GLOBE-REPUBLIC.

DAILY AND WEEKLY.

PUBLISHED BY

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TERMS:

Daily edition, per year, ... $7.50
Daily edition, per week, ... 15 cents.

WEEKLY GLOBE-REPUBLIC.

MAMMOTH DOUBLE SHEET:

Issued Every Thursday Morning,

ONE DOLLAR A YEAR.

All communications should be addressed to

KINNEY NICHOLS & CO.,
Springfield, Ohio.

NOTICE TO EASTERN ADVERTISERS.

MR. H C SNYDER, 23 Park Row, New York, is the GLOBE-REPUBLIC's special representative, to whom all Eastern advertising business, must be referred.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, APRIL 29.

The Champion Reaper will soon be turned loose in the harvest fields of Tennessee. It is already impatiently champing on its bit.

Fred Mussey has begun to carry West Virginia already this season. It will prove a pretty heavy load for a man of his physical dimensions.

We are now encouraged to hope that Grant will bring his doctors through safely. If we have any misgivings they are as to Shrady.

The Cleveland Advance—price one cent—has come to stay. We can confidently predict that already. It is a good paper and ought to stay.

The Minneapolis Tribune for April 26 is a marvel. It has 24 pages of matter. By the way, Minneapolis and St. Paul are pushing ahead wonderfully.

As to the pleasant remarks of Messrs. Halstead and McLean we are inclined to think that the general public doesn't fully believe either of the gentlemen.

A good preacher who is wise cannot be inveigled even from Chicago to Brooklyn! This was tried on Dr. Henson but he respectfully declined the invitation.

A young Boston lady writes to the Boston Post: "How should a young man kiss me?" What a reflection on the young men of Boston! What sort of chaps are they, anyway?

The honors now bestowed upon Grant by the spontaneous and unanimous act of the whole people are greater than would be those involved in electing him president for life.

The Cincinnati Post office has climbed up Vine street and "gone east" to its new home on the Fifth street market space and we repeat that it is a magnificent home, and we say this in defiance of Brother Halstead, who doesn't think so.

We are now receiving *four* (4) copies of the Cincinnati Evening Telegram. It is edited by our American "Chinese" Gordon—"Ithuriel"—and is bright, smart and handsome—but one copy (or two at most) is enough for us.

It is our belief that Russia has been spoiling for a fight for a long time, and that she has been trying, in a roundabout way, to provoke the declaration of war by the English government. It is our belief, also, that Russia needs a good threshing, and, furthermore, that she will get it.

We find the following in the Xenia Daily Gazette, of Monday:

Col. Kinney continues to improve and hopes soon to be able to resume his duties on his paper, the Springfield GLOBE-REPUBLIC.

The Colonel will receive a warm welcome, "at the old stand," when he arrives.

An immense winter hotel is to be erected on McPherson Square, corner Vermont Avenue, Washington. It ought to be made the finest in the country. Everybody visits Washington, at some time or other, and everybody would like to see and enjoy such a hotel as ought to be built in such a locality—across the square from that magnificent "Portland" residence block.

The Russians think that England, with her trouble with Egypt and Ireland, and dangers from internal foes who use dynamite, fire and the assassin's knife, will not be able to take care of her interests in the East, but the British lion is a terrible beast when fully aroused, and has a tremendous amount of vitality and strength. A war with Russia, on good provocation, would at once arouse and unite the English people, extinguish danger from secret foes at home, and would be quite likely to convert a large class of the Irish from foes to friends. We believe that a war with Russia would do England good in more ways than one. The loss of life would be sad, indeed, but there are many men in England who would prefer active military service to the impending peril of starvation! Russia, too, might be benefited to some extent in the same respects.

We have received from Messrs. Robert Clarke & Co., Cincinnati, the first issue of "The Political Magazine," published by "The Political Magazine Publishing Company," at Urbana, Ill., and printed at Chicago. The magazine starts out with articles on "The Republican Party," which is "to be continued"—the article, and the party, too; "Political Campaigns," by Emory A. Storrs; "Biography—G. F. Hoar," with a fine portrait; Congressional Review; Legislative and Department Notes; editorials, etc., etc., with much very interesting and important matter. The price is $3 per year. Address Robert Clarke & Co., Cincinnati.

