Perrysburg Journal.

FRIDAY, - - - - OCT. 10, 1879.

JAMES TIMMONS, Editor.

Republican State Ticket.

Election, Tuesday, October 14, 1879.

For Governor—
CHARLES FOSTER, of Seneca.

For Lieutenant Governor—
ANDREW HICKENLOOPER, of Hamilton.

For Judge of the Supreme Court—
WILLIAM W. JOHNSON, of Lawrence.

For Auditor—
JOHN F. OGLEVEE, of Clark

For Attorney-General—
GEORGE K. NASH, of Franklin.

For Treasurer—
JOSEPH TURNEY, of Cuyahoga.

For Member of Board of Public Works—
JAMES FULLINGTON, of Union.

Senatorial Ticket.

For Senator—
HORACE S. WALDRIDGE, of Lucas.

Judicial Ticket.

For Common Pleas Judge—
JOHN STILLINGS, of Hardin.

Republican County Ticket.

For Representative—
W. H. WETMORE, of Middleton Tp.

For Recorder—
ROBERT DUNN, of Custar

For Commissioner—
N. W. STAFFORD, of Liberty

For Prosecuting Attorney—
J. O. TROUP, of Perrysburg.

For Infirmary Director—
E. B. BEVERSTOCK, of Washington

The Buckwheat crop is safe!

The lies that the Rev. Mr. CULVER is putting out from the political stump in this county will require many mouths of hard, earnest prayer to atone for.

No one should be deceived for a moment by such buncombe communications as are appearing in the *Bee* about Mr. FOSTER being after the National vote, and much other stuff that is sent in without stint of quantity or quality. Such nonsense is an insult to every intelligent voter.

The National candidate for State Senator, Mr. CURTIS, of Napoleon, has withdrawn from the contest. This leaves the contest between Mr. WALBRIDGE and his Democratic opponent. We venture the assertion that every business man of Toledo, regardless of politics, who understands the seeds of the State and the district, will vote *for* Mr. WALBRIDGE. Many of the Nationals want his name put upon their tickets.

There is no better man upon the Republican ticket than Mr. ROBERT DUNN, candidate for Recorder. He has performed the duties of that office quietly, faithfully, efficiently and to the satisfaction of every person in the county so far as we have heard. It seems that it would be difficult for any one to perform the duties so satisfactorily to all as he has done. See to it that his name is upon your ticket next Tuesday.

BRO. G. A. DARKE, of the *Wood County Reporter*, is out in a column card in the *Sentinel* denouncing the prominent Democrats of the county who have promised him aid if he would advocate their cause, but have deceived him in every promise. He advises the Nationals to steer clear of the Democratic party as their professions of sympathy for them is only for the purpose of gaining their votes to help them into power. He has suspended the publication of the *Reporter* and will remove his office to Elmore.

At their caucus on Saturday the Democrats of Perrysburg township nominated Mr. GEORGE BONTSCH for Township Real Estate Assessor, and Mr. JAMES M. BROWN for Justice of the Peace. This is about as strong a ticket as they could have made, but they will get a tight race from Mr. NEWTON and BROWN. Mr. BROWN has got a clear field, being on both tickets, and will have to be an Independent, National, Neutral, or something else in this campaign.

Because the business man, the capitalist and every honest man desires to see the Government keep its faith with its own people and with foreign nations, the cry is raised by the demagogue, and believed by many of the more ignorant, that bankers and capitalists have combined to rule the Government purely in their own interests. These same demagogues are the worst enemies to the Government, to capital and to labor.

We learn from those who have heard Mr. J. O. TROUP speak, that his audiences are large and that his efforts are giving excellent satisfaction with all thinking men. Mr. TROUP is a good lawyer, thoroughly understands the duties of the office for which he is a candidate, and if elected we have no hesitancy in saying he will make a good and efficient officer—a Prosecutor and not a persecutor. See to it that his name is on your ticket when you vote next Tuesday, and you will not have cause to regret it.

Within the past week we have heard from both sources—from Mr. STAFFORD's friends and from his enemies—that the greatest source of opposition to him in his own district comes from the contractors on ditches, bridges, &c. They claim that he is too rigid with them and will not accept of any work until it is thoroughly completed, however bad a bargain they may have made in taking the work at a figure leaving no profit. This, with us, would be in his favor if carried out in all of his official business. He is an agent for the people, elected and given a fair remuneration for his services to make contracts for work and see to it that it is completed in an acceptable manner. He can not be responsible for the bad judgement of men in taking contracts and cannot discriminate in the work to be performed by them, only to see that it is completed according to contract.

