Perrysburg Journal.

FRIDAY, - - - AUGUST 15, 1884.

JUDICIAL CONVENTION.

The Republican Convention for the selection of a candidate for Judge of the Court of Common Pleas for the First Subdivision of the Tenth Judicial district of Ohio is hereby called to meet at

Fostoria, Wednesday, Aug. 27, 1884.

At 2 o'clock P. M. The several counties of the subdivision will be entitled to one delegate for each 200 votes and fraction of 100 votes and over cast for J. B. Foraker for Governor in 1883, as follows:

Hancock county	15 votes
Hardin county	18 votes
Seneca county	18 votes
Wood county	20 votes

H. SAGEBIEL, Hardin county;
J. A. HOPE, Hancock county;
J. V. JONES, Seneca county;
J. D. BOWLES, Wood county.
Judicial Committee.

COMMITTEE MEETING.

The Central Committee are requested to meet at the Court House, on Saturday, August, 16th, at 10 o'clock A. M., to transact important business. A full attendance is desired. The Executive Committee are expected to meet at the same time and place.

W. S. HASKELL, Secretary. GEO. B. SPENCER, Chairman.

PROHIBITION CONVENTION.

Notice is hereby given that the Prohibitionists of Wood county, will meet at Bowling Green, SATURDAY, AUGUST 16th, 1884, in mass convention, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of putting in nomination county officers to be voted for at the coming fall election. Also organizing thoroughly for campaign work, and for the transaction of other legitimate business.

All persons who desire the legal suppression of the liquor traffic, protection in the interest of labor and home industry, insuring free suffrage, a fair ballot and an honest count, regardless of race or sex, are earnestly requested to be present.

EDMUND L. LOOMIS Ch'n. Ex. Com.
C. V. BLACK, Sec'y.

Ben Butler seems to be keeping his weather eye out for Cleveland's letter of acceptance, and when he catches a glimpse of it it is understood that he will "put a head on it.

The Wood County Democratic Convention is called to be held at Bowling Green on Saturday, August 23d. We are told that the Independents and Nationals will come in on a side issue on that occasion.

When at the Republican Convention last week some of our worthy and esteemed Republican friends desired to know when we were going to hoist the Republican National and State Tickets. It is not our custom to so conduct the JOURNAL, as our readers well know, that an apology or explanation is necessary. We have no apology to make now, but a brief explanation would seem to be in order.

First, we believe the time has arrived to investigate the character and motives of men put up for office, rather than be governed by party prejudice. When such papers as *Harpers' Weekly, Times, Post*, and others refused to support Mr. Blaine, we desired to wait and see if they had just grounds for such a course. Developments have proven to us, and others, we think, excepting those who want absolute free trade, that they have no cause for their course toward Mr. Blaine.

Second, we desire to fill every available inch of space with news and reading matter that will interest, instruct and elevate the readers of the JOURNAL; therefore do not believe it essential for an editor to establish his standing with a party that six or eight inches of space should be given for six months prior to an election.

Had we pursued the course of the wise man, Henry Ward Beecher, and hoisted the name of Cleveland on sight, we would now probably be submitting the question for decision to our congregation, as to what was best to be done.

The Republican tickets will appear in due time for every voter to become acquainted with the names thereon.

The Milk in the Cocoa-Nut.

As the bottom facts are reached, it appears that Harper & Brothers have a private and personal grudge against Mr. Blaine because he would not give to them the publication of his book, "Twenty Years of Congress." If Mr. Blaine had employed them as his publishers it is probable, if not certain, that the Harper establishment, including Mr. Curtis, would to-day be earnestly supporting the Republican ticket.

The keenness of the Harpers' disappointment in not securing the publication of the book is proportioned to the earnestness with which they sought it and the coolness with which Mr. Blaine declined their offer. On the 13th of March, 1883, only a little more than a year ago, Mr. J. W. Harper, jr., the head of the firm, wrote to a gentleman in this city requesting him to see Mr. Blaine on the subject of publishing the book, assuring him that "*Harper & Brothers would be glad to be considered in the matter.*" Mr. Harper added the following words, which about this time constitute what Horace Greeley used to call "mighty interesting readin':"

With the instinct of a publisher, accustomed to deal with the people rather than with privileged classes, I recognize the fact that there is no man living more closely in sympathy with the people than Mr. Blaine. I keep a not untrained finger on the public pulse, which in our vigorous American life, is generally healthy, and I am sure that it beats strongly in admiration and affection for a man who has been absolutely fearless in his patriotism. Mr. Weed's reminiscences will be interesting as the record of an acute observer, but I am sure that Mr. Blaine's narrative will hold the American people, because it will be human—real flesh and blood—the record, not of a Machiavelian observer, but of an active participator, a brave fighter, and a gallant leader in the most critical events of our nation's history.