We have received one copy of the 250,000 Centuries issued for May and it is the most remarkable of many remarkable issues. It has a fine portrait of McClellan, with an article, "Incidents of the Battle of Manassas," by the Confederate General, John D. Imboden; "Manassas to Seven Pines," by Gen. Joseph E. Johnston; "The Second Day at Seven Pines," by Gen. Gustavus W. Smith; the fourth number of "Recollections of a Private—to the Chickahominy—the Battle of Seven Pines," by Warren Lee Goss; "The Peninsular Campaign—May and June, 1862," by Gen. McClellan," and many other articles of decided interest. The Century Company, Union Square, New York.

"Good Housekeeping" is the name of a new semi-monthly magazine, the first number of which comes to us from the publishers, Messrs. Clark W. Bryan & Co., of Holyoke, Mass. Its design is to promote "good housekeeping," and it is certainly adapted to this important purpose. It is sent, free of postage, for $2.50 a year; six months for $1.50, or four months for $1.00, single copies 10 cents. Every subscriber for a full year will receive a premium—a valuable book to be selected from a carefully arranged premium list made up from some of the best and most popular books on household topics of the time, and these will also be sent post-free. The New York office is at 111 Broadway.

A Springfielder has received a letter from a friend in London, under date of April 10th, from which we are permitted to quote as follows:

"The canned beef you Americans are sending us will, I am sure, be a great help to our soldiers in Egypt, adding to their strength, which is taxed to the utmost, in their trying circumstances. Lord Wiltshire writes to his sister that the temperature in his tent is at nearly 100. The officers and soldiers lie down in their uniforms and turn out many times every night. The most trying time is when there is nothing to do. The officers do all they can to amuse the men, with newspapers and games, and all are in excellent spirits. You will have got the news as soon as we of the Russians having attacked the Afghans. The duplicity of the Russians is really wonderful. One ought to believe nothing they say, but the old habit of believing in assurances will cling to truthful minds. You would not have thought London gay if you had been here in Easter week. From Thursday to the Tuesday following hardly a carriage was to be seen on the street (Piccadilly) and not many foot passengers."

Mr. Carr, the congenial head clerk of the Fifth Avenue Hotel, New York, told a Mail and Express man that he had a vivid recollection of the time Abraham Lincoln stopped at the hotel. "I think it was during the summer of 1861. Lincoln was President. His wife with his two boys, Robert and Tad, had been at the hotel several weeks. Tad was about ten years old and the favorite of his father. Robert was his mother's favorite. Tad was always full of fun and telling jokes. He died some years afterwards. Mr. Lincoln telegraphed his wife that he was coming. He came in and went directly up stairs to meet his wife without registering. Tad met him on the stairs and jumped in his arms and was carried up by him. The President wore a turn-down collar, black tie and a beaver hat. I shall never forget what a benevolent countenance he had and how his face at times assumed a serious, sad look. He dined privately with his wife and was very busy receiving friends during his brief stay. He set his watch one day by that big clock on the street, which some years later had its hands stopped when the news came of his death."

People generally, and even those who may be termed steady readers and close observers, have but a faint conception of the magnitude and influence the press of this country has attained. From a careful examination of the advance pages of the 1885 edition of the American Newspaper Directory, issued May 1st by Geo. P. Rowell & Co., of New York, it appears that there are 14,147 newspapers and periodicals published in the United States and Canada; of these the United States has 12,973, an average of one paper for every 3,867 persons. In 1884 the total number of newspapers was less by 823 than at present, and while the gain this year is not so marked as in some previous years, it is still considerable. Kansas shows the greatest increase, the number being 78, while Illinois follows with a gain of 77. It is curious to notice that New York, the scene of so much political activity during the last campaign, should have only about one-third as many new papers as the State of Pennsylvania. As an index to the comparative growth and prosperity of different sections of the country, especially the Territories, the number of new papers forms an interesting study, and may well occupy the attention of the curious.

The Spring Bonnet is much more beautiful than the Spring Poem.

MEDICAL.

CUTICURA,

THE ONLY REMEDIES FOR THE SKIN AND BLOOD UNIVERSALLY COMMENDED.

