

# VETERANS TO MEET ON BATTLEFIELD

Big Reunion of Survivors of Civil War at Gettysburg on July 1.

40,000 EXPECTED TO ATTEND

Men Who Wore the Blue and Gray to Again Gather on Ground Made Memorable by Historic Conflict.

By EDWARD B. CLARK.

WASHINGTON.—During the first four days of July the battlefield of Gettysburg, Pa., will again be the scene of a meeting of the Blue and the Gray, but this time they will meet in amity and affection. A half-century will have passed since last these men of two great American armies met on this northern field. Then they were face to face in deadly conflict, for the issue, it was well understood to both contending forces, was the success of the southern cause, or the beginning of its defeat, to be followed by the restoration of the Union as it had been before the first shot was fired at Fort Sumter.

The United States government and the government of nearly every state in the Union have combined to make the Gettysburg reunion of the soldiers of the north and south one of the great peace events of the century. The state of Pennsylvania some time ago appointed a "Fiftieth Anniversary of the Battle of Gettysburg commission" to make preparations for the four days' reunion, at which Pennsylvania as a state was to act as host to the veterans of the war between the states and to the thousands of visitors who would follow their march to the field of battle, and appropriated \$150,000 for the purpose of entertaining the veterans.

It is expected that 40,000 veterans of the war, not all of them, however, survivors of the Gettysburg battle, will be found encamped upon the field when reveille sounds on the morning of July 1. It will be a different reveille than that which the life and drum corps of the two great armies sounded fifty years ago. The call to awakening will be a call to a peaceful celebration while the call to the awakening in July, 1863, was a call of arms to conflict and, to thousands of men, a call to death.

For years the veterans have been looking forward to this reunion. It is probable that there will be present many thousands of survivors of the battle. The United States government under an act of congress has appropriated money for the preparation of the camps and for the messing of the soldier visitors. The average age of the men engaged in the Civil war was only eighteen years, but fifty years have passed since these soldier boys fought at Gettysburg, and so if the computation of age was a true one the average years of the veterans who will meet in Pennsylvania in July will be about sixty-eight years. Many of them, of course, will be much older and a good many of them, men who entered at ages ranging from fourteen to seventeen years, will be younger, but all will be old men as the world views age.

Many of the states of the Union, north as well as south, have made appropriations to send their veterans to the Gettysburg reunion and to pay all other expenses. The battle of Gettysburg is recognized as the turning point of the war between the states. It has been called time and again one of the decisive battles of the world. Generally it is recognized that Gettysburg decided the great conflict, helped in the decision probably by the fall of Vicksburg on the Mississippi, which took place virtually at the moment that the conflict on the Pennsylvania field was decided in favor of the northern arms.

The preparations which the government is making to care for the veterans at Gettysburg are interesting. They have been under the charge of James B. Aleshire, quartermaster general of the United States army, and Henry G. Sharpe, commissary general of the United States army. Two years ago last March 14,000 regular troops were gathered in camp at Texas. The health of the soldiers throughout the Texas encampment was almost perfect, made so by the plans which had been carefully laid to see that perfect sanitation was maintained. The United States army was taught a lesson by the Spanish war, when lack of proper sanitary precautions and unpreparedness in other ways cost the government the lives of more men than were sacrificed to the bullets of the Spaniard.

The estimates of the commissary and quartermaster authorities are based upon an attendance of 40,000 veterans. It probably will cost the government about \$360,000 to act in part as host to the survivors of the battle and other veterans who attend the Gettysburg reunion.

Big Task to Feed Men. The survivors of the war from the north and south who will be present, being old men, must be cared for in a way which would not have been necessary fifty years ago. The messing of the veterans will require 400 army ranges, 1 great field bakery, 40,000 mess kits, 800 cooks, 800 kitchen helpers and 130 bakers. This helping personnel will be required to be in camp for at least seven days, and many of

them for a longer period, for the purpose of installing the field bakery, the field ranges and in dismantling, cleaning, packing and storing material after the encampment is over.

The old soldiers are to be supplied with fresh meat directly from refrigerator cars drawn upon the field. They will be given fresh vegetables and special bread with the best coffee and tea which the market affords. For them it will not be a case of hardtack, booties and poor bacon.

