Perrysburg Journal.

FRIDAY, - - APRIL, 10, 1885

Volume Thirty-Three.

With this issue the PERRYSBURG JOURNAL commences its Thirty-Third year, to the surprise of several would by bosses and gamblers who expected to bust it seven or eight years ago. It lives to record the occasional demise of members of the gang and expects to be around at the last funeral and to record their misdeeds until summoned before that Judge who has said "thou shalt not steal."

It is estimated at the present rate of removals by President Cleveland, which of course is made in alphabetical order, that the letter "Z" will not be reached before the President's four years expire. Things have a gloomy aspect for those on the anxious seat.

Dr. Forbes, Democrat, was elected Mayor of Toledo, but the Republicans got about all of the other offices. G. A. Repass was elected Mayor of Tontogany, Columbus ripped up the "ripper" bill and gave the legislature a black eye by giving about 800 Republican majority. The Republican tickets were mostly victorious in Cincinnati and Cleveland.

Yesterday was the twentieth anniversary of the surrender of General Lee to Gen. Grant, and the prayers of many have been answered, that the life of the victorious hero might be preserved to this date. He passed a better day yesterday than for several days previous and was pronounced by his physicians to be in an improved condition.

The Russians fired the first gun yesterday, attacking an Afghan camp of 4,000, with a reported loss to the Afghans of 500 men. War between England and Russia is considered inevitable. England seems excited over the situation of affairs and don't seem to know just which course is best to pursue. Wheat in our home market jumped up to $1 on the strength of the war news.

The New York Sun says: Let the people refuse to allow themselves to be excited about cholera by the nervous alarmists who know nothing about the history of the disease and the manner of its progress. We do not believe that their chances of life will be decreased this summer because of the assaults of cholera.

"It is stated on good authority that the President will give his attention to the Ohio Federal appointments at an early day, and that a great many changes in that State will soon be made." This is from a Washington special to the *Enquirer* of Saturday. It may have some interest to quite a number of expectant Democrats in this section.

It is proposed to inform the farmers of Vermont each morning what the weather probabilities for the next seventeen hours are, by a system of whistles blown from stationery steam whistles distributed in the rural districts of the state. One blast, for instance, will signify fair weather, two blasts foul weather, and so on. This system is already in operation in two or three districts.

Allen O'Myers says that the Democrats dare not assist the Republicans in their effort to expel him from the House for unexcusable misconduct. He declares that he will send five or six Democrats to the penitentiary if they do. Allen is charged with valuable information, and there is not a doubt but that there are many Democrats who would like to see the back of his neck, should President Cleveland see his way clear to give him a foreign appointment—the more foreign the better.

The terrible struggle over the Senatorship is still on at Springfield, Ill. The joint ballot still stands a tie, one member of each political faction having died since the struggle commenced. It was reported from Washington on Monday that a delegation of prominent Democrats from Illinois were expected there to urge Gen. Black, Commissioner of Pensions, to take the fight off of Representative Morrison's hands, it being claimed that he could command three or four Republican votes and hold the full Democratic strength.

Since the appointment of Sunset Cox as Minister to Turkey, some facts have developed that leave the Sunset under a cloud. It is found that before the adjournment of Congress he had the salary of the Minister to Turkey increased from $7,500 to $10,000, and that he had a clause inserted in the sundry civil bill appropriating $1,000 for a steam launch for the use of the legation at Constantinople. While it looks peculiar it is probably all right, for Cox, it will be remembered, is an Ohio man. He may have learned to be tricky in the city of New York.

The Hon. John A. Martin, Governor of Kansas, makes two very interesting statements in his proclamation which designates April 2 as Arbor Day, when old and young turn out to plant trees. He says that State, which the pioneers found treeless and a desert, now bears upon its fertile bosom "more than twenty millions of fruit trees, and more than two hundred thousand acres of forest trees, all planted by our own people." And the Governor also says: "That there has been an increase in the rainfall in Kansas is fully proven by the statistics of our oldest meteorologists." Ohio has already established an Arbor Day, and every other State should do likewise, and every citizen should remember that it is a good thing to plant trees on any day in the season.

Mr. Carlisle, speaker of the National House of Representatives, made an address at the close of the late session in which he urged that a general law should be enacted which would authorize the Executive Departments and the courts of justice to hear and determine, under rules that would amply protect the Government, a large part of the local and private matters that now engage the attention of Congress. Mr. Carlisle said farther that "From the organization of the Government to the close of the Twenty-fifth Congress—a period of fifty years—there were introduced into the House, as shown by the records, 8,777 bills, while during the present congress there have been introduced 8,630, almost as many as during that half century. At present each one of our general appropriation bills embrace as much money as the whole amount of the net ordinary expenditures of the government during the first nine or ten years of its existence, and the specific objects to be investigated and provided for in those bills have so greatly increased that it has become a very considerable task even to enumerate them."