Wm. T. Totten, 672 North Tenth street, Philadelphia, reports that one of his customers stated to him incidentally that he was feeling so well and had gained twenty-seven pounds in the last year, all of which he attributed to a systematic course of the CUTICURA RESOLVENT, which has proved effectual when all other remedies failed.

SORES ON NECK.

Chas. Brady, Somerville, Mass., who refers to Dr. J. J. Wood, druggist, of that city, testifies to a wonderful cure of running sores on the neck which had been treated by hospital physicians without cure, and which yielded completely to the CUTICURA REMEDIES.

CURED BY CUTICURA.

My skin disease, which resisted several popular remedies and other remedies advised by physicians, has been cured by your CUTICURA REMEDIES. They surpassed my most sanguine expectations and rapidly effected a cure.

J. C. ARENTRUE,
VINCENNES, IND.

KNOW ITS VALUE.

All of your CUTICURA REMEDIES give very good satisfaction. The CUTICURA I especially recommend for the diseases for which it is used. I know from experience its value.

DR. H. J. PRATT, MONTELLO, WIS.

CUTICURA ABROAD.

Through a home-returned Norwegian, I have learned to know your CUTICURA, which has in a short time cured me of an Eczema that my physician's medicine could not heal

CHR. HELTZEN, BERGEN, NORWAY.
Agenturforretning.

THE POET POWERS.

A feeling of gratitude impels me to acknowledge the great merits of your CUTICURA, and I cordially recommend it to the public as a very valuable remedy.

H. N. POWERS, BRIDGEPORT, CONN.

For sale everywhere. Price CUTICURA, the great Skin Cure 50c CUTICURA SOAP, an exquisite Skin Beautifier, 25c. CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the New Blood Purifier, $1.

Potter Drug and Chemical Co., Boston.

CUTICURA SOAP, an exquisite Toilet, Bath and Nursery Sanative.

SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE FOR CATARRH

Witch-Hazel, American Pine, Canada Fir, Marigold, and Clover Blossoms.

A single dose of Sanford's Radical Cur instantly relieves the most violent Sneezing or Head Colds, clears the head as by magic, stops watery discharges from the Nose and Eyes, prevents Ringing Noises in the Head, cures Nervous Headache, and subdues Chills and Fevers. In Chronic Catarrh it cleanses the nasal passages of four minds, restores the senses of smell, taste, and hearing when affected, frees the head, throat, and bronchial tubes of offensive matter, sweetens and purifies the breath, stops the cough, and arrests the progress of Catarrh towards Consumption.

One bottle Radical Cure, one box Catarrhal Solvent and Sanford's Inhaler, all in one package, of all druggists for $1. Ask for SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE.

Potter Drug and Chemical Co., Boston

COLLINS' VOLTAIC ELECTRIC PLASTERS

For the relief and prevention, the instant it is applied, of Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Coughs, Colds, Weak Back, Stomach and Bowels, Shooting Pains, Numbness, Hysteria, Female Pains, Palpitation, Dyspepsia, Liver complaint, Bilious Fever, Malaria, and Epidemics, use COLLINS' PLASTERS (an Electric Battery combined with a Porous Plaster) and laugh at pain. 25c. everywhere.

FARRIERY.

Mr. Bonner Gives a Lesson on Horseflesh.

"Now," said Mr. Bonner, "we will begin with her hind feet. You observe that only the imprint of her toes are visible. The heels scarcely touch the ground. She is literally walking on her toes. That arises from two causes. First, the anterior part of the hoof is too long and the heels are too low. Her foot in front is what Dr. Roberge and I term the 'wheel-shaped hoof.' It is too convex. That throws the apex of the coffin bone too close to the inferior journals of the lower coronal bone, and destroys at least one-half of the articulation of the coffin joint. The hoof must be foreshortened, and when she is shod the heels must be raised by a medium heel calkin. But this is not all. On the off hind foot she has been more or less lame for years. That arises from an excess of growth on the inside branch of the hoof, which must be pared down to a level with the outside branch.