So when it comes quite convenient to you, I wish that you would give Mr. Blaine to understand that while the doors of Franklin Square stand wide open to "them literary fellers," such as scholars and poets and novelists and essayists and travelers, the proprietors generally go down to the sidewalk to welcome the historian of his own time, and with uncovered heads, reverently help him to unload the manuscript from his triumphal car on the elevated railroad. Please intimate all this to Mr. Blaine. You know how to do it gracefully and effectively.

Mr. Harper withdrew from the Republican electoral ticket after Mr. Blaine's nomination, giving as his reason that he could not support a man of Blaine's character. If Mr. Harper had given his real reason—viz., that he was opposed to Mr. Blaine's views on protection—he might have maintained a decent consistency. But, as the case now stands, his present objections to Mr. Blaine on the score of character are false or his letter of March 13, 1883, was false. Either horn of the dilemma leaves Mr. Harper in a position of personal dishonor.—*National Republican*

Lima Gazette: Down at Wapakoneta the Democrats have hung out a big banner with the motto "For honest Government." If there be any place it godalmighty's world that needs honest government more than they do in Auglaize county we have never heard of it.

If the *Sentinel* and *Democrat* increase, as the campaign progresses, in their vituperation and bitterness toward each other, there will be no living in the town with them—all will be dead. Firstly, the first principles of the Republican party, viz: free press and free speech, were entirely overlooked; and secondly, the freedom of the press was most shamefully abused.

Bro. DeWolfe, of the Fostoria *Review*, will except our thanks for a copy of the full proceedings of the Seventh District Congressional Convention, held in Fostoria on the 11th. While we have no apology to make for the space we have given to correspondents this week, we regret that we have not space for a synopsis, at least, of the proceedings. The nomination was offered to Charlie Foster, but he declined the honor. Daniel Babst, Jr. the live young Mayor of the Democratic town of Crestline, was honored with the nomination, and accepted, with the promise to do all in his power to overcome the Democratic majority in the district.

TO THE RESCUE!

Hundreds of enterprises and worthy objects are crying out to the people, to our homes, and to you and me, in voices that ought to reach our ears—"To the Rescue!"

Look where we may, and turn our ears to whatever quarter, there comes to us urgent appeals for action and effort. Never in the history of time, were we living for so much and where so much was expected of us.

Fifty millions of people, with a hundred times as many wants, are demanding our service, and depending upon it. Great issues are at stake, which will not be laid on the table for future consideration, and which are to perish in the vortex of human affairs, or become successful; to bless or curse humanity according as we act upon them, or refuse to act at all, which in some cases is more serious than to move in the wrong direction.

We are living in an age when we are always at a crisis; which is not true of all ages; when every blow counts for a hundred, and effects a thousand others, and a thousand times as many people; when man depends upon man more directly in all that affects his life for weal or woe, than upon bare nature, or individual self as in former times, when every meal of victuals may bring before us the combined toil of genius, of art, of honesty, of roguery in adulteration from every civilized land under the sun.

When the sun may be made to shine with a lustre of golden hue, as it is reflected from the mirror of our homes, or our social and political life, or with the dull tint of a century ago. When every man may be made as prosperous as a king, and every woman a queen, or toil in the dust of poverty. When our land may become more rich in resources for the seekers after wealth, and moral and intellectual acquirements, or suffer stagnation in business like the present, and four fold worse. All of which is affected and determined by the way we cast the die, and determine each and every issue that comes to us. Yes, each individual has the determining power in his own hand, when he has the power to vote them up or down, which way these shall be.

This individual ability, and determining power which every American citizen possesses needs to be pressed home to every one so that he will feel that he has the oars in his own hand, and is one of the telling factors in shaping every phase of life.

This being so, we should look well, but not indifferently, as too many of us do in church and state affairs, which way we push the boat, and rally to the rescue.

You determine by your vote which way the ship of state shall sail, either toward prohibition, or hard or prosperous times.

To be sure this political issue which is upon us, is but one among the many as important, and voting is only one of the ways we may rally to the rescue. But like all other cases where public trusts, and shaping power of all phases of our life is placed in the hand of the individual, it is too much slighted, and shifted on to some one else.

And if whiskey curses our land, and hard times stares us in the face, we cry out against the officers, or the party in power, when we ought to bestir ourselves and rescue the wrong and press the victory to our own gate.

Less of finding fault with the party, and more of individual effort and responsibility. Vote right, and the affairs of state will in the main go right. Vote wrong and everything is wrong. This every man ought to feel to the quick. But because he does not, he is so indifferent as to, in many cases, sell his vote for money or prejudice, or to a party spirit which is behind and indifferent to the right.

Men are coming out of party ruts, in church and state, and voting more from an individual stand-point, which is a hopeful indication of our times, and is rescuing right from might, in politics, which is needed before we will be rid of our evils and civil service reforms triumph.