The Battle of Gettysburg commission of the state of Pennsylvania has a large sum of money at its disposal for the entertainment of the visiting veterans, and the thousands of persons who will accompany them. Hospital ity is to mark the days. Fifty years ago Pennsylvania aided in the work of repelling the visitors from the south. In early July next the same state will have its arms wide open in welcome to the men wearing the gray. Entertainments of various kinds will be offered the visiting veterans, but it is pretty well understood that their deep interest in revisiting the scenes where they fought, Little Round Top, Oak Ridge, Cemetery Hill, Culp's Hill, Rock Creek, the Stone Wall and other places will hold them largely to the pleasures and to the sadnesses of personal reminiscences. Arm in arm with the Union soldiers the Confederate soldiers will retrace the battleground. They will look over the field of Pickett's desperate charge. They will retrace the marching steps of Longstreet's corps. They will go to the place where Meade had his headquarters and to the place from which Lee directed his southern forces in battle.

Pennsylvania is going to make a great celebration of peace of this fiftieth anniversary of what probably was the decisive battle of the war, although it was fought nearly two years before the war ended. Other states will help Pennsylvania in its work, and from every section of the country, north, east, south and west, the veterans will assemble, most of them probably to see for the last time in life the field upon which they were willing to die for the sake of their respective causes.

The veterans will not be directly encamped in the Gettysburg park, which is dotted with monuments to the various commands which took part in the fight and which is laid out in approved park fashion, with fine drives and beautifully kept lawns. There will be two camps, known as No. 1 and No. 2. No. 1 will cover 149 acres and No. 2 will cover 44 acres. The layouts of these camps are based on the use of conical tents, each of which will, without crowding, accommodate eight persons. Inasmuch as accommodations are to be furnished for 40,000 visitors, 5,000 tents will be required to give quarters to the visiting hosts.

Visitors to Be Cared For. Every possible care is to be taken of the visitors. The sanitary arrangements which have been made are said to be the best that are possible and they are the result of careful study by medical officers of the service. All the experience of the past has been drawn upon to make it certain that the health of the veterans will be conserved while they are in camp.

With so many thousands of old soldiers in attendance, and taking into consideration the probability that the weather will be warm, it is expected that there will be sickness, but the United States government and the state of Pennsylvania are preparing for a hospital service which shall be adequate to any contingency. There will be hospital corps detachments present ready to render first aid to the injured, and there will be many field hospitals with surgeons in attendance, where the sick can receive instant attendance.

It is said that this contemplated reunion has induced more interest among the old soldiers of the north and the south than any event which has happened since the day that the war closed. There is today at Gettysburg a great national park, in which is included a cemetery where thousands of soldier dead are buried. The United States government and the legislature of Pennsylvania worked together to make a park of the battlefield and to mark accurately every point in it which has historic interest.

When one goes to the field he can tell just where this brigade or that brigade was engaged, just where this charge or that charge was made and just where the desperate defenses of positions were maintained until the tide of battle brought either victory or defeat to one of the immediate commands engaged.

It was in 1895 that congress established a national park at Gettysburg and gave the secretary of war authority to name a commission "to superintend the opening of additional roads, mark the boundaries, ascertain and definitely mark the lines of battle of troops engaged, to acquire lands which were occupied by infantry, cavalry and artillery, and such other adjacent lands as the secretary of war may deem necessary to preserve the important topographical features of the battlefield."

When the Union and the Confederate veterans reach Gettysburg on June 30 next they will find on the scene of the old conflict between five and six hundred memorials raised in commemoration of the deeds of their commands on the great fields of the Pennsylvania battlefield. There are, moreover, 1,000 markers placed to designate historic spots. There are great towers built upon the field by the government so that bird's-eye views can be obtained of the entire scene of the battle. Fine roads have been constructed and everywhere attention has been paid to every detail of the least importance in setting forth the history of one of the greatest battles ever known to warfare.

# WARNS ALL DEALERS WHO SELL BAD EGGS

Strode Intends That Order Shall Be Obeyed.

WILL SEND OUT INSPECTORS

Ohioans Who Are Found Not to be Complying With Regulations of Department Will be Placed Under Arrest.

Special Columbus Correspondent.

Columbus, Ohio. AFTER a campaign of a year against the sale of bad eggs, State Dairy and Food Commissioner S. E. Strode, after the first of June, will send inspectors over the state to cause the arrest of all dealers caught selling eggs unfit for food. At the beginning of the campaign a warning was given that all dealers and producers would be expected to faithfully comply with the regulations laid down by the department to insure good eggs for the public. In this warning it was told how the quality of the commercial egg could be improved and the profits of the business increased. "The better the quality the better price you will get for your eggs," declared Commissioner Strode. He told merchants to candle all eggs to test their quality.

