Perrysburg Journal.

FRIDAY, - - FEBRUARY 27, 1885.

"Brick" Pomeroy proposes to start a new Democratic paper in Washington, to commence with the new administration. It will be called "The United States *Democrat*."

The Pope gave $7,000 to the victims of the earthquake in Spain; the King of Italy, $4,000; Prince Amadeus, ex-King of Spain, $10,000; the Emperor of Austria, $4,000, and the Emperor of Germany, $5,000.

The Harper's Ferry property, recently sold by the government at auction, derived its name from Robert Harper, of Oxford England, who while passing through the locality in 1747 became enchanted with it, and bought it for fifty guineas and settled there.

The Philadelphia *Times* gives Frank Hatton a hard dig in the ribs when it says there will not be much of a vacancy in the Postoffice Department when he goes out. If not changed there will be numerous small postoffices about the country named Hatton after he does go out.

Wm. C. Kingsley, chief owner of the Brooklyn *Eagle*, and manager of the great Brooklyn bridge; Dr. Damrosch, the celebrated opera manager, and Francis A. Drexel, the well known banker, have all fell victims to the peneumonia epidemic prevailing in New York City.

One of the features of the night of the 4th of March in celebrating the inauguration of President Cleveland will be a single flight of five thousand rockets simultaneously. The largest flight heretofore recorded number fifteen hundred. Five thousand rockets discharged at once will fill the heavens with a blaze of glory.

A dispatch from Little Cottonwood Utah, states that at 8 o'clock on the night of the 13th, a snow slide swept over the mining camp of Alta, destroying three-fourths of the town and killed sixteen persons, five of whom were children. Twenty-eight persons in all were buried, twelve of whom were dug out the next morning alive.

In 1871 Tweed, as Commissioner of Public Works of New York City, made a contract with Navarro for 10,000 water meters at $70 each. The Tweed regime was ousted, and the succeeding officers refused to receive or pay for the water meters. Navarro commenced suit and after several years trial won the suit. Last week the city paid the claim, amounting principal and interest, to $1,409,505.65.

In full recognition of the fact there should be a limit placed upon ambition and avarice, we fully approve the action of Congress in refusing to place Gen. Grant on the retired list as a pensioner upon the government. At his age and experience in life he should have known better than to stake his reputation and money on a gambling Wall Street speculation, where innocent parties were to be fleeced, and if he won or lost he is entitled to no credit for the transaction. Now if somebody will kill a few of his fool friends who are wiring the news over the country that there is but a step between Gen. Grant and the poor-house, they will do him as well as the country a favor.

Jake Foster, of the Van Wert *Bulletin*, one of the Pilgrims, brings forward the following law and order case from the records of the New Haven Colony in 1669. The statute says: "Whosoever shall inveigle or draw the affections of any maide or maide-servant, either to himself or others, without first gaining the consent of her parents, shall pay to the plantation for the first offense, forty shillings; for the second, forty pounds; for the third, he shall be imprisoned, or corpously imprisoned. Under this law at a court held in May, 1769, Jacobeth Mortine and Sarah Tuttel were prosecuted for "sitting down on a chestle together, his arms around her waiste, and her arms upon his shoulder or about his neck, and continuing in that sinful posture about half an hour, in which time he kyssed her and she kyssed him, or they kyssed one another, as ye witnesses testify."

We hope our new Common Pleas Judge will not have as much respect for the clause of the present ditch laws granting discretionary power to the Commissioners, as his predecessors have had. If ditch robberies are to be legalized, let it be done by the higher Courts which are more distant from the people. The ditches have done much for Northwestern Ohio, but the Commissioners of some of the counties have outrageously abused their power in some cases in years past.

The Ohio ditch laws are framed by Surveyors with a view to large jobs and fees, and not by owners of lands which are in need of ditches, and who are desirous of draining them at the least possible cost. Any further legislation, except to repeal all existing laws on the subject, should be watched with jealous eyes by the tax payers.—*Napoleon Signal.*

We are pleased to see at least one paper, besides the JOURNAL, that is frank enough to condemn the grand and premeditated swindle upon land owners. Since we have become conversant with the object and aims and workings of the special one man ditch law in this county, under the usurped authority of bonding the county to raise money, we have been surprised that the land owners have so long submitted to the outragous robberies to which they have been subjected. With the courts constituted as they are what redress is there for any one or a dozen men to get redress? We are told that while Tyler and Meehan were attornies for several years for the commissioners they never lost a case, and it was not necessary for them to give much thought or worry over the subject either. For this service they were paid $1,500 or $2,000 a year out of the tax-payers own money to fight them with when they were compelled to seek legal redress from worse than highway robbery. And we are told that there is not a shadow of law authorizing the commissioners to employ attornys and paying them out of the general fund of the county. There are non-resident land owners who have some idea of law and justice as administered in other counties, who have said if our officials would attempt to administer the offices of a county beyond the Mississippi as they administered them in Wood county, they would ornament the trees with them.