But what would be left for Congress to do in the event that a "large part of the local and private matters" be turned over to the Executive Department? Must we pass through a struggle every two years to elect members of Congress to go down to Washington, at an expense of $5,025 each per annum, besides the expense of a private secretary, to wrestle with lobbies with fat jobs, vote away the public domain and talk politics?

The Governor of Dakota vetoed the women suffrage bill.

Donaldson & Co.'s bank, Columbus, was robbed of $1,500 in broad day. Proprietor was in the bank at the time.

Some of the Chinamen at Red Bluff, Cal., were excited over the eclipse. One wanted to know if 'moon eat um up sun.'

The president of the civil service commission says there has not been the slightest interference on the part of the administration with the labors of that body.

Twenty different Americans are just now engaged in trying to invent flying machines. It must tickle the blizzards to see a man fooling away his time in that way.

Henry Ward Beecher tells the people of the South that he is in favor of a Southerner for President in 1888. His man is Lamar. This helps the lecture business in that section.

One of the greatest curiosities in Japan is the wonderful and almost indescribable variety of coins that are used daily, it requiring in some instances $1,000 pieces to make a dollar.

Walter S. Fowler's Nelson County (Dakota) *Capitol* says, Richardson, a member of the legislature, was rotten egged at Valley City on his return home. It don't state what was the offense for which he was thus treated.

The Pennsylvania Rail Road Company is endeavoring to make the names of its stations uniform with the names of the postoffices in the small towns, and is making numerous changes in names of stations on the several divisions of the system.

It takes $380,000 per annum to pay the salaries of United States Senators, and over $2,000,000 for salaries of Representatives, exclusive of mileage for both, amounting to $150,000, and salaries for clerks, messengers and others connected with the National Legislature—$617,000 more.

The selection of Gen. Joseph E. Johnston as Commissioner of Railroads is construed to mean through routes to all southern sea ports. It as successful in rebuilding as he was some twenty years ago in tearing up and burning bridges in his rear, he will have to take some instructions, probably, from Gen. Tecumseh Sherman.

The Dayton *Journal* says some of the Democrats who want offices and havn't got them, have changed their song to,

"Hurrah for Maria
Devil take the Kid.
I voted for Cleveland,
And am d—d sorry I did."

Joseph Hanna, of Chargin Falls, O., offers to take the place of any one condemned to be hung for the very reasonable price of $50 in cash. He could probably sell his "remains" to the doctors for $50, making the snug sum of $100, or $50 more than he is worth.—*Sunday Journal.*

A Toledo man is undecided whether to marry a Boston girl or write a book. Bless your vacillating soul, man, marry the Boston girl, by all means. What's one critic to 500? And, then, you see, she could write a better book for you, ten times over, than you can, and you come out winner on all sides.—*Brooklyn Eagle.*

The Chicago *Tribune* reports Gen Logan as calling Carter Harrison "a liar, politroon and a co ward."

The Weston *Herald* editor calls Smith, of the B. G. *Gazettee*, or his informant, (it don't make any difference which) "a lying, apostate s—n of a b—h," and adds in a P. S: "As to what kind of doctor bills the *Herald* has to pay, is no man's d—m business." There is blood on the moon.

The forthcoming National Convention of Inventors to be held at Columbus, Ohio, on the 22nd inst., will doubtless be the largest ever held on this continent. It is called for the purpose of perfecting a more thorough organization for the Protection of Inventors, Manufacturing and Developing Inventions, Detecting and Prosecuting Infringements, and instituting a benevolent Brotherhood. All are cordially invited.

"D—n my buttons," said a Texas man at Williard's who has been waiting here for the moving of the waters until he is exhausted as to both patience and purse, "if this ain't the queerest Democratic layout I ever saw. I don't know how it was with the rest of the four or five million Democrats in the country, but I didn't vote for Cleveland in order that all the Republicans might be kept in fat offices. I can't see but the Republicans are just about as well off as they would have been if Blaine had been elected."

On election day a gentleman at Laredo, on the Rio Grande, observed a large number of Mexicans in the town. 'Where did all these Mexicans come from?' asked the stranger. 'From the other side of the river, replied a candidate. 'What are they going to do over here?' 'Oh! they are going to be voted.' 'What for?' 'For a dollar a piece.' 'Why that's outrageous.' 'Yes it is too high, but what can we do about it? Your opponents, the reformers, have run up the prices on us. Before the reform party was organized, we could get all the Mexican votes we needed, delivered at the poles, for fifty cents a head, spot cash. I tell you it takes money to be elected to office on the Rio Grande.—*Texas Siftings.*

Bank Failures for 1884.

(Chicago Journal.)