There are one hundred thousand officers in the U. S., the disposal of which depends on your vote, and not only a change of administration, but it involves all the blunders and risks of incompetent appointments, growing out of such a change—men unfit for the positions, which is likely to be the case among so many appointments. Shall a change take place, and run all the risk involved in it?

Each voter has the power to determine to the extent of one.

We are the only people who are sovereigns and do not know it, or at least seem to forget it. The officers we elect are only agents employed to do a certain work, to carry out certain principles which are generally embodied in the party platform; facts which make it necessary to enquire first, what are the principles professed, and second, are the men nominated likely to carry out these principles?

The charge sometimes heard asserted, "No matter about the man, if the principles are right," and its opposite, "No matter about the principles if the men are all right," is not sound politics. We must examine both the principles, and the men, and then determine our duty toward them. Many do not do this thoroughly enough, but depend too much on newspapers, and demagogue mud throwing, which is carried to a shameful extent in American politics—so that it is fashionable to lie, and slander and misrepresent both the principles and the man. We need to rally to the rescue of this abuse. No man can vote right, educated under such a system, unless he discriminate more closely than the average voter is likely to.

The British cry, "God Save the Queen!" We need to cry, "God Save the Vote!" In it is a power equal to the Queen's, and on it, we ride to prosperity or adversity.

WINTER MIX.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box.

FOR SALE BY TAYLOR & MILLER.

GROVER CLEVELAND.

On the 21st inst. the *Evening Telegraph* an Independent paper of Buffalo, New York, published with circumstantiality, a series of charges against Grover Cleveland, present Governor of New York, and Democratic nominee for the Presidency, which, if true, not only render him unfit for any office of public trust but for association with honorable men.

It will not do to treat the charges of the *Telegraph* with any attempted contempt of silence. They must be met, either by Governor Cleveland or by the Democratic party. If Governor Cleveland can not meet them the Democratic party can only meet them by *demanding his immediate withdrawal from the head of the ticket.*

Before this *Telegraph* exposure, we in our heart believed Governor Cleveland to be very far in deed from the White House, but no American matron or maiden could have ever entered that American domain if presided over by one to whom with truth could be imputed the terrible story with which the Buffalo paper, with effusion of details, has coupled the name of Grover Cleveland.—*Catholic Universe.*

The *Universe* has been a radical Democratic paper heretofore, and its editor, we believe served it the Confederate army. Let this be as it may he strikes a direct blow for the purification of politics. If charges are made and cannot be met and successfully denied, let the party placing him in nomination demand his removal from the ticket.

Of the truth of the charges made against Cleveland's private character there seems to be but little doubt. Mr. Jonas Sarsaman, a reliable farmer of Tony township, was in town yesterday and informed us that he was a resident in the suburbs of Buffalo when Cleveland was Mayor of that city, and he had at that time gained considerable notoriety on the same charges which himself and friends now seem unable to meet.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From Our Regular Correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 11, 1884.

While Washington has never been particularly proud of her hostelries, she never supposed that any of them were so depraved as to tumble down upon the heads of guests without a moment's warning. Yet such was the case with the United States Hotel last Sunday, whose walls slew five persons, outright and maimed a score more. A kind Providence postponed for an hour the casualty that would have overwhelmed sixty guests who were at table in the dining-room. How many more of these ramshackle man traps there are in the city, no one knows but the Building Inspector, and he won't tell. While Yankee ingenuity is being put to its best to devise fire escapes, a new kind of horror presents itself, against which there can be no protection save the faithful discharge of the duty of those assigned to look after just such specimens of rottenness as this.

By the second volume of the "Blue Book," which has just made its appearance, we are made acquainted with a good many of the minor details of office holding which fail to reach us through the ordinary channels. The "Blue Book" no longer ago than the reign of Mr. Buchanan, was a volume containing not more than one hundred and sixty pages. The enormous multiplication of offices necessitates now two volumes of a thousand pages and more each, which are published every two years for the use of Congress. The second volume which pertains distinctively to the Post Office Department, informs us that there are upwards of 50,000 postmasters in the country, who receive salaries ranging from nine cents, received by the postmaster at Redalia, N. C., to $8,000, received by the postmaster at New York City. There are 2,000 of these postmasters who each receive a salary of lest than $10 per annum, and yet not one of the 2,400 would resign except under the weightiest kind of a consideration. When postmasters were paid salaries in proportion to the number of stamps sold, there was a lively interest in being postmaster even at the smallest cross roads office, and the demand for stamps from these small offices became so great that Uncle Sam began an investigation, only to find that postage stamps had become the staple currency of the real and entered into all sorts of trade, commerce and barter. Then Congress stepped in and said that salaries should be paid in accordance with the number of stamps canceled at the office, and this has canceled much of the desire to be a country postmaster. Beside the nine cent postmaster in North Carolina, there are thirty-four others in the country whose salary does not reach $1 per year, and a dozen of these are in North Carolina which State contributes just one-ninth as much postal revenue as the cost of transporting her mails. Ordinarily the work of making up a quarterly report in a country postoffice, requires a well-balanced mind, a patience beyond that of Job, and a full week of time. In ninety-seven cases out of one hundred, the work is not then done to the satisfaction of the department, and the whole business is returned to the exasperated postmaster to be done all over again, and that postmaster does not live in the United States who sends his report to Washington without serious misgivings, and, I might say, absolute certainty that it will come back for readjustment. A hundred years of postal service in which the methods of keeping postal accounts have not received the slightest simplification, have furnished our mad houses with most of the inmates that politics and religion have to answer for.