We invite every Democrat and Republican who may see this issue of the JOURNAL to read carefully and understandingly the article copied from the Toledo *Commercial*, "The Road to Peace Through Republican Success." The writer of the article knows whereof he speaks, and as a *true friend* of the people of the South is forcibly advocating the only correct theory for their amelioration and release from political thralldom. The reference made to that gallant band of slave drivers and secession howlers whose occupation was tarring and feathering union men; who were citizens or home guards in war, and soldiers or bulldozers in peace, forcibly calls to mind Gen. JEFF. THOMPSON's last official order in 1865 for his band of bushwhackers to come in and surrender their arms to the U. S. Government. He damned them for being cowards—never reporting, only to draw rations, and accused them of skulking in the swamps until the moss had grown an inch long on their backs.

These are the men who are controlling the South to-day, and every vote cast for the Democratic ticket in the Northern States is an encouragement for them to persist in their fiendish mode of conducting elections.

ANOTHER RAILROAD HORROR.

Terrible horrors seem to follow close upon the heels of each other. At 2 o'clock this morning a frightful railroad accident occurred on the Michigan Central, three miles from Jackson, Mich., in which from 20 to 35 persons are reported killed and as many more mangled in every conceivable manner. The ladies of Jackson turned out en masse to do all in their power to alleviate the sufferings of the wounded as they are taken from the wreck. A special train with all the physicians that could be collected was started from Detroit at 5 o'clock this morning for the wreck. The train was behind time and was running at the rate of 35 miles per hour when it collided with a switch engine. The result was terrible, the baggage and express cars telescoping, while the passenger cars were piled upon top of each other.

GREAT EXPRESS ROBBERY.

The night express which left Kansas City at 6 o'clock on Wednesday evening over the Chicago & Alton Road was attacked by twelve masked robbers who took charge of the train at a little station called Glendale, 30 miles this side of Kansas City, while the train had stopped for the engine to take watter, and in less than five minutes they had taken $35,000 from the safe of the Express car and then mounted and took their departure. Just previous to the arrival of the train they took possession of the Station, bound and robbed the agent and one of the officials of the Road, destroyed the telegraph instruments and cut the wires to prevent communication. The Express company have offered $2,500 for the arrest and conviction of the robbers, and they are hotly pursued with prospects of capture.

Up to to-day there are 14 deaths from the terrible Adrian disaster, and the total number reported wounded is 163.

We have no buncombe appeals to make to the voters of Wood county. Every one should come to the polls and vote, and make his influence felt by the bulldozers of the South. Don't think of neglecting this duty.

The Detroit *Evening News* learns that there were only 800 people, instead of 2,000, who were on the fatal grand stand at Adrian when it fell, which brings the calamity more directly home to the architect and builders of the death trap. The Coroner's jury have been vigorously at work to get the facts in the case.

HON. BILLY WILLIAMS had a rousing meeting at South Toledo Monday afternoon. It was in the open air, he was at home and made the welkin ring. The meeting was largely attended and full of enthusiasm. Mr. WILLIAMS is gaining fresh laurels every day as one of the most vigorous and effective campaign orators of the present day.

The Constitutional Amendments seem to have been entirely overlooked in the heat of the political campaign, but from what little we have read on the subject it would seem that they are worthy measures to be adopted and should be voted for. The Judicial amendment to the Constitution was agreed upon by nearly a unanimous vote of the Legislature without respect to party. It should be remembered that all votes not cast *for* are counted *against* the passage of the proposed amendments.

We heard an old Democrat say a few days since, that he had known Capt. W. H. WETMORE for 35 years, and that he had never known him to do a dishonorable act of any kind or cheat a man out of a cent. He said the Captain entertained correct ideas of what was right between man and man, and he was satisfied he would do just what he thought was hight when serving as a Representative of the people, and that he could and would vote for him very cheerfully. In fact every one who *knows* Captain WETMORE can not say less of him. His election is a foregone conclusion, no one will doubt that for a moment, but so good a man should be endorsed by a rousing majority. What shall it be?

Mr. HENRY A. KIEL, Democratic candidate for Commissioner, accompanied by Mr. FRED ZIMMERMAN, were in town Tuesday and made a call at this office. Mr. KEIL said he would not have exhibited himself at any time during the campaign, had not the report been freely circulated that he was a drunkard, &c., &c. There is nothing in Mr. KEIL's physognomy to warrant this assertion, and there is nothing gained at the end of the race in circulating false reports. Mr. K. is an intelligent and pleasant appearing gentleman and no doubt would make an efficient officer, but unfortunately for him and the aspirations of his political associates, they are largely in the minority in the county.

