SPRINGFIELD GLOBE-REPUBLIC

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OWEN BROTHERS

Indications.

WASHINGTON, April 8.—For Ohio Valley and Tennessee: Fair weather in west portion; local rains, followed by fair weather in east portion; northwesterly winds becoming variable and generally followed by extreme north winds.

Whatever article of wearing apparel you need, whatever you think of buying, whatever you wish to look at, whatever you wish to price, wherever you are or whatever you're doing, drop work and spend a day among clothing stocks manufactured to your exact liking, almost to your measure, so to speak. We've studied your every peculiarity, and are prepared ahead of your asking to lay before you the identical suit you ought to buy to make you long happy and please you're little wife.

Lot 7537, New Style Small Plaid....$12
" 7403, " " " " 16
" 7479, " " Mixture 12
" 6089, " Blue Yacht Cloth... 15
" 7379, " Cotton Worsted 8
" 7001, Fine Dark Worsted..... 10
" 7479, Bro. Mx. Cassimere..... 9
" 5719, " " 8
" 6543, Guaranteed All Cotton.... 5
" 6655, Gray Corkscrew Worsted 12
" 7495, Beautiful Plaid..... 18
" 7049, Black Basket Worsted... 14

Clip the above and bring it with you. We'll exchange ideas as to cheapness.

Shall we turn to overcoats and tell of the many heavy weights that are going just before packing time? The medium weights that are out all the year round, or the fine spring weights, $9, $10, $11, $12? Of French Kid Gloves in fashionable spring shades $1, Blacks $1.25? Of snug and cheery half hose? Of medium and light weight underwear? Of rainy weather garments? Of umbrellas? Not everybody cares to save in their purchases, some do. To those that do we speak.

If we mention shirt waists at 25c, think you only of the cheapest, the poorest. An hour or two might be profitably spent among the beauties in yonder corner, 35c, 40c, 50c, 65c, 75c, $1 and up. "Did you ever see stars?" They are among these handsomes at $1 each.

Then too, you might be interested in kilts for your 2, 2 1-2, 3, 4 or 5 year old. They're different this season, style different, prices more pleasing.

Are you prepared to meet the small obligation Friday the 10th? Have you looked and tried the suit to be exchanged for an American dollar? You ought to know more about hats. You will if you spend an hour among our spring gathering. More than you expect are here. Hats for a $1.50 to surprise you, others better and some worse.

It's useless to pay fancy prices.

OWEN BROTHERS

Springfield's Only One Price Manufacturing Retailers.

PIANOS.

BEHNING

PIANOS.

These renowned pianos are kept in all styles at the Arcade Piano and Organ House. Some new styles just arriving for spring trade.

Write for Prices and Catalogue.

We Have Some Rare Bargains

in second-Hand Pianos. We must make room for our spring stock that has commenced to arrive. Good reliable agents wanted to sell our entire line of Pianos and Organs in every city and town in Southern Ohio. Address,

R. F. BRANDOM & CO.,

74 ARCADE,

Springfield, Ohio.

RUSSIA AND ENGLAND

The First Battle of the New Afghan War.

The Afghans Defeated with a Loss of 500.

Full Particulars of Fighting on Both Sides.

War Regarded as Inevitable.

Great Financial Depression and Impending Panic in London.

Wheat Going Up at Chicago and New York.

The First Battle of the Afghan War.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 9.—General Komeroff reports that in consequence of hostile manifestations by the Afghans he was compelled to attack them. They were posted upon both banks of the river Kushk, in fortified positions. A fight occurred 30th of March. The Afghan force consisted of four thousand men, with eight guns and were defeated with a loss of 500. All the artillery, two standards, banners and the entire camp outfit and all provisions of the Afghans were captured. The Russian loss was three subalterns and ten soldiers killed and twenty-nine wounded.

When the fighting ended, General Komeroff returned across the river to the positions he had formerly occupied.

Excitement in Paris and London.

LONDON, April 9.—Paris advices say that the three per cent. rentes are informally quoted at 76 f, 75 c.