In the face of all these facts the "ring organ," which boasts weekly of being the ring organ, backed by communications from the historian, thinks there is a great swindle being perpetrated on the people by the Bohemian oats scheme, and by the publishers of the Military Encyclopedia.

Is it surprising that so many of our best farmers should become disgusted and move to other States?

The editor of the Perrysburg *Journal* thinks that the Republican members of the Legislature are catering to the saloon vote by refusing to assist the Democrats in passing a Constitutional Amendment, and are therefore wrong. The *Journal* has not got it right. The Republicans, when in a majority, passed a satisfactory tax law, which had a tendency to control the liquor business. For that they were beaten twice in the State, and a Democratic Supreme Court elected, because before hand it was pledged to kill the Republican law. The court has done its work, and there is little law in Ohio to control the sale of liquor now. The Republican party is not responsible for this, but the Democracy is. Having won their victory and being responsible for what is already done and what may be done by the present legislature, whatever is done should be done by Democratic votes. Next year there will more than likely be a Republican legislature, and then the Republicans can get in their work in such a manner as the party may think for the best interests of the people. The Republicans in the legislature would be entirely unable to do that now with a Democratic majority against them. By keeping their hands off now and letting the Democracy plow with its own heifer, the Republicans in the legislature will be doing the best possible thing under the circumstances.—*Lima Gazette.*

That is all right from a political stand point. But it is becoming all political and no practical legislation. The people have occasion to become very tired of such work. The indications are from some of the would-be leaders that if the party gets in power it will do so by the influence of the Liquor League, and in these degenerate times men elected to office by any league—the closer allied to the devil the better—they are very careful about making laws that will curtail the liberties of that league. The original object in electing men to represent the people, was to enact good and wholesome laws for the government and protection of the people—not to watch and retard legislation as both parties are doing to catch votes. It is a catch-penny business that should be forever beneath the dignity of any man who has rose to the dignity of a law-maker for the people.

A FOUL DEAL.

Man's intelligence unbiased by passion or self interest, seldom fails to perceive the truth and arrive at fair conclusions. A certain Fox was cleaning out a well in a sand ridge. His neighbors told him it would be dangerous to remove the brick wall. But all unheeding, Fox had his boy in the well to remove the brick and the poor fellow was buried in the caving sand. There were two views to be taken of Fox's conduct. One that Fox ought to be mobbed for he knew better, the other that Fox thought there was no danger and ought to be pitied. A fair minded man would be inclined to take the better view.

A man shot a dog in the church. Ah! Didn't they arrest him for disturbing the meeting? No, why? It was a mad-dog.

A hasty conclusion generally needs to be corrected. Circumstances alter cases. There are two sides to a question. A fair minded man waits till he hears all the evidence in the case.

Mr. Blaine was a candidate for President of the United States, to execute the constitution and laws, not in favor of one party alone, but for all parties, church, anti-church, saints and sinners, whisky rings and temperance societies, in short, believers and infidels who are American citizens. Mr. Blaine would have been glad if all the people had been saints, for he was one himself. So his pastor said, he would have been glad, thrice glad, if the whole nation had been a temperance nation. Neal Dow, the old apostle of temperance, said Mr. Blaine aided him essentially in executing the Maine laws and was wholly in favor of temperance. Mr. Blaine was an honest man, and was never known to cheat any man out of one cent, so his neighbors say who have known him for years. No man can bring a single act of dishonesty and prove it against him. We affirmed that St. John and his saints bear false witness against Mr. Blaine in the effort to make him appear as one of the vilest of men. We said in the JOURNAL of Feb. 20th, over the name of S. E. Fox, we find these statements: "J. G. Blaine prostrated his talent and statesmanship at the shrine of personal ambition. He showed greater eagerness to enlist to his standard the hoodlums of the Pacific coast, as well as the Liquor League of the United States, than he did the honest and conscientious." Let S E. Fox prove these statements if he can. Do not let him run off like a fox with a stolen goose, with his mouth full of such stuff as this—"Republican epidemic" —"An enlargement of the spleen"—"For which St. John's address is a healthful emetic." If St. John's address has any such virtue, we hope this Fox will take a large dose of it before he says anything more in public. Keep cool and tell the truth friend. L.