The total number of banking institutions that failed in 1884 was 121, of which 11 were national banks, 22 state banks, 11 savings banks, and 77 private banking institutions. Nineteen of these failures are traceable to the fraud of bank officers; 25 of them resulted from unfortunate operations in stocks, disconnected from the element of fraud, and 67, or more than one-half of them, were due, either directly or indirectly, to some form of speculation.

A Definition of Aristocracy.

"I like the Americans immensely," said an Englishman who had been hospitably entertained in America. "I like them immensely, but I miss something." "What is that?" asked his Yankee host. "I miss the aristocracy," replied the Englishman. "What are they?" "The aristocracy!" said the nobleman surprised. "Why, they are people who do nothing, you know; whose fathers did nothing, you know; whose grandfathers did nothing, you know—in fact, the aristocracy." "Oh," said the American, smiling, "we've plenty of them over here; but we don't call them aristocracy—we call them tramps."

An Editor's Tribute.

Theron P. Keator, Editor of Ft. Wayne, Ind. "Gazette," writes: "For the past five years have always used Dr. King's New Discovery, for coughs of most severe character, as well as for those of a milder type. It never fails to effect a speedy cure. My friends to whom I have recommended it speak of it in same high terms. Having been cured by it of every cough I have had for five years, I consider it the only reliable and sure cure for Coughs, Colds, etc." Call at Taylor & Miller's Drug Store and get a *Free* Trial Bottle. Large Size $1.00.

AMERICAN CITIZENS.

The difference between the American people and foreigners consists in Biblical ideas. The founders of this government insisted upon an interpretation of the Bible which exalted the citizen above the avenger of law, whether he be priest or prelate, or civil magistrate. Every man, woman and child was to be educated as to be a law unto themselves; to have such a sense of right and wrong as to need no police with a club or revolver to keep them within the pale of order and decency. The present degradation of public morals arises from the introduction of French, German and Irish ideas. In the olden time the head and heart were to be exalted above the heels. The pilgrims spent but little time playing poker, or dancing jigs. They had enough decent work to do. This risking and billiarding is a modern, dudish notion; a refined method of mixing up in one indescribable mass the heads and heels of saints and sinners in such an amusing way that the heels playing high above their heads—just for fun. So funny is this sort of a thing that the inmates of the Saloons run en-masse to the rink. Bachus is not quite a match for Venus. This facinating goddess tickels the sensibilities of beer gardens and whoremasters. In her bewitching presence women forget that they are worthy and sons and daughters go the way of all the earth. Behold! Cleveland, the chief magistrate of a christian nation, pitted against Mormons. There is a fitness of things. Build another rink boys. There is a popular demand. Let the cup be filled. The crowd will come by and by. There is but one alternative, "Rum, Romanism, and Rebellion," or Temperance, Puritanism and the higher law. Our schools in both church and state are polluted with squeamishness—a multitude of false gods. Let the Americans learn to worship one God and to keep his commandments. Let the Bible be put into every school-house and be interpreted according to its letter and spirit. Let no Protestant or Catholic bishop rule on American soil. Down with bishop or king and up with the people. Send every boy and girl to the district school—these colleges of the American people. Let the Bible which taught our fathers the principles of liberty hold the highest place. Like priest, like people, bring us a slave and we will find for him a master. The pulpit as well as the schools need reform. Too much latitudenarianism. Now days the doctrines taught are neither good lord nor good devil but just as you please—a little of this or that or none at all. This modern butchery in the pulpit stupifies the senses and confuses the distinction between right and wrong. A misty sort of a heaven and no kind of a sort of a hell. The righteous and the wicked go together—one is about as good as the other. One of the greatest luxuries of modern times is a big crowd, a great multitude drawn together by a dish of popular hash. A little of everything to suit. The American people have been fed too long on such stuff. Let us have a good lord or a bad devil-at least learn to distinguish between a patroit and a traitor.

JAY.

President Cleveland Kissing the Bible.

(From the Baltimore Sun.)

There was no intention of the Chief Justice to open the book at any particular place, and no desire of President Cleveland that there should be anything prearranged about the ceremony in any way. The particular place where he kissed, therefore, was the result of accident entirely. As the type used in the Bible is small, the lips of the president touched six verses of the 112th Psalm, from verse 5 to verse 10, inclusive. They are as follows:

A good man showeth favor and lendeth; he will guide his affairs with discretion.

Surely he shall not be moved forever; the righteous shall be in everlasting remembrance.

He shall not be afraid of evil tidings; his heart is fixed trusting in the Lord.

