

MARIETTA DAILY LEADER

ESTABLISHED 1861.
 GEORGE M. COOKE, EDITOR.
 JOHN W. LANSLEY, ASSOCIATE.
 Published every day except Sunday, at the
 Leader Building, Main Street and
 Muskingum Avenue.

TELEPHONE. No. 3

We will consider it a great favor if
 subscribers will report any failure
 to get their Leader, or any carelessness
 on the part of the carrier.

Subscribers will please not pay
 the carriers unless the carrier
 punches his credit tag in subscriber's
 presence.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 14, 1896

For President,
 WILLIAM MCKINLEY,
 Of the United States.
 For Vice-President,
 GARRETT A. HOBART,
 Of New Jersey.

Republican State Ticket.
 For Secretary of State,
 CHARLES KINNEY, of Scioto Co.
 For Judge of the Supreme Court,
 MARSHALL J. WILLIAMS, of Fayette Co.
 For Food and Dairy Commissioner,
 JOSEPH E. BLACKBURN, of Belmont Co.
 For Member Board of Public Works,
 FRANK A. HUFFMAN, of Van Wert Co.

Congressional Ticket.
 For Congress, 15th District,
 H. C. VAN VOORHIS, of Muskingum Co.

County Ticket.
 For Probate Judge,
 D. R. ROOD, of Belpre.
 For Sheriff,
 JOHN S. MCCALLISTER, Fourth Ward.
 For Auditor,
 W. A. PATTERSON, of Watertown.
 For Recorder,
 JOHN W. ATHEY, Marietta Townships.
 For Commissioner,
 JOHN RANDOLPH, Wesley Township.
 For Inspectors,
 WM. SCHNAUFER, Newport Township.

The Republican Party stands
 for honest money and the chance
 to earn it by honest toil.

WILLIAM MCKINLEY.

ILLUSTRATES IT EXACTLY.

An Object Lesson on the Value of Silver
 Dollars.

The Santa Fe system has a branch
 line which runs from Rincon, New Mexico,
 to Guaymas, Old Mexico. The com-
 pany pays its section hands in both
 countries at the uniform rate of \$1 a
 day. But its American sections are
 twice as expensive to maintain as its
 Mexican sections. Why? When the
 paymaster starts out on his monthly
 rounds he puts, we will say, \$1,500 in
 United States money in his box. One
 thousand dollars of this money he pays
 to 1,000 American laborers in New Mexico
 and Arizona. When he crosses the
 Mexican boundary he changes the re-
 maining \$500 into 1,000 Mexican dollars,
 with which he pays 1,000 Mexican laborers.
 On Sundays the men frequently
 cross the line. When the Mexican comes
 over to Arizona he finds that the dollar
 which he received for a day's work is
 only 50 cents in "spending money." On
 the other hand, when his fellow-laborer
 from the states crosses the line he re-
 ceives two Mexican dollars for his one
 dollar of Uncle Sam's money. This is
 because the American silver dollar is
 sustained at its face value with gold.

Some Facts About Money.

1. Money as a standard of value is an international, and not local or merely national, factor.
2. Cheap money will always drive good money out of circulation, and thus contract the currency.
3. A fixed standard is required to measure value.
4. Gold money is of automatic issue. No one determines the limit of issue.
5. Fiat money is simply a forced loan. It is government money, and its value is alone determined by the proportion of its volume to the credit of the issuing government.
6. The words "cheap" and "dear" mean nothing without a standard of comparison.
7. Panics are caused by the overvaluation of property and commodities and by general extravagance, and not by the so-called variation in supply of money. In 1893 and 1894 money was more plentiful than ever before. In 1873 the net deposits in our national banks were \$678,400,000; in 1894 they were \$2,919,800,000. The deposits in the savings institutions of the country in 1893 were \$1,024,856,787; in 1894 they were about \$2,000,000,000.
8. Business depressions how much money a country needs. What we now need is an increase in the volume of business and not in the volume of money.—New York Mail and Express.

What Free Silver Means.

The attention of the silverites is called to the five following propositions and to those who think that free silver means the larger use of both metals the study of the third proposition is especially commended:

- First.—That there is not a free coinage country in the world today that is not on a silver basis.
- Second.—That there is not a gold standard country in the world today that does not use silver as money along with gold.
- Third.—That there is not a silver standard country in the world today that uses any gold as money along with silver.
- Fourth.—That there is not a silver standard country in the world today that has more than one-third as much money in circulation per capita as the United States has; and
- Fifth.—That there is not a silver standard country in this world today where the laboring man receives fair pay for his day's work.