Mr. ZIMMERMAN failed to convince us that Sec'y SHERMAN was a bold, bad man, and failing to be convinced that the financial question was a dead issue, and that he would be a man without a party if he stuck to the Nationals but a few months longer, he suggested that it was no use to waste time on us and they took their departure without even offering us a cigar for our influence one way or the other.

Under the head of "True Friendship for the South," the Toledo *Commercial* says, "surely the worst enemy of the South could not wish a greater punishment to that section, than to leave the bulldozers the murderers and the assassins alone to work out their own sweet will;" that without restraint this merciless band of cutthroats would soon "organize such a hell that no class of citizens, however good or bad, would be exempt from its torments;" and trusts that the South has no enemies in any political party who would abandon her to such a fate;" that the "people of the South have suffered terribly for the sins their leaders were more directly responsible for;" that after all the greatest fault of a large majority of them were similar to the sins committed by the people of the North, viz: that the better class of citizens abstain from an active participation in politics, and thus allow the assassins, bulldozers, gamblers and cut throats to control political organizations in many localities. Further along in the same article the *Commercial* adds: "Every victory won by Northern Democrats is accepted by the bull-headed Southern bourbons, as an endorsement of their lawless acts and their peculiar notions about the exploded doctrines of State sovereignity." It EWING and RICE should be elected, "all the bulldozers, and political murderers and assassins with the twenty-four 'honest and fearless' Mississippi editors who endorse the political assassination platform, along with 'Col.' Bill Harper, the Okolona idiot, will come together and proclaim that another great victory has been won in Ohio for the sacred cause, and then the murderers, and the assassins, and the bulldozers will go back with renewed courage to their noble work of keeping the organization solid by shooting all bolters, and all over the land will be heard the pleasant crack of the shotgun, mingled with the howls of joy going up from the exultant organs." "Shall this state of affairs continue?" this paper asks, and says "surely that section has not deserved so hard a fate."

NATIONAL HOME LETTER.

SOLDIERS' HOME, CENTRAL BRANCH,
MONTGOMERY CO., O., Oct. 2d, '79.

MR. EDITOR:—For four or five days the two daily papers of Dayton have been filled with savory, or unsavory editorials and communications of the hash served up at a side show, under the name of Banquet gotten up by the Dutonians for the entertainment of the Board of Managers and officers of this Home. Whether it was the wine, or something stronger, guzzled down by the roistering crew that gathered at the Beckel House that night, or not, that kicked up the row, and scattered the stench that has spread general hostility among the memorable orators and committemen, I am unable to state.

Chaplain Ernshaw, in his speech, eulogized Mr. Gunkle, in glowing colors, as once being local manager of this Home, and at the same time spoke disrespectfully of the inmates here, whom he lives among and ought to praise, as it is the soldiers here who are his sole source of livelihood in their midst. They generally regard this attack upon them as unmerited.

Hon. John McMahon replied at the banquet in a cutting, severe and sarcastic manner, hurling indignantly back the accusations made, claiming the soldiers had a right to their pension money as well as the arrearages; that the soldiers had a right to spend it as they pleased, and this Home or its officers had no right to restrict or govern, keep or control their money. Of course McMahon stands by the soldiers, for they elected him to Congress, and there are votes in it.

From this there has sprung up a bitter newspaper controversy, and more personal and vindictive epithets have been hurled at Ernshaw and McMahon, as well as the rich scenes of the banquet, than are pleasant "for ears polite."

The man, men, citizens or officer who attempts to bring the soldiers of this Home, on a degraded platform is a slanderer. There are four thousand soldiers here, and never in the history of this Home, have one of them been guilty of insulting man, woman or child who ever came here to visit, or outside of this Camp.

Capt. Fury has again returned to Camp. During his visit to his sister his brother-in-law died and was buried. He was a Sir Knight, and was buried with all the grand beauties of Masonry.

People are still thronging the Garrison. Our new lake is finished, and autumn is here. The leaves are turning, and the cold winds and melancholy gilding, glittering sunbeams look in sadness at departing summer.

The inmate injured by the Elk has recovered. They are commencing the new barracks. The camp still continues healthy—scarcely any deaths.