"GRIDIRON'S" BUDGET FROM DOWLING.

ED. JOURNAL:—I have been waiting for the weather to moderate so that I could write without mittens, but have despaired of reaching that point in the temperature before the 4th—of July I mean.

I see that the Ground Hog has been denounced by the generality of the papers as a "humbug." Now, Mr. Editor, I am here to vindicate his honor—the ground hog. On the morning of the 2d inst., between the hours of 7 and 10 o'clock, the sun emerged from behind the clouds and smiled on mother earth. It was but a short time, it is true, but long enough to preserve the integrity of the wood chuck, by seeing his shadow and hunt his hole, there to remain for six long weeks. The oldest inhabitants here say that they have never known the old "prophet" to fail yet.

Wm. Roller, who has been reading hunting stories during the long winter evenings, got it into his head that he must have a coon dog; so he hied himself away to Hancock county and purchased a fine dog, brought him home on the evening train and turned him loose. The next morning he came up missing. Roller says now that he don't believe one of the great hunting stories that he has read, and declares that he will never invest in another coon dog while he lives.

John Sullivan's saw mill has frozen up; also, his saloon, and John is now attending school over in Troy twp. The teacher is a female, and John thinks he will be able to graduate during this term.

Frozen feet, frozen noses and frozen ears are the order of the day and night here.

Jake Hemmger, who let a saw log roll over him some three weeks ago, is improving.

The Cleveland and Hendricks pole still towers above the Dowling P. O., with all its beauty and glory, reminding the passerby of the exciting campaign of 1884. It will be cut down soon after the 4th of March, and perhaps be made into fire wood.

Since writing the above the mercury has raised to 26° above zero, and the sun is shining in all his beauty and glory, and as we have been frozen in for the last two months I feel like throwing the pencil aside and getting out once more.

GRIDIRON.

Dowling, Feb. 23, 1885.

That was a chivalrous idea advanced by a speaker in a Boston woman's suffrage meeting—that women should receive no wages, "because men were created to take care of the women;" but an opponent retorted that it would be "a dreadful cold day" for a good many thousand men in Massachusetts, not to mention their wives and daughters, if wages earned by women should suddenly cease.

Stanley Huntley, the man who wrote the "Spoopendyke papers," has been adopted into the tribe of the Teton Sioux Indians and has become chief of the tribe. Now let some of the Cannibal Islanders elect Bill Nye for their king and some ferocious tribe on the Congo take Nasby off our hands, and the utility of the savage in the scheme of creation will appear. —*Plain Dealer.*

A few days ago in Mott Street, New York, a boy baby was born to Mr. and Mrs. Fung, both native Chinese. On Sunday all the Celestials of the city gathered in front of the residence to congratulate the parents and to suggest a name for the almond-eyed cherub. Some were for Fung George Washington, and others for Fung Grover Cleveland. The *Tribune* says the probability is that the youth will be titled after the Chinese General who shall succeed in whipping France.

We will engage to settle all the wrongs of poor old Ireland in fifteen minutes without dynamite, on conditions: Let all the Orangemen and Ribbonmen, Catholics and Protestants, Fenians and Home Leaguers —in short, let all Ireland, or two-thirds of Ireland, or half of Ireland, or even a majority of the dynamiters, agree as to what Ireland wants and needs, and she shall have it. So long as these Irishmen cannot come together without at least two of them getting fighting mad over any proposition that may be offered, it is useless to attempt anything. So long as each one of the three justly suspects the other two of treachery, harmony is impossible.—*Commercial Telegram.*

Many postmasters in various parts of the country, whose terms of office will expire soon after the 4th of March, have sent in their resignations, asking for a reappointment for another term or suggesting the name of a successor. A large number have called at the Postoffice Department and have tendered their resignations with similar requests, and they are frequently accompanied by delegations of politicians to assist them. They seem to think that the Republican Administration, in its dying day, will do anything to procure the retention of as many Republicans in office as possible. Each and all of the ready resigners have been sent home with the brief information that no resignations will be accepted under such circumstances, and, that if they maintain their tenure, even for the remainder of their current terms, it will be on account of the gracious conservatism of Mr. Cleveland. The President and Department heads utterly refused to embarrass the incoming Executive by engaging in such trickery.—*Van Wert Bulletin.*

This is about the most commendable thing to be said for the President and heads of departments during their administration. The resignation of such men should have been accepted on sight, however, and they forever retired from holding office. It is time to retire all such cranks from official positions.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From Our Regular Correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 13, 1885.