Ex Speaker Kiefer having defied the newspaper men to do their worst, has received the full benefit of their attentions, and his political cadaver is now lying in state at Springfield, Ohio. Not a newspaper in his district could be cajoled into his support for a renomination, and therefore Kiefer started one of his own, with the usual disastrous results that come of a bad politician blowing his own horn. The defeat of Kiefer puts an end to a man whose public life has been nothing but a continued public calamity, and the country owes a debt of gratitude to the newspaper correspondents of Washington who have compassed the abolition of one of the worst of our political pests.

DOM PEDRO.

President Kate B Sherwood.

The Woman's Relief Corps has done simply the best thing possible in electing the brilliantly-able Mrs. Sherwood President. In breadth of comprehension and in executive capacity Mrs. Sherwood is without a superior in the Nation. She has supplied much of the motive power of the woman's Relief Corps movement from its very inception, and no one is entitled to more credit for its signal success than she. Her time and her energy have given unstintedly to its development, and these have always been so wisely directed that not a single effort has been wasted. The high honor of the Presidency of all those noble women who in every State between the two oceans are devoting themselves to the care of the disabled heroes of the war, their widows and orphans, has been well earned, and her administration of the office will be as creditable to her and to them as her previous career in the same work has been.

Mrs. Sherwood's literary abilities have given her a proud place among the writers of the country. Unquestionably, the best and most stirring poetry of the war times comes from her pen, and her lyrics are read and admired and wept over from one end of the land to the other. It is a compliment to the gallant men, whose deeds she has sung, that she should be thus honored by her colaborers, and we congratulate the ladies of the Relief Corps upon their admirable selection.—*National Tribune.*

THE MEN OF NOTE.

NAT. PRESS ASS. N.Y.

OUR NEW MINISTER TO GERMANY.

The Hon. John A. Kasson, of Iowa.

Hon. John A. Kasson, who was lately appointed as Minister to Germany, was born at Burlington, Vt., January 11th, 1822. He acquired the rudiments of his education in the public schools of his neighborhood, and when twenty years of age graduated from the University of Vermont. Upon leaving this institution he determined to study law, and pursued a course of reading in Massachusetts; and after being admitted to practice he removed to St. Louis, where he engaged in his profession until 1873, when he settled in Des Moines, Iowa. In the following year he was elected State Director in the organization of the State Bank of Iowa, and in the next was State Commissioner to investigate and report on the condition of the Executive Department of Iowa. At that time he was elected Chairman of the Republican State Committee, and in 1860 he was both a delegate to the Chicago Convention and the Representative of Iowa on the Platform Committee. Upon the inauguration of President Lincoln, Mr. Kasson was appointed First Assistant Postmaster-General, a position he occupied until the fall of 1862, when he resigned to accept a nomination for Congress, but in the ensuing election was defeated. In 1863 he was appointed United States Commissioner to the International Postal Congress, held in Paris. On his return he was elected a member of the Thirty-Eighth Congress, and at the close of that was chosen for the Thirty-ninth. In 1867 he visited Great Britain, France, Belgium, Holland, Germany, Switzerland and Italy, as Commissioner on the part of the United States to negotiate postal connections, and succeeded in inducing all the Governments excepting that of France to sign the preliminary agreements. From 1868 to 1873 he served as member of the General Assembly of Iowa, and was elected to the Forty-third and Forty-fourth Congresses.

Soon after his accession, President Hayes appointed Mr. Kasson United States Minister to Spain, but on account of the stand he had publicly taken in Congress upon the subject of Spanish atrocities in Cuba, he declined the portfolio, and was then given that of the Austrian mission. Upon his retirement from service in Vienna, he returned home and was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress from his old district. He has ranked as one of the Repub leaders of the House, and his retirement from taat body will be greatly regretted.