There is great excitement on the London Stock Exchange, amounting almost to panic, over the news of a fight in Afghanistan, which is regarded as equivalent to a declaration of war. Foreign funds are demoralized. Russians are quoted at 82⅝.

LONDON, 12:30 P. M., April 9.—Russian securities continue to fall rapidly.

A dispatch to the Times from Gubran, dated April 3, states that the Russians, while making a pretext of changing position, threw out posts on the Afghan frontier, attacked Penjdeh, March 30, and drove the Afghans out of their position. The Afghans stubbornly resisted. Their assistants, two companies, held one position against the Russians until its defenders were killed. The Afghans retreated to Waranchak, in perfect order. The Russians made no pursuit. The Russian losses are said to be great.

The India office has received no official dispatches concerning the battle between Russians and Afghans.

LONDON, April 9.—The Telegraph in its fourth edition states that the gravity of the new from the Afghan border has not been in any degree diminished by advices received by the Government. It has a dispatch from Alahabad which states that General Komerhoff, after his victory, occupied Penjdeh, which has long been held by an Afghan garrison.

LONDON, April 9—12:30 P. M.—Consols have made further heavy decline and the feeling upon the street is decidedly panicky. Consols are now quoted at 95. Russian securities made a further decline of three points.

LONDON, April 9—1 P. M.—The feeling is slightly better. Consols advanced to 95⅛.

LONDON, April 9—1:30 P. M.—Consols receded to 95.

What the Russian Ambassador Says.

LONDON, April 9.—Baron de Staal, Russian ambassador, believes that the fighting in Afghanistan is even more serious than has been reported in dispatches. M. Lessar said that the Afghans caused the fight through attacking a number of pickets and driving them from their posts.

LONDON, April 9—3 P. M.—Consols 95.

3:30 p. m.—Consols 94⅞.

A Cabinet Council.

LONDON, April 9—4 p. m.—A cabinet council is now sitting and the result of its deliberations is awaited with great anxiety.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, April 9.—The stock market opened with a boom, first prices being generally from ½ to 1⅜ higher. This was followed by further gains, ⅛ to ½ per cent. in some. The most active stocks, including grangers, were Union Pacific and Missouri Pacific. There was a very decided increase in activity, which continued until nearly 11 o'clock, when prices yielded a fraction, and trade slackened somewhat. Wheat was very feverish; excitement intense. May opened at 98 against 93⅜ at close yesterday, quickly advanced to 100, but settled back to 97.

Wheat in New York.

NEW YORK, April 9.—Wheat is excited, very feverish on the war prospect. Prices advanced 4 to 6¾ early: later fell back 3 and 4; very brisk trading in option. Red May 96⅛ to $1.00. Corn 1 to 1⅛ higher, and Western spot 51¾; do future 51, 53⅛. Oats ⅝ to ¾ higher; Western 38, 42. Pork firm; new mess, $13.30. Lard higher; steam rendered, $7.25.

General Grant.

NEW YORK, April 9—8:30 a. m.—General Grant slept eight hours during the night. He awoke feeling much refreshed. Pulse 64 and reasonably full; temperature nominal.

[Signed] SHRADY.

NEW YORK, April 9.—The Grant household was quiet and undisturbed all last night.

Between 11 o'clock and midnight General Grant fell asleep and, except by coughing occasionally, his sleep was continuous until 7 this morning. He then aroused himself for the day and took nourishment plenteously and well. After the morning treatment of his throat the patient walked about his room. His mind was clear at waking and afterward. During the night Dr. Shrady and the family enjoyed a long sleep. The general's condition was so favorable today that the physicians deemed immediate medical attendance not necessary through the entire day. No bulletins will be issued till after the consultation at 4 p. m.

Later About Grant.