One of the new members of Congress who seems abundantly able to take care of himself and Congress at the same time, is Mr. O'Neill, of Missouri, whose speeches upon the Indian question and the River and Harbor bills are most refreshing in these days of jobs and jobbery. Seldom in the annals of the House has a young man all at once plunged into such popularity among the House members of both parties, who never fail to be all attention when this gentleman from Missouri gets the floor. The secret of Mr. O'Neil's present success, and which promises him a most brilliant future, is the sincerity of his style, his ready and altogether original wit which never fails to be pointed without being offensive. The measures with which Mr. O'Neill has been chiefly identified are those which have been directly for the interest of the great public and especially that part of it represented by the industrial classes.

The cranks throughout the country are already after Mr. Cleveland. There is not much fear of such fellows as Dr. Ray, who has had a "mission" from Heaven or some other place to "remove" the new President, but there is something like a threatened calamity in prospect from the demand that will be made on the Executive for some sort of innovation upon established customs. Here comes an appeal, for instance, from a handful of so-called temperance women in Washington, among whom I readily recognize some as the wives of gentlemen who nightly search in vain for the part of the door to introduce the latch key, because of cold tea, and these persistent females petition Mr. Cleveland to banish wine from the White House. There is another coterie of women here who desire and probably will compel the President to accede to their demands upon the character of the company and the social festivities of the Mansion. In this respect Mr. Arthur has allowed himself to be hampered to a deeper extent than any predecessor except Hayes, and if Uncle Grover escapes them he has more vertebrae than he has been given credit for having.

Of course everybody admits that these are degenerate days, and that so far as politics and parties are concerned, we have arrived at the lowest stratum of depravity, but what would we think now if the Governor of a sovereign State and the vice President of the United States should cling to a petty local office to which they had been elected just for the sake of holding onto the salary? Yet this very thing was what George Clinton did, who for twenty-one years was Governor of New York, and seven years vice-President of the United States, and all the time he was County Clerk of Ulster County! Such things were not only allowable in those halcyon days of the Republic, but they were expected as a matter of course, for it was then as now, that the remark was true to triteness, "few die and none resign."

DOM PEDRO.

An Editor's Tribute.

Theron P. Keator Editor of Ft. Wayne, Ind. "Gazette," writes: "For the past five years have always used Dr. King's New Discovery, for coughs of most severe character, as well as for those of a milder type. It never fails to effect a speedy cure. My friends to whom I have recommended it speak of it in same high terms. Having been cured by it of every cough I have had for five years, I consider it the only reliable and sure cure for Coughs, Colds, etc." Call at Taylor & Miller's Drug Store and get a *Free* Trial Bottle. Large Size $1 00.

Wants the Facts Known.

Mr. Editor:—I and my neighbors have been so many times into buying different things for the liver, kidneys and blood that have done us more harm than good, I feel it due your readers to advise them when an honest and good medicine like Dr. Harter's Iron Tonic can be had. Yours truly, AN OLD SUBSCRIBER.

TOURGEE'S APPEAL TO CÆSAR.

The Toledo *Post* says no book of the past year has been more widely read, commented upon and criticised than A. W. Tourgee's "Appeal to Cæsar." At the request of the *Post* Mr. J. M. Osborne made some notes upon the work which we reproduce below, and which gives an idea of the contents of the book to those who have not seen the work. We have not seen the book, but recognize at a glance that it treats on a question of the most vital importance to the people of this republic. It is a question that will not admit of being treated with the prejudices of thirty or twenty years ago. We voted for the amendment to the constitution to place the ballot in the hands of the ignorant blacks of the South under protest, and as we hoped, the better choice of two evils, that of ruling the South by the bayonet or giving the blacks an opportunity to protect themselves with the ballot, that the good intention of this measure should prove a failure could only be expected where total ignorance of the wants and requirements of a republic were totally eclipsed in darkness. We have always felt that an educational qualification should be the requisite of the privilege of suffrage. The well meaning utterance of an old minister in New York and the few days subsequent appeal to the prejudices of the more ignorant, changed, it was estimated, from 15,000 to 20,000 votes and placed the Government into the hands of the Democrats. Just on the close of that contest we heard of a whole company of colored Blaine and Logan Knights, who had drilled during the campaign in the Republican ranks, and through ignorance and avarice sold out to a man to the organizer of the Knights of the Golden Circle who did all in his power to keep their race in bondage and disrupt the Union of States. The destiny of the nation hinges largely upon the ignorant vote of both North and South.