There is a young man in Oakland who has a sister who was sent to a fashionable school for young ladies. When she left home he wondered if she would acquire the affectation other young ladies that he knew had by attending the fashionable seminary. After being there a year he began to flatter himself that his sister was against such nonsense, when he received a letter signed "Jessica," instead of Jessie as heretofore. In answering he wrote something like this: "Dear sister Jessica—Your welcome letter received. Mammaica and papaica are well. Aunt Maryica and Uncle Georgica started for Santa Cruz mountains yesterday. Have bought a new horse; it is a beauty; it is named Maudica," etc. The next letter was signed Jessie.—*San Francisco Call.*

The memorial of the W. C. T. U., asking for a recognition of the claims of prohibition at the various nominating conventions, went in its regular round to the national convention of the Democratic party held in the exposition building of this city. It was most cordially presented to that body by Major E. A. Burke, editor of the *Times-Democrat*, of New Orleans, and referred without reading to the committee on resolutions, although a large number of documents quite as long were read in the open convention. It was never heard of, or from, thereafter, and "so endeth the *third* lesson."—*Union Signal of Chicago.*

An End to Bone Scraping.

Edward Shepherd, of Harrisburg, Ill., says: "Having received so much benefit from Electric Bitters, I feel it my duty to let suffering humanity know it. Have had a running sore on my leg for eight years; my doctors told me I would have to have the bone scraped or leg amputated. I used, instead, three bottles of Electric Bitters and seven boxes of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and my leg is now sound and well."

Erysipelas and Salt Rheum was driven entirely away from Mrs. J. C. Anderson's Peshtigo, Wis., by Burdock Blood Bitters. No equal as a blood purifier.

A DUDE.

This is a dude,
his ears pro-
trude in most
expansive mag-
OnituOde. his O colO
lar of the late
st date surrou
nds a ne
ck
a
t
i
e
n
nate, ten inches
long at any rate. A
gaudy tie surrounds his throat;
belo w this comes a cut off coat
with far more buttons than
a go at. Neath all the rest
here is his vest, with pla ted
wa tch chain, not the best;
these spindles
are his
le gs
you see,
his pa
nts are
tig ht
as tig
ht can
be, and
fit him
igh ter
th an
his skin;
his spin
dle legs
be nd
out and in; his feet
the size of a coal bin
That is a Dude.
—*P. Nockle, in Scissors.*

Don't Look Like a Wreck.

"When a man is going down hill everybody is ready to give him a kick." Yes, that is so. It is sad, but natural. Why, many a man and woman, seeking employment, would have got it if their hair hadn't been so thin and gray. One bottle of Parker's Hair Balsam is then the best investment. It stops falling hair, promotes new growth and restores color. Clean, highly perfumed, not a dye. A great improvement over any similar preparation, and sold at the low price of 50c.

Starting a Daily Paper.*

Did you ever start a daily paper? asked R. J. Burdette. Well you ought to try it. Falling down with a stove on your head is nothing compared with the point of excitement. The name of the paper was the *Review*, and it was started to fill a long felt want. Jerry Cochrane was my partner. For instance, Jerry and I always knew on Monday that we wouldn't have money to pay off the hands on Saturday and we never did. The hands knew it, too, and so their nerves were never shocked by disappointment. We ran that way for a while, getting more deeply into debt all the time. One morning I went to the office and found Jerry looking rather solemn. "Jerry," said I, "you want a partner." "Yes, we want a new man, Bob," he rejoined. "A business man," said I. "One with executive ability," said he. "A financier," I observed. "A man that can take hold of the thing and turn it into money," he concluded. "Then I've got the man you want," I said and introduced Frank Hitchcock, the sheriff. Jerry said Frank was the very man he had been thinking of, so we installed him at once. Sir, he proved to be all that we anticipated and he ran the paper with great success until he turned it entirely into money. When we wound up the concern there was nothing left but two passes—one to Cincinnati and one to Burlington. We divided them and went in different directions.

Deafness cured by the use of The World Imperial Catarrh Cream. Get a sample free of your druggist before they are all gone. Sold by Taylor & Miller and A. R. Champney.

Young, old, and middle-aged, all experience the wonderful beneficial effects of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Young children suffering from sore eyes, sore ears, scald-head, or with any scrofulous or syphilitic taint, may be made healthy and strong by its use.

IMPORTANT.

When you visit or leave New York City save baggage Expressage and Carriage Hire and stop at the Grand Union Hotel, opposite Grand Central Depot.

Elegant rooms fitted up at a cost of one million dollars, reduced to $1.00 and upwards per day. European plan. Elevator. Restaurant supplied with the best. Horse cars, stages and elevated railroad to all depots. Families can live better for less money at the Grand Hotel than at any other first-class hotel in the city.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GRADING SALE.

Will be sold to the lowest responsible bidder, on Wednesday the 20th day of August, 1884, at 1 o'clock P. M., the job of Grading the Bridge Approaches of Grass Creek Bridge, near the residence of R. Chamberlain, in Ross Township.