NEW YORK, April 9.—Senator Chaffee said an anodyne was administered to General Grant at 9 o'clock and he was sleeping at 10. Mr. Chaffee said that a recurring hemmorhage was regarded so improbable that the family and physicians were at ease on that score. David J. N. Mallon, Commander of Lafayette Post, G. A. R., of which General Grant was an honorary member, called this morning. He brought a set of resolutions enclosed in a case of polished oak, lined with blue plush and bearing the monogram "U S. G." in silver on the outside, and "G. A. R.," in gold enamel inside. The resolutions were handsomely engrossed and contained expressions of appreciation of the General's services and sympathy with his family.

Wheat at Chicago.

CHICAGO, April 9.—There was a war panic on 'Change at the opening produced by exciting news from London and St. Petersburg. The rapid decline in Consuls indicated a crisis. May wheat, which closed last night at 83 cents, rose by stages of ⅛ to ½ cent to 88⅛ cents, where the market rested, and then under free offerings dropped off to 86⅛ cents; rose again to 86¾ cents and is now quoted at 86⅝ cents, but with very feverish feeling, prices fluctuating wildly. Other markets took an excited tone, though in a modified degree.

Corn rose to 44 May, but fell back to 43⅞. Oats firm at 32⅛ May. Pork, May, rose to $12.30, now $12.25. Heaviest buyers in pits were "shorts." There was a sharp call for margins but thus far no failures have been reported. Some of the heaviest traders on 'Change, but who are seldom seen on the floor, were present this morning to personally superintend their purchases and sales.

10:15 A M.—May wheat 86¾; May corn 43¾.

Financial Gloom in London.

LONDON, April 9.—There is great depression in financial circles this morning. The leaders of the street now feel that war is certain. Consols, which closed last night at 97 7-16 opened this morning at 96¾. Russian securities having declined three points since last night.

Carter Harrison.

CHICAGO, April 9.—Carter Harrison says: "My plurality will be from 570 to 800, as far as my information goes. I would be glad of a contest: do not see why I did not get a larger vote in the Republican wards."

Barrios and His Son Dead.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—A. R. Peralta the Costa Rican minister today received the following cablegram: President Barrios and his son are dead.

Ohio Legislature.

COLUMBUS, April 8.—HOUSE.—The following bills were passed in the House:

SENATE.—The Senate met at 10 o'clock, Lieutenant Governor Warwick presiding. Prayer was offered by Rev. Mr. De Bruin.

Senate bill by Mr. Crowell—Amending section 5242 so that when an agent of a dead party to a suit is in court opposite party can testify whether the agent does or not.

Senate bill by Mr. Crowell—Amending section 16 Revised Statutes, as amended February 7, 1885, so as to fix the size of the Circuit Court seals.

A message was received from the Governor making nominations as follows: James Poindexter, of Columbus, as trustee of Ohio University, Athens; referred. W. J. Coppock, of Hamilton county, as trustee of Longview Asylum; confirmed. James M. Goodspeed, of Athens, as trustee of Ohio University, Athens; confirmed. Bernard Tauber, of Hamilton county, as trustee of Cincinnati hospital; confirmed.

Bills were passed as follows:

House bill by Mr. Hull—Amending section 6023 so as to give the probate judge discretionary power in the matter of requiring administrators de bonis non to make an inventory.

Senate bill by Mr. Oren—Authorizing trustees of children's homes to indenture children until they attain their majority.

House bill by Mr. Littler—Ceding to the United States the right of the state to the ground upon which the government building is to be erected at Springfield.

Bills were introduced as follows:

Mr. Jaeger (by request)—To amend section 6945 so as to prohibit the selling of intoxicating liquors within four miles of educational meetings or Sunday school encampments; also providing that when the parties referred to above cannot be reached by a fine, the courts may enjoin them from selling within a prescribed limit.

A message was received from the Governor nominating Hon. Henry J. Booth of Franklin county as trustee of State university. Confirmed.

NORTHWEST TROUBLES.

The Insurrection May Not be Confined to Indians and Half-Breeds but to White Settlers Also.

Memorandum of Grievances Sent to Ottawa—In Case They are Ignored the Settlers will Take Up Arms and Assist the Rebels.