Our Gardener has begun to take into the green house our choice and tender flowers. What a lot of them—too many of fancy and tender life. The old style flowers are the best. The common garden flowers are closely interwoven with the fabric of English literature, and the frequent mention of them by the early poets, who treated them more in detail than their successors, has invested them with charms which are derived from their descriptions and the imaginary that accompanies them. Others are commended to us by the memories of childhood and by their frequency in gardens, in rustic cottages in the country. Such are the marigold, the larkspur, the morning glory and the snow drop. [You forget the sunflower—ED.] How vividly are the early scenes of our life called up by these simple flowers, and how greatly do they contribute to the cheerfulness and sacredness of the grounds they occupy. Coming generations will be effected by less emotions by these particular flowers, because their childhood will make friendships with others that have taken their places. A few flowers take a stronger hold of our affections and our imaginations than a multitude. Thus people who live in retirement, with a small circle of friends, become more devotedly attached to them than those who have a crowd of them, whom they constantly meet in the social intercourse of fashion.

There is a great deal of dissatisfaction about signing over pensions and arrearages to the Home, and many are taking their discharges and awaiting the next session of Congress to remedy this matter in some way. No pensions have been paid to the men yet, and the boys repineth. Much dissatisfaction exists in Camp, and the boys huddle together to talk matters over, and curse the ill luck they claim oppresses them. There will be *fun* here yet about this, and when it does come, the boys claim it will be lively. Your Friend,

WM. THOS. MCDOWELL.

SCHOOL BOARD PROCEEDINGS.

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF EDUCATION, PERRYSBURG SCHOOL DIST. No. 1, Sept. 19th, 1879.

At a regular meeting of the Board of Education held at their room this day, there were present, Pierce, Holliger, Rheinfrank, Weddell and Day, (5). Absent, Hamilton, (1). President Pierce in the Chair. Minutes of previous meeting read and approved.

Mr. Vass presented his claim for the building of an addition to frame school building—which the Building committee had accepted as being comp leted according to contract—amounting to $490, which, upon motion and a call of the roll was allowed by the following vote: Pierce, Holliger, Rheinfrank, Weddell and Day. Motion declared carried and Clerk was instructed to draw an order for $170, $320 having been advanced on estimates.

The above vote also included the bill of J. Zurfluh, for repairs to clock, $1.25, and Clerk instructed to draw an order for that amount in his favor.

On motion adjourned.

RICHARD DAY, Clerk.

October 3d, 1879.

At a regular meeting of the Board of Education held this day there were present, Pierce, Holliger, Weddell and Day. Absent, Hamilton and Rheinfrank. President Pierce in the Chair.

Minutes of previous meeting read and approved.

Sundry bills were presented and refered to committee on Finance and Accounts.

Dr. Rheinfrank came in and took his seat.

Committee on Finance and Accounts reported in favor of paying John Powers for taking the enumeration of youth in this District $17.

Walding, Kinnan & Co., apparatus and chemicals	12 58
Henry Wilde, painting	$18 00
Alex. Vass, extra work and repairs	13 82

Upon motion and call of the roll the report was adopted by unanimous vote, and Clerk instructed to draw orders for same.

The Clerk then repor ed orders drawn in favor of the Teachers and Janitor for the month of Sept., 1879, as follows:

George B. Boon,	order No.	1,443	$90 00
Mary E. Case,	"	1,444	40 00
E. E. Barton,	"	1,445	37 00
Kate E. Brown,	"	1,446	30 00
Eliza H. Webb,	"	1,447	30 00
Eva A. Powers,	"	1,448	30 00
Eugenia Beach,	"	1,449	30 00
Mabel Smith	"	1,450	30 00
Eliza Thompson,	"	1,451	30 00
D. Van Hellen,	"	1,452	25 00
Total			$372 00

Richard Day handed in his resignation as a member of the Board, and its Clerk, to take effect as soon as his successor can be appointed and qualified. Upon motion said resignation was accepted.

Application for position as German teacher was then read and refered to proper committee.

Treasurer was instructed to insure frame school building, taking out a policy for $800 in the Underwriters, A. G. Williams, Ag't, at a premium of 2½ per cent. for 5 years.

On motion and a call of the roll the Clerk was allowed $25 for his services and advances for postage and stationery for 5½ months by the following vote: Ayes, Pierce, Holliger, Rheinfrank and Weddell.

On motion adjourned.

RICHARD DAY, Clerk.

(From the Toledo Commercial.)

THE ROAD TO PEACE THROUGH REPUBLICAN SUCCESS.

It is believed that the great majority of the Democrats of Toledo are honest and patriotic. It is conceded that their intentions are good, whatever mistakes they may make. When the war of the rebellion broke out in 1861 many of them promptly responded to the call of duty and none fought more bravely in behalf of the union. Since the war their political action has been such as they no doubt thought was best for the people of the whole country and the South. They were probably prompted by feelings of true friendship for the Southern people, and this was creditable. But events have conclusively proven that they were mistaken in their political action, just as thousands of the best, most patriotic and truest of the Republicans were mistaken.

