AMUSEMENTS.

BLACK'S OPERA HOUSE

SAM'L WALDMAN, Manager.

Thursday Evening, January 20

PAT ROONEY

And his New York Comedy Company, in the latest New York sensation.

PAT'S WARDROBE

"Asana Banad," introducing the great Irish Comedian, Vocalist and Dancer, **Mr. Pat Rooney**. The charming young soubrette,

MISS KATIE ROONEY

And a Competent N. Y. Company.

"Pat Rooney's company is a capital one."—New York Herald.

"The great Rooney is as amusing as ever."—New York Telegram.

"Pat's Wardrobe is a success."—New York Daily News.

All the famous Rooney Specialties introduced.

Usual prices. Seats at Pierce's.

RAILROAD TIME CARD.

Cleveland, Columbus, Cincinnati and Indianapolis Railway.

GOING EAST.

Night Express	*1.30 am
New York & Boston Express	*9.45 am
Cleveland & Eastern Express	3.35 pm
New York Limited Express	*9.45 pm

GOING SOUTH.

9 Night Express	*2.25 am
No 27, Spg., Cin. & Wes. Ex.	5.50 am
No. 1, Cin Flying Bucklye	*7.50 am
29 Cincinnati & Indianapolis Express	10.00 am
3 Cleveland & Cincinnati Express	1.25 pm
5 Cinti., Ind., St. Louis & Kan. Ex	*4.35 pm

ARRIVE FROM EAST.

Night Express	*2.15 am
No. 1, Cin. Flying Buckeye	*5.50 am
3 Cleveland & Cincinnati Express	1.25 pm
5 New York, Boston & Cincinnati Ex.	*4.35 pm

ARRIVE FROM SOUTH.

8 Night Express	*1.25 am
34 Dayton, Springfield Accom. fr't	8.50 am
12 New York & Boston Limited	*9.35 am
2 Cleveland & Eastern Express	3.40 pm
28 Cincinnati & Springfield Accom	5.30 pm
4 New York Limited Express	*9.45 pm

No. 12 has through sleepers to New York and Boston without change.

No. 4 is the famous limited express, composed entirely of sleepers, east of Cleveland. Through sleepers from Springfield. Makes New York in 20¾ hours and Boston in 24¾ hours.

G. H. KNIGHT,
R. R. Ticket and Ocean Steamship Agent,
Arcade Depot,
Springfield, O.
A. J. SMITH,
G. P. A.

Indiana, Bloomington and Western Railroad.

ARRIVE FROM EAST.

1 Night Ex	* 1:55 am
7 Sandusky Mail	7:55 am
5 Pacific Mail and Ex	10:40 am
3 Kansas City Ex	* 5:05 pm

GOING EAST.

2 Columbus Express	* 2:20 am
4 Atlantic Mail	* 9:45 am
8 Sandusky Mail	1:25 pm
6 New York Limited	9:45 pm

ARRIVE FROM WEST.

2 Eastern Ex	* 2:55 am
4 Atlantic Mail	9:35 am
6 New York Limited	9:35 pm

GOING WEST.

1 Night Express	* 2:15 am
5 Pacific Mail	10:50 am
3 Kansas City Ex	5:15 pm

ARRIVE FROM NORTH.

1 Cincinnati Ex	* 1:15 am
5 Kenton Accommodation	9:25 am
3 Columbus Mail	1:15 pm

GOING NORTH.

2 Lakeside Ex	* 2:45 am
4 Put-in Bay Ex	10:00 am
6 Sandusky Ex	5:35 pm

Ohio Southern Railroad.

ARRIVE FROM SOUTH.

1 Mail and Ex	4:30 pm
3 Bainbridge Accom	9:40 am

GOING SOUTH.

2 Mail and Ex	10:25 am
4 Bainbridge Accom	5:35 pm

Trains marked thus * run daily; all other trains daily except Sunday.

Train No. 1 has a through coach for Lincoln, Neb., and through sleeper between Springfield and Peoria.

Train No. 3 has through sleeper and chair cars for Peoria, and through sleeper from Indianapolis to Chicago.

Train No. 5 has elegant new Woodruff sleeper (except Saturday) through from Columbus to St. Paul and Minneapolis; also through coach from Columbus to Kansas City, and chair cars between Columbus and Burlington, Iowa.

All through trains on main line both east and west have through sleepers and chair cars between Columbus and Peoria.

C. E. HENDERSON, General Manager.
H. M. BRONSON, Gen. Ticket Agent.
D. H. ROACH, General Agent.
WM. HEFFERMAN, Ticket Agent.

Pitts., Cin. & St. Louis R. R.—L. M. Division.

GOING WEST.

1 Fast Line	*7:15 a. m
11 Xenia Accom	2:25 p. m
3 Cin. Ma'l	10:20 a. m.
7 Western Express	*4:10 p. m.

ARRIVE FROM WEST.

10 Xenia Accom	7:15 a. m.
6 Eastern Express	*10:20 a. m.
2 Limited Express	4:00 p. m.
12 Express	*6:15 p. m.

N. Y., Penn. & Ohio R. R.

All trains run on Central time—25 minutes slower than city time.

TRAINS ARRIVE FROM THE EAST.

No.	3. Cin. & St. Louis Ex., daily	1:41 a. m
"	1. Accom., daily except Sunday	10:35 a. m
"	5. St. Louis Ex., daily	4:47 p. m

TRAINS LEAVE GOING EAST.

No.	4. New York Limited, daily	10:42 a. m.
"	2. Accom., daily except Sunday	5:07 p. m
"	12. Atlantic Ex., daily	2:25 a. m.

TRAINS ARRIVE FROM THE WEST

No.	4. St. Louis Limited, daily	10:40 a. m.
"	2. Accom., daily except Sunday	5:05 p. m.
"	12. New York Ex., daily	2:15 a. m.