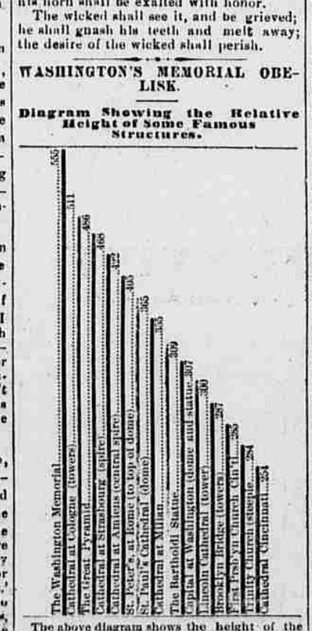
His heart is established, he shall not be afraid, until he sees *his desire* upon his enemies.

He hath dispersed, he hath given to the poor; his righteousness endureth forever; his horn shall be exalted with honor.

The wicked shall see it, and be grieved; he shall gnash his teeth and melt away; the desire of the wicked shall perish.

WASHINGTON'S MEMORIAL OBELISK.

Diagram Showing the Relative Height of Some Famous Structures.



The above diagram shows the height of the Washington monument and that of some of the best known edifices in both hemispheres. The reader will see at a glance that it is higher than the Cologne Cathedral, the wondrous Pyramid of Cheops and noted historical buildings. It is, in fact, the tallest tower of ancient or modern times.

M. L. Blair, Alderman 5th Ward, Scranton, Pa., stated Nov. 9, '83: He had used Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil for sprains, burns, cuts, bruises and rheumatism. Cured every time.

Had Suspended.

"Ah!" he said, as the door opened, "but do I address the lady of the house?"

"No, sir," replied the girl, as her face melted a little, "I am the housekeeper."

"Um! She is out then?"

"Yes, sir—gone to the skating rink."

"And the gentleman?"

"He's gone off to a raffle."

"Um! Any daughters?"

"Two of 'em, sir. The eldest, which is Fannie, is across the way learning how to play progressive euchre, and the other, which is Susie, has rigged up as an actress and gone down to have a statuesque photograph taken."

"Um! No sons?"

"Only one, sir, and this is the hour when he takes his boxing lesson. Did you wish to see any one in particular?"

"Well, I am taking orders for the Cottage Family Bible, and I was in hopes to secure a subscriber. Perhaps you—"

"Oh, it's no use talking, sir!" she interrupted, as the door began to close. "My beau brought me in fifteen dime novels last night, and I go to three dances a week, and I'm just catching on to old sledge, and really, sir, you'd better hit the family next door. I think we have suspended business in your line of goods."

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box.

FOR SALE BY TAYLOR & MILLER.

LETTER FROM JAPAN.

In Which is Given a Comprehensive View of that Country, Its People and Their Habits.

On Monday the Toledo *Bee* was permitted to publish the following portion of a private letter received by friends in Perrysburg from Miss Mabel Van Volkenburg, who less than a year ago was united in marriage with Rev. Mr. Jones and soon after the twain proceeded to Japan to explore and labor in the missionary fields of that country. For several years Miss Van Volkenburg was a teacher in the schools of the South, and for the past three or four years spent a portion of her vacation with the family of Mr. John Powers, of this place. Her letter gives a most comprehensive view of that country, its people and their habits:

82, KITA SAN BANCHO, 'NI CHOME
SENDAI, JAPAN, Feb. 24, 1885.

We are so far from Yokohama, 280 miles, that we do not know when mail steamers arrive or depart for America, but we learn to-day that one leaves March 8, and as it takes four days for our mail to reach Yokohama it necessitates considerable haste on our part to get some letters off by that steamer.

I am hoping to receive several letters by the steamer which arrives from San Francisco, about the 23d.

We have been in our Japenese home now nearly three months and have been more comfortable than we expected to be, with only thin white paper between us and "out doors", in day time.

The winter has been wonderfully bright and pleasant, not one cloudy or rainy day. The snow has not been more than three or four inches deep at any time, and this has always fallen at night or early morning, so the sky has been clear every day. This is said to have been an unusually cold winter but though we have had some very cold weather it has seemed mild to us. Then, too, there are so many evergreen trees and shrubs, ivies and other plants, such as bamboo, camelias, tea, a great variety of pines and cedars and small shrubs, the names of which are as strange to us as their appearance, that the winters here have none of the gloom and barrenness of those at home.

Our floors are all covered with smoothly woven and perfectly fitted rush mats, six feet long, three feet wide and padded to the thickness of two and one-half inches. The partitions are thick paper doors which slide in grooves in the floor and ceiling, and can be pushed from right to left or entirely removed at pleasure, thus throwing all the compartments into one. The sides of the house consist of skeleton frames much resembling window sash and are covered with thin, white paper, through which we get an abundance of light, though we have not a pane of glass in our house. A veranda extends the whole length of the house, front and back in the outer edge of which are grooves, in which are slid large wooden doors, until the house is perfectly and securely enclosed at night and in stormy weather. The eaves project down and out over all the verandas. When these doors are in place of course the house is much warmer, but as dark as can be.

To keep warm and for convenience sake we have lived in two rooms this winter, but shall soon occupy the others.