A NEW PHASE IN THE INSURRECTION.

WINNIPEG, April 6.—The Northwest rebellion may not be confined to Indians and half-breeds. A meeting of white settlers who are disgusted at being refused patents for lands and at seeing the most valuable lands go to speculators and land grabbers was held at Calgarry Monday night and a telegram was sent to Ottawa asking redress of grievances. A memorandum of grievances was also sent by mail by over 200 signatures. In case the demands are ignored they say they will get behind rifles and assist the rebels. They say the only difference between settlers and wild animals in the Northwest is that the animals have a close season, whereas the settlers are hunted at all seasons by police and Government officials. This last phase in the situation will greatly increase the Goverment's difficulties.

A great many people are of the opinion that the present lull in the insurrection will be followed in a day or two by a general storm. A telegram from Turtle Mountain says the settlers are surrounded by several thousand half-breeds on both sides of the boundary, who are in avowed sympathy with Riel.

A dispatch from Brandon says that White Cap, a Sioux chief, north of there, near Clarke's Crossing, is known to be on the war-path. This is the band referred to by Colonel Irvine as plundering the settlers' houses.

Messrs. Street, Gaulet and Forgel, who have been appointed by the Dominion Government commissioners to investigate the claims of the half-breeds in the Northwest, left for the west Tuesday.

A most alarming state of affairs is reported by a Calgarry dispatch last evening. It is not to be disguised longer that Fort McLeod is a threatened point and an Indian uprising can no longer be prevented. Pere Lacomo has been using his good offices with the Blackfeet to keep them loyal to the Government and has been of the opinion all along that they would not be induced to join in any outbreak on the part of other tribes; but it is now certain that his exitions have been in vain. Dispatches received yesterday at volunteer headquarters from McLeod have given great uneasiness.

Startling news is also received from the South in reference to the American redskins. There is no doubt that the Gros Ventres Indians are now north of the international boundary on the war-path. The South Piegans and Bloods have undoubtedly formed an alliance. Tobacco sent from Riel's Indians to the Gros Ventres some time ago was accepted by the latter, thus showing that Reil laid a deep conspiracy in which the Milk River Indians will play an important part. Women and children, and those incapable of bearing arms, are flocking to Fort McLeod for protection.

General Strange is putting everything in the district on a defensive basis. The Blackfeet did not meet Colonel Colton at the Crossing yesterday according to agreement, and this looks ominous. The Blood Indians at McLeod are acting very ugly.

OTTAWA, Ont., April 9.—There appears to be a general feeling of alarm all over the Northwest owing to the suspicious movements of the Indians. Tuesday it was announced that the Bloods and Piegans in the vicinity of Calgarry were becoming uneasy and yesterday the Government received a telegram from Major General Strange who states that they are all moving southward to join the American Indians, who have already commenced crossing over. The combined strength of these two hostile tribes is 3,300. General Strange asks that troops may be sent to Fort McLeod immediately.

The Indians in Qu'Appelle valley are by no means contented. Fears are entertained that they will give trouble while troops are going north.

Wild rumors are coming in from Wood Mountain, Moose Mountain and Turtle Mountain of an uprising of Indians and half-breeds along the frontier. Official reports state that the whole Northwest is thoroughly demoralized and that farmers will do little or no sowing this spring, more especially in the Qu'Appelle and Battleford and Prince Albert districts.

Ever since the outbreak of the rebellion the Department of the Inserior here has been busily engaged in settling the claims of settlers in the Northwest.

Many of these claims have been outstanding for three years, and people were beginning to despair of ever getting them settled.

The Minister of the Interior, however, has thought better of it, and has now telegraphed a number of dissatisfied parties that their demands will be acceded to between now and the 1st of May. A number of these claims lie in the Fort McLeod and Medicine Hat districts. Had the claims of the half-breeds, many of which Sir John Macdonald admitted were reasonable, been attended to by the Department, the present rebellion in the Northwest would have been averted.