Following is Mr. Osborne's review of the book—

TOURGEE'S "APPEAL TO CÆSAR.

This book is one which will well repay reading. The statistical information from the census of 1880, as he has grouped it, is an object lesson that the American people will do well to study. While they may not assent to all his inferences, they cannot deny the force of his logic, nor can they evade the responsibility of having freed and placed the ballot at the disposal of millions who were totaly unprepared for the intelligent use of it. As to whether this was wisdom on the part of those who were immediately responsible, is not now a disputable question. But the result of enfranchised ignorance is likely to have a seriously damaging effect upon our institutions, and may even sap and possibly destroy them.

In round numbers there were in the slave states in 1860, 8,000,000 white, and 4,000,000 black; by the census of 1880, there were 12,000,000 white, and 6,000,000 black. Of the black, 90 per cent, were illiterate, and of the white and black combined, 47 per cent, were illiterate.

Mr. Tourgee makes a clear, strong plea for the education of these large masses who cannot read the ballots they vote. He considers that as a matter of justice we are bound to educate them, and that as a matter of economy it will be wisdom to do this rather than run the risk and incur the cost of suppressing by force of arms differences between the races. He shows how the old race difference, predominant in the days of slavery, still exists, and that, too, without the restraint of self interest which formerly governed the white population.

He shows the fallacies that have deluded all regarding relative increase of the races. In the decade 1870 to 1880, the increase of whites was 20 per cent, and that of the blacks was 35 per cent. At this rate the whites double in 35 years and the blacks in 20 years.

Another interesting fact developed by the census report is that there are more natives of the South, now residing in Northern States than there are natives of the North residing in Southern States. The theories that southern habits of thought and modes of business were to be soon vastly changed by Northern emigration are not to be realized. The well-to do native of the North prefers of choice to remain where he is, and the laboring man of the North is unwilling to attempt to compete with the black—he can not for climatic causes, and he will not for social reasons, associate with him.

Doubtless numbers at the North think now, as equal numbers did previous to the war of the rebellion, that as they were not responsible for slavery they cannot be affected by its results; or be held accountable for its effects. But as all, regardless of locality or sectional position, had to contribute to the cost, and as many were subjected to personal bereavement and affliction, so will all be affected by the results of illiteracy at the South, if it causes, as likely it may, a collision of races.

We are so intimately connected by federal and other relations, that State lines are no defense against evils of such magnitude as that of prevailing illiteracy of both races in the Southern States. The Northern masses growing up as they have within the shadow of school houses, and other educational institutions, have no conception of the curse illiteracy is to been to the South. The greater wealth and physical comfort in the North, with climatic conditions against it, as compared with the South, has its origin in the better, almost universal system of education.

The intolerance of the better classes in the South, and the depraved tastes of the poorer classes is largely, if not wholly, due to the want of education.

The sensious existence that slave owners led did not call forth that exercise of mind or body, that was constantly brought into play among the better or wealthier classes of the North.

The poorer classes might as well have had a strata of 100 feet of solid stone over them, and expect to rise, as to have had the social ban under which they were placed pressing them downwards in the scale of civilization; hated as they were by slave owners, and despised by the slaves. The condition of the poor whites, fixed by environment attending the regime of slavery, was hopeless, and it is doubtful if it is yet much improved, at least the census returns give good grounds to think it has not changed for the better.

Those who regard the problem of the African, and what his presence has resulted in, as belonging to the past, will, if they read this book, have cause to think that the greater and more dangerous problem is in the future. J. M. O.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla is the best medicine for every one in the spring. Emigrants and travelers will find in it an effectual cure for the eruptions, boils, pimples eczema, etc, that break out on the skin—the effect of disorder in the blood, caused by sea-diet and life on board ship.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box.

FOR SALE BY TAYLOR & MILLER.

Better than She Expected.

"Your letter received. In reply I am happy to say that Parker's Hair Balsam did much more for me than you said it would, or than I expected. My hair has not only stopped falling out, but the bald spots are all covered, and all my hair has grown thicker, softer, and more lively than it was before my sickness a year ago. Thank you again and again." Extract from letters of Mr. R. W. T., West Fifty-third street, New York.

The Journal! An Indispensable Family Newspaper. $1.50.

Citizens of Toledo will soon be called upon to say what kind of local government they shall have—whether it shall be placed in the hands of discreet, upright and honorable men, or given to the profligate and lawless elements of society. This will be the contest at the spring election and nothing but vigilance on the part of those who prefer good government can prevent the triumph of the latter class.—*Commercial Telegram.*

That is about the situation in every town and city in the State.