Specifications to be fully set forth on the day of sale.

The Commissioners reserve the right of rejecting any bid considered incompatible with the interests of the county.

WM. W. DUNIFACE,
Commissioner of Wood County.

Do You Know

THAT

LORILLARD'S CLIMAX

PLUG TOBACCO

with Red Tin Tag: **Rose Leaf** Fine Cut Chewing; **Navy Clippings**, and Black, Brown and Yellow **SNUFFS** are the best and cheapest, quality considered.?

Farmers and Choppers!

BUY ONLY THE

C. H. MOORE AXE,

Manufactured by C. H. MOORE.
86 St. Clair Street, Toledo, Ohio.
Repairing promptly attended to.

Cincinnati Evening Post

ALL THE NEWS FOR ONE CENT!

Independent in Politics!

CIRCULATION NOW 30,000!

Delivered by boys to the houses of subscribers in towns and villages within 300 miles of Cincinnati, the night of publication or next morning

For 6 Cents a Week.

BY MAIL 25c. A MONTH.

Latest Telegraph News!

Latest Market Reports!

TRY IT FOR A MONTH.

AGENTS WANTED.
Apply to Office,
Nos. 95, 97 & 99 Longworth Street.

JUST WHAT YOU WANT.

Anvil, Vise, Cutting Tool for Farm and House use. 3 sizes, $1.50, $5.50, $6.50. Sold by hardware dealers. To introduce, one free to first person who gets up a club of four. Agents wanted. Write for circulars.

CHENEY ANVIL & VISE CO., DETROIT, MICH.

WARREN LELAND,

whom everybody knows as the successful manager of the

Largest Hotel Enterprises

of America, says that while a passenger from New York on board a ship going around Cape Horn, in the early days of emigration to California, he learned that one of the officers of the vessel had cured himself, during the voyage, of an obstinate disease by the use of

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Since then Mr. LELAND has recommended AYER'S SARSAPARILLA in many similar cases, and he has never yet heard of its failure to effect a radical cure.

Some years ago one of Mr. LELAND's farm laborers bruised his leg. Owing to the bad state of his blood, an ugly scrofulous swelling or lump appeared on the injured limb. Horrible itching of the skin, with burning and darting pains through the lump, made life almost intolerable. The leg became enormously enlarged, and running ulcers formed, discharging great quantities of extremely offensive matter. No treatment was of any avail until the man, by Mr. LELAND's direction, was supplied with AYER'S SARSAPARILLA, which allayed the pain and irritation, healed the sores, removed the swelling, and completely restored the limb to use.

Mr. LELAND has personally used

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

for Rheumatism, with entire success; and, after careful observation, declares that, in his belief, there is no medicine in the world equal to it for the cure of **Liver Disorders, Gout, the effects of high living, Salt Rheum, Sores, Eruptions, and all the various forms of blood diseases.**

We have Mr. LELAND's permission to invite all who may desire further evidence in regard to the extraordinary curative powers of AYER'S SARSAPARILLA to see him personally either at his mammoth Ocean Hotel, Long Branch, or at the popular Leland Hotel, Broadway, 27th and 28th Streets, New York.

Mr. LELAND's extensive knowledge of the good done by this **unequalled eradicator of blood poisons** enables him to give inquirers much valuable information.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists; $1, six bottles for $5.

Dry Goods.

New Fall Goods

ARRIVING DAILY!

—AT—

ANDERSON BROS.,

TOLEDO, O.

117 & 119 Summit Street,

SAVE MONEY

By calling on me and examing my goods before making your purchases.

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES,

Provisions and Produce purchased direct from first hands at Bottom Prices, and which I will sell at

UNPRECEDENTED LOW PRICES.

I am determined to sell only

First-Class Goods.

I study to please and make my customers' interests my own, and I guarantee every article I sell to be First-Class, and as Low as any First-Class Goods can be bought. Respectfully,

E. L. KINGSBURY.

500 PEOPLE

In Perrysbury and vicinity need Artificial Teeth, and ought not to pay more than $8 for a full upper or lower set of the very best teeth. If you will call at my office I can prove why, every time you do, you pay a profit of from $4 to $7 over and above what I must make and live. You wonder why I work for ONE HALF less than any other Dentist. I believe in a small profit. More people needing teeth are willing to pay a reasonable fee for Dental work than high and exhorbitant prices. You are

MISSING

It when you think or believe I use anything but the VERY best Material. WHO CAN GET BETTER? WHEN I GET THE BEST.

The Whole Community

Should talk this matter over, about paying high Dental fees. I can prove that you pay a double profit, when you pay more than I ask, by the cost of the very best material if need be. Do not get

EXCITED,

But think this matter over and what you need done in the Dental line, then call and see me last, and I will do your work the cheapest, use the BEST MATERIAL and GUARANTEE FIRST CLASS WORK.