"The abnormal shape of three of the feet of Maud S. arises from the fact that they grow more rapidly on the inside than on the outside branches. This is observed in both hind hoofs and the near fore hoof. While her hind feet are too much wheel-shaped, meaning convex, her front feet are too much bent, meaning concave, in the anterior part of the wall. These malformations directly interfere with the articulation of the coffin bone. For instance, the heels of the hind feet are too low, while the toes require foreshortening, and the heels of the front feet are too high, which necessitates their material reduction. This state of her feet has arisen from injudicious paring. She was foaled with perfect feet—now they are misshapen from mismanagement. Moreover, the articulation of the coffin joints in all four feet is not only seriously injured, but, by reason of the excessive heels in front, her forward stride has been materially lessened. This made the use of toe-weights more imperative. At Lexington her front shoes weighed fourteen ounces, and her toe-weights each five ounces. She will eventually attain her full stride without the use of toe-weights. The operations performed to-day will not only prevent the soreness in the off hind foot, and take away the enlargement on the near fore limb, but materially lengthen her stride and make her now almost perfect action in fact absolutely faultless.

"Now for the proofs of the correctness of my positions. When the hind toes were foreshortened, the impress of the entire hind foot upon the ground was plain. Before, only the quarters and toes left their imprints. In front Maud S. has been troubled with severe corns. The heels of the front feet bore an undue shock at every foot-fall, in consequence of their being too high. That produced the corns and shortened her stride. Now the heels have been lowered the corns will disappear, and the length of her stride will be extended in front to harmonize with the change of stride behind, produced by foreshortening her hind toes and raising her hind heels by calkins. But there is another far-reaching consequence of the undue height of the inside branch of her off hind foot, to which I wish to call your attention. In order to relieve herself of the undue pressure of this high inside, she not only pointed the near hind foot inwardly, but she carried the entire off hind limb rather sidewise, more perceptibly under the carcass, than she did the near hind limb. In other words, she favored the off hind limb, and did not force it to do as strong work as the other one. The muscles of the off hind limb are not so fully developed as those of the near hind limb. The difference was more perceptible when I bought her than now, owing to the medical treatment she has since received. This difference will still grow perceptibly less as the hind feet are kept level. In time the muscles of both hind quarters will be equally prominent, because they will both equally share the burden of propelling the carcass. For these reasons I am satisfied that the speed of Maud S. has not yet reached its limit.

"But the treatment indicated must be persistently administered. Every month the rasp must be skillfully applied. Then, in the spring, when Maud S. is correctly shod, she will be more balanced than she has ever been before. With this treatment she was able to make as low a record as 2.09¼ as late as the 11th day of November. In the coming season when her feet are perfectly restored to a normal condition, when the weather and track and everything are favorable for speed, I certainly expect her to improve upon her great record."—*Cincinnati Commercial Gazette.*

A GREAT MAN'S LIFE.

Chief Justice Daly's Address on the Life and Character of Charles O'Conor.

Before the New York Historical society, Tuesday evening, says the New York *Times*, Chief Justice Daly read a paper on the life and character of Charles O'Conor, late vice president of the society. The paper was prepared at the request of the Bar association, Judge Daly explained, but was not read before it, as he did not understand that the addresses of the meeting to take action on the death of Mr. O'Conor were limited to fifteen minutes each. As the acknowledged head of the bar of the metropolis, said Judge Daly, Mr. O'Conor occupied a position so uncommon that when he died the press devoted many columns to his life, and gave a mass of information minute and accurate.

"My acquaintance with Charles O'Conor," he said, "extended over a period of sixty years, a portion of which time I occupied the bench in a court where he frequently appeared. I speak of this as knowing of his high integrity, his scorn of anything illiberal or mean, his great sense of justice, tenderness, benevolence, self-sacrifice, and what is not so generally known, of his modesty over his acquirements as a lawyer.

Though a descendant of Roderick O'Conor, the last king of Ireland, Judge Daly said that in many conversations with the great lawyer, in which Ireland and Irish history were discussed, he never heard him refer to Roderick O'Conor or the times in which he lived. Charles O'Conor's first employment was delivering copies of the *War*, a weekly newspaper giving news of the war of 1812. He was then 8 years old. In 1813 Gen. Zebulon Pike saw the lad in his father's office and spoke some kind words to him. A few months later the general was killed in battle. The shock of the news of his death, said Judge Daly, gave the boy O'Conor a horror of war which lasted through his life. All the education he had in schools was one month's tuition in a school in Barclay street. His father taught him a little Latin, and later he studied French for a time.