TRAINS LEAVE GOING WEST.

No.	3. Cin. & St. Louis Ex., daily	1:47 a. m
"	1. Accom., daily except Sunday	10:40 a. m.
"	5. St. Louis Ex., daily	4:49 p. m.

No. 4 has sleepers, but no change of cars in either case through to New York. No. 5 has through sleepers to St. Louis. All trains arrive and depart from I. B. & W. depot in this city.

For tickets to all points and further information, call on J. D. PHLEGER, Agent, 72 Arcade.

G+U+N+S

SINGLE BARREL SHOT GUN,	$2.00
DOUBLE " " "	3.00
SINGLE BREECH LOADER,	4.00
DOUBLE " "	10.00

Prices on other goods in proportion.

PARKER, SMITH and OTHER GUNS

GUNS BORED TO SHOOT CLOSE.

Illustrated Catalogue and Price List sent Free.

J. C. BANDLE & SON, 260 MAIN ST., CINCINNATI, O.

WANTED—General agents, to wholesale my new motor. Rare chance, good salary or 50c on the dollar. Address, with stamp F. M. Weaver, Indianapolis, Ind. (Name this paper.)

Intending Advertisers should address
GEO. P. ROWELL & CO.,
10 SPRUCE STREET, NEW YORK CITY,
For SELECT LIST of 1,000 NEWSPAPERS.
Will be sent FREE on application

MARVELLOUS MEMORY
DISCOVERY,

Wholly unlike Artificial Systems—Cure of Mind Wandering—Any book learned in one reading. Prospectus, with opinions of Mr. Proctor, the Astronomer, Hons. W. W. Astor, Judah P. Benjamin, Drs. Minor, Wood and others, sent post Free, by

PROF. LOISETTE,
237 Fifth Avenue, - - New York.

N.W. AYER & SON
ADVERTISING AGENTS
TIMES BUILDING PHILADELPHIA
Cor. Chestnut and Eighth Sts.
Receive Advertisements for this Paper.
ESTIMATES For NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING at Lowest Cash Rates FREE
Send 10c. in stamps for AYER & SON'S MANUAL

I CURE FITS!

When I say cure I do not mean merely to stop them for a time and then have them return again. I mean a radical cure. I have made the disease of FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS a life long study. I warrant my remedy to cure the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a Free Bottle of my infallible remedy. Give Express and Post Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and I will cure you.

Address Dr. H. G. ROOT, 183 Pearl St., New York.

GEDNEY HOUSE, NEW YORK,
Broadway and 40th Street,
Opposite Casino and
Metropolitan Opera House.
One of the most elegant of the
New Hotels of the Metropolis.
Comfort and luxury.
A home for families.
A resort for business men.
Restaurant of unsurpassed excellence.
Moderate charges. Rooms from $1 a day.
GEN'L DAN MACAULEY and
WALTER B. BOWERS, Proprietors.
Broadway cars pass the door.

25¢ A BOTTLE
SALVATION
KILLS PAIN OIL

"The Greatest Cure on Earth for Pain." Will relieve more quickly than any other known remedy: Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Swellings, Stiff Neck, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Lumbago, Pleurisy, Sores, Frost-bites, Backache, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Sciatica, Wounds, Headache, Toothache, Sprains, etc. Price 25 cts. a bottle. Sold by all druggists. Caution.—The genuine *Salvation Oil* bears our registered Trade-Mark, and our fac-simile signature. A. C. Meyer & Co., Sole Proprietors, Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

TRADE MARK

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup will cure your Cough at once. Price only 25 Cts. a bottle

MAX'S MELANGE.

A Street Wanderer's Comments and Opinions on Subjects of Local Importance.

An Interesting Interview on the Dow Law Discussion of a Police Commission and the Police Judgeship—Other Topics of Interest.

Mr. M. B. Earnhart, of Columbus, was in the city on Saturday, engaged as one of the attorneys in the joint county ditch case. Mr. Earnhart was one of the counsel in the oral argument in the Dow liquor law case, appearing for the state at the request of the attorney general.

There is considerable diversity of opinion among attorneys as to whether manufacturers of beer, etc., can legally establish local agencies for the sale of their products in quantities of one gallon and more without paying the tax and in violation of a local option ordinance. In Yellow Springs, for instance, Vorce & Blee, of this city, have an agent in the person of Thomas Fitzgerald. He pays no tax, I understand, and to escape the penalties of the local option ordinance, sells no beer in less quantities than a gallon. He claims to be a wholesale agent for Vorce & Blee, and, consequently, by a legal technicality, gets out of paying the Dow law tax.

Yesterday I asked Mr. Earnhart whether the construction which he placed on the Dow law and on the statutes, would permit a manufacturer to establish local agencies for the sale of his products without paying the tax, and in violation of a local option ordinance.

"I do not believe," he replied, "that the letter or spirit of the statutes will authorize a manufacturer to establish a place of business removed from his manufactory and sell by agents, unless he conforms to the provisions of the law as to taxation, and not then against local option laws. It was intended that, at his place of business—that is, at his manufactory—the manufacturer should be allowed to make such sales, but not that he should be permitted to establish agencies throughout the state. This is the construction, as I understand it, placed by the United States revenue officers upon like acts.

"By a parity of reasoning if the tax is required of such agents a prohibitory ordinance would prevent the carrying on of such agencies—that is, the ordinance would operate against the agencies precisely as it operates against regular saloons. Any other construction of the law would permit an evasion of the tax and of prohibitory ordinances.

"The letter of the attorney-general on this subject has, I think, received too broad an interpretation. He declared that any agency established must be a good faith one. This would practically prevent the establishment of local agencies, but the safer construction to reach the purposes of the statute appears to me to be that the manufacturer of beer, etc., can sell his products at his brewery and can canvass for sales, but cannot establish local agencies and engage in business at a place removed from his manufactory, without paying the Dow law tax, or in defiance of a prohibitory ordinance.

