

PUBLIC TRIAL

To be Accorded to Revolutionists in Constantinople

Who Were Arrested in Connection With the Recent Disturbances

Upon Charges of Pillaging and Killing Peaceful People—Severe Penalties are to be Imposed Upon Those Found Guilty of the Charges Made.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 4.—The porte has informed the various foreign representatives that the trials of the revolutionists arrested in connection with the recent disturbances upon charges of pillaging and killing peaceful people will be begun without delay, and that the most severe penalties will be imposed upon those found guilty.

The police officials who failed to put a stop to the massacres and pillaging will also receive exemplary punishment. The porte has appointed an extraordinary tribunal to try the prisoners, the sittings of which will be public. This court met for the first time Friday. One hundred and forty-three indictments have been found, the indicted prisoners including both Moslems and Armenians.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 4.—The Turkish legation has received upon Thursday's date the following dispatch from the sublime porte:

"The imperial authorities handed to the government attorneys all documents in connection with criminal acts of both Christians and Mussulmans. The Armenian anarchists threw bombs on the troops passing through Galata. One officer and a few soldiers were killed. Since then, however, no further criminal acts were committed and order prevails in the capital and provinces of the empire."

To Relieve Short Service Men.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 4.—The navy department has made arrangements to relieve the short service men on the South Atlantic station. The Castine will visit the various ships on the station and take from them the men who have but a short time to serve, replacing them with "long service" men from her crew. She will bring the men to Norfolk, take on a new crew and return to the South Atlantic.

Children Suffocated in a Fire.

CHADRON, Neb., Sept. 4.—The two children of Assistant Postmaster Donnelly, aged four years and 14 months, were suffocated to death by a fire in the family residence early Thursday morning. The parents narrowly escaped. There is little doubt but that the fire was of incendiary origin.

To Stem the Falls of Niagara

Would be an easier task than to check the tide of universal confidence and ever-swelling public patronage bestowed upon

"THE BUCKEYE."

We give our verbal assurance

for the most satisfactory values

or to refund your money.

We have secured the public confidence by deserving it. We retain it by a display of practical appreciation.

School will soon commence and the boys will have to have an outfit. We call your attention to our Boys' and Children's Department, which is now complete with all the latest Fall Styles in Boys' and Children's Clothing.

BOYS' LONG PANT SUITS.

Boys' Long Pant Suits, good substantial dark grey and mixed cassimeres, sizes 13 to 19 **\$3.50**

Boys' Long Pant Suits, elegantly made in strictly all-wool chevots and cassimeres, blue, black and fancy, sizes 13 to 19 **\$5.00**

GET "IN IT"

—WITH A—

"GOTHAM."

The Latest Thing in the Way of Headgear.

IT'S A PEACH!

Children's all-wool suits in Reefers and Juniors, big sailor collars and heavily braided, Latest Fall Fashions, **\$3.75**

The Buckeye.

Clothiers, Hatters and Furnishers,

Cor. Front and Butler sts., Old P. O. Building
MARIETTA, OHIO.

CENTRAL STREET RAILWAY CO.

Of Columbus, O., Goes Into the Hands of a Receiver at the Instance of Bondholders.

COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 4.—The Columbus Central Street Railway Co., went into the hands of George H. Worthington, of Cleveland, as receiver Friday morning. The company is capitalized at a million and a half dollars and is bonded for that amount. It has \$175,000 in notes and open accounts and \$150,000 due to its president, John J. Shepherd, of Cleveland, as liabilities. The company owns a suburban resort and depends largely upon this traffic for its income. The rainy season cut off this income this year and rendered the company unable to meet its obligations to small claimants. These became persistent and the action taken is at the instance of the bondholders, who are determined to preserve the property. The directors found it impossible to borrow money.

Money in the United States.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 4.—The treasury circulation statement shows that on September 1, all kinds of money in the United States, outside of what is held in the treasury, aggregated \$1,539,169,634, or \$21.48 per capita on an estimated population of 71,645,000. As compared with September 1, 1895, the circulation shows a decrease of \$64,418,394. During the month of August, however, the circulation shows an increase of \$34,266,492, made up largely from the treasury loss of gold.

Their Twentieth Annual Reunion.

CENTERVILLE, Ind., Sept. 4.—The 20th annual reunion of the One-hundred-and-twenty-fourth regiment, Indiana volunteers, closed Thursday afternoon with a two days' meeting. Eighty of the veterans answered the roll call. The camp fire Tuesday night was the great feature. The W. R. C. entertained the veterans and their friends at dinner. Winchester was selected as the place to hold their reunion in 1897.