In 1817 Mr. O'Conor entered the law office of Henry Stannard, where he learned nothing, for the lawyer had no practice. In 1820 he entered as a student in the office of Joseph D. Fay, who took him into his family because he saw "signs of genius in the lad." He was a hard student, and in the ward courts often tried cases. In two years he was admitted to practice in the court of common pleas, where the rule was that only counselors who had practiced two years could argue cases and make motions. But his case was made an exception, and three months later he was granted these privileges.

"He had no law books," said Judge Daly, "and there were no law libraries. It was natural that, remembering his difficulties, he should leave $20,000 by his last will to the Law institute. There was a small library he could get for $160 if security was given. His proud nature stooped for the first, and probably for the last, time to ask a favor. His note was indorsed by Mr. Pardoe. Years afterward he proved his gratitude by adopting a grandaughter of Mr. Pardoe, to whom he left a share of his fortune.

"It was in the common pleas that I first saw Mr. O'Conor engaged in the trial of a cause. I well remember him. He was tall, spare, and very erect, with lustrous, piercing black eyes, flowing raven hair, and a sharp, penetrating voice. This telling voice and riveting look of the eye remained with him when his raven hair had turned to white, and his erect form was somewhat bowed."

In 1827, the year of his admission to the supreme court, Mr. O'Conor succeeded in the trial of a case between factions of the trustees of the Barclay street Catholic church. This brought him the most of his practice in his earlier years from Catholics. In 1833 he appeared for the prosecution in proceedings in the county court for the removal of a clerk named Cowdry in one of the justice's courts. The clerk was charged with disrespectful conduct, commenting on the justice's decisions, and going so far as to refer anyone asking for information to "that just ass there." Judge Daly said he never could forget the picture Mr. O'Conor drew of Cowdry and his denunciation of him. In this he was a special master.

For ten years after his admission to the bar Mr. O'Conor put by nothing, his fees were so small, though he accumulated a library. Twenty years after his admission he received his first large fee in the Lispenard will case. His contemporaries, said Judge Daly, were a remarkable body of men, and he had his equals in those years and even his superiors in some lines, for even Mr. O'Conor admitted that he could never make a pathetic appeal to a jury. But his course of training was such that he became a more general lawyer than any of his contemporaries. Mr. O'Conor studied law not so much by the reading of treatises as by the study of cases. His style was a peculiar one, noted for its purity, terseness, and point. It was a pleasure for him to overcome obstacles and grasp new problems.

In answer to a question as to what he owed his success at the bar, Mr. O'Conor answered briefly, "Study." His habits of life were so fixed that it seemed difficult for him to unbend, but all this passed away as he grew older. Few, however, cared to approach him unasked. He was a man of fits and moods, sometimes very communicative, at others chillingly repellant. He had a cutting irony and power of sarcasm that at times was withering. But when he had achieved great success the whole man seemed changed, and he became considerate of human infirmities, instead of trying to lay bare men's weaknesses. After fifteen years of practice his health failed and his physician sent him to England. In Ireland he learned that the old family O'Conor spelt their name with but one "n." He dropped the second "n," which had always appeared in his name, on his return. In cases he was generally perfectly prepared, and he had such a memory that he could recall the slightest thing given in testimony with the utmost accuracy. Great respect was always shown him by judges, who could rely on any statement he made.

"A great lawyer," once said Mr. O'Conor, "is not the one who knows the most law, but who understands exactly the point involved." "He was a great lawyer," said Judge Daly, "and his place in the jurisprudence of this state is greater than any man who ever lived here."

Going Too Far.

California Ostrich Farmer—My dear, did you feed the birds regularly while I was away?

Mrs. Ostrich Farmer—Yes, as regularly as I could. I never saw such appetites. The provisions ran short, and I had to feed them on whatever I could find around the house. I gave them two kegs of nails.

"That's right."

"And all the gate hinges and three pieces of old stove pipe."

"Yes? Glad you were so thoughtful."

"Oh! Yes. I forgot. They didn't seem to be satisfied even then, so I gave them a piece of mince-pie."