Investigation by inspectors develops that many are not complying with these requirements. The case-count system, generally used, is declared by the commissioner to be the greatest factor in preventing an improvement in the general quality of the commercial egg. It is a system for numbers alone, regardless of quality. To get good eggs, the commissioner advises producers to keep thoroughbreds, use plenty of clean, dry nests and to gather and market eggs often. The final warning has been issued and those who sell bad eggs after the first of June will be in danger of prosecution.

Disappoints Office Seekers.

Gov. Cox disappointed a large number of office seekers who came trooping to the state capital Friday and Saturday by leaving early Friday morning to inspect Camp Perry with Gen. R. K. Evans of the war department, who came to the state to arrange for the big international shoot to be held at that place next August and September. Saturday the governor indulged in his first fishing expedition of the season, casting his line in the waters of Lake Erie at Sandusky. Since last Monday the office seekers have been coming to the chief executive's offices in droves. He made a number of appointments during the week, but practically none were of a salaried kind.

Colored Physician Is Convicted.

Dr. W. J. Woodlin, the colored Columbus physician who was charged with manslaughter for the killing with his automobile of 7-year-old Herbert Hazlewood, white, has been convicted of "assault" by a jury in criminal court here. The defendant has been given a "slap on the wrist" in the form of a fine of \$25 suspended, but he will have to pay the costs in the case, which amount to about \$150. Furthermore he has paid the parents of the dead child \$700. And even though the punishment has been light, the prosecutor holds that he has won a victory in that the case is the first in Ohio wherein conviction has been had of a reckless autoist under the manslaughter statutes. Woodlin was indicted for manslaughter originally, but there was so much conflicting testimony as to the rate of speed at which the machine was running when the accident occurred that the jury was puzzled and after an hour's deliberation, brought in the compromise verdict of assault.

Jokers Are Taught Lesson.

Certain members of Columbus' aristocracy have been taught a salutary lesson in the matter of playing practical jokes. In 1911, out in the Fourth ward, the center of the bon ton section of the town, they sought to have some "fun" with one of their comrades by placing his name on the ballot for the position of assessor without his knowledge or consent. Almost before he was aware of what was taking place, E. J. Spencer, a very busy business man, found that he had been duly chosen by the electorate to perform the trying duties of assessing the property of the ward. Naturally he was angry. The more angry he grew, the more the "silk-stockings" laughed in their sleeves. Then one bright day a bright thought filtered into the new assessor's mind and he went determinedly into the assessing business, smiling grimly the while. When after weeks of activity on the part of Mr. Spencer, the practical jokers began to realize what was happening, they turned pale with alarm. They found that on the re-

Good Roads Exhibit.

There will be a big good roads exhibit at the state fair this year. State Highway Commissioner James R. Marker has arranged with Secretary A. P. Sandles of the state board of agriculture for the use of a building for this exhibit. The exhibit will include all kinds of building material and machinery used in road construction. The federal government, highway departments of other states, county commissioners and surveyors and township trustees will co-operate in making the exhibit a success.

turns sent in by their "victim" they were to be forced to pay taxes on personal property to the value of more than a million dollars in excess of what they had been paying on before. It was Mr. Spencer's time to jubilate. In vain did the jokers plead and coax. "Even a worm will turn," commented the alert assessor. A digest of the returns he made shows that he had an intimate knowledge of the personal property of the people with whom he took auto rides and attended elite social functions.

Bars Favoritism in Pen.

No more favoritism will be possible in the granting of paroles at the penitentiary. Warden Thomas has cided to establish a department of justice at that institution, and every inmate will be given an equal chance for parole. Heretofore only those who could afford to pay well for attorneys stood much chance of getting out. The warden has also barred all attorneys. This will put an end to fine picking that shyster lawyers who have found the unfortunate persons behind the prison walls their special prey. The new department will have a complete record of every prisoner. Every man deserving of consideration for parole will have his case brought up before the state administration without the necessity upon his part of hiring a lawyer. The plan will furnish an incentive for prisoners to improve their conduct. Every man will know that upon his behavior will depend his chances to get out.

Interest Shown in Movement.

Considerable interest is being shown in the state-wide campaign for better babies, which has been started by Mrs. Maud Murray Miller, the brilliant editor of the Human Progress Department of the Columbus Dispatch. She has completed arrangements for a series of tests of babies, the scoring to be based on the method agreed upon by the New York experts. The first test will be at a local settlement house and will include babies from seven different nationalities. Other tests will be made soon thereafter. It is proposed to have a final test at the state fair, and any baby in the state will be eligible to enter. Mrs. Miller is trying to awaken the public to a realization that it is of vital importance that mothers should be educated to learn how to develop and train babies so they will become healthy, happy and useful men and women. Mrs. Miller is a member of the board of women visitors for state and benevolent institutions, having been appointed by former Gov. Harmon. Her recommendations for changes in these institutions have been recognized by the state. She was for five years on the editorial staff of the Springfield paper owned by Gov. Cox, so it is evident he has confidence in her judgment.

