunday, says:

There is a simpler solution of the present difficulty and restoration of cordial relations between England and America than any I have suggested.

Why should not Lord Salisbury attach to the Behring sea arbitration treaty, which is about to be returned to the American government, a clause providing for the arbitration of all pending questions, and even of all future ones? Besides Venezuela and Canada there are the Alaska boundary, the eastern fisheries, and other questions causing discord. If he does this I am able to state that the administration will accept with pleasure the treaty so altered. This is a method of accomplishing everything with perfect honor and dignity to both parties.

Lord Salisbury would be wise to terminate the matter before Brazil decides arbitration of her end of the Schomburgk line, thus adding a new and difficult complication.

LONDON, Jan. 13.—In an editorial Monday the Standard says that the communications it publishes relative to the attitude to Germany and the Transvaal and the publication of the papers on the Venezuelan difficulty are all authoritative. It adds:

Urged by friendly public opinion in the United States to place before the world as soon as may be the British case as regards the controversy with Venezuela, the cabinet on Saturday decided to respond to this amicable invitation by publishing the material documents in its possession bearing thereon. Of far more interest to the English people than the problems to be faced in South Africa or the relations of this country with any other power are its relations with the United States, and we gladly take the opportunity of bearing testimony to the magnanimous attitude of the Americans toward us at a moment when a community less generous thought apparently that a favorable opportunity had arisen for adopting toward us a tone of insult, if not of menace. Instead of taking advantage of the augmentation of our anxieties and the temporary multiplication of our events, the American, with a spirit that does him honor and which is appreciated by us, have not only abstained from endeavoring to add to our perplexities, but, where they did not actually offer us their sympathy, they have maintained an honorable, courteous reserve. That is conduct worthy of them, and it has not unnaturally inspired the English government with a desire to meet our kinsfolk across the Atlantic in a friendly spirit. Lord Salisbury, as we announced before, has decided not to wait for a meeting of parliament, but will publish as soon as they can be got ready all the documents in his possession bearing upon the disputed boundary between British Guiana and Venezuela. As we have said, the attitude of the people of the United States during the past week has materially influenced the prime minister's decision, just as it has quickened the feeling of friendship entertained by Englishmen for those who speak their tongue and share their literature on the other side of the ocean. The maintenance of friendly relations with the United States must always be a consideration of the first importance for Great Britain. We say this to the American people with the absolute candor of deep seated cordiality.

The foregoing article is led throughout and is evidently inspired by the government.

Horrible Crime at Southampton, La.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 13.—A man named Pat Morrison and a Negro woman have been living together for some time on a flatboat in the vicinity of Southampton, disregarding all warnings to leave. About 1 o'clock Sunday morning a number of shots were heard in the direction of the boat, which was seen to be burning. About daylight it was found burned to the water's edge and the charred bodies of the couple found. A two-year-old child of the woman in some miraculous way escaped unhurt.

Hunter Chosen by the Republican Caucus.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Jan. 13.—The caucus of the republican members of the general assembly Saturday afternoon nominated W. Godfrey Hunter, of Cumberland county, to succeed Senator Blackburn. The opposition to him gave up the fight early Saturday morning. Congressman Evans returning to Washington, and Judge Holt and Hon. A. E. Wilson following later in the day in their determination not to go before the caucus.

Vessel Load of Spanish Troops Land.

HAVANA, Jan. 13.—The steamer Villaverde arrived Sunday loaded with troops from Manzanillo. The government is marching its forces in the rear of Gomez. It is reported that Jose Maceo has left Santiago and is moving west to meet Gomez.

CONDENSED NEWS

Gathered From All Parts of the Country by Telegraph.

The Italian government has prorogued parliament until the end of February.

The Western Union Central Cable office reports the Cuban land lines have been reopened, restoring telegraphic communications south of Havana.

Sixty members of the reform committee at Johannesburg are now under arrest. It is believed that only the five ringleaders will be detained.

The residence of ex-Mayor C. C. Barr, Lincoln, Neb., was badly damaged by fire Sunday evening and the furnishings ruined. The loss is \$20,000, fully insured.

The steamship LaChampagne which arrived Sunday brought 7,500,000 francs and the Aurania 11,500 pounds of gold consigned to various New York bankers and bullion brokers.

Three new naphtha springs yielding 60,000, 78,000 and 82,000 pools daily, have been discovered in the Caucasus near the Caspian sea. The springs are in a chasm 44 feet deep.