Some years ago, says Pomeroy's *Democrat*, we had in our employ a man who several times a day ran out of the office to buy a drink of whiskey. Every time he went out the cashier was instructed to drop ten cents into a drawer to our credit. At the end of seventeen months the man who had gone out so often had drank himself out of a good situation, and the drawer when opened, was found to contain $490, which we loaned to a young man at seven per cent. interest. He used it to purchase a set of tinner's tools. On the 16th of February, 1876, he returned it to us with interest, saying in his letter that he had a wife, two children and property worth $500. The other fellow is a bummer hunting for food.

Stated by H. B. Cochran, druggist, Lancaster, Pa.: Have guaranteed over 300 bottles of Burdock Blood Bitters for dyspepsia, sour stomache, bilious attacks, liver and kidney trouble.

N. Y. C. and H. R. R. Beat Blaine.

(New York Sun.)

'What does that stand for?' said one broker to another, exhibiting a piece of paper on which was written 'N. Y. C. and H. R. R.'

'Why New York Central & Hudson River Railroad of course.

'Yes—sometimes. But that is what beat Blaine.'

'How?'

'New York, Cleveland and Hendricks, Rum, Romanism and Rebellion. See?'

'Yes. What is yours?'

SPRINGFIELD, MASS., April 10, 1883.

"For diseases of the kidneys, liver, bladder, and urinary organs I received great benefit from HUNT'S [Kidney and Liver] REMEDY. I pronounce it the best." H. W. Payne, Manufacturer of Harnesses Trunks, etc., 447 Main St.

Some leading druggists write that they are selling more of The World Imperial Catarrh Cream than all other catarrh remedies combined, because it gives better satisfaction. Get a sample free of your druggist before they are all gone. Sold by Taylor & Miller and A. R. Champney.

IMPORTANT.

When you visit or leave New York City save baggage Expressage and Carriage Hire and stop at the Grand Union Hotel, opposite Grand Central Depot.

Elegant rooms fitted up at a cost of one million dollars, reduced to $1.00 and upwards per day. European plan, Elevator, Restaurant supplied with the best. Horse cars, stages and elevated railroad to all depots. Families can live better for less money at the Grand Union Hotel than at any other first-class hotel in the city.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

STATE OF OHIO.

INSURANCE DEPARTMENT, COLUMBUS, January 29, 1885.

I, HENRY J. REINMUND, Superintendent of Insurance of the State of Ohio, in pursuance of law, do hereby certify that the NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE Insurance Company, located at London and Edinburgh, in Great Britain, a Foreign Fire Insurance Company, is possessed of at least the amount of actual capital required of similar companies formed under the provisions of the laws of this State, and has deposited with the Superintendent of Insurance of the State of Ohio, in trust for the benefit and security of its policy-holders residing in the said State of Ohio, a sum not less than one hundred thousand dollars, in stocks and securities required by law, and has filed in this office a certified copy of its Charter or Deed of Settlement, and a detailed Statement of its assets and liabilities, and otherwise complied with all the requirements of the said laws which are applicable to Foreign Fire Insurance Companies, Partnerships, and Associations; and that the said Company is authorized to transact its appropriate business of FIRE INSURANCE in this State, in accordance with law, during the current year. The condition and business of the United States Branch of said Company on the 31st day of December, of the year next preceeding the date hereof, is shown by the statement, under oath, required by Section 2654, Revised Statutes of Ohio, to be as follows:

Aggregate amount of available Assets in the United States,	$3,301,747.61
Aggregate amount of Liabilities in the United States, including re-insurance,	1,377,191.74
Net Assets,	1,924,555.87
Amount of Income for the preceding year in cash in U. S.	1,651,085 47
Amount of Expenditures for the preceding year in cash in the United States,	1,552,180.92

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed my name, and caused my official Seal to be affixed, the day and year first above written.

[SEAL.]

HENRY J. REINMUND,
Superintendent of Insurance.

A. G. Williams, Agt. at Perrysburg

A MARVELOUS STORY

TOLD IN TWO LETTERS.

FROM THE SON: "28 Cedar St., New York, Oct. 29, 1882.

"*Gentlemen:* My father resides at Glover, Vt. He has been a great sufferer from Scrofula, and the inclosed letter will tell you what a marvelous effect

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

has had in his case. I think his blood must have contained the humor for at least ten years; but it did not show, except in the form of a scrofulous sore on the wrist, until about five years ago. From a few spots which appeared at that time, it gradually spread so as to cover his entire body. I assure you he was terribly afflicted, and an object of pity, when he began using your medicine. Now, there are few men of his age who enjoy as good health as he has. I could easily name fifty persons who would testify to the facts in his case.