Satoli Preparing to Return to Rome.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 4.—Cardinal Satoli is preparing to return to Rome upon the arrival of his successor, Archbishop Martinelli, the date of whose arrival in this country is uncertain. The cardinal had arranged to sail early in October, but has postponed his departure until more definite information as to his successor is received.

Taken Back to Delphi.

BRAZIL, Ind., Sept. 4.—Dr. Wickliffe Smith, of Delphi, Friday morning identified as his the fine gold watch and diamond stud found in the possession of James Norton. Considerable silverware was stolen as well. Norton refused to make any statement. He was taken to Delphi by Marshal McCain, of that place.

PUBLIC CAREER

Of the Sound Money Democratic Nominees.

Senator Palmer Won a Major General Star During the Late War,

Was Elected United States Senator in 1890—Gen. Buckner Served Through the Mexican War—During the Rebellion He Was a Confederate General.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Sept. 4.—John McAuley Palmer was born in Scott county, Kentucky, September 15, 1817. In 1831 he removed with his father to Illinois, and afterward going to Alton college for a short time. There he taught school. In 1839 he walked to Carlinville, where his brother Elihu was preaching to a Baptist congregation. He entered the law office of John L. Greathouse, at that time the leading attorney of Macoupin county. He studied hard, but in less than two months was deeply involved in local politics, and the upshot of it all was that he became the democratic candidate for county clerk and was beaten by a 121 majority. Years afterward Palmer was again a candidate and was elected. In December, 1839, he was admitted to the bar, after an examination by Stephen A. Douglass and John Young Scammon. The night after his admission Palmer attended a whig meeting at Springfield and heard Abraham Lincoln make a speech. The next day he was introduced to Lincoln, and then began a friendship that lasted all Lincoln's life, though they were often bitterly opposed to each other politically. In 1841 Palmer married Melinda Ann Neely, the belle of Macoupin county. In succeeding years he held numerous political offices, including that of probate judge and county judge of Macoupin county.

Gen. Palmer's military record was brilliant and extended, ending with his resignation as military governor of Kentucky, February 19, 1866. He abandoned his law office at the first call of troops, and entered the service as colonel of the 14th Illinois. He won his major-general stars by distinguished action at Stone River. In 1862 he was the republican candidate for governor against his own protest. In 1872 he refused a nomination. He said: "I do not believe that President Grant should be re-elected, and will not say so; nor will I consent to canvass for the state to promote his reelection, unless the candidate that may be placed in the field against him is more objectionable."

One of the leading causes of Mr. Palmer's opposition to Grant was because the president had permitted Gen. Sheridan to use four companies of United States soldiers as police after the great fire in Chicago, thus reflecting upon the ability of the state to handle money, and so Mr. Palmer "went off after Greeley." In 1874, when the liberal and democratic parties in Illinois were fused, Gov. Palmer became a recognized democratic leader, and was at once the champion of hard money, urging the adoption of a hard money platform in the coming state convention. On August 23 the convention met and Gov. Palmer was made chairman, and in a powerful speech he advocated his views. A model hard money and states rights platform was the result and the party went before the people. But the independent and prohibition vote of 75,000 stepped in between and gave the republicans a plurality of 34,839.

Simon Bolivar Buckner was a democrat and was elected to the state senate by that party in 1877. In 1880 he was elected United States senator from Illinois, which position he held till 1883. Simon Bolivar Buckner was born in Hart county, Kentucky, in April, 1813. He was graduated at the West Point Military academy in 1834 and was a brave and gallant soldier in the Mexican war from the beginning to the end. He served in the United States army until March 26, 1855, when he resigned his commission as first lieutenant and engaged in civil affairs. He was appointed superintendent of the erection of the Chicago custom house in March, 1855. In 1857 he became adjutant general of the state of Illinois, with the rank of colonel. He returned to Kentucky in 1858 and turned his attention to farming. When Kentucky as a state refused to secede from the union, Gen. Buckner offered his services to the southern confederacy and was created a brigadier general. He was one of the commanders at Fort Donelson when it surrendered to the union troops, and was imprisoned in Fort Warren, Boston harbor. Upon his exchange he was promoted to major general and placed in command of a division. Later he was transferred to the district of Louisiana, with the rank of lieutenant general. As such he surrendered to the Union army.

Since the war he has held various high political positions, among them governor of Kentucky. He is a man of large wealth, and is engaged in farming in his native county.

WHAT THEY THINK OF IT.

Opinions of the New Ticket Expressed at the Democratic and Republican Headquarters.

