

MARIETTA DAILY LEADER

ESTABLISHED 1851
GEORGE M. COOKE, EDITOR.
JOHN W. LANSLEY, ASSOCIAT.
Published every day except Sunday, at the
Leader Building, Fuson Street and
Muskingum Avenue.
TELEPHONE No. 3.

We will consider it a great favor if subscribers will report any failure to get their Leader, or any carelessness on the part of the carrier.
Subscribers will please not pay the carriers unless the carrier punches his credit tag in subscriber's presence.

AND now it is all over indeed. Let's get to business.

ONE report that is not disputed goes flashing from one end of the country to the other—"The mills are starting; the men are going back to work."

It is apparent that those who bet on Ohio giving McKinley a plurality of 50,000 have won their money, but the Secretary of State's official figures will be out in a few days and it is best to wait for them.

ABBOTT gained and deserves the title of the war eagle of the Muskingum. He flew from one part of the county to the other. He rent asunder the sophistries that had been deceiving hundreds as well as himself—trampled them under his feet, then he got his talons under free trade, and when he let go the carcass there were no feathers left on it, it was without the powers of digestion and with little hope of the continuance of life.—McConnellsville Herald.

THE POLITICIAN.

Ring the bells, blow the horns,
Let the glad tidings be told!
Bryan wears his crown of thorns,
And is under his cross of gold.

The greatest national victory in the history of the republican party was that won this week, when McKinley and Hobart received the largest popular vote ever cast for a Presidential ticket; a tremendous republican majority of the next House was elected, and the control of a sufficient number of State legislatures which will elect Senators for the term beginning March 4, 1897, was secured to make it reasonably sure that the Senate will have a republican majority after that date, thus putting the legislative and executive branches of the government under control of republicans, which will enable the administration of President McKinley to give the country the relief it needs, by enacting laws in accord with the policy of the republican party, which, as Major McKinley so aptly stated early in the campaign, stands for "An honest dollar and the right to earn it by honest toil."

The action of the great majority of our country's voters was not only an endorsement of the republican party and its policy as expressed by its platform and candidates, but a stinging rebuke for the men who sought to climb into power by appealing to the worst elements in human nature, by proposing to repeal the Moral Law; to tarnish and garble the Constitution of our fathers, which has served the country through its every crisis, and to replace "Old Glory" with the red flag of anarchy. It was a rebuke which should serve to prevent such men as Altgeld, the anarchist, Tillman, the socialist blackguard, Debs, the revolutionist, and Bryan, the inexperienced theorist, ever again succeeding in dominating a National convention of any political party. And it was a notice to the world that the American people can always be counted upon to oppose dishonesty no matter how enticing a garb it may present itself in.

Republicans do not forget to give ample credit to the men who by their superb management of the campaign enabled them to win such a great triumph. Mr. Hanna was a new man in National politics, but no one who watched the able manner in which he handled the National committee work would have supposed it had it not been known. True, Mr. Hanna had an able corps of advisers, among them such successful and veteran managers as Senator Quay, but it was because he had the proper conception of the task before him that he surrounded himself with able advisers instead of bootlicks and cuckoos. Representatives Babcock, of Wis., and Apsley, of Mass., as Chairman and Vice Chairman respectively of the Republican Congressional Campaign Committee, added new laurels to those won by them in 1894, in the same positions, both as adroit managers and as accurate forecasters of results, in neither of which they have ever been excelled. Chairman Babcock sums up the results of the campaign as follows: "The good sense and patriotism of the American people have once more been displayed in a great crisis, in neither of which they have ever been excelled. Chairman Babcock sums up the results of the campaign as follows: "The good sense and patriotism of the American people have once more been displayed in a great crisis, in neither of which they have ever been excelled. Chairman Babcock sums up the results of the campaign as follows: "The good sense and patriotism of the American people have once more been displayed in a great crisis, in neither of which they have ever been excelled."

"I was troubled with quinsy for five years. Thomas' Electric Oil cured me. My wife and child had diphtheria. Thomas' Electric Oil cured them. I would not be without it in the house for any consideration." Rev. E. F. Crane, Dunkirk, N. Y.
A cough is a danger signal of worse troubles to come. Cure the cough and prevent its results by using Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup.
Pure blood and a good digestion are an insurance against disease and suffering. Burdock Blood Bitters keeps the blood pure, the digestion perfect.

no party can have the effrontery to place it in whole or in part before the people again for their endorsement."

Mr. Cleveland declines to express any opinion of the election of McKinley and Hobart, for publication, but his feelings may be read between the lines of his Thanksgiving Day proclamation, issued since the result of the election was known.