We have enough land for a nice garden and are to get American seeds from Yokohama. Gardening commences the first of April, and, though I am anticipating this work, and the great variety of birds and flowers which the spring will bring, I am dreading the myriads of bees, mosquitos and other creeping and flying creatures with which Japan is infested. I am glad it is not an overdrawn statement that one will have no less than 100 to 150 fleas on one at once, and that mosquitoes are in perfect clouds. Quantities of insect powder is used by foreigners, and gives some relief, but even then one suffers dreadfully.

We are both, so far, in excellent health, and are rejoicing daily that we were brought here, though we cannot but be lonely at times, and long to see familiar faces and sights; but it is home, and to me that means much.

For several weeks we were the only foreigners here, among 80,000 inhabitants; but lately Mr. Poate, of Yokohama, has removed his family here on account of his wife's health. They are English (that is, he is, and Mrs. Poate is American), and are very nice people. They have been laborers in this vineyard for twelve years and need a rest very much, Mrs. Poate has been in very poor health—every earthquake shock would so unnerve her as to make her sick in bed, and as they occurred two or three times in a week, and sometimes a half dozen times in a night, of greater or less violence, an immediate change became necessary and they came here. At first they lived but a few minutes walk from us, but were in such a bad place were obliged to move as soon as they could get a better house and are now about one and one-half miles from us.

Though we do not see one another as often, it is a great comfort to know they are here, and a great privilege to go to their house once a week at least and have little prayer meetings and singing.

They brought their organ, a very good one, and it sounds so like home and civilization that one can almost imagine that one is in a Christian land.

How little the people of Christian England and America appreciate their blessings! How little we valued ours while there, and how much we murmured.

I do not speak of this because we are suffering in any way here for bodily comforts, for we have all that we need and much more in that line, but the idolatry, immorality, poverty and general wretchedness is simply awful.

We can not take a short walk without seeing numbers of little wayside shrines, and the shops are full of idols of various kinds, made of paper, wood, clay or stone, and most of them very cheap, at most, a few sen. They are in the form of human beings, with deformed bodies and terribly distorted features, dogs, foxes and other animals.

Two religions exist, Shintoism or worship of ancestors, and Buddhism.

There are several expensive old temples, and the finest of these was burned to the ground by robbers last Saturday night.

After services last Sunday Mr. Jones and myself visited one of the temples east of the city at the end of the principal street. It is on the top of a high hill, and is reached by a long flight of stone steps. On Monday we went to one a short distance from our house, a very large structure built 250 years ago. It is also upon a high hill.

From the street one walks to the foot of the hill on a stone paved walk, twelve feet wide, then we climb two flights of stone stairs as wide as the walk and containing ninety-five steps, then another long walk to the temple entrance. The walks and steps are bordered with cryptomeria, the tallest, straightest, largest trees I ever saw, and tall stone lanterns, are placed at intervals on both sides of the walks and steps. At the top of the last flight of stairs and spanning the stone walk is a great stone arch from the top of which hang wisps of rice straw, and strips of white paper tied together and placed there to keep away evil spirits. On each side of the approach to the temple are scattered buildings—priests' houses, dancing-floors and open stalls where confectionery, idols, relics, etc., are sold on festival days.

The temple is decorated, or I might better say deformed, by dragons and other reptiles carved out of wood and stone and placed over the entrances, under the eaves and on the tile roof. Those which are not exposed to the weather were formerly plated with gold, but this is nearly all worn off now, and the whole place looks wierd and ancient.

There are many such here, but none so grand as the celebrated one which we saw at Tokio, the capital.

This city, Sendai, is the capital of this province, so the government buildings are here and are quite good, being more of European style than Japanese.

There are seventeen public schools, two large hospitals and several public bathing places, where men, women and children go into the baths together.

The telegraph office and police headquarters are fine, large brick buildings, also the post office.

The prison buildings are very large and contain now over 1,000 convicts. The other buildings are generally not more than one story high.

The dwelling houses are like those of all Eastern cities, concealed from the street by high walls, these here being built of bamboo and plastered smoothly with mud. The shops are quite the opposite, being wide open to the street thus displaying their wares to the best advantage.

The great quantities of beautiful decorated chinaware on exhibition and the cheapness of it would delight you. I wish I could send you a whole set. I have no other dishes excepting a set of white plates, which I brought from Yokohama.

As examples of the inexpensiveness of the dishes here, I cite a purchase or two. I bought a small china teapot and eight cups, in color pale pea green, decorated (hand-painted) with sprays of cherry blossoms, price 35 cents; also five large-size cups and saucers, same style, 30 cents; beautiful tea plates, same color, with pale pink blossoms, 7 cents each. (I write *cents*, but it is really *sen*, one *sen* being a trifle less than one cent.