It was thought that the bitter experience of the Southern people had taught them a lesson, which they would never forget. It was believed that the deceived but brave soldiers of the Confederacy, whose blood had flowed like water, and who had staked everything and lost everything for a cause in which a great majority of them had no interest, and which for them had better never have succeeded, would henceforth be good, true and loyal citizens of the republic; and in this the Northern Democrats were mainly right. But there was one important fact either unknown or not considered by the Northern friends of the South, but which was known to such men as Longstreet, Williamson and thousands of other Confederates, who, years ago, saw in the success of the Republican party and the utter ruin of the Southern bourbon Democratic party, the only hope for the South. Northern Democrats and Northern Republicans who are prompted by such kindly feelings for the South did not know that these soldiers of the Confederacy who saw and deeply regretted the great error of their lives, had nothing whatever, to do with controlling the bourbon Democratic organization. They did not know that the people of the South who had every interest in good government, law and order, had no influence whatever, where the burbon organization controlled, in securing good government. The Northern friends of the South did not know that any Confederate or any good citizen who might express sentiments of loyalty to the union, and honestly live up to those sentiments, would be subjected to unendurable insult and humiliation by the controlling bull-headed bourbon element, he would be assassinated like a dog, or that a fierce, vindictive spirit of proscription would drive him from the country. Indeed the methods used to keep the organization solid at the South are beginning to open the eyes of the Northern people to many facts that had been taught to thousands of Confederates years ago. Gradually, but surely, and with a force that will not be stayed, the conviction is forcing itself upon the mind of every intelligent friend of the South, that the Southern Democratic bourbon organization is now, as it has ever been, the worst enemy the people of that section ever had.

It has ever been the fault of the South that a very large majority of her best citizens took no active part in politics, consequently leaving the organizations to fall into the hands of the worst enemies of society. It is known that the States in 1861 were carried into the whirlpool of secession against the will of a very large majority of the Southern people, but it has not been known at the North to what an extent the people of the South have been misrepresented by their leaders since the war. In 1861, while their deluded followers were going to the front, where the shot and shell was raining thick as hail, the leaders and the secession howlers, and the gallant bands of slave drivers, who but recently had assisted in lynching and tarring and feathering all union men, retired to the swamps and the canebrakes, or were mustered into the home guards to look after the negroes. Every fair minded Confederate soldier will bear testimony to this fact. When the war closed and the Confederate soldiers returned to their homes resolved to leave politics alone for the future, and to try and regain the fortunes they had wrecked, then these skulkers from the swamps and the cane brakes, and these negro drivers, and these embittered, learn nothing, forget nothing, bourbon leaders came to the front, and found the Democratic organization all their own. Soldiers in peace and citizens in war, they have ever since been fighting the battles they were too cowardly to fight when there was a hope that their own worthless hides would get peppered. They gathered around them all the worst elements of society and formed the rifle clubs and the bands of bulldozers. Hating the Union and everything that pertains to the Union, and intensely despising the innocent and inoffensive negro, they have organized hell itself in some localities of the South, as is indicated in all of the horrible details of the Chisholm butchery, the cowardly and cold blooded assassination of Dixon and hundreds of other massacres, which seem to have had the countenance and support in many instances, of the bourbon organization where they occurred. In other localities the organizations are reputable and appear to encourage good government, law and order; but it is certain that any Democratic success at the North, could have induced the Yazoo Democrats to put forth their remarkable political murder and assassination platform, or obtained for the infamous theories of the Yazoo bourbons the endorsement of thirty-one of the leading bourbon papers in Mississippi, and the approval of the State committee. With overwhelming anti-bourbon success at the North, no congressman in Mississippi would dare approve the acquittal of the murders in the most damnable and horrible tragedy that has disgraced the civilization of the country, as Mr. Chalmers has placed himself in the attitude of doing with reference to the Chisholm butchery. Northern Democrats must recognize the fact that the greatest curse the South has ever known is the bourbon organization by which her people are misrepresented. They must know that every vote for the Democratic party at the North gives encouragement and greater strength to the advocates of the murder and the assassination theories at the South. It is creditable to the soldiers of the Union that they feel a personal sympathy for Generals Ewing and Rice, for they were among the most gallant defenders of a cause for which they risked and gave their heart's blood. Upon the field of battle, none were more heroic and daring; and whatever may be his mistakes, the maimed veteran who is a candidate for Lieutenant Governor must always have a warm place in the sympathies of his old comrades. But one inexorable fact stares us in the face. He cannot give his ballot to Ewing and Rice without giving encouragement to the adherents of the political murder and assassination doctrines at the South. He cannot elect the Democratic ticket in Ohio without giving additional strength to that bourbon organization of the South which has not only brought upon the republic all the greatest woes we have ever known, but is now, and has ever been, the worst enemy the South has had, and which stands an insurmountable barrier to all progress, and a menace to law, order, civilization and christianity. As the best elements of the Democracy of the North in 1861 rose up with a heroism worthy true patriots, so are they coming now to the rescue of the good people of the South from the ruin that threatens to engulf them, and to swell the triumph of a great victory in behalf of all that is best and most sacred in our institutions. The *Commercial* would excite no prejudice against the South. On the other hand it is prompted by feelings of friendship for the unfortunate people of all classes of that section stronger than can be expressed by mere words. But an intimate acquaintance with all the evils they endure, leads to the unalterable conviction, that through great Republican success at the North alone, will be found the true road to Southern peace and prosperity. It is only by Republican success at the North that the best elements of Southern society can be encouraged to revolt against and break down the dominion of the shot-gun and bowie-knife in Southern politics.