"I have not given this subject the careful study I would give a case which I was required to investigate, but this construction seems to me to be warranted by the statute, and it certainly gives effect to the purposes intended."

These utterances, coming as they do from one of such eminent legal attainments as Mr. Earnhart possesses, are of vast importance. If this question is tested in the courts, and I understand from high authority that it is to be, the brewers who have established local agencies will find it difficult to escape the payment of the Dow law tax, but they will make a desperate fight against it.

It there is any one thing that Springfield needs more that a police judge it is a police commission. The question of establishing a board of police commissioners in Springfield has been agitated for a long time, and once a special act creating such a board for this city was passed by the legislature. The act did not stand the test of constitutionality and it went the way of much other special legislation. Special acts are as good as any other laws, provided that they stand the crucial test of the supreme court, but not many of them get through. To those who have anything to do with, or any interest in, the police force, the necessity of a police commission is apparent. Under the state law, the mayor is the head of the police force, and has the power to appoint his own officers, but he is badly handicapped by council, which may confirm or reject the officers appointed by the mayor. In reality, therefore, the council in many instances practically usurps the appointive power of the mayor by refusing to confirm officers until they conform exactly to its ideas. The council is a wholly irresponsible body, and if the officers thus appointed "go wrong," the members are among the first to censure the mayor for appointing such men. It frequently occurs that council, by arbitrarily refusing to confirm the mayor's appointees, dictates the class of men who shall guard the city. In case the mayor finds it necessrry to suspend an officer and prefer charges against him, he is placed in the humiliating position of not being certain that council will investigate or even pay any attention to the charges. The genial coppers have their friends in the city council who will stand by them to the very last, and thus the question resolves itself into a pitched battle between the mayor and council.

The creation of a police commission would place the police force in the hands of five men who, not having their minds troubled with modern street crossings and catch-basins, and a thousand and one other things, could handle the force properly. If charges were preferred against an officer they would be speedily investigated and the case promptly disposed of. The officers would be the better satisfied and the members of council would be freed from much worry and vexation.

In the grade now occupied by Springfield a police commission is not possible, under existing laws, without a special act of the legislature, which has been shown not to be feasible. Two other ways are open, however. One is for the city to advance to a city of the second class, second grade, in which grade it would be entitled to a board of police commissioners. There are almost insurmountable obstacles to this plan. Besides taking a year or more to make the advance Springfield would be in the same class with Dayton, which would then give us the right to levy a tax of only eight mills. It is said that although Dayton, owing to a high valuation of property, is able to run the city on a tax of eight mills, this city cannot get along with much less than twelve mills. Dayton would certainly object to giving its council the right to levy taxes to the extent of twelve mills, as would other cities in that class and grade. If Springfield were to advance to that grade our water works trustees, who are now elected, would have to be appointed by the mayor. Several other important changes in our municipal affairs would have to be made, so that the advance would scarcely pay for the trouble it would cause.

A plan has, however, been suggested by which Springfield could, without any considerable difficulty, secure a police commission. The present law, section 1998, of the revised statutes of Ohio, relating to police commissions, reads as follows:

"In cities of the first and second grades of the second class all powers and duties with respect to the appointment, regulation, government, and control of the police, shall, as now, be vested in and exercised by a board, consisting of the mayor, who shall be president, and four commissioners, who shall be electors and freeholders of the city, and a majority shall constitute a quorum."

The suggestion is that an amendment be secured to this law, so that instead of reading "In cities of the first and second grades of the second class," it may include all cities of the second class. It might be, of course, that other cities of the second class and third grade would object to the police commission, but, so far as I have been able to learn, the objections to this plan are not so serious as have been urged against the other plans.

Incidentally, I mentioned the police judge at the beginning of this item, and that brings me to some points which I have heard urged against the creation of a police judgeship in Springfield. As a general proposition it is probably well to divorce the executive and judiciary departments of a city as completely as possible, but whether Springfield is yet ready for so radical a change is somewhat doubtful. According to the provisions of the bill now pending before the legislature the police judge, police court prosecutor and clerk would receive salaries of $1,500, $900 and $900 respectively. These salaries, together with the incidental expenses of the court would amount to about $4,000 a year. For these salaries the tax-payers would have to be responsible, while all fines collected would be paid into the city treasury. It is certain, apparently, that a very considerable sum of money would each year be gained by the city, by the creation of the police judgeship, but really there is no certainty about it. A court presided over by a police judge is a court of record, and in all cases tried the witnesses receive certain fees. In case the city fails to make a case, it must put its hand in its pocket and pay these fees, and if the prisoner is too poor to pay his fine and has to go to the stone-pile, the city, I am informed, also has to pay the witness fees. It will readily be seen that the aggregate amount of these witness fees in a year would be a very handsome sum, and the tax-payers would have to pay it. By the present arrangement the city pays no witness fees, and, in fact, with the exception of merely a nominal salary, the mayor depends not on the tax-payers for his suppost, but upon the class of petty offenders that are daily to be seen in his court. It may be that if the total number of arrests and convictions and the aggregate amount of fines levied remained the same, under a police judge, as they are now, the city would be ahead a few dollars, but there is no certainty that they will remain the same. It is now to the interest of the mayor to have the police do their strictest duty, but place him and a police judge on comfortable salaries with no fee attachment, and that interest will be gone and the number of arrests and convictions will soon fall away. By the present arrangement, although the mayorality is a fat office, the money he receives does not come out of the city treasury, but out of the pockets of criminals and offenders against the municipal laws.

This is a matter which the citizens of Springfield out to give some careful thinking. It is worthy a thorough investigation.