Silks are very pretty, durable and cheap, a piece containing about fifteen yards, eighteen inches wide, from 5 to 10 yen, or from $4 25 to $8 50.

We have a teacher who cannot speak a word of English, and we have both learned to read quite readily in one style of characters, but there are several other styles, I think six in all, are used.

Though we can read, we understand very few words yet, and we more and more realize that this is a very difficult language to learn. Mr. Poate has been studying twelve years continually. Mr. Jones studies much more than I do, as he does little else, besides taking necessary exercise, and expects to be able to do some actual work in a year. As it is, he is doing a great deal with the help of two of our young men, who can speak some English and interpret written English quite readily.

We find these Japanese people very kind and helpful. Although they are a progressive, ingenious and generally educated people, they are very childish and unstable. Even the poorer classes can read, and almost every family has a translation of the whole or part of the New Testament; but God's word here has to work its way to the heart through many difficulties.

The superstitions of so many years have left deep impressions, especially upon the minds of the degraded lower classes. Then too, Satan has a very strong hold, and the enemy is sowing tares among the good seed here as elsewhere. The infidel works of Spencer, Darwin and others have been translated into Japanese and widely circulated.

There are about 300 Christians here in two churches. The other church is presided over by a Japanese pastor, Oshi-kawa San, (or as we would say Mr. Oshikawa) who is a very eloquent and influential man, besides being an earnest consecrated Christian.

Mr. Jones has baptized ten converts since his arrival, and others will be baptized soon.

Work comes to us every day, and we are hoping to soon be able to converse with those who are seeking the light.

We have a class of twelve members who meet with us for one hour each day, to study and read the English Bible. They all read very well, but understand very little. However, they improve rapidly.

A few foreign men have visited Sendai, but foreign women are a great sight here, and create as much excitement in the street as a white elephant would in America.

Mrs. Poate and I seldom go out except to church on Sunday, for whenever we do, hundreds of men, women and children flock out, around about us, and follow us until the street is literally blocked up; and the din of voices, clattering of wooden clogs and scuffling of straw sandals is almost deafening and quite distracting.

MABEL.

Catarrh cured by the use of the World Imperial Catarrh Cream. Get a sample free of your druggist before they are all gone. Sold by Taylor & Miller and A. R. Champney.

Medical Advice by Telephone.

Husband—My wife has a severe pain in the back of her neck, and complains of a sort of goneness in the stomach.

Physician—She has malarial colic.

Husband—What shall I do for her?

(The girl at the "central" switches off to a machinist talking to a saw mill man.)

Machinist to husband—I think she is covered with scales inside, about an inch thick. Let her cool down during the night, and before she fires up in the morning take a hammer and pound her thoroughly all over, and then take a hose and hitch it to the fire plug and wash her out.

Husband has no further need of this doctor.—*Medical Age.*

That Dirty Dandruff.

Dandruff is dirty and disagreeable in every way. It soils the clothing continually, and is accompanied by a hardly less annoying sensation of itching. The scalp is diseased. There is nothing in the world so thoroughly adapted to this trouble as Parker's Hair Balsam. It cleanses and heals the scalp, stops the falling hair and restores its original softness, gloss and color. Is not oily, highly perfumed, an elegant dressing. Very economical, as only a small occasional application keeps the hair in perfect condition.

IMPORTANT.

When you visit or leave New York City save baggage Expressage and Carriage Hire and stop at the Grand Union Hotel, opposite Grand Central Depot.

Elegant rooms fitted up at a cost of one million dollars, reduced to $1.00 and upwards per day. European plan Elevator, Restaurant supplied with the best. Horse cars, stages and elevated railroad to all depots. Families can live better for less money at the Grand Union Hotel than at any other first-class hotel in the city.

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BUY YOUR
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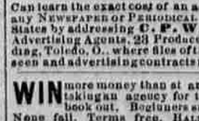
Don't forget the number, 49z

STEADY WORK

ON SALARY, and expenses paid by us (or if preferred on commission) will be furnished to 50 men to sell our nursery products. Terms and outfit free. Address (stating age and inclosing stamp.

R. G. CHASE & CO.,
(The Chase Nurseries) Geneva, N. Y.



Anvil, Vise, Cut-off Tool. The best for Farm and Home use. Either size, $4.50, $5.50, $6.50, sent FREIGHT PAID on receipt of price, if your hardware dealer does not keep them. Good Agents wanted.
CHENEY ANVIL & VISE CO., DETROIT, MICH.

YOU

Can learn the exact cost of an advertisement in any NEWSPAPER or PERIODICAL in the United States by addressing C. P. WAGAR & CO. Advertising Agents, 23 Produce Exchange Building, Toledo, O., where files of this paper may be seen and advertising contracts made for it.

WIN more money than at anything else by taking an agency for the best selling book out. Beginners succeed grandly. None fail. Terms free. HALLETT BOOK CO., Portland, Maine.