"Great Galen, woman! did you want to kill them?"—*Philadelphia Call.*

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Is a dangerous as well as distressing complaint. If neglected, it tends, by impairing nutrition, and depressing the tone of the system, to prepare the way for Rapid Decline.

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Trade Mark. QUALITY P PURITY NOT QUANTITY. On Every Bottle.

PHYSICIANS AND DRUGGISTS RECOMMEND IT.

—THE BEST TONIC.

Quickly and completely Cures Dyspepsia in all its forms, Heartburn, Belching, Tasting the Food, &c. It enriches and purifies the blood, stimulates the appetite, and aids the assimilation of food. Rev. J. T. Roberts, the honored pastor of the First Reformed Church, Baltimore, Md., says: "Having used Brown's Iron Bitters for Dyspepsia and Indigestion, I take great pleasure in recommending it highly. Also consider it a splendid tonic and invigorator, and very strengthening."

Genuine has above trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other. Made only by BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

LADIES' HAND BOOK—useful and attractive, containing list of prizes for recipes, information about coins, etc., given away by all dealers in medicine, or mailed to any address on receipt of 2c. stamp.

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MISHLER'S HERB BITTERS.

It is the best remedy for Kidney and Liver Complaints, Dyspepsia, Cramp in the Stomach, Indigestion, Malaria, Periodical Complaints, etc. As a Blood Purifier, it has no equal. It tones the system, strengthening, invigorating and giving new life.

The late Judge Hayes, of Lancaster Co., Pa., an able jurist and an honored citizen, once wrote: "Mishler's Herb Bitters is very widely known, and has acquired a great reputation for medicinal and curative properties. I have used myself and in my family several bottles, and I am satisfied that the reputation is not unmerited."

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25 YEARS IN USE.

The Greatest Medical Triumph of the Age!

SYMPTOMS OF A

TORPID LIVER.

Loss of appetite, Bowels costive, Pain in the head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the shoulder-blade, Fullness after eating, with a disinclination to exertion of body or mind. Irritability of temper, Low spirits, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, Weariness, Dizziness, Fluttering at the Heart, Dots before the eyes, Headache over the right eye, Restlessness, with fitful dreams, Highly colored Urine, and

CONSTIPATION.

TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, one dose effects such a change of feeling as to astonish the sufferer. They Increase the Appetite, and cause the body to Take on Flesh, thus the system is nourished, and by their Tonic Action on the Digestive Organs, Regular Stools are produced. Price 25c. 44 Murray St., N. Y.

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Renovates the body, makes healthy flesh, strengthens the weak, repairs the wastes of the system with pure blood and hard muscle; tones the nervous system, invigorates the brain, and imparts the vigor of manhood. $1. Sold by druggists.

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We have done the finest work ever seen in Springfield and continue to do it, and all because we employ none but the most skilled and experienced workmen and artists.

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PIERCE & CO., 13 S. MARKET ST.

Take a Pointer from the Above.

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Are away down in price; so are CEDAR POSTS. We offer MOLDINGS below cost. ALL BUILDING MATERIAL for the next 30 DAYS we shall offer at great sacrifice in order to CLOSE OUT.

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Dentistry in all of its Branches.

Specialty of fine fillings; restoring partial loss of teeth without plates, and restoring to usefulness sound roots and broken teeth by crowning.

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Barnett Building.]

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DENTIST.

Rooms in Buckingham's Building over Murphy & Bro's store.

Special attention paid to the preserving natural teeth

DR. H. R. DOSCH.

DENTIST,

Rooms 15 & 17, Arcade, Springfield, O.

Special Attention Given to Operative Dentis

CHAMPION BAKERY.

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A FIRSTCLASS BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY IN EVERY RESPECT.

Best Bread in the city. Three Loaves for 10c. The largest assortment of fine and plain cakes. Furnishing of Parties, Weddings and Socials a specialty.

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With P. A. Schindler & Son, Fisher Street. Telephone connection.

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Chronic & Nervous Diseases. Quick, Sure Cures. Written guarantee given in every case undertaken. Send two stamps for Celebrated Medical Works Free. Call or write. F. D. CLARKE, M. D. No. 256 VINE STREET CINCINNATI, OHIO. [Established 1851.]

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