A Good Thing to Remember.

What the workingman wants above all things today is a greater demand for labor, that he may receive better wages and buy more of the necessities and luxuries of life.

AN OLD LEADER

Bourke Cochran Denounces the
 Democratic Platform.

IT IS A QUESTION OF MORALS

As Well as of Patriotism—He Regards
 the Situation as the Gravest in the
 History of the Country, Exceeding in
 Importance the Crisis of 1860—He Ad-
 vises Democrats to Support the Mc-
 Kinley Electors.

Bourke Cochran, the eloquent Tam-
 many Democrat of New York, whose
 speech in opposition to Cleveland's nom-
 ination in 1892 made his name a house-
 hold word in this country, has been in-
 terviewed as to the action of the national
 Democratic convention. Speaking of
 the situation he said:

"I regard it as the gravest in the his-
 tory of the country, exceeding in im-
 portance the crisis of 1860. The seces-
 sion movement was but an attempt to
 divide this country between two gov-
 ernments, each of them designed to
 protect property within the limits of its
 jurisdiction. The movement launched
 at Chicago is an attempt to paralyze in-
 dustry by using all the powers of gov-
 ernment to take property from the
 hands of those who created it and place
 it in the hands of those who covet it.
 This is a question of morals as well as
 politics. No political convention can
 issue a valid license to commit offenses
 against morality, and I decline to follow
 Mr. Bryan in a crusade against honesty
 and the rights of labor."

"Do you mean that you will actively
 oppose the Democratic party or abstain
 from active support of it?"
 "In a contest for the existence of civ-
 ilization no man can remain neutral.
 Whoever does not support the forces of
 order, aids the forces of disorder. If I
 can do anything to thwart a movement,
 the success of which I should regard as
 an irreparable calamity not only to this
 country, but to civilized society every-
 where, I shall certainly do it."

"What do you think of Tammany's
 action in endorsing the ticket?"
 "I simply can't understand it. They
 strongly opposed the platform at Chi-
 cago on the ground that it was an assault
 on the integrity of the nation. They
 decline to ratify it even now, which
 shows that they have not changed their
 opinion of it. Yet they have endorsed
 the candidate who stands upon it, and
 whose election will mean that the plat-
 form which they themselves denounce as
 a singular combination of lunacy and
 villainy shall be incorporated into the
 statute laws of this country."

"Will you support Major McKinley
 outright, or do you favor the nomina-
 tion of another Democratic ticket?"
 "I believe that all Democrats who are
 so thoroughly in favor of sound money
 that they place the defense of Bryan
 above the interests of any organization,
 or party, should meet in convention for
 the purpose of considering the form and
 method by which they can give the
 greatest efficiency to their opposition.
 For my part, I do not believe that the
 nomination of other candidates for pres-
 ident and vice president, however em-
 inent and deserving they may be person-
 ally or politically, would serve any use-
 ful purpose. Nobody believes that they
 would be elected, and any Democrat
 whose hostility to Populism and Republi-
 canism would not allow him to support
 either Bryan or McKinley could show
 his opposition to both by remaining at
 home on election day quite as well as by
 voting for a third ticket. It would be
 more convenient to himself individually
 and would not create a visible separa-
 tion between himself and his party or
 organization."

"But how can men rupturing party
 ties be sustained by some sense of asso-
 ciation among themselves?"

"That could be attained by the
 adoption of a platform declaring for
 sound money; against extravagance and
 profligacy; in favor of economical
 administration in every department of
 government; in favor of a tariff for re-
 venue only, and ample for the purpose;
 against the paternalism of the Republi-
 can party and the Populist socialism of
 both the Chicago and St. Louis con-
 ventions; in favor of that American lib-
 erty which can be maintained by solim-
 iting the power of the government that
 it can never interfere with the daily
 concerns of law-abiding citizens. The
 plank of pressing importance in such a
 platform is, of course, the currency
 plank. Now, the mere election of Mc-
 Kinley will be the defeat of the silver
 movement."

"Your obvious policy, then, would be
 to endorse the McKinley electors?"

"Precisely. The Democrats who will
 have achieved the success of their finan-
 cial plank by the election of McKinley
 will yet constitute an opposition to the
 Republican party the day after the elec-
 tion, based on principles which are cer-
 tainly to be ultimately adopted by the
 American people. What is needed,
 therefore, is not a new ticket, but a new
 platform which will declare in unmis-
 takeable language the cardinal features
 of the party faith, and which, while in-
 dorsing McKinley electors, will provide
 for a really Democratic opposition to the
 McKinley administration during the
 period of its existence."