Many inquiries have recently been made concerning the whereabouts of T. E. Ferguson and John Slater, whose real name is John Schlueter. They were the proprietors of the Ferguson & Slater dramatic combination, now defunct, which opened the season at Black's opera house on the 11th of October. Each of the young men had had just enough of the show business to get thoroughly infatuated with it. They desired to get out on the road and show other managers just how much money could be made in the show business. The question of press notices bothered the young managers not a little. An attraction without press notices was not to be thought of, but their company had never given a performance, and consequently had no puffs—at ten cents a line. A bright idea struck Ferguson, and he acted on it instanter. He went to a well known young newspaper man and dramatic critic, of this city, and paid him liberally for writing up about two columns of first-class notices which were credited to papers that never existed in towns that nobody ever heard of. These notices were printed on press-notice slips with which every dramatic editor and advertising solicitor is familiar, and headed in bold-faced type, "opinions of the press." The company started out with flying colors, and in a few days, to use Jim Fiske's famous saying, it went where the woodbine twineth. The walking was still good and the members of the combination managed, after a few weeks, to reach their homes, footsore and weary. Neither Ferguson nor Slater had the nerve to return home after their failure, and both finally drifted to New York City. They are still in the metropolis—Slater clerking in a large clothing house and Ferguson with Buffalo Bill's Wild West show. Their friends in Springfield will be glad to know that they are doing well.

Frederick Warde's leading man, Mr. Chas. D. Herman, was recently married, and on the evening following the ceremony Mrs. Herman occupied a box at the Park theater in Brooklyn, where the Warde organization gave a performance of Richard III. Mr. Herman is the "Richmond" of the cast, and does not appear on the stage until the last act, when his entrance is made to the strains of "Richmond's March" played by the full orchestra and ending with a flourish of drums and trumpets. On this occasion, however, the doughty "Richmond" had hardly set foot upon the stage when the orchestra struck up the "Wedding March" and continued it until the actor was well in the center of the boards, when, instead of the military salute from his officers with which "Richmond" was accustomed to be received, he was greeted by a hearty grasp of the hand from his companions. The audience was quickly alive to the situation, and poured forth a volume of applause which continued sufficiently long to allow the actor to recover his self-possession, else, he declares, he could not heve spoken a line. Mr. Herman says he does not know who arranged the reception, but he has a shrewd suspicion that Mr. Warde knew all about it before-hand.

MAX.

A DRIVER'S MISFORTUNE.

Lobenhertz's Wagon Goes Over tre Embankment and the Driver Prostrated.

Saturday Christ Bohn, one of the drivers for Lobenhertz, the baker, met with a series of misfortunes. While making his regular rounds in the forenoon in Lobenhertz's handsome two-horse delivery wagon he came over the Water street bridge from Chestnut street as usual. The approach on the south side is quite steep, and in making the descent the horses held back and the wagon commenced to slide sideways. Had the horses been whipped up an accident would probably have been averted, but as it was the wagon went over into the ditch, landing wrong side up, and pulling horses and everything after it. One of the horses fell on top of the other, but the horses and driver escaped without any more serious injury than some bruises. The wagon did not escape so easily, for its beauty is seriously marred and the heavy plate side glasses cracked and broken.

After getting this wreck straightened up and getting home about 11 o'clock, Bohn was started on the west end route with a sleigh. Through the excitement incident to the accident, he forgot to put on an overcoat. He also took a big drink of cold water before leaving the store. On west High street he became perfectly prostrated and unconscious. He was taken to Lisle's drug store, corner High and Yellow Springs street, and Drs. Kay and Lisle worked with him until he was brought around again. Mr. Lobenherz then went after him and brought him home, where he was put to bed. Last evening he was about all right again. Mr. Lobenhertz, in commenting on the accident, said he had often heard of horses running away with the wagon, but never before heard of the wagon running away with the horses.

Many Of the good things of this life are sorrowfully let alone on account of Dyspepsia. Acker's Dyspepsia Tablets will cure Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Constipation; sold on a positive guarantee at 25 and 50 cents, by Frank H. Coblentz, corner Market and High streets.

AN AGED MILLIONAIRE.

GOSSIP ABOUT W. W. CORCORAN AND HIS CHARITIES.

How He Made His Money—His Mansion and His Art Gallery—Mrs. Logan and Washington Society—Private Dalzell and Other Notes.

[Special Correspondence.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—I saw the millionaire Corcoran on the street to-day. His eighty-eighth birthday occurred during the latter part of last December, and he is a hale, hearty old man. He is the richest man in Washington, and he owns stocks and bonds and real estate running into the value of six ciphers and more. He is a distinguished looking character, tall and well rounded. He will weigh three times as much as George Bancroft, though he has not half the activity, nor one third the fire of the old historian. He has a big head, covered with hair of frosted silver, bright blue eyes looking out from under a high forehead, and heavy brows. He has a strong jaw and a firm mouth, the upper lip of which is garnished with a snow white mustache. He dresses well, and he wore to-day dark clothes, a navy blue chinchilla overcoat, with a velvet collar, a tall hat and patent leather shoes and overgaiters. A gold pin was stuck in his fancy cravat, and he looked very much like the typical nobleman of the French novel. He had his body servant or valet with him. This was a white man, who helped him in and out of his coupe.

MR. CORCORAN.

Mr. Corcoran is one of the most noted philanthropists of the country. He has given away as much as he owns, and he grows more liberal as he grows older. Among his charities here is the Louise Home, a home for reduced gentlewomen. This is situated in the most fashionable quarter of the city, and every square foot of the ground on which it is located is worth $3. It is a magnificent four story and mansard brick building, with vines crawling over it and with many rooms within it. I don't suppose there is an institution like it in the world. Every one of the many old women who have homes within it have blue blood in their veins, and most of them have mingled in the highest society of the United States; one at least presided over the White House, and others have dispensed the hospitalities of some of the most noted of our southern homes.