A dispatch to the Madrid Imparcial says that the rebels made an attack upon Managua and were repulsed. The insurgents have burned a great many suburban residences near the capital.

Homer S. Perry, a well-known authority on horse racing, died in New York Sunday night of heart disease and congestion of the lungs. Mr. Perry has been ailing for several days.

Mr. Gladstone has written to the press from Biarritz, France, expressing his grateful thanks to all those persons who congratulated him on the recent occasion of the 50th anniversary of his birth.

The Danish steamer Dania has arrived at Copenhagen from New Orleans after a fearfully rough passage, in the course of which she sustained extensive damage and three of her crew were washed overboard and drowned.

Great Britain has congratulated Portugal upon the capture of Gunguhana, the east African chief who has been hostile to the Portuguese for a long time, and upon the consolidation of Portuguese authority in the province of Mozambique.

The secretary of the interior has approved the classification of land made during the month of August, in the Coeur d'Alene, Idaho, land district, also the July and August classification made by the mineral land commissioner in the Helena, Mont., land district.

In the senate a bill to amend the act forfeiting railroad lands was reported back by Mr. McBride (rep. Ore.) and passed. It was explained as having no other effect than to require the fencing, improving and cultivating of such lands to be regarded as fulfilling the requirement of "possession."

THE MARKETS.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 13.

FLOUR—Spring patent, 3 1/2 @ 3.60; spring fancy, 3.00 @ 3.20; spring family, 2.25 @ 2.50; winter patent, 3.00 @ 3.10; fancy, 3.10 @ 3.20; family, 2.50 @ 2.60; extra, 2.25 @ 2.30; low grade, 2.00 @ 2.10.

WHEAT—No. 2 red, 68 @ 69 on track.

CORN—Sales: Mixed ear, track, 24 1/2; No. 3 mixed ear, track, 26; No. 2 yellow, track, 26; No. 2 mixed, track, 28; No. 3 mixed, track, 27 1/2.

OATS—Sales: No. 2 mixed, track, 20 1/2; No. 2 white (Illinois), track, 21 1/2; No. 3 mixed, track, 19 1/2.

CATTLE—Good shippers, 3.50 @ 3.75; choice, 4.25 @ 4.50; fair to medium, 3.00 @ 3.25; poor, 2.50 @ 2.75.

CALVES—Low and easy, fair to good light, 3.00 @ 3.25; extra, 3.00; common and large, 2.25 @ 2.40.

HOGS—Select heavy shippers, 3.75 @ 3.90; select butchers, 3.75; 3 1/2 good packers, 3.50 @ 3.75; fair to medium, 3.00 @ 3.25; common and rough, 2.50 @ 2.75.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Sheep—Extra, 3.25 @ 3.50; choice, 2.50 @ 2.75; common to fair, 2.00 @ 2.25.

WOOL—Unwashed: Fine merino, per lb., 8 @ 9; quarter blood clothing, 13 @ 14; medium delaine and clothing, 11 @ 12; coarse, 12 @ 14; medium combing, 10 @ 11; washed: Fine merino, X to XX, per lb., 13 @ 14; medium clothing, 10 @ 11; delaine, 8 @ 9; long combing, 11 @ 12; quarter blood and low, 10 @ 11.

NEW YORK, Jan. 13.

WHEAT—No. 2 red, February, 69 1/2; March, 69 1/4; May, 68 1/2 @ 69; 1-16; 1-16; July, 69 1/2 @ 69 1/4.

CORN—No. 2 May, 34 1/2 @ 35; 1-16; July, 35 1/2 @ 36; No. 2, 34 1/2 @ 35.

COY.—No. 2, February, 23 1/2; asked; May, 24 1/2; asked; western, 24 1/2 @ 25.

TOLEDO, O., Jan. 13.

WHEAT—No. 2 red, cash, 69 1/2; M. Y., 69 1/4; No. 3 red, cash, 69 1/4.

OATS—Nominal.

BUFFALO, Jan. 13.

CATTLE—Old cows, \$2.00 @ 2.25; fair to good bulls, 2.25 @ 2.50; veals lower at \$1.50 @ 1.75 for fat to prime.

HOGS—Medium and heavy, \$4.00; Yorkers, \$3.90 @ 4.00; pigs, \$3.95 @ 4.00.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Prime lambs, \$4.85 @ 5.10; good, \$4.45 @ 4.70; light to fair, \$3.85 @ 4.10; mixed sheep, good to choice, \$3.00 @ 3.25; extra, \$4.00 @ 4.30.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Jan. 13.