"What is your opinion of the ulti-
 mate outlook?"

"Everything depends on the manner
 in which it is waged. To my mind there
 is but one test of prosperity which can
 be applied to a country, and that is the
 rate of wages paid to labor. There can
 be no prosperity where low wages are
 paid. There can be no distress where
 the rate of wages is high. It can be
 easily demonstrated that this whole free
 silver movement is a conspiracy against
 wages, and if the campaign is fought
 on this line I have no doubt that every
 northern state—that is to say, every
 state in the Union in which it is practi-
 cable to hold a free election—will be
 carried by the intelligence and morality
 of the American people against the
 monstrous propositions submitted to
 them by the convention which nomi-
 nated Mr. Bryan for the presidency."

Exchanges.

Your dollars are now as good as gold,
 and it costs you to send a pound (£1) to
 the old country about \$4.

If Bryan is elected and we have free
 coinage of silver at 16 to 1, your dollars
 will only be worth 58 cents, and to send
 a pound (£1) will cost you about \$6.43.

Beverly-Watertown.

Dr. S. G. Adair was called by tele-
 gram Wednesday to the bedside of his
 brother, who is sick at Amesville. The
 Dr. started at once by buggy.

Miss Carrie Sheldon is visiting friends
 at Zanesville this week.

Quite a number of our rural teachers
 are attending the Normal Institute at
 Marietta. Prof. Joseph of that In-
 stitution came up Saturday, returning
 Monday morning.

The Harvest Home Picnic at Water-
 town was not as well attended this
 year, the officers failing to advertise or
 make an effort to secure a crowd as
 heretofore.

J. O. Cullen is erecting a pair of new
 scales near the Z. & O. R. Station.

Brooks Wolcott of Watertown came
 down on his wheel and visited L. Rey-
 nolds Saturday evening.

Will Hoge is at home for a few days
 vacation before the music season be-
 gins.

Mrs. Mary Townsend, of New York,
 is visiting her father, Oliver Tucker, at
 present.

The third Harvest Home Picnic will
 be held at Crooked Tree Saturday.

C. Stewart & Co. ran a whiptock
 through their thrasher Tuesday and
 are now laid up for repairs.

The Steamer Lorena took on quite a
 large amount of freight at Watertown
 Tuesday night for Pittsburg.

Last year at this time chickens could
 not be sold in this market, but now
 buyers are anxious enough to send out
 wagons to bring them in.

Nice peaches are 30 cents, potatoes
 20 cents, eggs 8 cents and butter 10 cents
 per pound at Beverly this week.

The money question is being con-
 stantly argued on our streets by the
 voters. Free Coinage of Silver, a mere
 political bubble, which will be exploded
 November next, forms the basis of
 argument. We are inclined to believe
 that the Free Coinage sentiment at
 present is on the decline.

Thirty houses for rent in Beverly at
 this time and no renters. No Manu-
 factures is the cause.

There was some talk of building a
 grist mill at Watertown this fall, but it
 seems that it has fallen through, as
 we have not heard it discussed lately.

C. E. Vaughn & Co. are putting the
 finishing touches on their new ware-
 house this week.

A. Becket is repairing his engine,
 which rolled down Stony Run Hill and
 was wrecked a few days ago.

A. W. Humphrey is setting poles for
 the street lighting plant. The Dyna-
 mo is in position.

H. A. Staley, Alex Jackson and Alex
 Clark, three of oldest citizens, are very
 sick, the first named confined to his
 bed.

Several of the pipe-line hands came
 to town last night and filled up on bad
 whiskey and made things lively on
 Canal street for a while. One lost his
 false teeth in the "Jamboree."

The melon crop here is well nigh a
 failure this year. The few on the mar-
 ket are tasteless and of an inferior size.

H. Drake, of Flint Run, is having a
 siege of flux in his family of small chil-
 dren. None have died, but two or
 three are very sick.

Arthur Gray has purchased the Dick-
 erson farm on Haywards Run and will
 take possession this fall.

Lizzie Dipple returned Saturday from
 a month's visit among relatives at Lower
 Salem.

The new oil wells at Pattins Mills
 have stirred up quite an excitement in
 that neighborhood. The Shinn well is
 good for ten barrels and the Zumbro
 shows up for twenty barrels.

J. B. Day, of Watertown, is quite ill
 of typhoid fever.

Campmeeting is in progress at the
 Fair Grounds, but is not very well
 attended. The people have been hum-
 bugged by the colored people so much
 that they cannot be induced to attend
 meeting of the "camp" variety.