Red Cross Gives Money.

Tiffin will be the first city to close up its flood relief work. A committee from that city has just notified National Red Cross Director Ernest P. Bicknell, in charge of the Ohio relief work, that it will finish its labors next week. Thursday the Red Cross Ohio Flood Relief Commission made the committee an allowance of \$2,500. These additional allowances have been made for flood relief purposes: McConnelsville and Malta, \$3,000; towns near Chillicothe, \$2,999; Coshocton and vicinity, \$1,100; Mansfield, \$2,000; Warren, \$1,366; Loveland, \$700. Director Bicknell has called for reports and conferences with local flood relief committees regarding the situation in their respective localities.

Will Reappoint Quine.

It will be pleasing news to the Spanish war veterans to learn that Gov. Cox will reappoint Harry S. Quine of Akron, past department commander of the United Spanish War Veterans, a trustee of the Sailors and Soldiers' Orphans' home at Xenia. When the law was created establishing the state board of administration, the act providing for the appointment of a board of trustees for the home was unintentionally repealed. Since the board has had no legal status, but a law was enacted at the recent legislative session correcting this situation. It now becomes the duty of the governor to appoint the trustees. He will probably retain most of the old members, all of whom are Civil war soldiers excepting Mr. Quine.

Cox Makes Appointments.

Gov. Cox made the following appointments Thursday: Karl T. Webber, Columbus, member of the board of state uniform laws. Judge B. F. McCann, Montgomery county, trustee of Ohio State university, vice Oscar Corson. Dr. J. H. J. Upham, Franklin county, member state medical board, vice James A. Duncan, Toledo. Carl H. Nau, Cuyahoga county, member state board of accountancy; reappointment. John J. McKnight, Franklin county, member state board of accountancy; reappointment. A. V. Cannon, Cuyahoga county, member board of uniform state laws; reappointment.

Makes Many Changes in O. N. G.

Many changes in methods have been made by Adj. Gen. George H. Wood since he took office last January. The latest change is to do away with a fixed personnel for the board which examines officers and candidates for commissions for the National Guard. For years Brig. Gen. John C. Speaks of Columbus and W. V. McMacken of Toledo and Mayor T. V. Dupuy, of Ironton, formerly of Dayton, have composed this board. Wood now announces that different officers will be appointed for each examination.

One finger in the pie is worth a whole hand in the soup.

INVALIDS AND CHILDREN should be GIVEN MAGEE'S EMULSION to strengthen the body. Never fails. All druggists.

Literals.

"Walls have ears." "I should say so with all those diagraphs hanging on them."

His Business.

"From the way that fellow has been talking to you, I judge he is a hot dog artist."

"So he is—advertising agent for a new furnace."

Be Happy Today.

He that hath so many causes of joy, and so great, is very much in love with sorrow and peevishness, who loses all these pleasures, and chooses to sit down upon his little handful of thorns. Enjoy the blessings of this day, if God sends them; and the evils of it bear patiently and sweetly; for this day only is ours. We are dead to yesterday and we are not yet born to the morrow. But if we look abroad and bring into one day's thoughts the evil of many, certain and uncertain, what will be and what will never be, our load will be as intolerable as it is unreasonable.—Jeremy Taylor.

HANDS BURNING, ITCHING

905 Lowell Place, Chicago, Ill.—"The trouble began by my hands burning and itching and I rubbed and scratched them till one day I saw little red sores coming out. My hands were disfigured and swollen, and troubled me so that I could not sleep. They were cracked and when the small sores broke a white matter would come out. I could not do any hard work; if I did the sores would come out worse. For two years nobody could cure my eczema, until one day I thought I would try the Cuticura Soap and Ointment. I used warm water with the Cuticura Soap and after that I put the Cuticura Ointment on my hands twice a day for about five or six months when I was cured." (Signed) Sam Marcus, Nov. 28, 1911. Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston." Adv.

Loss an Illusion.

James C. McReynolds, who investigated the tobacco trust for the government, thereby bringing on a lot of things, says that just after he started practicing law in a small town down in Tennessee, a few years ago, a stout billman came into his office one day and announced that he desired to sue a neighbor for \$10,000 damages.

"Two years ago," he stated, "he called me a hippopotamus."

"Two years ago!" echoed McReynolds. "Why didn't you sue him sooner?"