The Washington Star, the leading independent paper of the National Capital, thus editorially speaks of the election: "The country is a thousand per cent stronger today than it was yesterday—stronger in its own eyes and in the eyes of all the world. A serious crisis has been passed and passed triumphantly. Popular government has never been so thoroughly vindicated. The people are the sources of the greatest and best power, and they will enjoy now a prosperity which must follow so signal a step toward the restoration of confidence and good will among men."

Church Notes.

Presbyterian—Morning subject, "Offences." Evening, "The Leaders in the Apostolic Church."

German M. E.—Morning subject, "The Great Problem." Evening, "A Thanksgiving Song."

Unitarian—Morning, "Personal Responsibility." Evening, "The preacher should preach more doctrine." "The preacher should preach less doctrine." "The preacher should take part in politics." "The preacher should keep out of politics," etc. The pastor will tell how, in the midst of these conflicting opinions, he decides what and when and where to preach.

First M. E.—Morning, "Christian Cooperation." Evening, "Self-made Limitations of the Natural Man." Special music. The public invited.

Baptist—Morning, "Our Country as a Home Mission Field." In the evening Mrs. M. M. Campbell, a returned missionary from India, will speak. All cordially invited.

First Congregational—Morning subject, "Building a Temple." Evening subject, "Plutocrats and Plutocracy."

Gilman Avenue M. E.—Morning, "Duty of the Church to Strangers." Evening, "Duty of Strangers to the Church." Sunday will be observed as "Strangers' Day." All are cordially invited.

Harmar Congregational—Sunday School at 9:15 a. m. Morning worship at 10:30. Subject, "A. M. A." Y. P. C. E. 6 p. m. Evening service at 7 p. m.

Bishop B. F. Lee, D. D., will preach at the A. M. E. church, Third street, below Greene, Sunday at 2:30 p. m., also Monday at 7:30 p. m.

When buying canned corn, demand "Superior" brand, and you will enjoy the best!

New Officers Marietta Commandery No. 50.

Below is a list of officers elected last night by Marietta Commandery No. 50: T. J. Deeren, E. C. G. L. Allen, G. M. Payne, C. G. Curtis Preston, P. L. E. McVay, S. W. J. C. Brennan, J. W. G. J. Lund, Treas. A. W. Tompkins, Rec. Ralph Bean, Stand. B. Chas. Henry, Sword B. Chas. Holst, Warder.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sore Throats, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetters, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by W. H. Styer.

Judge De Steiguer Dead.

A telegram was received here Friday morning conveying the sad intelligence of the death of Judge Rudolph De Steiguer, of Athens. His death occurred Friday morning and it was due to stomach trouble, from which the Judge had been a sufferer for a long time.

The funeral will be held at Athens Sunday afternoon at 1 o'clock. Several members of the Bar of Washington county will attend.

Itching Piles, night's horrid plague, is instantly relieved and permanently cured by Doan's Ointment. Your dealer ought to keep it.

"I was troubled with quinsy for five years. Thomas' Electric Oil cured me. My wife and child had diphtheria. Thomas' Electric Oil cured them. I would not be without it in the house for any consideration." Rev. E. F. Crane, Dunkirk, N. Y.

A cough is a danger signal of worse troubles to come. Cure the cough and prevent its results by using Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup.
Pure blood and a good digestion are an insurance against disease and suffering. Burdock Blood Bitters keeps the blood pure, the digestion perfect.

Removed From Office.
WASHINGTON, Nov. 6.—The president Friday removed from office R. M. Ridgeley, postmaster at Springfield, Ill., and appointed Charles A. Keyes to the vacancy. Mr. Ridgeley took an active part in the recent campaign on the Bryan side, and his removal is due to that cause.

FAMOUS NAVAL DUEL.

Memories of the Merrimac and Monitor Engagement.

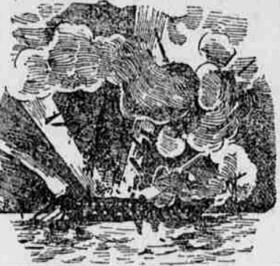
The Confederate Ram's Destruction of the Federal Frigates Cumberland and Congress and Her Defeat by Ericson's Queer Craft.

[Special Norfolk (Va.) Letter.]

A few days ago I sailed out into Hampton Roads to view the scene of the greatest naval engagement in the history of the world, all of which I heard and part of which I saw from our camp a short distance up the James river. This was 34 years ago, and though a mere boy, the grand scene of the explosion and the terrible noise of the cannonading is still fresh in my memory. It was grand and sublime; yet, horrible in its execution.