C. F. S.

Communicated.

EDITOR DAILY LEADER:

We wish to ask your advice in regard
 to the wheelmen of this city. It is be-
 coming almost impossible for the peo-
 ple to walk on the sidewalks. We and
 many others have been compelled to
 get off of the sidewalks to allow wheel-
 men to pass. The ladies will get three
 or four abreast, and will not give way,
 so the people walking must get out of
 the way or be run down. Also, they
 don't use lanterns. Not more than one
 in five has a light at night.

Is there no law for the people who
 walk and pay for the sidewalks?

Ten of the Leader's subscribers have
 concluded to ask your advice in this
 matter, and if needed will raise a fund
 to see what the law will do for the
 walking people of this city.

READERS OF THE LEADER.

P. S. We mean what we say.

Old People.

Old people who require medicine to
 regulate the bowels and kidneys will
 find the true remedy in Electric Bit-
 ters. This medicine does not stimulate
 and contains no whiskey or other in-
 toxicant, but acts as a tonic and altera-
 tive. It acts mildly on the stomach
 and bowels, adding strength and giv-
 ing tone to the organs, thereby aiding
 Nature in the performance of the func-
 tions. Electric Bitters is an excellent
 appetizer and aids digestion. Old peo-
 ple find it just exactly what they need.
 Price fifty cents and \$1.00 per bottle at
 W. H. Styer's Drug Store.

GOLD OR SILVER.

What Countries Have the Gold and
 What the Silver Standard.

The standard of values in different
 nations is as follows:

Gold Standard.	Silver Standard.
United Kingdom,	Mexico,
France,	Russia,
Germany,	Central American states,
Belgium,	South American states,
Italy,	Japan,
Switzerland,	India,
Greece,	China,
Spain,	Straits settlements,
Romania,	
Portugal,	
Servia,	
Austria-Hungary,	
Netherlands,	
Canada,	
Norway,	
Sweden,	
Denmark,	
Turkey,	
Australia,	
Egypt,	
Cuba,	
Bulgaria,	
United States,	

The free silver advocates claim that
 silver is the money of civilization.
 Which represents the higher civiliza-
 tion, the better business or labor condi-
 tions—the 24 nations using gold or the
 eight using silver?—Philadelphia Press.

League Games.

Chicago.....0
 Cincinnati.....7

First game.
 Baltimore.....2
 Brooklyn.....5

Second game.
 Baltimore.....19
 Brooklyn.....3

Philadelphia.....7
 Washington.....5

New York.....10
 Boston.....7

W L Pr.
 Baltimore.....64.....29.....688
 Cincinnati.....66.....30.....688

Cleveland.....58.....34.....630
 Chicago.....57.....41.....582

Pittsburg.....52.....41.....559
 Boston.....49.....50.....533

Philadelphia.....42.....50.....457
 Brooklyn.....43.....51.....456

New York.....40.....55.....421
 Washington.....35.....56.....385

St. Louis.....29.....64.....312
 Louisville.....23.....67.....256

Excursion to Beverly.

The Z. & O. R. will run an excursion
 to Beverly Sunday, Aug. 16th, account
 of Union Camp Meeting. Special train
 will leave Marietta at 7:30 a. m.

Thousands of Women

SUFFER UNTOLD MISERIES.

BRADFIELD'S

FEMALE

REGULATOR,

ACTS AS A SPECIFIC

By Arousing to Healthy Action all her Organs.

It causes health to bloom, and
 joy to reign throughout the frame.

... It Never Fails to Regulate ...

"My wife has been under treatment of lead-
 ing physicians three years, without benefit.
 After using three bottles of BRADFIELD'S
 FEMALE REGULATOR she can do her own
 cooking, milking, and all her household
 duties."
 N. S. BRYAN, Henderson, Ala.
 BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.
 Sold by druggists at \$1.00 per bottle.

AN ORDINANCE.

TO IMPROVE FRANKLIN STREET IN THE
 CITY OF MARIETTA, OHIO, FROM THE
 NORTHERLY LINE OF KNOX STREET
 TO THE NORTHERLY LINE OF LAN-
 CASTER STREET.

Be it resolved by the City Council of the City
 of Marietta, Ohio, two-thirds of the whole num-
 ber of members thereof, that it is nec-
 essary that certain streets in the city of
 Marietta, Ohio, from the northerly line of
 Knox street to the northerly line of Lancaster
 street, by excavating, grading, preparing founda-
 tions, constructing a curb on each side of
 the roadway, in accordance with the plans,
 profiles and specifications on file in the office
 of the Engineer of said city.