Yours truly, W. M. PHILLIPS."

FROM THE FATHER: "It is both a pleasure and a duty for me to state to you the benefit I have derived from the use of

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Six months ago I was completely covered with a terrible humor and scrofulous sores. The humor caused an incessant and intolerable itching, and the skin cracked so as to cause the blood to flow in many places whenever I moved. My sufferings were great, and my life a burden. I commenced the use of the SARSAPARILLA in April last, and have used it regularly since that time. My condition began to improve at once. The sores have all healed, and I feel perfectly well in every respect—being now able to do a good day's work, although 73 years of age. Many inquire what has wrought such a cure in my case, and I tell them, as I have here tried to tell you, AYER'S SARSAPARILLA. Glover, Vt., Oct. 21, 1882. Yours gratefully,

HIRAM PHILLIPS."

AYER'S SARSAPARILLA cures Scrofula and all Scrofulous Complaints, Erysipelas, Eczema, Ringworm, Blotches, Sores, Boils, Tumors, and Eruptions of the Skin. It clears the blood of all impurities, aids digestion, stimulates the action of the bowels, and thus restores vitality and strengthens the whole system.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists; $1, six bottles for $6.

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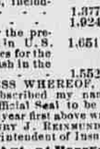

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☞ Elevator from the street.

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By calling on me and examing my goods before making your purchases

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES,

Provisions and Produce purchased direct from first hands at Bottom Prices, and which I will sell at

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MONDAY MORNING, FEB. 2nd,

We will open our Importation of

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We will show the most beautiful line of

EDGINGS, INSERTINGS, ALL OVERS AND MATCHED SETS, ever brought to Toledo.

Anderson Bros.,

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In Perrysbury and vicinity need Artificial Teeth, and ought not to pay more than $8 for a full upper or lower set of the very best teeth. If you will call at my office I can prove why, every time you do, you pay a profit of from $4 to $7 over and above what I must make and live. You wonder why I work for ONE HALF less than any other Dentist. I believe in a small profit. More people needing teeth are willing to pay a reasonable fee for Dental work than high and exhorbitant prices. You are

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it when you think or believe I use anything but the VERY best Material. WHO CAN GET BETTER? WHEN I GET THE BEST.

The Whole Community

Should talk this matter over, about paying high Dental fees. I can prove that you pay a double profit, when you pay more than I ask, by the cost of the very best material if need be. Do not get

EXCITED,

But think this matter over and what you need done in the Dental line, then call and see me last, and I will do your work the cheapest, use the BEST MATERIAL and GUARANTEE FIRST CLASS WORK.

Having secured the services of Dr. J. P. Thompson of Perrysburg, to meet the increasing Dental practice established by me in Toledo, I feel confident that parties in and around this neighborhood will always receive skillful treatment and save ONE HALF IN MONEY by calling and having me do your work.

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Drapery Goods, Oil Cloths, Linoleums, Mats and Rugs, AND EVERYTHING TO BE FOUND IN A FIRST-CLASS CARPET HOUSE AT Lower Prices THAN ANY HOUSE IN THE CITY.

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A CRY FOR HELP ANSWERED.

DR. HAINES' GOLDEN SPECIFIC,

A POSITIVE AND RADICAL CURE FOR

DRUNKENNESS.

To the Wives, Mothers, and Sisters of Drinking Men:—It lies in your own hands to save the husband, son, or brother from the awful disease of drunkenness. The *Golden Specific* can be administered without the knowledge of the patient. *By simply placing it in coffee, tea, or in articles of food or drink, its presence will not be detected either by taste or smell*, and after a few days

TAKING A DRINK OF LIQUOR IS A PHYSICAL IMPOSSIBILITY.

Drunkenness is a *disease*, not a weakness. Primarily the appetite for alcoholic drinks must be cultivated; but when the cigarette is once formed, it is as much a disease as any other affliction for which medicine is administered. Every nerve, tissue and pore of the body is but a famished wolf with a million mouths gnawing upon the system and craving for alcohol. Pledges, temperance lectures, "dreadful examples," prayers, resolutions—all are futile. Not one man in a thousand can withstand the battle; not because he has not the desire, but because he is physically weak. He could as easily abstain from eating food after a famine with a banquet at his hand, as to deny his hungry system in its awful craving for liquor.

THE SPECIFIC AND LIQUOR CAN NOT EXIST IN THE SYSTEM TOGETHER.