QU'APPELLE STATION, April 9.—J. O. Davis, of Prince Albert, has returned to the fort after stopping some days at Humboldt. He says that station is defended by only three police and a few dozen of poorly-armed civilians, and as it contains a large quantity of supplies a raid may be made upon it at any moment. Riel's scouts were only three miles distant when Davis left.

He says that Riel pretends to be inspired from heaven and plays the role of a False Prophet. His followers are deserting him. Davis met one on his way here who told him that Riel expected the Dominion Government would have immediately come to terms, or if not, they would send only a few police against him, whom he could annihilate.

He is becoming frightened at the large body of troops sent against him. Davis thinks Riel's whole force does not exceed 700 men.

OTTAWA, Ont., April 9.—Judge Rolleau telegraphs from Swift Current that he arrived there on the 6th inst. from Battleford with his family. He states that his house was plundered by the Indians, and that he is now not worth one dollar.

Western Nail Association.

PITTSBURGH, April 9.—The annual meeting of the Western Nail Association was held in this city yesterday. Representatives were present from several western cities. No definite result was reached in the question of the proposed card rates, although an advance in the price of the steel article was favorably advocated. The election of officers was postponed until April 22, when another meeting will be held at Wheeling.

Rear Admiral John Marston Dead.

PHILADELPHIA, April 9.—Rear Admiral John Marston, United States navy, who has been lying ill for some weeks at his residence in this city, died Tuesday evening, in the ninetieth year of his age.

A Buried City Discovered in Missouri.

ST. LOUIS, April 9.—The city of Moberly, Mo., is stirred up over the discovery of a wonderful buried city, which was discovered at the bottom of a coal shaft 360 feet deep which was being sunk near the city. A hard and thick stratum of lava arches in the buried city, the streets of which are regularly laid out and enclosed by walls of stone. The enclosed space contains a skeleton of a man and various rude implements.

What Gladstone Says.

LONDON, April 9.—Parliament reassembled today after Easter recess. In Commons Mr. Gladstone confirmed the intelligence of the battle of the Russians and Afghans, and said from information which the government had received, the Russians have apparently been guilty of an unjustifiable attack on Afghan. England had demanded of Russia a full explanation in regard to the Afghan affair.

Queen Victoria to Mrs. Grant.

NEW YORK, April 9.—The Queen sends a kind message to Mrs. Grant, and Fred. cabled back that the General was better.

NEWS NOTES.

Hon. R. P. L. Baber, of Columbus, is insane.

Secretary Robinson is to advertise the proposal to submit the Constitutional amendment in the newspapers of the State.

Hon. William Lawrence was presented with a gold-headed cane by his late employes in the Comptroller's office at Washington.

The annual report of the Presbyterian Women's Board of Missions shows that during the year the board had received from all sources $43,219, and paid out for missionary work $41,305. During the year the board had about forty missionaries in Japan, China, Siam, Persia, India and Syria. School houses, missions and other Christian institutions have been erected in all these places, resulting in the conversion of hundreds of heathen women.

Cyrus W. Field, the father of the Atlantic Telegraph, has retired from business and will spend the summer in Europe.

In Covington, Ky., Wednesday, a coroner's jury found that John Cummings, who was killed by George McMillan in a street car, came to his death at the hands of George McMillan and that the murder was premeditated. The excitement is intense and threats of lynching are heard. The cause of the shooting, as given by the murderer, is that the victim had seduced his daughter. Since that statement was made both McMillan and his daughter have admitted that she was a mother before young Cummings ever met her.

Richard Grant White died in New York Wednesday of gastritis. He had been sick all winter. He was born in New York May 23, 1822. For nearly thirty years Mr. White has been constantly before the public as a writer of magazine and newspaper articles upon literary and art matters. He was also the author of the articles upon Shakspeare and Shakspearian literature in both Appleton's and Johnson's cyclopedias. During the winter Mr. White has been contributing some very valuable papers to the Chautauquan, the organ of the C. S. L. C., published at Meadville, Pa.