The Corcoran art gallery steadily grows, and it is supposed that Mr. Corcoran will leave a nice little amount to it when he dies. It is already so endowed that it has an income of $60,000 a year, and it will certainly be one of the grandest art galleries in the western world in time. It has many pictures already which have cost over $5,000 apiece and some which cost as high as three or four times that amount. All of these can be seen for the going on three days in every week, and on other days except Sunday for a twenty-five cents admission fee.

CORCORAN'S LIBRARY.

It is just back of this gallery that the millionaire Corcoran lives. His house is in the same block with that of John Hay, Lincoln's biographer. His gardens take up nearly half the block, and the house itself is a great brick mansion which was built many years ago, and which was once occupied by Daniel Webster. The house was given to Webster by some of his Massachusetts friends, I think, while he was secretary of state, but Webster was such an improvident fellow that he was not able to hold it. It has been occupied from time to time by a number of noted diplomats, and it has, perhaps, seen as many noted men within its walls as any house in Washington. It is a very large house, and it has a wide front door leading into a hall from each side of which open large and richly furnished parlors. I called upon Mr. Corcoran one day and chatted with him about John Howard Payne, whose bones he was then removing from Tunis to America. I found him sitting in one of his luxurious chairs, and he talked pleasantly for an hour or two about the author of "Home, Sweet Home."

CORCORAN'S HOUSE.

Mr. Corcoran's father was a shoe dealer in the little village of Georgetown, and there is a tradition here, which sounds rather fishy, that Mr. Corcoran is very proud of the fact. It is said that he has the old sign which his father used, and that he considers it more valuable than some of the old masters for which he has paid thousands of dollars.

I imagine Mr. Corcoran got his philanthropic cue from George Peabody, that other American millionaire who gave away so much in charity. Peabody and Corcoran were young men in Georgetown together. Peabody had come from near Salem, in Massachusetts, to Georgetown to make his fortune, and he made it.

Corcoran began life as a storekeeper or clerk. He soon got into banking in connection with George W. Riggs, and he and Riggs made a fortune by making a loan of $10,000,000 to the United States. Of course he had to do this on credit, but he made it go, and in connection with the Mexican war made a fortune. He was well situated here at the capital, and his connections were such that he kept himself continually posted as to government securities, and by speculating in them he made his money breed faster than Australian rabbits, who, it is said, will from one pair within several years produce millions.

THE LOUISE HOME.

The Corcoran art gallery he began for his own pleasure, but afterward turned it over to the government. During the war he left Washington and this gallery was used by the government for the quartermaster's department. Corcoran's real estate investments in Washington have added greatly to his wealth, and in the present advancing state of Washington property he is growing richer every day than interest alone could possibly make him. He owns the Arlington hotel property and lots and lands throughout every quarter of the city. Just how much he is worth no one knows, but it is supposed that his possessions will run somewhere from $5,000,000 to $10,000,000. If he lives to be 100 he ought to be worth $20,000,000, and, as he takes remarkably good care of himself, there is no reason why he should not reach the age of Sir Moses Montefiore.

Gen. Logan's death continues to be one of the topics of Washington conversation, and there is no doubt but that Washington society loses a great deal by it. Not so much in the general himself, for there was but little of the social animal about him. He did not shine at receptions, and he was often moody at his own home. But Mrs. Logan smoothed it all over. She stood to him as Dolly Madison did to the president in the days of sixty and more years ago. Her house was the social center of a Republican circle, and it was her presence that lighted up the boarding house where she lived before she opened Calumet place. For some time at least she will not be in Washington society. She will hardly stand here in the same position as she did during the general's life, and though she may, like Dolly Madison, hold a court of her own in the years to come, she will never be the same as when she was playing the game in which the stakes were the presidency and the cards were men. The great incentive for her to attain social popularity, namely, the success of her husband, is gone. I doubt whether she will care much to go into society in the future, and she has been so closely wrapped up in Gen. Logan that life will be indeed dreary for her when the excitement wears away and she comes to realize that the half of her soul is indeed gone.

I see that Private Dalzell is writing some war articles. Dalzell would die if he could not get before the country at least once every year. He is one of the queerest cranks in America. Tall, thin and lean, he has straggling red whiskers over his face and a long, limp mustache hanging from his upper lip. He has pale blue eyes with white brows, and he has the most nervous nature that God ever put into a skin. Dalzell comes, I think, from Pennsylvania. He began his literary career by writing for The Waverly Magazine and has continued it by scribbling for the newspapers. If I could have all the articles of Dalzell which have found their way into the editor's waste basket I would need no kindling for a year at least, and I doubt not the supply would be enough for ten years. Dalzell once told me that he had wasted a fortune in postage stamps, and I believe him. I once called upon him at his little law office in the village of Caldwell in the eastern Ohio hills, and he showed me store box after store box full of letters which he had received from prominent men in response to inquiries about every earthly thing under the sun. He told me then that he was a political prophet and that he had told President Hayes that he would be elected long before any one thought of nominating him. He also said that he had been instrumental in getting Sherman before the country.

PRIVATE DALZELL.

The president is going to give his usual dinners this winters, and there will be lots of fun at the White House.

Washington is becoming quite a literary city. Frank Stockton is looking up a house here now. John Hay has a house worth at least $50,000 just opposite the White House, and George Bancroft writes away in his mansion just above him. The people of the Smithsonian institution turn out a great deal of literary matter, and I know of several books that are already in process of construction within the walls of the National museum. Librarian Spofford always keeps some literary work on hand. Mary Halleck Foote works here a great part of the time, and one of the brightest daughters of the congressional circles has just completed a Washington novel. Mrs. Dahlgren, the wife of the admiral and the writer of some pretty legends, is spending the winter here, and the day will come when we will have as many Washington litterateurs as we have United States senators.

FRANK G. CARPENTER.