CATTLE—Receipts light, demand steady; market fair, prices are unchanged.

HOGS—Receipts heavy; market dull and lower; all grades, 3.75 @ 4.00.

SHEEP—Export weavers, \$3.50 @ 4.00; common to prime \$2.00 @ 2.75; lambs, \$3.00 @ 3.50; calves, \$2.50 @ 3.00.

CHICAGO, Jan. 13.

Calls on May wheat opened at 19 1/2, sold at 19 1/4, last price 19 1/2. Puts opened at 50, sold at 48 1/2, last price 49.

Calls on May corn opened at 28 1/2 @ 28 1/2, sold at 28 1/4, last price 28 1/2. Puts opened at 18 1/2 @ 18 1/2, sold at 18 1/4, last price 18 1/2.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 13.

WHEAT—No. 2 red spot and January, 67 1/4; southern, 66 3/4.

CORN—Mixed spot, 34 1/2 @ 35; February, 34 1/2 @ 35; steamer mixed, 34 1/2 @ 35; southern, 34 1/2 @ 35.

OATS—No. 2 white western, 24 1/2 @ 25; No. 2 mixed, 24 1/2 @ 25.

RYE—No. 2, 40 for western.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Jan. 13.

CATTLE—Good to choice steers, 3.00 @ 3.15; medium, 2.75 @ 2.85; common, 2.50 @ 2.60.

HOGS—Good to choice medium and heavy, \$4.00 @ 4.20; mixed and heavy, \$3.75 @ 3.85; common lights, \$3.75 @ 3.85.

SHEEP—Good to choice lambs, \$4.25 @ 4.50; common, \$3.75 @ 4.00; good to choice, \$3.25 @ 3.50.



A cream of tartar Baking Powder. Highest of all in leavening strength—Largest United States Government Food Report.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., N. Y.

SUFFOCATED.

A Chicago Man Kills Himself, Wife and Five Children.

Despondency Over Money Matters Probably Prompted the Deed.

The Crime Was Accomplished by Turning on Every Gas Jet in the House—The Cracks of the Doors and Windows Were Plugged Up With Cotton.

CHICAGO, Jan. 13.—Police Officer Gibbons, of North Side, received a letter Monday morning from Peter Houghgaard, of Englewood, informing him that by the time it was received the writer would be dead. Officer Gibbons at once communicated with the police station at Englewood, and an officer was sent to Houghgaard's house, where he found the dead bodies of Houghgaard, his wife and five children, who had been asphyxiated by gas. Houghgaard was a milk dealer and was believed to be in comfortable circumstances. No motive for the crime has yet been ascertained.

The dead are Peter Houghgaard, Mrs. Houghgaard, Jennie Houghgaard, Olga Houghgaard, Maud Houghgaard, Hans Houghgaard, Stella Houghgaard. The bodies of Houghgaard, his wife and 1-year-old child were found in one room; in an adjoining room was found the body of an 11-year-old girl, and in another room the corpses of the three remaining children. The jets of every gas fixture in the house had been turned on and the cracks of the windows and doors had been plugged with cotton. Death had evidently overtaken every member of the family except the father while they slept.

Friends of Houghgaard say that in a business transaction a year ago he took several notes which have long since fallen due, but were never paid and it is thought that this may have caused his despondency.

Breitenstein Withdraws From the National League.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 13.—Theodore Breitenstein, the crack pitcher of the St. Louis baseball team, has withdrawn from the employ of President Von Der Ahe, and declares that he will abandon the National league. Sunday night Breitenstein signed a contract with Manager Havill, of the Chester Grays, of the Southern Illinois league, and will play with that team during the coming season. The terms of contract are not made public, but as an additional inducement to join the Chesters Breitenstein has been offered a co-partnership in a saloon and billiard hall in that city.

A Large New York Delegation.

NEW YORK, Jan. 13.—New York will be represented before the democratic national committee at Washington next Thursday by a larger delegation than any other. The delegates will represent the hotels, the board of trade, the business men of the city, and Tammany Hall, the only democratic organization of the city. They will all work in harmony to secure the convention. They have a guarantee fund of more than \$50,000, which is regarded as ample to pay all expenses. District Attorney John R. Feltus has been selected to make the principal speech for New York.

The Flying Squadron Ready.