DEMOCRATS AS REFORMERS.

DEMOCRATS AND REPUBLICANS COMPARED.

A Startling Contrast—Over $600,000 Lost by Democrats in Ohio Alone—Democracy by its Friends—Republicans by its Enemies.

Democracy Short Everywhere—And Nothing Recovered Anywhere—$70,000 Short in Pennsylvania—$1,250,000 in Missouri.

Read, Consider, and Do Your Duty!

LICKING COUNTY.

In this county desperation seized the conspirators, and they burned the Court House with all the records to destroy the evidence of their guilt. This is only a fair specimen of what Licking County Democracy will do when pressed to the wall.

MERCER COUNTY.

Hunter, Treasurer of this county, was a defaulter to the extent of $7,000. He fled to Indiana, and we are informed that at least a portion of the amount was collected from his bondsmen—one party says that it was all recovered.

OTTAWA COUNTY.

In 1874, Godfrey Jaeger, Treasurer of this county, deposited $9,000 of the county funds with a banking firm in Toledo; the bank failed and the county lost $8,924. *Although this was a violation of law, he was never punished for it.*

In 1875, John H. Magee, County Treasurer, was dealing heavily in pork; it was suspected that he was using county funds and an examination was ordered by the Auditor of State. He was absent when the Examiner took possession of his office, and being unable to get into the inner safe he was compelled to await Magee's return. On his arrival, Magee, accompanied by a posse of Democratic friends, went to the office and demanded admission. This was refused; they then broke in the door and the Treasurer took $25,000 from his satchel and placed it in the safe to make up the shortage, but still the Examiner found the funds short $1,200. *Notwithstanding all this, Magee was re-elected to the office of Treasurer by the reform Democrats of that county, and the stealing went on just as though nothing had happened.*

STARK COUNTY.

This is the most recent instance of Democratic defalcation, and was only exposed when further concealment was found to be impossible. Fessler, the Treasurer, was in default about $75,000, and he absconded to Canada. It is not denied that he was induced to return with the assurance that, if convicted, he would soon be pardoned by a Democratic Governor; and he now awaits the action of the Grand Jury.

VAN WERT COUNTY.

The exact amount of defalcation of this county is $12,739, of which about $4,000 has been recovered, and the balance will probably be paid. The community, therefore will *only* lose a few thousand dollars by commissions, law-suits, interest on money borrowed for current expenses, &c. The county escapes easily, the Democratic majority being small. Had it been large the steallings would have been winked at and the loss would have been proportionately large.

Thus is it demonstrated that Republican majorities protect, and Democratic majorities plunder the people.

WAYNE COUNTY.

In 1872, Jacob B. Koch, the County Treasurer, was found to be $22,000 in default. Judgement was recovered against the bondsmen, and the case is now pending in the Supreme Court on a writ of error. *The Treasurer was sentenced to one year in the Penitentiary.*

WYANDOT COUNTY

The amount of defalcation in this county was $4,000, which was made up by the bondsmen.

The Treasurer, probably knowing his accounts to be in disorder, committed suicide, and then the default was discovered. He appears to have been the most honest of all this infamous array, and let the mantle of charity protect this case from further comment.

REPUBLICAN DEFALCATIONS

Now let the Republican record be considered:

CLARK COUNTY.

Wick, Republican Treasurer of Clark county, and *ex officio* Treasurer of Springfield, was a defaulter to the city to about $95,000. So determined were the Republican Commissioners to mete out full justice to the guilty man, that they paid McMahon, Democratic Congressman from the Fourth District, $2,000 for conducting the prosecution. He was sentenced to the Penitentiary for a year.