CHICAGO, Sept. 4.—The nomination of Gen. Palmer for president, and of Gen. Buckner for vice-president by the sound money democratic national convention, was very favorably commented upon at republican national headquarters Thursday afternoon. Chairman Hahn, of the speakers' bureau, declared the ticket "as strong as the democrats could have made it."

At democratic national headquarters, Chairman Jones replied as follows to inquiries as to his opinion of the new ticket: "I did not nominate Senator Palmer; I don't know anything about it and care much less. That is all I have to say about the matter."

Late Returns From the Vermont Election. WHITE RIVER JUNCTION, Vt., Sept. 4.—Returns from all but three cities and towns in the state give the following vote for governor: Grout (rep.), 53,279; Jackson (dem.), 14,878; Battelle (pop.), 639; Whittemore (pro.), 523. Grout's plurality, 38,392; majority over all, 37,239. The same cities and towns in 1892 gave Fuller (rep.) a majority over all of 17,890.

Ex-Gov. Francis Takes the Oath of Office. WASHINGTON, Sept. 4.—Ex-Gov. David B. Francis, of Missouri, took the oath of office as secretary of the interior at 12:30 Thursday. The oath was administered by Associate Justice Harlan, of the United States supreme court, in the private room of Secretary Carlisle, in the treasury department. There were present Secretaries Lamont and Carlisle, besides several newspaper reporters. Mr. Francis assumed his active duties Friday morning.

Fell Down a 100-Foot Shaft.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Sept. 4.—John Downs, a young miner, fell down a shaft 100 feet in the presence of his father, at the Broadhurst mine, across the river from this city. He attempted to catch hold of the cage and missed it.

MEMORIAL BUILDING

To Perpetuate the History of the Southern Confederacy and Deeds of Southern Bravery.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Sept. 4.—The movement inaugurated by Charles Broadway Roush, of New York, to perpetuate the history of the southern confederacy and deeds of southern bravery by erecting a magnificent memorial building, was promoted by the action of the board of trustees, whose first session was brought to a close Thursday night on Lookout mountain. Corporate existence will be given the movement by a charter obtained in Mississippi for the Confederate Memorial association. The idea of a battle abbey has been abandoned as impracticable and the structure to be erected will be called the Confederate Memorial institute. The board organized by electing Gen. W. D. Chipley, of Pensacola, Fla., president, and Gen. C. A. Evans, of Atlanta, Ga., vice-president.

Col. Robert C. Wood, of New Orleans, will continue to act as general manager, while the Fourth national bank of Nashville was designated as treasurer and depository of funds, both subject to change by the board at its next meeting, which was set for October 1, at Belle Meade, near the home of Gen. W. H. Jackson. Gen. W. H. Jackson, of Tennessee; Col. Robert White, of West Virginia; Gen. Briggs, of Kentucky, and Gen. Ross, of Texas were constituted an executive committee. The plan for raising the necessary funds provides for appointment of agents in each county to make a thorough canvass in every state in the south. The board of trust is composed of 15 members besides Col. A. G. Dickinson, of New York, the personal agent of Mr. Roush. The board is made self-perpetuating and divided equally into two and four year term membership. The charter holds good for 50 years. Fifteen states, the District of Columbia, Oklahoma and the Indian territory are represented on the board. It is estimated that the institute will involve an outlay at least of \$500,000 before completion. Its chief mission will be educational in character, by collecting together the correct facts at issue in the history of the late war. Capt. J. M. Hickey, of Washington, D. C., was seated as a member of the board over W. A. Gordon, contestant. The location of the memorial will not be considered until after the money has been raised.

TRIPLE EXECUTION.

A White and Two Colored Men Pay the Penalty—The White Man's Request to Be Hanged Alone Was Granted.

PARIS, Tex., Sept. 4.—George T. Wheeler (white), and Silas Lee and Hickman Freeman (colored), convicted in the federal court for the eastern district of Texas, for crimes in the Indian territory, were hanged Friday morning. At the request of Wheeler he was hanged alone, and mounted the gallows firmly. The trap was sprung at 11:10 and he was pronounced dead at 11:35.

The Negroes mounted the gallows at 12:05. The trap was sprung at 12:12 and they were cut down 15 minutes later. All three necks were broken. Freeman was remarkably cool, while Lee nearly broke down.

The victims of the quadruple murder for which Lee and Freeman paid the penalty, were Jeff Maddox, Ed. T. Canady, a third unknown man, and Paul Applegate, a boy of 12 years. The murders were committed on a shantyboat in Red river a little before daybreak, November 14 last. Geo. L. Wheeler was convicted of the murder of Robert McCabe near Tishomingo, Indian Territory, in August, 1894.