This memorable battle was witnessed by the land and naval forces of both armies in the immediate vicinity, many officers and soldiers coming down to get a nearer view as soon as the cannonading began. On the 8th of March, 1862, about one o'clock in the afternoon, when the ram Merrimac, or Virginia, was seen steaming out toward the federal blockade in Hampton Roads, the city of Norfolk was wild with excitement, and the old citizens still delight in relating the events of that memorable time. Those who did not take to the woods or cellars swarmed upon the beach and enjoyed the combat, though with considerable misgivings, for the confederate steamer, Virginia, and the few land batteries at Sewall's Point were the only defenses to Norfolk. As the Virginia slowly passed out to attack the blockading squadron she was cheered by citizens and the soldiers at the batteries who stood upon the parapets wildly waving their hats, and eager to witness the fray which was soon to begin within easy cannon shot. The blockading squadron consisted of the frigates Cumberland and Congress off Newport News, of 30 and 80 guns, respectively. A few miles out, underfrowning Fortress Monroe, were three other frigates and half a dozen gunboats, all of which could have been available within half an hour after the beginning of the battle.

It was a calm, hazy afternoon, and while the intention of the confederates was known, the wild and hazardous attempt to smash the blockade was not expected that afternoon at least, for the vessels wore a half-holiday appearance. In fact, it was washday, and the rigging was full of sailors' clothes hung out to dry. The Virginia had been hurried to completion, and so great was the haste that up to the morning of the attack work of completion was going on. The engines had not been tried, the guns had not been fired as an experiment. She had been floated 50 feet in order to test her capacity for maneuvering, and it was



EXPLOSION OF THE CONGRESS.

not known whether or not the rudder would work, which, by a strange oversight, had been left exposed, and came near causing her destruction before she did any damage.

When within about a mile of the first blockaders, according to the statements of some of those who viewed it at a safe distance, the Cumberland and Congress opened fire upon the Merrimac (or Virginia), followed by the land batteries. The shots seemingly had about as much effect upon the ironclad as would pouring water upon a duck's back. The Merrimac wisely reserved her fire until within a few hundred yards of the Cumberland, when she gave her a shot, and immediately so maneuvered as to give the Congress a broadside.

She then made direct for the Cumberland, striking her almost at right angles, and opening a hole in her large enough to "drive in a horse and buggy," as a spectator expressed it. "The masts began to totter as if she was in a gale, and in a few minutes she went down with a roar, and her crew with her, sinking in 50 feet of water with her flag still flying." The ram had become detached and was left in the hull of the sinking Cumberland, rendering her almost powerless for future harm in that line, like a bee which leaves its sting in the object attacked. The ram was a ten-foot steel projectile, sharpened as a wedge, placed at the prow of the vessel, three feet under water.

The Merrimac then turned her attention to the Congress, which vessel had been showering shot upon her all the time, and opened on her when within about 200 yards. In the meantime the sinking Cumberland, with flag still flying, never ceased to fire, until the crew were driven from their guns by the rapidly-filling water, and within half an hour from the beginning of the attack she went down with more than a hundred souls.

The Congress continued the fight for about an hour, assisted by three other vessels; and three of the James river fleet came on the troubled scene to assist the confederate monitor. In the meantime two of the federal fleet ran aground, as had the Congress. Being thus practically alone, the Congress ran up the white flag. Still in the confusion and smoke of battle, the federal shore batteries continued firing, killing some confederates and their own wounded who were being taken from the grounded Congress. As the Monitor drew twenty-three feet of water, and could not draw off her prize, hot shot was fired into the vessel, and she was

soon ablaze. The masts and spars and sails illuminated the sky in zigzag lines of dazzling fire. For several hours the flames raged. Night had come, mild and calm, and the beauty of the southern skies made the weird scene one never to be forgotten. The black hull of the vessel was reflected by the glittering fire. In the almost calm waters upon whose bosom such a bloody tragedy was being enacted. Slowly the fire reached the loaded guns and shells, which burst in peals of thunder, reverberating and echoing over the bay, filling the air with engines of death. Shortly after midnight the flames reached the powder magazine, a huge volume of smoke arose from the vessel, followed by a red flame as if from the crater of a volcano, and after the stillness of a second which seemed an age, there was a terrific roar, and the air was filled with cannon balls, fragments of the vessel, and dead bodies of human beings. The vessel had blown up, leaving only her black hulk, even at the water's edge.

The Merrimac, having lost only a few men, including Commander Buchanan, who was severely wounded, now retired under the confederate batteries at Sewall's point, intending to return next morning and finish up the remaining portion of the blockading fleet.