At the camp-fire of Forsythe Post, G. A. R., at Toledo, Wednesday night, ex-President Hayes, referring to Grant, said:

We all feel that a great gloom is upon us; but it is not all gloom. Taking all that we hear about General Grant; all that we hear said about him, and all he says is it not upon the whole a beautiful death? Did we not all read today of his little grandchild, whom he lifted to his arms and kissed? Every day of the month is one of Grant's anniversaries and the anniversary of one of his victories. We cannot differ in regard to the war. The years from 1861 to 1864 are the best of any man's life who fought on the right side during that war. It can be said of that man (Grant) that for four years he risked his life on the side of right.

The free school book bill was defeated in the Ohio House Wednesday.

The village of Alfont, in Indiana, was almost entirely destroyed by fire. Loss, $25,000.

Masked robbers are causing much annoyance to farmers in the vicinity of Youngstown, O.

Rear Admiral Marston, senior officer of the U. S. Navy, died in Philadelphia in his ninetieth year.

Edward Lambert, in Chicago, shot and killed his mother-in-law, dangerously wounded his wife, and then committed suicide.

Amaziah Weller, treasurer of De Graff, Logan county, O., and whose accounts show a shortage of $4,000, is missing from home.

Frederick Greiner, the murderer of Margaret Seeling, and convicted at Columbus, O., was sentenced to be hanged July 24.

Marcellas Daugherty, a notorious desperado, was shot and killed at Laredo, Texas, by a colored barber, whose life he had threatened.

Samuel Morrison and Ephraim Buell, of Mt. Healthy, O., were arrested, charged with the murder of George Farnsworth, at Greenville, O.

A patient in the Nashville (Tenn.) Insane Asylum, in a fit of anger, seized a floor mop and killed an attendant and fellow-patient before he could be secured.

George Farnsworth, supposed to be a Cincinnatian, was murdered at Greenville, O.

Sixty-six Democratic postmasters were commissioned Monday, mostly for new offices.

Mrs. Garfield was very much hurt by the circulation of the story that she was to marry again.

Carrigan, ex-Chief Clerk of the Navy Department, has confessed to participation in the frauds which have been under investigation for several months by the authorities.

David Fox, a salesman for H. F. West & Co., of Cincinnati, was accidently shot and killed at Dayton, Ohio, while handling a pistol during the packing of his valise.

W. H. Carroll, the orginator of miners' unions in Pennsylvania, shot and killed Henry Taylor, at Wilkesbarre, that state. Carroll had been ejected by his landlord to make room for Taylor.

The Democratic members of the Tennessee Senate, not constituting a quorum, sent out the Sergeant-at-arms to bring in the Republican members. They resisted, and defended themselves against a large number of special officers. Circuit Court Judge Reid ruled that the want of quorum left the Senate without authority. He was supported in this by a telegraphed opinion from Samuel J. Randall.

ROYAL FAMILY IN IRELAND.

The Ovation to the Prince and Princess of Wales Exceeded Anything Ever Seen in Dublin.

One Thousand Students in the Procession Carrying Union Jacks and Canes—Police With Great Difficulty Prevent a Collision.

OVATION TO THE PRINCE AND PRINCESS OF WALES.

LONDON, April 9.—The Prince and Princess of Wales arrived at Holy Head shortly after midnight and immediately went on board the royal yacht Osborne, which awaited them in the harbor. The royal party slept the remainder of the night on board. Early yesterday morning anchor was weighed and the yacht proceeded to Kingstown, where a landing was made at 11:30 o'clock. The weather was stormy. A drenching rain fell, which materially dampened the ardor of the Royalists, who had made every preparation for the reception of the distinguished guests. Many houses had been profusely decorated with flags and bunting, while over several of the principal streets floral arches had been erected, but the rain and wind played havoc with these, and many had to be taken down. The people, however, gathered on the piers in large numbers and manifested much enthusiasm. The landing of the royal party was made amid the music of bands, firing of artillery and the cheers of the multitude.

