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Springfield Daily Republic.

THE LARGEST CIRCULATION
BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM
IN THE EIGHTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

VOL. XXXIII—NO. 28. SPRINGFIELD, O., WEDNESDAY EVENING FEBRUARY 2, 1887. PRICE TWO CENTS.

WEATHER FACTS.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—Ohio: Snow followed by fairweather, stationary followed by higher temperature.

SPRINGFIELD, O., January 29, 1887.

OWEN BROS.,

Manufacturers of Clothing and Jobbers of Furnishing Goods and Hats, at Utica, N. Y.

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DR. A. A. BLOUNT
Would respectfully announce that he has resumed the practice of Dentistry in this city. Office and Residence:
No. 185 South Limestone St.

AGENTS WANTED IN THIS COUNTY To Introduce the ALBO-CARBON system of Gas Lighting, Gives 3 times the light of ordinary gas. Liberal Commissions to Sole Agents. Albo-Carbon Light Co., Newark, N. J. 22b

COAL! COAL!
HARTMAN, MORGAN & CO.
111 S. Limestone St., Springfield, O.
TELEPHONE NO. 135.

DEED OF A DASTARD.

An Unsuccessful Attempt Made Last Night to Murder Police Judge J. W. Fitzgerald.

A Cold Wave En Route for Springfield—Empty Freight Piers in New York—General News of a Day to the Republic.

By the Associated Press.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 2.—The attempt upon the life of Judge J. W. Fitzgerald, of the police court, last night, has produced a profound feeling. The judge has for a long time been a terror of evil doers, but no one has ever ventured to charge him with any feeling but that of desire to vindicate the law and punish and prevent crime. Only yesterday he had nearly a hundred cockfighters before him and in all the cases where a plea of guilty was made he fined them $25 and costs. There are still a number of these cases pending to be heard o Friday. The circumstance of the attac being made last night gives color to the suspicion that some interested in behalf of these defendants had undertaken the desperate scheme of murdering the judge.

The time for the guilty deed was well chosen. The judge was alone in his library, preparing a decision in a submitted case. His son and his son's wife had gone to the theater, when the door-bell at the side entrance rang. The judge answered in person. He says he saw a man with a black face there who said: "Judge Fitzgerald." The judge answered, "Well." Just then the caller drew a white hand from his overcoat pocket and the judge caught sight of the glitter of a weapon in time to jump aside just before the shot was fired. He fell with an exclamation and the assassin doubtless thought he had accomplished his purpose. The servant girls came to his help and the neighbors were summoned. It was found that he had not been even wounded, though the ball cut through his coat.

He was greatly prostrated by the nervous shock. This was greater, because, although he had not before made it known, this was not the first assault he has suffered. Judge Fitzgerald appeared as usual on the bench this morning. He says he has no doubt he can recognize the voice and form of his assailant.

OHIO LEGISLATURE.

Second Session, Sixty-Seventh General Assembly.

COLUMBUS, O., Feb. 1.—SENATE.—Bills passed: S. B. authorizing counties to join in the construction of national guard armories; H. B. for the distribution of the Roster of Ohio Soldiers.

Bills introduced: Courts of record to appoint trustees for non-residents; for a non-partisan police commission in Dayton; increasing the salaries of the judges of the circuit court in the First judicial district; amending the Dow law, excluding the gallon clause; regulating the incorporation of secret and benevolent societies.

Resolutions offered: Calling on the board of public works for information in regard to leases of certain portions of the canals for railroad purposes.

HOUSE—Bills introduced: For non-partisan judges in township elections.

Bills passed: H. B. giving probate judges power to grant injunctions in certain cases; H. B. extending the penalties for obstructing steam railway cars to street railway cars; H. B. regulating the manner in which incorrigible girls may be brought before the probate judge; H. B. authorizing city councils to condemn property for cemetery purposes. H. B. fixing penalty for carrying letters for prisoners in the penitentiary and county jails.

The bill regulating strawboard factories was postponed to Wednesday next.

The bill regulating the manner in which cognovit notes may be collected was defeated.

LONDON STOCK SALES.

The January Sales—Large Attendance and Good Prices.

LONDON, O., Feb. 2.—The attendance at the sales yesterday was very large, but without the usual amount of stock and buyers from other countigs throughout the state. The offers were generally in small bunches averaging about 900 pounds, somewhat lighter than the average of the January sales. The footings of John Roberts, official reporter of the sales, give the number of cattle that changed hands at 2,70 head, prices ranging from 2½ cents to 4½ cents per pound. There were but three or four first-class bunches offered, which sold at maximum figures. Several bunches of spring calves were disposed of at prices ranging from $10 to $21 per head. Among the best sales were: E. O'Day, 36 head of two-year-olds, average weight 1300 pounds, to A. and J. Nicheson, of Clark county, at $53 per head; Robert Chenoweth, 11 head of two-year-olds, average weight 1300 pounds, to Marion Chenoweth at $55 per head; A. S. Ford, of Cincinnati, to W. H. Page, 24 head of two-year-olds, average weight 975 pounds, at $36.95 per head; J. W. Green to Van Wagner, 29 head of two-year-old steers, average weight 1601 pound, at $60 per head; Uriah Paulin, 34 head of two-year-olds to Summers, average weight 1490 pounds, at $54 per head.