Accordingly, next morning about daylight, the victorious Merrimac, minus her ram, slowly steamed out into Hampton Roads, to begin where she had left off, notwithstanding that it was Sunday and a day of rest. She would have rammed at and perhaps sunk the other vessels with her broken prow on the day before, only that they were aground and could not be reached. So, no sooner had she opened fire on the Minnesota, still aground than out stepped the little Monitor and blew away as an intimation that she would take a hand in the free-for-all fight. This was as much a surprise to the confederates as the sudden attack of the day before was to the federals. The Monitor had only arrived the night before at Fort Monroe, just in time to hear the heavy firing and see the blowing-up of the Congress. The Monitor, also, had been hastily completed at New York, and hurried to the scene without the usual trial trip. She was of light draft, and maneuvered better than the Merrimac. The fun began about seven o'clock, lasting until two, when the Monitor crossed over into a channel where the heavy-draft Merrimac could not follow, and she also retired. This terrible artillery duel was within very close range, never further than half a mile, and often the vessels were not 20 feet apart—the intention of the Merrimac was to board and capture the queer-looking Monitor. The Merrimac lost only two killed and 19 wounded. The Monitor suffered an equal loss, her captain being totally blinded by powder.

The battle was witnessed by thousands, many of whom still live to tell the story as if they were in it. Though the battle was a draw, both vessels were short-lived. The confederates burned the Merrimac on evacuating Norfolk, and the Monitor was lost in a gale off Cape Hatteras a few months later.

J. M. SCANLAND.

The Result in Oregon.

PORTLAND, Ore., Nov. 6.—With three counties and five precincts to hear from, complete returns give McKinley a plurality of 2,693. This may be slightly reduced, but the result will not be affected.

Activity at Syracuse, N. Y.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Nov. 6.—The immediate effect of the election in this city has been the starting up of a large number of manufacturing plants which have been either idle or have been running short handed.

Mrs. Anna Gage, wife of Ex-Deputy U. S. Marshal, Columbus, Kan., says:



"I was delivered of TWINS in less than 20 minutes and with scarcely any pain after using only two bottles of 'MOTHERS' FRIEND'."

DID NOT SUFFER AFTERWARD.
Sent by Express or Mail, on receipt of price. 50¢ per bottle. Book "TO MOTHERS" mailed free.
HEADFIELD REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

And have small gas bills is the way you do when your house is filled with the VICTOR BURNER and Reliable Gas Stoves.
We have made an improved Victor Burner that is working perfectly as a heater and gas saver. It will pay you to investigate. Can do work on short notice.
A good stock of second hand coal stoves good as new.
HAGAN & SCHAD,
Opposite Union Depot.
Telephone 118.
No. 229 Third Street.

ANYBODY

Can have long winded advertisements by paying for them, but few Clothing Houses can show such a stock as we are showing, and past experience teaches us to buy where you KNOW you will get the values for your cash.
Look all round but DON'T BUY until you see us and we will save you money on EVERYTHING in our line. WE CAN AND WE WILL DO IT.
S. R. Van Metre & Co.,
Wholesale] Reliable Cash Clothiers [Retail

Our Season's Announcement.

Conditions are such that never in our history of merchandising have we been able to collect such a fine array of seasonable and fashionable goods at such low prices for good values as at the present season. The forthcoming of the Fall months have brought out many novelties, and we have let none of them escape us. A reception is on in every department of our store, and you and your friends are invited.

JENVEY & ALLEN,

168 Front Street, - - Marietta, Ohio

Colonial Book Store!

Fountain Pens. The best \$1.00 pen in the market, and a non-leakable pen that is just what it claims to be.

New Books. A splendid line of recent publications—*Ian McLaren's latest "Kate Carnegie," History of the 1st Congl. Church by Rev. C. E. Dickinson, D.D.*

New Game. One of the best board games ever made, the New Q. K. Come in and see it.

Some new shapes in Plain China, for decoration.
Periodical Tickets with Cash Sales.
153 Colonial Block, Front St.
J. E. VANDERVOORT, C. E. GLINES.

Flower Pots

—IN—
Endless Variety
FOR SALE BY
MRS. CHAS. W. HOLZ, 236 1/2 Front Street, Marietta, Ohio

PREMO CAMERA

\$10 to \$50.
Handsome as it is in appearance, simple in its methods, and convenient to operate and carry, must, after all, be judged by its RESULTS.
The fact that it does a wider range of work, and does it better than any other, is what has placed the PREMO high in the estimation of every practical photographer who knows a good thing when he sees it.
Rochester Optical Co.,
43 South St., Rochester, N. Y.
C. N. PEDDINGHAUS, Selling Agent, Marietta, O.

Wostenholm Pocket Knives Given Away.

If you buy of us at our store, FOR CASH one ton of Fertilizer, we give you, free, your choice of any one-dollar knife we have in stock.
If you purchase half a ton, we give you choice of any half-dollar knife.
With a purchase of three sacks, we give you choice of any quarter-dollar knife.
This applies to any brand of
Cleveland Dryer Co's Goods,
Square Bone, Buckeye Phosphate, Superior Bone, XXX Phosphate, B. & P. Mixture, Ohio Seed Maker.
All Old Reliable, Crop-Tested Goods.
THE NYE HARDWARE COMPANY,
No. 170 Front street, Marietta, Ohio.