RUPTURE CURED by our Astringent Lotion. Safe, sure cure. Send stamp for book. PEET & CO., 501 6th Ave., N. Y. City.

IMMENSE LINE OF
NEW SPRING
Dress Novelties,
WITH BUTTONS AND TRIMMINGS TO MATCH.
ANDERSON BROS.,
117 & 119 Summit St., TOLEDO, OHIO.

SAVE MONEY
By calling on me and examing my goods before making your purchases
CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES,
Provisions and Produce purchased direct from first hands at Bottom Prices, and which I will sell at
UNPRECEDENTED LOW PRICES.
I am determined to sell only
First-Class Goods.
I study to please and make my customers' interests my own, and I guarantee every article I sell to be First-Class, and as Low as any First-Class Goods can be bought. Respectfully,
E. L. KINGSBURY.

500 PEOPLE
In Perrysburg and vicinity need Artificial Teeth, and ought not to pay more than $8 for a full upper or lower set of the very best teeth. If you will call at my office I can prove why, every time you do, you pay a profit of from $4 to $7 over and above what I must make and live. You wonder why I work for ONE HALF less than any other Dentist. I believe in a small profit. More people needing teeth are willing to pay a reasonable fee for Dental work than high and exhorbitant prices. You are
MISSING
it when you think or believe I use anything but the VERY best Material. WHO CAN GET BETTER? WHEN I GET THE BEST.
The Whole Community
Should talk this matter over, about paying high Dental fees. I can prove that you pay a double profit, when you pay more than I ask, by the cost of the very best material if need be. Do not get
EXCITED,
But think this matter over and what you need done in the Dental line, then call and see me last and I will do your work the cheapest, use the BEST MATERIAL and GUARANTEE FIRST CLASS WORK.
Having secured the services of Dr. J. P. Thompson, of Perrysburg, to meet the increasing Dental practice established by me in Toledo, I feel confident that parties in and around this neighborhood will always receive skillful treatment and save ONE HALF IN MONEY by calling and having me do your work.
H. A. BLACK, D. D. S., Dentist,
Cor. Summit & Cherry Streets, Toledo, O.

Furniture The largest stock, the choicest assortment, and the lowest prices, on Common, Medium, and the Best Grades of Furniture, to be found in Northwestern Ohio, at
Furniture
Furniture
PHILIP HACAR'S,
212 & 214 Summit St, TOLEDO, O.
6zz

The SECRET of OUR SUCCESS
Is, that we are selling the BEST GOODS the Market Affords in
CARPETS, LACE CURTAINS
Drapery Goods, Oil Cloths, Linoleums, Mats and Rugs,
AND EVERYTHING TO BE FOUND IN A FIRST-CLASS CARPET HOUSE
AT Lower Prices THAN ANY HOUSE IN THE CITY.
THE OLD RELIABLE,
V. B. SNYDER & SON,
117 & 119 SUMMIT ST. TOLEDO O.

THE CAMP & CO. ORGAN

THE BEST!
For the MONEY to be found in the Market.
VERY LOW PRICES.
Send for ILLUSTRATED CIRCULAR, PRICES and TERMS. AGENTS can make Money handling these Organs.
ESTEY & CAMP,
188 & 190 State St.
CHICAGO.