DUBLIN, April 9.—The Prince and Princess of Wales entered the city shortly after noon. Their reception by the enormous crowd gathered in the streets, exceeded in enthusiasm anything dreamed of even by the most rabid Nationalists. No such demonstration was ever before known in Dublin.

Many well-known Nationalists, carried away by the excitement of the moment, were seen to cheer with the rest. The Prince and Princess were apparently very much delighted with their reception, and the Prince, although the air was chilly, drove through the greater part of the route, hat in hand, bowing his acknowledgments right and left.

After leaving Kingstown, the weather improved, and although a cold wind was blowing, the sun came out at intervals. The Lord Mayor failed to carry out his threat to take down the flag which floats over the Mansion House, and the fluttering bunting was the source of no little comment and amusement to the crowd.

One of the features of the demonstration was a procession composed of 1,000 students of the various colleges, who paraded the streets carrying Union Jacks and canes. The young men were very enthusiastic in their efforts to honor the royal visitors. The procession passed through the principal streets of the city, headed by a band which played loyal airs, while the students sang numerous songs especially composed for the occasion. The ballads sung were all in praise of the royal visitors and contained numerous expressions of the students' loyalty to Her Majesty, the Queen, and the royal family. All along the route the processionists were enthusiastically cheered. In the afternoon the Prince and Princess attended the show of the Royal Dublin Society, where they witnessed a series of jumping feats, etc.

The railway from Kingstown to Dublin was lined with a strong force of police while the train, bearing the Prince and Princess of Wales, was passing. A great crowd assembled at the railway station and when the train arrived the police were unable to prevent the people from breaking through the cordon and were only able to keep a space clear through which their Royal Highnesses could reach their carriage. The Prince shook hands with scores of those nearest to him and the effect of this action upon the crowd was electrical, frantic cheering being kept up in an unbroken roar by the people. These manifestations of enthusiasm continued as the carriage passed slowly through the dense crowds that lined the streets all the way to the Castle. The Prince afterwards sent a telegram to the Queen at Aix-les-Bains, informing her that he had had a "glorious reception."

In the evening the city was gorgeously illuminated. Great crowds assembled in the streets in the vicinity of the Castle.

The Police, with difficulty, prevented a collision between the Nationalists, who raised shouts of "God save Ireland," and attempted to elicit cheers for Parnell, while on the other hand, the students and Loyalists coalesced in endeavoring to drown these cries by cheers for the Prince and Princess. The malcontents proved to be the weaker party, and when they tore down and attempted to burn a Union Jack, the students and Loyalists made a rush, recovered the emblem and bore it aloft in triumph.

The melee growing more desperate, missiles began to fill the air, and several windows in the neighboring houses were smashed. At this point the police charged upon the crowd and cleared the streets for the time being. While these scenes were being enacted near the Castle, similar demonstrations were made in various other parts of the city. The town was wild with excitement, but a friendly feeling for the royal visitors was uppermost.

CAIRO, April 9.—Nubar Pasha, the Egyptian Prime Minister, and Sir Evelyn Baring, the British Commissioner, have jointly notified M. Borellia, the Government's attorney, that his services are no longer required. This action has so irritated the natives that they openly threaten vengeance on the offending officials. They denounce M. Borellia's dismissal as another English trick to gain a further hold on Egyptian affairs. M. Borellia is very popular, and the indignation at his being turned out of office is widespread.

The *Bosphore Egyptien*, a scurrilous French political journal published here, was seized yesterday by a squad of 100 armed policemen, headed by British officers. An attache of the French embassy protested against the entrance of the officers, but he was pushed aside and the doors were broken in.

RAWUL PINDI, April 9.—The Ameer gave another durbar yesterday, which was the most brilliant yet held. All the Indian officials and Afghan chiefs were present, also Lord Dufferin and his full suite, General Stewart, the commandant of the British forces in India, and nearly all the prominent officers connected with the India service. At its conclusion a grand banquet was given by the Ameer at which numerous toasts were drunk. In replying to one to the Ameer, that notable made quite an extended speech, in which he pledged himself to stand loyally by England and cast his lot with her should an outbreak of hostilities between England and Russia occur.