Having secured the services of Dr. J. P. Thompson, of Perrysburg, to meet the increasing Dental practice established by me in Toledo, I feel confident that parties in and around this neighborhood will always receive skillful treatment and save ONE HALF IN MONEY by calling and having me do your work.

H. A. BLACK, D. D. S., Dentist,
Cor. Summit & Cherry Streets, Toledo, O.

Furniture Furniture Furniture

The largest stock, the choicest assortment, and the lowest prices, on Common, Medium, and the Best Grades of Furniture, to be found in Northwestern Ohio, at

PHILIP HACAR'S,

212 & 214 Summit St, TOLEDO, O.

The SECRET of OUR SUCCESS

Is, that we are selling the BEST GOODS the Market Affords in

CARPETS, LACE CURTAINS

Drapery Goods, Oil Cloths, Linoleums, Mats and Rugs,
AND EVERYTHING TO BE FOUND IN A FIRST-CLASS CARPET HOUSE,
AT Lower Prices THAN ANY HOUSE IN THE CITY.
THE OLD RELIABLE,

V. B. SNYDER & SON,

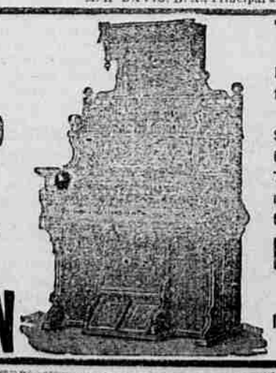
117 & 119 SUMMIT ST., TOLEDO, O.

Toledo Business College

Penmanship, Book-keeping, Business Correspondence, Mathematics and English Branches thoroughly taught. No special preparation required to enter. Actual Business Department a prominent feature of the school. No vacations. Special class for teachers from July 1 to September 1. Catalogues sent free.

5286 M. H. DAVIS, B. A., Principal and Proprietor, Toledo, O.

THE CAMP & CO. ORGAN



THE BEST!

For the MONEY to be found in the Market. VERY LOW PRICES. Send for ILLUSTRATED CIRCULAR, PRICES and TERMS. AGENTS can make Money handling these Organs.

ESTEY & CAMP,

188 & 190 State St.

CHICAGO.

A CRY FOR HELP ANSWERED.

DR. HAINES' GOLDEN SPECIFIC,

A POSITIVE AND RADICAL CURE FOR

DRUNKENNESS.

To the Wives, Mothers, and Sisters of Drinking Men:—

It lies in your own hands to save the husband, son, or brother from the awful disease of drunkenness. The *Golden Specific* can be administered without the knowledge of the patient. *By simply placing it in coffee, tea, or in articles of food or drink, its presence will not be detected either by taste or smell*, and after a few days

TAKING A DRINK OF LIQUOR IS A PHYSICAL IMPOSSIBILITY.

Drunkenness is a *disease*, not a weakness. Primarily the appetite for alcoholic drinks must be cultivated; but when the appetite is once formed, it is as much a disease as any other affliction for which medicine is administered. Every nerve, tissue and pore of the body is but a ravished wolf with a million mouths crying upon the system and craving for alcohol. Pledges, temperance lectures, "dreadful examples," prayers, resolutions—all are futile. Not one man a thousand can withstand the battle; not because he has not the desire, but because he is physically weak, and can easily obtain from reeling food after a famine with a banquet at his hand, as to deny his hungry system in its awful craving for liquor.

THE SPECIFIC AND LIQUOR CAN NOT EXIST IN THE SYSTEM TOGETHER.

It would be amusing, were it not pitiful, to watch the man to whom the Specific has been given without his knowledge. At first, out of habit, and not realizing that the good work has begun, he pours out his drink. He swallows it *and shudders*. The next attempt, he raises the liquor to his lips, gets its odor in his nostrils, and sets the glass down, usually with the remark that "somehow, I am not whisky hungry." From this moment he is saved. No physical prostration, no "delirium," no ill-effects will appear—the man is no more a drunkard than the child who never knew the taste of liquor. *The Cure is Permanent.*

WIVES, MOTHERS, SISTERS,

Can you afford to neglect this means of saving the husband, son, or brother? As certain as that you love and desire to save the erring one, so certain do we offer you the means to accomplish such a result. Instead of sitting hopelessly at home, praying for the help that does not come; instead of putting one loss of home in any system of pledges or reform,

COME TO THE RESCUE YOURSELVES.

You can administer this remedy quietly, easily, and without the patient's knowledge. *It never fails*, and the cure is Rapid, Positive and Permanent.