The cost and expense of said improvement,
 less the cost and expense of so much of said
 improvement as may be included in the cross-
 ties and intersections of said improvement
 with the streets and alleys crossing the same
 or intersecting therewith and less one-fifth
 of the entire cost and expense thereof, shall
 be assessed per front foot upon the lots and
 lands abutting thereon; said assessment shall
 be payable in twenty semi-annual installments
 and bonds shall be issued in anticipation of
 collection thereof.

That the city clerk be and he is hereby di-
 rected to cause this resolution to be published
 for three consecutive weeks in some newspaper
 published and of general circulation in said
 city and that he is hereby authorized to
 serve, in a manner provided by law for the
 service of summons in civil actions, written
 notice of the passage of this resolution upon
 the owners of the property abutting upon said
 improvement or upon the persons respectively
 in whose names respectively, such abutting
 property may be assessed for taxation, upon
 the tax duplicate, who are residents of Wash-
 ington county, Ohio, as required by law.
 Passed August 11th, 1896.
 S. J. HATHAWAY,
 President of city council.
 CARL BECKER, city clerk.
 August 14, 1896-11.

AN ORDINANCE

TO REGULATE THE USE OF THE DRAW-
 SPAN OF THE PUTNAM STREET BRIDGE
 IN THE CITY OF MARIETTA.

Section 1. Be it ordained by the City Coun-
 cil of the City of Marietta, that whenever any
 boat, vessel or other watercraft, shall pass
 through the drawspan of the free bridge, on the
 east side of the Muskingum River, in said
 city, no unnecessary delay will be allowed and
 no hindrance to travel on said bridge will be
 permitted longer than is absolutely necessary,
 and it shall be unlawful for any boat, vessel
 or other watercraft, to make a landing or to
 receive or discharge any passengers or freight
 of any kind whatever, while such boat, vessel
 or other watercraft shall be passing through
 said drawspan of said bridge and said draw-
 span shall remain open long enough to permit
 the passage of such boat, vessel or other water-
 craft, through the same and no longer.

Section 2. That the Mate, Master or other
 person in charge of any boat, vessel or other
 watercraft, who shall violate any of the pro-
 visions of this ordinance, so as to stop or ob-
 struct travel, or in any way hinder or annoy
 the citizens of said city in the free transit and
 use of said bridge, except as herein provided,
 shall be deemed guilty of misdemeanor, and
 upon conviction thereof shall be in any sum
 not exceeding fifty dollars, and for the second
 offense be imprisoned not to exceed ten days
 or both fined and imprisoned, at the discretion
 of the Mayor.

Section 3. This ordinance shall take effect
 and be in force from and after its passage and
 legal publication.
 Passed August 11th, 1896.
 S. J. HATHAWAY,
 President of city council.
 CARL BECKER, city clerk.
 August 14, 1896-11.

New Goods

Received almost every day.
 Men's, Youths', Boys' and Chil-
 dren's Suits, all colors, styles, sizes and
 prices; Shirts, nobby styles way down prices;
 Hats, a full line of all the very latest shapes, our prices
 always the lowest; an elegant line of Neckwear, all colors to
 suit all tastes; you have no idea what a fine Tie can be bought
 now for 25c. Closed out from manufacturer for cash a big
 lot of Men's Suits formerly sold for 8, 10 and \$12, we can sell
 this lot at 5, 7 and \$9. No lot is too big for us to buy if the
 price is right. No matter what you need in our line, if it's
 only a collar button, we want to serve you. No trouble to
 show goods and remember we GUARANTEE our prices AL-
 WAYS the VERY LOWEST.

S. R. Van Metre & Co.,
 The Old Reliable Cash Clothiers.

Chicago.....0
 Cincinnati.....7

First game.
 Baltimore.....2
 Brooklyn.....5

Second game.
 Baltimore.....19
 Brooklyn.....3

Philadelphia.....7
 Washington.....5

New York.....10
 Boston.....7

W L Pr.
 Baltimore.....64.....29.....688
 Cincinnati.....66.....30.....688

Cleveland.....58.....34.....630
 Chicago.....57.....41.....582

Pittsburg.....52.....41.....559
 Boston.....49.....50.....533

Philadelphia.....42.....50.....457
 Brooklyn.....43.....51.....456

New York.....40.....55.....421
 Washington.....35.....56.....385