A CRY FOR HELP ANSWERED.
DR. HAINES' GOLDEN SPECIFIC,
A POSITIVE AND RADICAL CURE FOR
DRUNKENNESS.
To the Wives, Mothers, and Sisters of Drinking Men:—
It lies in your own hands to save the husband, son, or brother from the awful disease of drunkenness. The *Golden Specific* can be administered without the knowledge of the patient. *By simply placing it in coffee, tea, or in articles of food or drink, its presence will not be detected either by taste or smell*, and after a few days
TAKING A DRINK OF LIQUOR IS A PHYSICAL IMPOSSIBILITY.
Drunkenness is a *disease*, not a weakness. Primarily the appetite for alcoholic drinks must be cultivated; but when the appetite is once formed, it is as much a disease as any other affliction for which medicine is administered. Every nerve, tissue and pore of the body is but a famished wolf with a million mouths gnawing upon the system and craving for alcohol. Pledges, temperance societies, "earnest examples," prayers, resolutions—are futile. Not one man in a thousand can withstand the battle; not because he has not the desire, but because he is physically weak. He could as easily abstain from eating food after a famine with a banquet at his hand, as to deny his hungry system in its awful craving for liquor.
THE SPECIFIC AND LIQUOR CAN NOT EXIST IN THE SYSTEM TOGETHER.
It would be amusing, were it not pitiful, to watch the man to whom the Specific has been given without his knowledge. At first, out of habit, and not realizing that the good work has begun, he pours out his drink. He swallows it *and shudders*. The next attempt, he raises the liquor to his lips, gets its odor in his nostrils, and sets the glass down, usually with the remark that "somehow, I am not whisky hungry." From this moment he is saved. No physical prostration, no "jim-jams," no ill-effects will appear—the man is no more a drunkard than the child who never knew the taste of liquor. *The Cure is Permanent.*
WIVES, MOTHERS, SISTERS,
Can you afford to neglect this means of saving the husband, son, or brother? As certain as that you love and desire to save the erring one, so certain do we offer you the means to accomplish such a result. Instead of sitting hopelessly at home, praying for the help that does not come; instead of putting one lots of trust in any system of pledges or reform,
COME TO THE RESCUE YOURSELVES.
You can administer this remedy quietly, easily, and without the patient's knowledge. *It never fails*, and the cure is Rapid, Positive and Permanent.
In hundreds of cases where Dr. Haines has administered the remedy in his own practice, *there never has been a failure.* He feels that wretchedness, blighted homes, suffering wives and children, every instinct of humanity, demand that the widest publicity be given this greatest of all beneficial discoveries. It is sold at a price which will enable all to accomplish such a work, while not placing the remedy beyond the reach of any one. The Specific is prepared in powdered form and put up in packages for mailing, or shipping by express. Especial care is taken that the contents can not be divulged to any but the party addressed, as there are many who are sensitive on this point; besides, to let its nature be known might frustrate the plans for its administration. One package will cure any ordinary case. Two packages will cure the most obstinate case. *This is positively guaranteed, or money refunded.* PRICE: *One Package by Mail, post-paid, $5.00. Two Packages at One Order, $9.00.* Send Money by Registered Letter, Express, Postal Note, or Money Order. Address such and make ALL payable only to
GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., 185 Race Street, Cincinnati, O.

We do not parade in public print the names of those whose experience prompts them to write us grateful letters. The following are extracts, the original letters, with thousands of others, being on file in our office.
Creston, Iowa.—Your case is cured! thanks be to God and the Golden Specific. Every word of your advertisement is true.
Cleveland, Ohio.—My husband is cured, and he does not know the cause. He thinks he has proved himself a hero. Not once did he suspect the Medicine was in his coffee when he drank it. He now wonders why so many weak fools patronize saloons.
Somerville, Ind.—For fifteen years my husband made our lives a curse. He thinks he has proved himself a hero. Your Almond remedy has worked a miracle in his case. I told him yesterday what I had done, and he says he will never drink again—that he could not if he wanted to.
Coridon, Ia.—I took a double dose. My wife gave it to me in my coffee without my knowledge, while I had ordered the medicine to see if I could reform. I suffered no harm, and when we compared notes after my cure, you should have seen us. We are the happiest family in the state.

R. R. ADVERTISEMENTS.

TAKE THE
Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton
—RAILROAD—
Which is THE BEST ROUTE between
CINCINNATI.
—AND—
Toledo, Detroit, and Canadas
EATON, RICHMOND, LOGANSPORT,
CHICAGO,
AND ALL POINTS in THE NORTHWEST
OXFORD, CONNERSVILLE, RUSHVILLE,
INDIANAPOLIS,
TERRE HAUTE, VANDALIA, MATTOON,
ST. LOUIS,
DANVILLE, BLOOMINGTON
PEORIA,
AND ALL POINTS IN THE WEST.

Trains of this Company pass PERRYSBURG STATION, as follows:

PASSING SOUTH, (daily except Sunday.)	
Dayton & Cincinnati Express	8.01 A. M.
Detroit, Toledo & Cin. Mail (D)	11.08 A. M.
Toledo & Lima Accommodation	5.39 P. M.
Detroit, Toledo & Cin. Express, (D)	10.12 P. M.
PASSING NORTH, (daily except Sunday.)	
Toledo & Detroit Express (Daily)	5.30 A. M.
Lima & Toledo Accomodation	9.17 A. M.
Toledo, Detroit & Cleveland Express (Sunday only)	9.22 A. M.
Toledo & Detroit Mail	3.04 P. M.
Toledo, Detroit & Chicago Express	9.02 P. M.

For Maps, Time Tables and other information call on Station Agent, or address G. T. A. Cincinnati, O.
SAM'L STEVENSON, Gen'l Ticket Agent.
THOMAS VETCH, Agent, Perrysburg.

COLUMBUS, HOCKING VALLEY & TOLEDO RAILWAY.
THE SHORTEST ROUTE BETWEEN
LAKE ERIE AND THE **OHIO RIVER.**
TIME CARD
Taking Effect May 18, '83
CENTRAL TIME.

SOUTH BOUND.

Lv Toledo	4 46 a m	10 10 a m	5 35 p m
" Fostoria	6 02 "	11 33 "	7 02 "
" Carey	6 34 "	12 05 p m