WILL YOU SUFFER with Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint? Shiloh's Vitalizer is guaranteed to cure you. For sale by F. A. Garwood.

A STARTLING FACT.

It is not commonly known that a large proportion of the rheumatism and neuralgia extant is traceable directly to the diseased condition or imperfect action of the kidneys and liver; therefore a remedy which cures the resulting disease must have found and smitten the first cause. Many persons using Athlophoros for rheumatism and neuralgia have been surprised to find that chronic disorders of the liver and kidneys have also been greatly relieved and they have written for an explanation. The fact is, that the remedy acts directly on these organs, cleansing them from all irritating substances and regulating their action. Taken in connection with Athlophoros Pills this is, without exception, the most valuable kidney and liver remedy in the world, and will cure a large proportion of those who have these diseases.

Said William E. Hutchison, living at 22 South Shafer St., Springfield, O., "I don't think there is any medicine like Athlophoros for rheumatism. Previous to my using this medicine I used about every kind of a rheumatic medicine I ever heard of, both regular and irregular without avail. At the time I commenced with Athlophoros I was suffering very much. In a very remarkably short time, in fact I had only taken a few doses, I experienced very decided relief. It is now over two years since I used it and I have had no Rheumatism since to speak of. Athlophoros did its work for me and will do the same for others. I have been a resident of Springfield for over thirty years, am well known and would gladly verify the above facts to any one who may be afflicted with rheumatism."

Every druggist should keep Athlophoros and Athlophoros Pills, but where they cannot be bought of the druggist the Athlophoros Co., 112 Wall St., New York, will send either (carriage paid) on receipt of regular price, which is $1.00 per bottle for Athlophoros and 50c. for Pills.

For liver and kidney diseases, dyspepsia, indigestion, weakness, nervous debility, diseases of women, constipation, headache, impure blood, &c., Athlophoros Pills are unequaled.

DYSPEPSIA

Is a dangerous as well as distressing complaint. If neglected, it tends, by impairing nutrition, and depressing the tone of the system, to prepare the way for Rapid Decline.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

QUALITY P PURITY NOT QUANTITY.

Trade Mark On Every Bottle.

—THE BEST TONIC

PHYSICIANS AND DRUGGISTS RECOMMEND IT.

Quickly and completely Cures Dyspepsia in all its forms, Heartburn, Belching, Tasting the Food, etc. It enriches and purifies the blood, stimulates the appetite, and aids the assimilation of food.

REV. J. T. ROSSITER, the honored pastor of the First Reformed Church, Baltimore, Md., says: "Having used Brown's Iron Bitters for Dyspepsia and Indigestion I take great pleasure in recommending it highly. Also consider it a splendid tonic and invigorator, and very strengthening."

HON. JOSEPH C. SUTT, Judge of Circuit Court, Clinton Co., Ind., says: "I bear most cheerful testimony to the efficacy of Brown's Iron Bitters for Dyspepsia, and as a tonic."

Genuine has above Trade Mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other. Made only by BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

BEAUTIFUL
COMPLEXIONS
BY USING
CHAMPLIN'S
LIQUID PEARL

DISTINGUISHED LADIES WHO USE IT.

Lotta.
It is the very best preparation I have ever used, and for the future I shall use no other.

Madame Adelina Patti.
London, Eng., June 14, 1879. Send immediately, by the next steamer, five dozen of your "Liquid Pearl." By order of Madam Patti, G. Franconi.

Fanny Janauschek.
I find it far superior to the one I generally bring over from Paris.

Clara Louise Kellogg.
It gives me pleasure to add my name to the list of those who have already recommended your "Liquid Pearl," and to express the satisfaction it has afforded me.

Mrs. Scott-Siddons.
For the hands, arms and neck I find it superior to any cosmetic, as it does not come off on the garments.

Jessie, Victoria and Rosina Vokes.
We also feel a pleasure to add our testimonials of its superior merits as a cosmetic for the complexion. We have used it with entire satisfaction.

Theresa Titiens.
Your "Liquid Pearl" is an excellent cosmetic, and has given me much satisfaction in using it.

Fanny Davenport.
I find your "Liquid Pearl" most excellent. I shall certainly recommend it to my lady friends.

Jane Coombs.
I consider it far superior to any article of its kind in use in this country.

Agnes Ethel.
I find your "Liquid Pearl" to be the best article I know of.

Mrs. D. P. Bowers.
Eminently satisfactory as a cosmetic, and free from injurious effects, for which I cheerfully recommend it.

Charlotte Thompson.
Consider it to be the best cosmetic for the skin I have ever used. I cordially recommend it to all my friends and the public generally.

Sara Jewett.
Permit me to add my testimony as to the excellency of your cosmetic.

Minnie Cummings.
For beautifying the complexion without harm to the skin your "Liquid Pearl" is incomparable.

(L)

EXPRESSED FREE: 2 large [illegible] white or pink, for $1.50. To many points [illegible] ie for 75c. (Try your druggist first.) Box secure from observations.—CHAMPLIN M[illegible] Co., 115 Fulton st., N. Y.
P. S.—Mention this paper.

TUTT'S
PILLS

25 YEARS IN USE.

The Greatest Medical Triumph of the Age!

SYMPTOMS OF A
TORPID LIVER.

Loss of appetite, Bowels costive, Pain in the head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the shoulder-blade, Fullness after eating, with a disinclination to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, Weariness, Dizziness, Fluttering at the Heart, Dots before the eyes, Headache over the right eye, Restlessness, with fitful dreams, Highly colored Urine, and

CONSTIPATION.

TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, one dose effects such a change of feeling as to astonish the sufferer. They Increase the Appetite, and cause the body to Take on Flesh, thus the system is nourished, and by their Tonic Action on the Digestive Organs, Regular Stools are produced. Price 25c. 44 Murray St., N.Y.