It would be amusing, were it not pitiful, to watch the man to whom the Specific has been given without his knowledge. At first, out of habit, and not realizing that the good work has begun, he pours out his drink. He swallows it *and shudders*. The next attempt, he raises the liquor to his lips, gets its odor in his nostrils and sets the glass down, usually with the remark that "somehow, I am not whisky hungry." From this moment he is saved. No physical prostration, no "jim-jams," no ill effects will appear—the man is no more a drunkard than the child who never knew the taste of liquor. *The Cure is Permanent.*

WIVES, MOTHERS, SISTERS,

Can you afford to neglect this means of saving the husband, son, or brother? As certain as that you love and desire to save the erring one, so certain do we offer you the means to accomplish such a result. Instead of sitting helplessly at home, praying for the help that does not come; instead of putting the loss of trust in any system of pledges or reform,

COME TO THE RESCUE YOURSELVES.

You can administer this remedy quietly, easily, and without the patient's knowledge. *It never fails*, and the cure is rapid, positive and permanent.

In hundreds of cases where Dr. Haines has administered the remedy to his own practice, *there never has been a failure.* He feels that wretched sons, blighted homes, suffering wives and children, every instinct of humanity demands that the utmost publicity be given this greatest of all beneficial discoveries. It is sold at a price which will enable us to accomplish such a work, while not placing the remedy beyond the reach of any one. The Specific is prepared in powdered form and put up in packages 1 r having, or adding by express. Especial care is taken that the contents can not be discovered by any but the party addressed, as there are many who are sensitive on this point; besides, to let his nature be known might frustrate the plans for its administration. One package will cure any ordinary case. Two packages will cure the most obstinate case. *This is positively guaranteed, or money refunded.* PRICE $2.00 per package; 3 packages by Mail, postpaid, $5.00. Two Packages on One Order, $3.00. Send Money by Registered Letter, Express, Postal Note, or Money Order. Address such and make all payable only to

GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., 185 Race Street, Cincinnati, O.

We do not parade in public print the names of those whose experience prompts them to write us grateful letters. The following are extracts, the original letters, with thousands of others, being on file in our office.

Groton, Iowa.—Your sent to cured my husband. I thanks be to God and the Golden Specific. Every word of your advertisement is true.

Cleveland, Ohio.—My husband is cured, and he does not know the cause. He thinks he has proved himself a hero. Not once did he suspect the medicine was in his coffee when he drank it. He now wonders why so many weak fools patronize saloons.

Evansville, Ind.—For fifteen years my husband made our lives a curse. He would not reform if he could. Your blessed remedy has worked a miracle in his case. I told him yesterday what I had done, and he says he will never drink again—that he could not if he wanted to.

Carthage, Mo.—I got a double dose. My wife gave it to me in my coffee without my knowledge, while I had ordered the medicine to see if I could reform. I suffered no harm, and when we compared notes after my cure, you should have seen us. We are the happiest family in the state.

R. R. ADVERTISEMENTS.

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Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton

—RAILROAD—

Which is THE BEST ROUTE between

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—AND—

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EATON, RICHMOND, LOGANSPORT,

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OXFORD, CONNERSVILLE, RUSHVILLE,

INDIANAPOLIS,

TERRE HAUTE, VANDALIA, MATTOON,

ST. LOUIS,

DANVILLE, BLOOMINGTON

PEORIA,

AND ALL POINTS IN THE WEST.

Trains of this Company pass PERRYSBURG STATION, as follows:

PASSING SOUTH, (daily except Sunday.)	
Dayton & Cincinnati Express	8.01 A. M.
Detroit, Toledo & Cin. Mail (D)	11 08 A. M.
Toledo & Lima Accommodation	5 39 P. M.
Detroit, Toledo & Cin. Express, (D)	10.12 P. M.
PASSING NORTH, (daily except Sunday.)	
Toledo & Detroit Express (Daily)	5.36 A. M.
Lima & Toledo Accomodation	8. 17 A. M
Toledo, Detroit & Cleveland Express (Sunday only)	9.22 A. M.
Toledo & Detroit Mail	3. 04 P. M.
Toledo, Detroit & Chicago Express	9 02 P. M.

For Maps, Time Tables and other information call on Station Agent, or address G. T. A. Cincinnati, O.

SAM'L STEVENSON, Gen'l Ticket Agent.

THOMAS VETCH, Agent, Perrysburg.

COLUMBUS, HOCKING VALLEY & TOLEDO RAILWAY.

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TIME CARD