LONDON, Jan. 13.—A dispatch from Portsmouth to the Pall Mall Gazette says that the channel squadron is now ready for sea. The vessels comprising the squadron have provisions on board sufficient to last six months. The ships will assemble at Portland at the end of the week to receive final orders. The ships of the new flying squadron are nearly ready for sea. A large force of men worked upon them all day Sunday fitting them out and the work is almost complete. It is not yet known when the squadron will sail or what is its destination.

Nominations Sent to the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—The president Monday sent the senate the following nominations: J. A. Marshall, of Utah, to be United States district judge for the district of Utah; J. W. Judd, of Utah, to be attorney for the United States for the district of Utah; M. M. Brigham, of Utah, to be marshal of the United States for the district of Utah. First Assistant Engineer C. H. Foote, of Pennsylvania, to be a chief engineer in the revenue cutter service; also a number of minor army promotions.

Indicted on a Singular Charge.

DULUTH, Minn., Jan. 13.—Wm. Craig, general manager of the Duluth Gas & Water Co., has been indicted by the grand jury for causing the typhoid epidemic and is under arrest.

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

B. & O. S. W. DEPART—6:00 a. m., 10:40 a. m., 2:00 p. m., 4:55 p. m., 7:00 p. m., 11:25 p. m. ARRIVE—3:05 a. m., 8:10 a. m., 12:25 p. m., 4:35 p. m., 6:40 p. m., 8:55 p. m.

T. & O. C. EX. LEAVE—3:00 p. m., 9:00 a. m., 4:00 a. m. ARRIVE—12:20, 7:30 p. m., 7:45 a. m.

C. & M. LEAVE—6:25 a. m., 2:45 p. m. ARRIVE—11:15 a. m., 7:05 p. m.

Z. & O. LEAVE—6:20 a. m., 2:40 p. m. ARRIVE—10:40 a. m., 6:55 p. m.

O. R. R. R. (Eastern Time) SOUTH—10:25, 2:00 a. m., 7:00 p. m. NORTH—11:15 p. m., 3:40, 7:25 a. m.

PANTS!

Pay attention to this advertisement, it will pay all of you that need a cheap pair of pants. We have

205 Pair

Actual count that are worth from \$1 to \$5 per pair. This lot of Pants must be closed out and we are going to sell them at

Half Price,

From 50c to \$2.50 a pair.

Star Clothing House.

LOST: Thought to be lost on Fifth street a plain gold oval ring, 18 karat, a small size, value \$5.00. The finder will receive a liberal reward by leaving it at the Star Clothing House.

Co-operation With the Allied Powers. WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—Mr. Morse (rep. Mass.) offered a resolution in the house instructing the committee on foreign affairs to inquire into the expediency of reporting to the house an expression of this government in regard to the Armenian outrages and looking to the co-operation of the allied powers to "wipe the Turkish government off the face of the earth." It was referred to the committee on foreign affairs. The day was then given over to business pertaining to the District of Columbia.

Ship Canal Bill Introduced. WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—Mr. Dalzell (rep. Pa.) Monday introduced a bill in the house incorporating the Lake Erie and Ohio River Ship Canal Co. with power to connect Lake Erie and the Ohio river by canal. The proposed waterway is to begin at a point near Pittsburgh and end near Warren, Ohio. The bill names Andrew Carnegie and some 20 others as incorporators.

Maher Will Not Train in Texas. EL PASO, Tex., Jan. 13.—Peter Maher finally decides not to train in Texas to avoid possible complications, as goes to Las Cruces, New Mexico, 40 miles north of El Paso, where Murray has quarters for him. When Julian returns Quinn and he will choose a referee.

The Work of a Friend. CINCINNATI, Jan. 13.—Frank Coleman, a dish-washer at the Galt House, threw a can of concentrated lye in the face of Frank Maciewsky, the proprietor, the well known light-weight pugilist and sparrer. Both eyes were burned out and his face frightfully burned. The two had some words over a trivial matter and Coleman secreted himself behind a door with the lye when he knew Maciewsky would pass.

Alleged Defaulter Captured. FINDLAY, O., Jan. 13.—A detective reached here Sunday night having in custody Thomas C. Dunn, ex-justice of the peace and defaulter secretary of the North Side Building and Loan association.

Several Americans Arrested at Johannesburg. PHOENIX, Jan. 13.—Among the persons arrested at Johannesburg are J. S. Curtis, an American engineer, and several other Americans whose names are not given in the dispatches from there. The government has obtained a temporary interdict against the transfer of bank balances and real property.