TUTT'S EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA

Renovates the body, makes healthy flesh, strengthens the weak, repairs the wastes of the system with pure blood and hard muscle; tones the nervous system, invigorates the brain, and imparts the vigor of manhood. $1. Sold by druggists.
OFFICE 44 Murray St., New York.

HUMPHREYS'

DR. HUMPHREYS' BOOK
Cloth & Gold Binding
144 Pages, with Steel Engraving,
MAILED FREE.
Address, P. O. Box 1810, N. Y.

LIST OF PRINCIPAL NOS.	CURES	PRICE.
1	Fevers, Congestion, Inflammations...	.25
2	Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic...	.25
3	Crying Colic, or Teething of Infants.	.25
4	Diarrhea, of Children or Adults...	.25
5	Dysentery, Griping, Bilious Colic...	.25
6	Cholera Morbus, Vomiting...	.25
7	Coughs, Cold, Bronchitis...	.25
8	Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache...	.25
9	Headaches, Sick Headache, Vertigo.	.25

HOMEOPATHIC

10	Dyspepsia, Bilious Stomach...	.25
11	Suppressed or Painful Periods...	.25
12	Whites, too Profuse Periods...	.25
13	Croup, Cough, Difficult Breathing...	.25
14	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions..	.25
15	Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains...	.25
16	Fever and Ague, Chills, Malaria...	.50
17	Piles, Blind or Bleeding...	.50
19	Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head	.50
20	Whooping Cough, Violent Coughs..	.50
24	General Debility, Physical Weakness	.50
27	Kidney Disease...	.50
28	Nervous Debility...	1.00
30	Urinary Weakness, Wetting Bed...	.50
32	Diseases of the Heart, Palpitation..	1.00

SPECIFICS.

Sold by Druggists, or sent postpaid on receipt of price.—HUMPHREYS' MEDICINE CO. 109 Fulton St. N.Y.

BALL'S

CORSETS

The ONLY CORSET made that can be returned by its purchaser after three weeks wear, if not found PERFECTLY SATISFACTORY in every respect, and its price refunded by seller. Made in a variety of styles and prices. Sold by first-class dealers everywhere. Beware of worthless imitations. None genuine unless it has Ball's name on the box.
[illegible] CORSET CO., Chicago, Ill.

GRAEFENBERG PILLS

For Headache, Biliousness, Liver Complaints, Indigestion. Mild but effective.
☞ SOLD BY DRUGGISTS.

Batchelor's Celebrated Hair Dye.

ESTABLISHED 1831.

Best in the world. Harmless! Reliable! Instantaneous! No disappointment, no ridiculous tints, remedies the ill effects of bad dyes; leaves the hair soft and beautiful Black or Brown. Explanatory circulars sent postpaid in sealed envelopes on application, mentioning this paper. Sold by all druggists. Applied by experts at
Batchelor's Wig Factory,
30 East 10th St., N.Y. City.

Manhood RESTORED. Remedy Free. A victim of youthful imprudence causing Premature Decay, Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, &c., having tried in vain every known remedy, has discovered a simple self-cure, which he will send FREE to his fellow-sufferers. Address
C. J. MASON, Post Office Box 3179, New York City.

The Great English Prescription
Cures *Weakness, Spermatorrhea, Emissions, Impotency* and all Diseases caused by self-abuse or indiscretion. One package $1, six $5.
[BEFORE] By mail. Write for Pamphlet. [AFTER]
Eureka Chemical Co., Detroit, Mich.
Call on or address Theo [illegible] druggist, corner Main and Market streets, Springfield Ohio, Sole Agent.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

DENTISTS.

C. R. CONVERSE,
DENTAL PARLORS,
Rooms 5 & 6, Mitchell Block.

T. A. LEWIS,
DENTIST,
S. E. Cor. Main and Market Sts.

W. H. SMITH,
NERVES OF ACHING TEETH CAPPED WITHOUT PAIN,
Masonic Building.

JOB PRINTERS.

H. S. LIMBOCKER, 55 and 57 Arcade, Printer, Engraver and Fashionable Stationer. Wedding goods and calling cards a specialty.

CABINET MAKER.

PETER HOLL,
CABINET MAKER, PACKER AND REPAIRER,
110 W. Main st.

UNDERTAKER.

W. A. GROSS & CO., UNDERTAKERS. Office and Wareroom, 46 W. Main st. Residence 192 W. High st.

PATTERN-MAKER.

W. T. PARKER,
PATTERN MAKER,
39 W. Washington street.
Models carefully made and patterns properly gated in all metals.

BOOK BINDERS.

JOHNSON & DORNE,
LESSEES OF THE E. L. BARRETT & SON'S BOOK BINDERY,
170 West Columbia street,
General Book Binders and Blank Book Manufacturer.

MACHINISTS.

A. E. TURNBULL,
MACHINIST, AND GENERAL JOB WORK DONE.
17 N. Center st.

L. J. HICKEY,
Practical Machinist and General Job Shop,
66 and 68 E. Washington st.

W. L. DOUGLAS

The leading $3. Shoe of the world. Made of the best material, perfect fit and superior to shoes usually sold for $5 and $6. Every pair warranted. Congress, Button & Lace. All styles of toe.

$3.

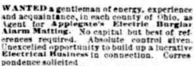
The great demand for this shoe has been a sufficient guarantee of its reliability; to make the public still better satisfied, we have made such improvements that there can be no question to our claim of making *the best $3 Shoe in the world.*

W. L. DOUGLAS $2.50 SHOE, *for gentlemen.* Best calf, with bottom of selected stock, and equal, if not superior, to the $3 shoes advertised by other firms. We invite a personal inspection and comparison before purchasing.

$2 SHOE FOR BOYS. Same styles as the $3 shoe. Carefully and substantially made, stylish and unequalled as a school shoe. If any of the above cannot be had at your dealer's, send address on postal to W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY.