Arkansas State Election.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Sept. 4.—The Arkansas state election takes place Monday, the 7th inst., and will be one of the hottest political contests that has occurred in this state since reconstruction. There are four tickets in the field—democratic, republican, populist and prohibition. The cause of the first two is championed by Col. Dan. W. Jones and Hon. H. L. Remmet, respectively, while Col. Abner W. Files, for years a wheel horse in the democratic party, represents both the head and tail of all the intermediate stations thereof and thence to the populists.

Purchase and Distribution of Seeds. WASHINGTON, Sept. 4.—In a statement from the department of agriculture regarding the appropriation at its command for the purchase and distribution of valuable seeds, the assertion is given that "it is safe to say that each senator, representative and territorial delegate in congress" during the present fiscal year, "will have at his disposal (after deducting the one-third allotted by law, to the secretary of agriculture) about 30,000 packets of seed, or about twice as many as last year."

Domestic Millers' Association Meets. TORONTO, Ont., Sept. 4.—The Dominion Millers' association, in annual meeting here, has passed a resolution expressing strong opposition to any change in the tariff on wheat and flour and also to reciprocity with the United States in wheat and flour, holding that such reciprocity would result in great loss and injury to farmers and millers of Canada. A strong deputation of members of the association will go to Ottawa to express their views to the government.

Opponents to Form Clubs. WASHINGTON, Sept. 4.—The populist party, following in the wake of the republican, democratic and silver parties, has decided to organize clubs in every precinct in the United States.

Gail Hamilton's Will Probated. SALEM, Mass., Sept. 4.—The will of Mary Abigail Dodge (Gail Hamilton) was filed for probate Friday. It contained no public bequests.



A cream of tartar Baking Powder. Highest of all in leavening strength.—Largest United States Government Food Report. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., N.Y.

BUCKEYE NEWS.

New and Interesting Happenings Within Our Borders.

DANA'S GOOD LUCK.

He is Selected as Deputy Clerk of the Ohio Supreme Court.

COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 4.—Capt. J. B. Allen, clerk of the supreme court, Thursday appointed John Dana, of Athens county, who has been the second deputy in his office since Capt. Allen has held it, to the vacancy caused by the resignation of George Kolker to become chief clerk in the office of the new auditor of Hamilton county. Mr. Kolker's resignation takes effect on October 1.

The vacancy caused by the promotion of Capt. Dana is filled by the appointment of C. C. Pickering, of this city. Mr. Pickering is an accountant of ability, and for eight years was the auditor of the Cleveland & Marietta Railroad Co. under the receivership of Gen. A. T. Wilcox.

TEMPLE DEDICATED.

Thousands of Odd Fellows and Daughters of Rebekah Gather at Akron.

AKRON, O., Sept. 4.—Twenty thousand Odd Fellows and Daughters of Rebekah were here Thursday from all points of Ohio and adjoining states. The occasion was the dedication of a handsome temple, costing \$75,000, erected by local lodges. Grand Master John C. Whitaker, of the Grand Lodge of Ohio officiated at the dedication Thursday afternoon; a grand parade took place, the marchers moving to Grace park, where addresses were made by Grand Master Whitaker, Mrs. Anna Henry, of Akron, president of the Ohio Assembly of Rebekah.

Unjust Charges.

COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 4.—At a special meeting of the board of managers of the Ohio penitentiary held in this city Thursday night, Steward Eli West was completely exonerated of the charges brought against him. It has been claimed that he had been using his official position to grow rich at the expense of the state, but the board of managers issued a statement Thursday night, in which it is claimed that he has in fact saved the state money since he was made steward.

Convict Davis' Punishment.

COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 4.—Edward Davis, a Hamilton county convict, broke from the ranks as the convicts were marching to supper in the state prison Thursday night, and assaulted a Belmont county man, against whom he had a grievance. He chased his man all over the prison enclosure and gave him a terrible beating before the guards could prevent. Davis will serve two days in solitary confinement without food as a punishment.

Ice Dealer Nearly Killed.

WILMINGTON, O., Sept. 4.—Henry Prote, an ice dealer of this city, met with a serious accident. He was crossing the railroad with his wagon near his home when he was run into by an engine. He was thrown out and had his leg broken. One of the horses was nearly killed and the wagon torn up badly.

City Bureaus of Employment.

COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 4.—The superintendents of city free employment bureaus, Doty, of Cleveland; Rowland, of Cincinnati; Kissinger, of Dayton; Bartram, of Columbus; and Fasset, of Toledo, held a conference with State Labor Commissioner William Ruehrwein Friday.

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

B. & O. S. W.	
DEPART	6:00 a. m., 10:40 a. m., 1:00 p. m., 4:50 p. m., 7:00 p. m., 11:25 p. m.
ARRIVE	9:05 a. m., 8:10 a. m., 12:35 p. m., 4:00 p. m., 6:40 p. m., 8:55 p. m.
T. & O. C. EX.	
LEAVE	2:10 p. m., 9:00 a. m., 4:00 a. m.
ARRIVE	4:45, 12:15 p. m., 7:50 a. m.
C. & M.	
LEAVE	6:25 a. m., 2:55 p. m.
ARRIVE	11:15 a. m., 7:05 p. m.
Z. & O.	
LEAVE	6:20 a. m., 3:40 p. m.
ARRIVE	10:40 a. m., 5:55 p. m.
O. R. R. (Eastern Time)	
SOUTH	9:24 a. m., 3:03, 7:33 p. m.
NORTH	12:32, 3:50 a. m., 7:37 p. m.

An Exposition at Kiev.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 4.—There will be an agricultural exposition at Kiev, Russia, from July to October, next year, and in the opinion of United States Consul Stephan at Annaberg, the United States should be represented, although our exhibits may not compete for prizes.

Bardsley's Pardon Recommended.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Sept. 4.—The board of pardons Friday recommended a pardon in the case of John Bardsley, the ex-city treasurer of Philadelphia, who was sentenced on July 2, 1891, to 15 years' imprisonment for embezzling the city's funds.

Our Fruit Aboard.

LONDON, Sept. 4.—At the sale of the latest consignment of California fruit, consisting of 5,000 half cases, the prices realized averaged 5 cents better than last week's sale, owing to the scarcity in the market.

Lima Post Office Robbed.

LIMA, O., Sept. 4.—The post office here was entered by robbers. All the stamps on hand, amounting to \$35 worth, were secured. The general store of C. H. Leppery was entered, and merchandise stolen, while a barber shop was the last place visited.

Enormous Peach Crop.

CHILLICOTHE, O., Sept. 4.—The peach crop in this part of the Scioto valley has been the largest in years. Sixteen thousand bushels have already been shipped to other points and the amount will exceed 20,000 bushels before the season closes.

Thurston Coming to Ohio.

CHICAGO, Sept. 4.—Chairman Hayne, of the national republican committee, announces that Senator Thurston will speak at Midway, Miami county, O., September 12, instead of at Columbus, as at first announced.

Burglars Raid the House.

BELLEFONTAINE, O., Sept. 4.—H. C. Moore and family attended the Moore reunion and returned home to find that burglars had raided their home, securing \$50 in money and \$300 in jewelry and silverware.

Barn and Contents Destroyed.

GALATIPOLE, O., Sept. 4.—During a thunderstorm Thursday afternoon lightning struck the big barn of Alex. Staker. The structure, together with a valuable horse and barn equipments, was consumed.

Count Von Schouvaloff Seriously Ill.

WARSAW, Sept. 4.—Gen. Count Von Schouvaloff, governor of Warsaw, is seriously ill, having suffered an attack of apoplexy. His left side is completely paralyzed and his condition is regarded as most critical.

Coal Miner Fatally Injured.

ZANESVILLE, O., Sept. 4.—J. P. Miller, a coal miner at Crooksville, was fatally injured Thursday by being caught between a car and the roof of the mine.

Columbus Druggist Assails.

COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 4.—William H. Svft, one of the leading druggists of Columbus, made an assignment Thursday. Assets, \$30,000; liabilities, \$20,000.

An Ohio Farmer Assails.

CINCINNATI, O., Sept. 4.—Samuel I. Pickett, a well-known Deer creek township farmer, made an assignment to Burr J. Bestwick, Esq.

Residence Robbed of \$300.

BELLEFONTAINE, O., Sept. 4.—The residence of H. C. Moore was robbed of \$30 in money and silver and jewelry to the amount of \$300.

Child Frightfully Torn by a Dog.

LIMA, O., Sept. 4.—The two-year-old child of Frank Barrington was attacked by a savage dog. Its face was frightfully torn.

MENS' SUITS Fall Stock Complete.

To say we have a great assortment is putting it mild, as to prices, you can tell more about them when you see them marked on the suits; then you can compare the goods with the prices.

STAR Clothing House.

P. S.—Don't ask for credit, we sell for cash, and don't have any credit prices.