"Well, sub," said the injured party, "until that there circus come through here last week I thought all the time he was paying me a compliment."—Saturday Evening Post.

Valuable Beetle Now.

Not long ago a Washington scientist, an enthusiastic student of natural history, captured a fine specimen of beetle. On reaching home he, in a moment of haste, pinned the beetle to a library table with his diamond scarfpin.

When he returned to the library from his dinner, he found the captive had got loose and was flying about with the diamond pin glistening from his back.

Natural Inference.

"Where's your aeroplane?" "My aeroplane?" "Certainly. Didn't you say you had dropped in for a flying visit?"

"LIKE MAGIC" New Food Makes Wonderful Changes.

When a man has suffered from dyspepsia so many years that he can't remember when he had a natural appetite, and then hits on a way out of trouble he may be excused for saying "it acts like magic."

When it is a simple, wholesome food instead of any one of a large number of so called remedies in the form of drugs, he is more than ever likely to feel as though a sort of miracle has been performed.

A Chicago man, in the delight of restored digestion, puts it in this way: "Like magic, fittingly describes the manner in which Grape-Nuts relieved me of poor digestion, coated tongue and loss of appetite, of many years standing."

"I tried about every medicine that was recommended to me, without relief. Then I tried Grape-Nuts on the suggestion of a friend. By the time I had finished the fourth package, my stomach was all right, and for the past two months I have been eating with a relish anything set before me. That is something I had been unable to do previously for years."

"I am stronger than ever and I consider the effects of Grape-Nuts on a weak stomach as something really wonderful. It builds up the entire body as well as the brain and nerves." Name given by the Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

"There's a reason," and it is explained in the little book, "The Road to Wellville," 12 pgs.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

Womanliness. Perhaps it would not be so easy to lose "womanliness" as some people seem afraid it would be. Perhaps all the pow-wow about becoming dazed is superfluous. Weinger calls attention to the fact that while there are people who are anatomically men and psychologically women, there is no such thing as a person who is anatomically woman and psychologically man. However masculine her appearance, a woman's psychic qualities remain distinctively feminine. At least, Mr. Weinger says so.

Reason to Be Afraid. "I am afraid I am falling in love." "Why are you afraid, does she take domestic science?"

# Pimples—Boils

are danger signals—heed the warning in time. When the blood is impure the gateway is open for the germs of disease to enter and cause sickness.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery

eradicates the poisons from the blood by routing the liver into vigorous action—purifying and enriching the blood, and thereby invigorating the whole system. Skin and "scrofulous" diseases readily disappear after using this old-time remedy.

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Perfect climate; good markets; railway convenient; soil the very best, and social conditions most desirable.

Vacant lands adjacent to Free Homesteads may be purchased and also in the older districts lands can be bought at reasonable prices.

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Corns, Bunions, Callosities, Aching, Swollen Feet. It allays pain and takes out soreness and inflammation promptly. Healing and soothing—causes a better circulation of the blood through the part, assisting nature in building new, healthy tissue and eliminating the old. Alex. Ahl, Tobinsport, Ind., writes Nov. 15, 1905: "No doubt you remember my getting two bottles of your ABSORBINE, JR., for a bunion on my foot. My foot is well." Also valuable for any swelling or painful affliction, Goitre, Enlarged Glands, Varicose Veins, Milk Leg, Strains, Sprains, Heals Cuts, Bruises, Lacerations. Price \$1.00 and \$2.00 at all druggists or delivered. Book 4 G Free. W. F. Young, P.O.F., 310 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

SPECIAL TO WOMEN Do you realize the fact that thousands of women are now using

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as a remedy for mucous membrane affections, such as sore throat, nasal or pelvic catarrh, inflammation or ulceration, caused by female illis? Women who have been cured say "it is worth its weight in gold." Dissolve in water and apply locally. For ten years the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. has recommended Paxtine in their private correspondence with women.

For all hygienic and toilet uses it has no equal. Only 50c a large box at Druggists or sent postpaid on receipt of price. The Paxton Toilet Co., Boston, Mass.

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CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

will put you right in a few days. They do their duty. Cure Constipation, Bloating, Indigestion and Sick Headache. SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE. Genuine must bear Signature

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James River Farm of 600 acres, no hills, fronts mile on river. Good buildings, fertile soil. Wharf yields \$800 yearly. Richmond 15 miles. Fine alfalfa. Fine Alfalfa Farm 600 acres, rich soil gently rolling, river front, good buildings, automobile road to Richmond 15 miles, \$10,500. These are exceptional values. Write to Dept. of Agriculture, Richmond, Va.

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