WANTED a gentleman of energy, experience and acquaintance, in each county of Ohio, as Agent for Applegate's Electric Burglar Alarm Matting. No capital but best of references required. Absolute control given. Unexcelled opportunity to build up a lucrative Electrical Business in connection. Correspondence solicited.
Cleveland Electric Matting Co.,
Room 1, National Bank Building,
Cleveland, O.



A great improvement over the old style. Prevents slipping from head of the nail. Made of best quality Tool steel. Carefully tempered. For sale by Hardware Dealers. Half dozen assorted sizes sent to any address, postage paid, on receipt of $1.00. Made only by THE EDWARD STORM SPRING CO., Limited, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

THE SHIPMAN AUTOMATIC
STEAM ENGINE

For Boat and Stationary purposes. No skilled attendant required.

Steam in 10 Minutes.

Runs ten hours on less than 3 gallons of coal oil. For all kinds of light work, Pumps, &c. One and two H. P. Send for illustrated circular and price list, free.
J. J. WATROUS,
318 Rose Bldg. Clev'd, O.

CONSUMPTION.

I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed, so strong is my faith in its efficacy, that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, together with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease to any sufferer. Give express and P. O. address.
DR. T. A. SLOCUM, 181 Pearl St., New York.

PENNYROYAL WAFERS are successfully used monthly by over 10,000 Ladies. Are *Safe, Effectual and Pleasant.* $1 per box by mail, or at druggists. *Sealed Particulars* 2 postage stamps. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH.
☞ Sold by Frank H. Coblentz and Ad. Rabbaus & Co.

LOCAL NOTICES.

There is no one article in the line of medicines that gives so large a return for the money as a good porous strengthening plaster, such as Carter's Smart Weed and Belladonna Backache Plasters. 47r

ALL MEDICAL AUTHORITIES agree that catarrh is no more nor less than an inflammation of the lining membrane of the nasal air passages. Nasal catarrh and all catarrhal affections of the head are not diseases of the blood, and it is a serious mistake to treat them as such. No conscientious physician ever attempts to do so. It is held by eminent medical men that sooner or later a specific will be found for every disease from which humanity suffers. The facts justify us in assuming that for catarrh at least a positive cure already exists in Ely's Cream Balm.

A Good Nurse

Should not hesitate to wait upon those ill with such diseases as Smallpox or Scarlet Fever. There is little to be feared by persons waiting on the sick if they will use Darbys Prophylactic Fluid freely. In sick rooms it should be exposed on a plate or saucer, and the patient sponged off with the Fluid diluted. For safety, cleanliness and comfort in the sick room the Fluid is indispensable.

If the Sufferers From Consumption,

Scrofula, and general debility will try Scott's Emulsion of Aure Cod Liver Oil, with hypophosphites, they will find immediate relief and a permanent benefit. Dr. H. V. Morr, Bretwood, Cal., writes: "I have used Scott's Emulsion with great advantage in cases of phthisis, scrofula and wasting diseases generally. It is very palatable."

Advice to Mothers.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, for children teething, is the prescription of one of the best female nurses and physicians in the United States, and has been used for years with never-failing success by millions of mothers for their children. During the process of teething its value is incalculable. It relieves the child from pain, cures dysentery and diarrhœa, griping in the bowels and wind colic. By giving health to the child it rests the mother. Price 25c a bottle.

A KIND AND GENEROUS DEED.—Rev. A. Barber, superanuate member of St. Louis Conf. M. E. church, writes from Moran, Kansas: "This recommendation is written without solicitation from anyone; but I owe it to those similarly afflicted to say that by the use of the Shaker Extract of Roots (Siegel's Syrup) I was cured of an obstinate and almost fatal indigestion—both stomach and liver being completely torpid. I was reduced to a living skeleton. Friends, family and physician had given me up. I was keeping the spark of life alive with a diet of raw eggs and milk. Now both stomach and liver are performing their functions. I have many friends in Western Ohio, N. E. Iowa and S. W. Mo. who would like to know this."

THE HONEST SHAKER, although he does not boast of his purity, always makes goods that can be relied upon; for instance, his Shaker Extract of Roots (Siegel's Syrup) is really a valuable article. It is not recommended as a cure-all, but as a remedy for one single disease, viz: Indigestion, in which disease it works like a charm.

FOR THE BEST GOODS AT THE LEAST MONEY
—GO TO—
J. M. KNOTE'S
GLOBE CLOTHING HOUSE, 13 EAST MAIN ST.

DEACON BEDOTT

WRITTEN BY HIS WIDOW.

He never jawed in all his life.
He never was unkind,
And (though I say it, who was his wife),
Such men are hard to find.

I never changed my single lot,
I thought 'twould be a sin;
I thought so much of Deacon Bedott
I never got married again.

If ever he spoke a word in heat
His anger soon was o'er;
He always dressed in garments neat
That came from J. M. Knote's store.

A wonderful tender heart he had
That felt for all mankind;
He told his friends that honest goods
At J. M. Knote's store they'd find.

Whisky and rum he tasted not;
'Twas sinful, I suppose;
And, being saving, Deacon Bedott
Went to J. M. Knote's for his clothes.

But, poor man, he died all the same.
My grief I can't control;
He left good clothes and an honest name
His widow to console.

The finest, most complete and cheapest
Line of overcoats, gloves and underwear
In Springfield is at J. M. Knote's
Globe Clothing House, 13 east Main st.

I WILL SELL YOU A
$5 Suit for $3.50, $6.50 for $5, $10 for $7.50, $12 for $8.50 and $9, $15 for $11.50, $18 for $14.50, $20 for $15 and $16.50, $24 for $18, and Underwear in like proportion. All I ask is an inspection, and you are certain to buy. Remember the place,
J. M. Knote's Globe Clothing House, 13 E. Main.