Not a shade of suspicion was ever cast upon the other Republican officials of the county and *not a cent was lost to the county.*

TRUMBULL COUNTY.

In the Republican county of Trumbull, the Auditor was found guilty of embezzlement to the amount of $15,000, and *he is now serving a term of five years in the Penitentiary; while his bondsmen have made good the loss to the people.*

A PECULIAR CASE.

Although Richland county is largely Democratic, and there was a default there, yet it has not been included in the exhibit of Democratic defaulting counties for the following reason:

The affairs of Richland county were unsatisfactory, and a Republican County Treasurer was elected by Democratic votes. He weakly permitted his Democratic associates in the Court House to control him, and in the severe crash that came upon Mansfield by the failure of the First National Bank, he was found to be in default by a large amount. This trouble was brought upon him by an attempt to cover the crookedness of his Democratic predecessor. *But the loss was made good by himself and his bondsmen, and the people did not lose a cent.*

A CONTRAST.

The contrast between defalcations in Republican and Democratic counties is as startling as the large number of Democratic defalcations and the enormous amount, of which the people have been plundered by Democratic officials, with almost absolute impunity.

The Republican Exhibit.

Republican Counties in the State (average	45
Number of counties in which there are defalcations	2
Total amount of defalcations	$110,000
Amount recovered	$110,000
Loss to the people	*Nothing!*
Number of defaulters	2
Number punished	2

The Democratic Exhibit.

Democratic counties in the State (average	43
Number of Democratic counties in which there are defalcations	22
Total amount of defalcations in 29 of these counties	$690,838
Amount recovered thus far	72,328
Public loss (expenses not included)	618,510
Number of defaulters	23
Number punished (one year each)	5

The sentences of punishment have all been of the lightest kind, and the criminals not infrequently pardoned before they had served their full time.

What an astounding contrast is here presented.

Out of 45 Republican counties, defalcations in only two. Out of 43 Democratic counties, defalcations in over half of them.

Out of $110,000 in default in the Republican counties, *not a dollar lost to the people.* Out of $690,000 in default in the Democratic counties, *not eleven per cent. collected.* Not enough collected in fact to pay expenses of investigations, interest and lawyers' and detectives' fees. Thus it may be truthfully stated as *nothing lost by Republicans, and over $700,000 lost by the Democrats.*

Out of two Republican defaulters, *both punished.* Out of 23 Democratic defaulters, *only five punished*, and these five sent to the Penitentiary by Democratic Judges for a less number of years altogether than the number of years for which the two Republicans were sentenced.

A FURTHER CONTRAST.

Prominent Democrats have also furnished an additional contrast:

1. Democracy by Democrats.

"Corruption has crept into the Democratic party."—*Hon. George E. Pugh.*

"I believe the historical Democratic organization is spoiled."—*Groesbeck.*

"The Democratic party is no longer an instrument of reform in American politics."—*General Tom Ewing.*

2. Republicanism by Democrats.

"The Democrats came into power last January, after our political opponent had held control of the State of Ohio *for nearly twenty years, but we couldn't find after a most careful examination, a single case of official corruption.* They had done some things that were wrong, nothing that was corrupt. They spent more money than a heavily taxed people well could bear, but *they did not steal any.*"—*Gov. Allen.*

"Your committee take pleasure in reporting that, so far as elective officers and their subordinates are concerned, *very commendable honesty and fidelity have been observed; and that in their official conduct of no public officer, whether elective or appointive, has corruption been disclosed.*"—*Report of Gen. Ball, Chairman of a Democratic Legislative Investigating Committee.*

GUERNSEY COUNTY.

Since this exhibit was prepared for publication, the Treasurer of Guernsey county has been found to be in default $4,600.

This will make defaults in only 3 counties out of 45, while the Democratic records shows defaults in 23 counties out of 43.

Already the defaulting Treasurer has been removed, and judging of the future by the past, his punishment and the payment, by his bondsmen, of the amount in default, will quickly follow.

THE "REFORMERS" IN MISSOURI

Democratic reform is the same all over this country—Ohio is not the only State whose people have been plundered under Democratic rule. Take Missouri for instance: It has recently been discovered that there is a shortage of OVER A MILLION AND A HALF OF DOLLARS which the State is unable to pay, and the propriety of calling an extra session of Legislature to provide ways and means for her extrication is being seriously discussed. A full account of the condition of things in Missouri would excite the virtuous indignation of every honest man in the land. And yet this is the condition of things in almost every city, county and State, where the Democratic party is in power.

PENNSYLVANIA DEMOCRATIC "REFORM."