SUAKIM, April 9.—An Egyptian soldier who was a prisoner is Osman Digna's camp, but escaped and rejoined Graham's army, alleges that the rebels are badly frightened and in no condition to withstand a vigorous attack. He says that Tamai is held by only two hundred Arabs, who are short of provisions. He also says that the Arabs speak of the water supply on the road beyond Tamai as plentiful.

PARIS, April 9.—After electing M. Floquet as President of the Chamber of Deputies, an adjournment was taken until May 5.

"Bill Jones, the Avenger," Sued for a Divorce.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—William Jones, more familiarly known as "Bill Jones, the avenger," who shot at Guiteau while the latter was on his way from the City Hall to the jail, during the famous trial, has been sued for divorce. Catherine M. B. Jones, who brings the suit, alleges habitual drunkenness and cruelty on the part of the defendant.

MURPHY & BRO.

MURPHY & BRO.

Friday, April 10, and Saturday, April 11,

ON OUR

CHEAP TABLE

Will be found Decided Bargains.

MUSLINS, PRINTS, DRESS GOODS, REMNANTS, HOSIERY, TABLE LINEN, BED SPREADS.

MURPHY & BRO.

48 & 50 Limestone.

Housekeeping Goods at Extremely Low Prices.

CHOICE STYLES

in Best Standard Prints, Only 5c.

The Handsomest 10 cent and 12 1-2 cent

DRESS GINGHAMS.

A Bargain in 4 4 BLEACH MUSLINS.

Bargains in 9 4 and 10-4 SHEETING at Extra Low Prices.

Examine our Table Linens at 37 1 2c and 50c.

Cheap Lines All Linen Napkins 75c up.

Sample Pairs of Towels 25 per cent. less than regular prices.

Sample Dozens 5-8 and 3 4 Napkins, very cheap.

BARGAINS in First-class Goods on

CHEAP TABLE.

AMUSEMENTS.

BLACK'S OPERA HOUSE,
One Week, Commencing Monday, April 6. Matinee Wednesday and Saturday.
Engagement of the world-renowned

Admission: 10c. | HOLLYWOOD Juvenile Opera COMPANY | Admission: 15 25

In the Gorgeous Fairy Spectacle,

CINDERELLA

BABY CLARA, only 5 years of age, as Cinderella.
MASTER DICK, 6 years of age, as.....Prince.
Pronounced by the press and public to be the greatest child actors on the American stage. Supported by a strong company of well-known artists.

30 PEOPLE IN THE CAST. 30

The Hollywoods are the most refined, artistic and attractive combination traveling.
Reserved seats, 25 cents, on sale at Pierce's and Wilbur's, Arcade.

Big Six Roller Skating Rink!

(Under the Management of the Big Six.)

Will be Open Every Afternoon From 2 to 5 O'Clock.

ADMISSION 5c. - - SKATES 5c.

Evening From 7:30 to 10 O'Clock.

ADMISSION 10c. - SKATES 10c.

Use of floor same as skates. The people's favorite band,

THE POPULAR BIG SIX!

In attendance afternoons and evenings, will produce an elegant programme of Rink Music as played by the Big Six.

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BARGAINS IN ALL DEPARTMENTS!

We offer, as a special bargain,

TWO DOZEN JET BONNETS, at $1.87,

Would be cheap at $3 in the regular way. On our

24c. HAT TABLE

Are some wonderful bargains. You would pay 50c. to 75c. other places for them.

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The Boston *Journal of Chemistry* says that in January, 1874, the thermometer at Jakoutsk, Eastern Siberia, registered 101.8 degrees below zero, and in the same country a staff surgeon had known it to be 8 degrees colder. Mercury in that region is solid for hours at a time, and can be worked with a hammer like lead; iron is brittle like glass, and is useless; even fire itself seems to freeze, for the gases which feed it lose their heat. During the Winter of 1819-20 it was impossible to go out without a mask, to prevent losing the nose or ears.