In hundreds of cases where Dr. Haines has administered the remedy in his own practice, *there has never been a failure.* He feels that wretchedness, blighted homes, suffering wives and children, every instinct of humanity, demand that the widest publicity be given this greatest of all temperance discoveries. It is sold at a price which will enable us to accomplish a work of reform in every family reaching the remotest beyond the reach of any one. The Specific is prepared in powder and form and put up in packages for mailing, or shipping by express. Especial care is taken that the contents can not be discovered to any but the party addressed. We believe we merit the gratitude of every one who assists us in this point; besides, to let its nature be known might frustrate the plans for its administration. One package will cure any ordinary case. Two packages will cure the most obstinate case. *This is positively guaranteed, or money refunded.* PRICES: One Package by Mail, post paid, $1.00. Two Packages at same address, $2.00. Send Money by Registered Letter, Express, Postal Note, or Money Order. Address such and make all payable only to

GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., 185 Race Street, Cincinnati, O.

We do not publish in public print the names of those whose experience prompts them to write us grateful letters. The following are extracts, the original letters with thousands of others, being on file in our office.

Chillicothe, Ohio.—My husband is cured, and he does not know the cause. He thinks he has proved himself a hero. Not one dreamed of such a double dose. He will never let it be in my coffee without my knowledge, while I had ordered the medicine to cost if it could make, I ordered no harm, and when we compared notes after my cure, you should have seen me. We are the happiest family in the state.

Cleveland, Ohio.—My husband is cured, and he does not know the cause. He thinks he has proved himself a hero. Not one dreamed of such a double dose. He will never let it be in my coffee without my knowledge, while I had ordered the medicine to cost if it could make, I ordered no harm, and when we compared notes after my cure, you should have seen me. We are the happiest family in the state.

R. R. ADVERTISEMENTS.

TAKE THE

Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton

—RAILROAD—

Which is THE BEST ROUTE between

CINCINNATI,

—AND—

Toledo, Detroit, and Canadas.

EATON, RICHMOND, ELOGANSPORT,

CHICAGO,

AND ALL POINTS in THE NORTHWEST

OXFORD, CONNERSVILLE, RUSHVILLE,

INDIANAPOLIS,

TERRE HAUTE, VANDALIA, MATTOON,

ST. LOUIS,

DANVILLE, BLOOMINGTON,

PEORIA,

AND ALL POINTS IN THE WEST.

Trains of this Company pass PERRYSBURG STATION, as follows:

PASSING SOUTH, (daily except Sunday.)	
Detroit & Cincinnati Express	8.01 A. M.
Detroit, Toledo & Cincinnati Mail	11 08 A. M.
Toledo & Lima Accommodation	5 39 P. M.
Detroit, Toledo & Cin. Express, (D)	9 57 P. M.
PASSING NORTH, (daily except Sunday.)	
Toledo & Detroit Express (Daily)	5. 35 A. M.
Lima & Toledo Accomodation	8. 17 A. M
Toledo & Detroit Mail	3. 04 P. M.
Toledo, Detroit & Chicago Express	8 52 P. M.

For Maps, Time Tables and other information call on Station Agent, or address G. T. A. Cincinnati, O.

SAM'L STEVENSON,
Gen'l Ticket Agent.

WM. PATCHEN, Agent, Perrysburg.

COLUMBUS, HOCKING VALLEY & TOLEDO RAILWAY.

THE SHORTEST ROUTE BETWEEN LAKE ERIE AND THE OHIO RIVER.

TIME CARD

Taking Effect May 18, '83

CENTRAL TIME.

SOUTH BOUND.

Lv Toledo	4 46 a m	10 10 a m	5 35 p m
" Fostoria	6 02 "	11 33 "	7 02 "
" Carey	6 34 "	12 05 p m	7 35 "
" Upper Sandusky	7 10 "	12 40 "	8 10 "
" Marion	7 48 "	1 18 "	8 47 "
" Prospect	8 08 "	1 40 "	9 07 "
" Delaware	8 35 "	2 06 "	9 34 "
Ar Columbus	9 30 "	3 00 "	10 30 "
Lv Columbus	7 50 a m	3 05 p m	6 00 p m
" Lancaster	9 17 "	4 32 "	7 21 "
" Logan	10 02 "	5 18 "	8 12 "
Ar Athens	11 05 a m	6 30 p m	9 20 p m
Ar Gallipolis	1 37 p m	8 39 p m	.....
" Pomeroy	2 32 "	9 35 "	.....

NORTH BOUND.

Lv Pomeroy	4 20 a m	4 15 p m	.....
" Gallipolis	5 16 "	5 09 "	.....
Ar Athens	7 05 a m	7 05 p m	12 45 p m
Lv Logan	8 20 a m	8 17 p m	1 47 p m
" Lancaster	9 12 "	8 58 "	2 32 "
Ar Columbus	10 30 "	10 20 "	3 55 "
Lv Columbus	12 05 p m	4 45 a m	4