For six years past the Democrats of Pennsylvania have howled about fraud in the Treasury of that State, until, at last the people believed it. A Democratic Auditor and Treasurer of State were elected to investigate the fraud. The Democratic State Treasurer reported the Republican officials to be free from all blame and that the State had lost no money by any Republican. These Democrats did, however, find a steal of $72,000, by following up a clew given by the last Republican State Treasurer. In 1853—4, under Democratic rule, $100,000 of State bonds were fraudulently issued; of that amount $28,000 had been wrongfully legalized by Democratic action, but there remained a clear steal of $72,000, which it was proved *had been done by a Democrat, as is not unusual, in investigations into official crookedness.*

A FEW WORDS TO THE PEOPLE.

A party should be judged as an individual is; that is, by its acts and general reputation for honesty and integrity. The history of the Democratic party wherever and whenever it has been in the ascendency is blotted all over with the most damning evidences of fraud, embezzlement and corruption in its various forms, and the exhibition which is here given of the manner in which it has betrayed its trust in the several counties of this State where it has been in power, is of itself sufficient to excite the most serious distrust in the breast of every honest and respectable citizen who will stop to give the subject a moment's serious consideration.

On the other hand, the escutcheon of the Republican party, notwithstanding its almost unlimited sway and power in this country, is, comparatively speaking, free from spot or blemish, and it is the only party to day, as it has been in the past, to which the people can go with confidence when the life or integrity of the Government is in danger.

These startling facts that have been presented appeal to the best citizens everywhere, without regard to party; and, upon the eve of an important election, let each voter examine this record, and by it answer for himself the questions:

1. What party has been the most faithful to the trusts imposed upon it by the people?

2. What party, then, is the safest to trust?

Read, examine, reflect and make such answer as becomes a good citizen who regards public integrity and honesty in office superior to party success.

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 3, 1879.

M. H. Bryce, of Walhalla, S. C., brother of the late Alex. Bryce, who was assassinated by Democratic night-riders a month ago, has written here requesting the aid of South Carolina Republicans in this city in raising funds for the purpose of retaining counsel to assist the State Attorney in bringing the murderers to justice. Mr. Bryce was informed that his request would be complied with so far as the money was concerned, but it must be distinctly understood that no part of the money contributed shall be paid to any Democratic lawyer. Mr. Bryce was advised to secure the services of Hon. Martin I. Townsend, of N. Y. Strange as it may seem, there are few, if any, Republican lawyers of any note in South Carolina, and Republicans, whether they be white or colored, are forced to trust their causes in the hands of political opponents, which is pretty sure death in advance to justice in the courts. A good deal of attention is being paid just now to this subject of obtaining redress for the many grievances of South Carolina Republicans to the annoyance of Northern Democrats, who don't like to have the facts get abroad. They are having a disastrous effect upon the Northern prospects in New York and Ohio.

Cheering news still continues to come from all quarters in the political field, and our friends here are anticipating clean sweeps in all the Northern States. There is some danger of over confidence however, which should be avoided. It is a fact that such crowds as turn out to hear Blaine and others in Ohio were never so large as this year, and this indicates that the Republicans are not lying about in idle confidence but will earn every advantage that they gain

The letter of Sec'y Sherman to the *Christian Advocate* denying that he had advised the President "not to trust Grant," and affirming that Gen'l Grant never had a truer friend than the Secretary himself, is a very pleasant incident. It is a truth, and goes deeper than many know. It should be stated for the benefit of many who are assailing Sec'y Sherman for his part in the so-called Hayes policy. Gen'l Grant and not Secretary Sherman is responsible for it more than any other man. It was he who withdrew troops from Louisiana and support from Gov. Packard. It was he who ordered the U. S. officers there not to respond to Packard's cry for help. Let us do justice to the truth. "Honor to whom honor is due."

The reduction of two and a half millions on the public debt in September is very gratifying. And under Republican management, if the Confederate Congress doesn't throw embarrassments in the way the reduction will continue steadily and rapidly. The business of the country is so promising as to justify bright predictions of the future, and the Republicans will see to it that the nation in its corporate capacity shall keep abreast of the commercial "boom." The hard facts of national prosperity are bad for the Greenback-Democratic conglomeration, and as to the South that is beginning to have a realizing sense of the blighting effect of Democratic rule.

The Indian War in Colorado is causing more of a scare than it deserves to. It will not probably amount to a great deal if dealt with promptly. The fault is that it was not attended to in its incipiency. It might in fact have been prevented. But to go deeper down our whole Indian policy is a humbug, neither doing justice to the Indians, the Army or the white settlers. It ought to be reformed. LEO.

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