About 150 head of horses were disposed of at prices ranging from $100 to $250.

LOOK OUT FOR BREAKERS.

Prophet Drury's Cold Wave En Route from Montana.

CHICAGO, Feb. 2.—The Signal Service reports extremely cold weather in northwestern Montana. The mercury at Fort Assenaboe registered 46 degrees below zero at 7 o'clock this morning. Throughout Dakota, Minnesota and Wisconsin it is considerably warmer. It is snowing throughout the northwest and in nearly all the states north of the Ohio river.

Heavy thunder storms are reported at Knoxville, Tenn., Louisville and Cincinnati.

Very Few Men at Work on New York Piers.

NEW YORK, Feb. 2.—Nearly all the big railroad freight receiving and delivery piers are closed and work almost suspended. One exception was the case of Pier No. 5 of the Pennsylvania road, where a dozen men were put to work by Agent Bowman. The New York Central and Hudson River pier and New York, Lake Erie and Western Railroad pier had a few men at work.

A Remarkable Case of Prayer-Cure.

CHICAGO, Feb. 2.—A special from Adrian, Mich., says: A strange but well-authenticated case of faith-cure is reported here. Mrs. Walter S. Mead, aged 29, has suffered two years with an abscess in her side. For the past few weeks she has been confined to her bed. Yesterday the physician found his patient dressed, sitting up and eating with fair relief. She says that last night the Lord, in response to prayers, had healed her and restored her strength.

Two Attempts to Wreck Trains.

CHICAGO, Feb. 2.—A special to the *Times* from Evansville says: Two attempts were made last night to wreck the eastern and western bound passenger trains on the Lousville, Evansville and St. Louis R. R. by obstructions placed on the track. The engineers of both trains fortunately discovered the obstructions in time to check their trains and prevent wrecks.

Mr. W. H. Arzabright, of north Market street, is quite ill from a complication of diseases.

CONGRESS.

Second Session—Forty-Ninth Congress.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—SENATE.—Credentials of Hon. A. S. Paddock, senator-elect from Nebraska, were presented.

Bills introduced: To encourage the holding of national industrial exposition in 1888 of arts and products of the colored race.

A number of bills were reported and referred.

The sundry civil bill was taken up and partially considered.

HOUSE.—Resolution adopted: Relative to employes in office of geological survey.

Bills passed: Providing for additional justice of supreme court of the District of Columbia; regulating the pay of officers of the army and navy who refuse or neglect to provide for the support of their families; authorizing the president to confer brevet rank on army officers for gallant services in Indian campaigns; authorizing secretary of war to adjust and settle the account for arms, ammunition and accouterments between the United States and Montana territory; authorizing the secretary of war to credit the territory of Dakota with $27,650 for ordinance and ordnance stores issued to said territory; providing that the adjutant general's department shall consist of one adjutant general with the rank of brigadier general, four assistant adjutant generals with the rank of colonel, six assistant adjutant generals with the rank of lieutenant colonel and six assistant adjutant generals with the rank of major; for the sale of the United States barracks property at Newport, Ky., and appropriating $160,000 for the purchase of a new site and the erection of new buildings thereon; for the repair of the road to the National cemetery at Vicksburg, Miss.; appropriating $100,000 for the erection of a branch soldiers' home west of the Rock; mountains.

Pronounced a Canard.

LANCASTER, Pa., Feb. 2.—The reported fortune in Holland, amounting to millions, to which the Groff family are heirs, is ridiculed in this county where all the descendants live. Hans Groff, the founder of the family, never lived in Holland and was never exiled therefrom.

A CHAPTER OF CRIME.

Strange Combination of Circumstances in a Case of Grand Larceny.

On Tuesday John Zeigler, whose home is in Springfield, and whose wife and family are now here, appeared in the common pleas court at Xenia, and entered a plea of guilty to an indictment of grand larceny. Judge Hawes sentenced him to one year in the penitentiary. The history of the case is somewhat out of the ordinary.

Early last summer Mary Squares was a domestic in the house of Mr. John B. Lucas, a prominent farmer residing two miles and a half west of Xenia. One day she swore out a warrant for the arrest of one Charles Huffine, then residing in Cedarville, but now living in Springueld and working at the East street shops, on a charge of rape. Huffine was arrested, but afterward the woman refused to appear against him and he was dismissed. It was very generally understood that the charge was without foundation. The woman came to Springfield and entered Gussie Healey's bagnio. About the time she left Mr. Lucas, John Zeigler was employed by Mr. Lucas as a farm hand and was there for some time. During his stay, Mr. Thornton Lucas, of Miami county, paid a visit to his relative. While he was there, Zeigler stole $55 from the visitor and left between two days. He came to Springfield and, going to the house of Gussie Healey, remained for a time with the Squares woman. She saw the bills which he had and received some of them from him. He was arrested for stealing the money and the woman became an unwilling, but important witness against him. His trial in the Greene county court was set for today, but as above stated he pleaded guilty yesterday. Strange to say, the Squares woman, who had been a domestic in the same house where he had worked, and who, by a combination of circumstances, became so important a witness against him, died just the night before he entered his plea of guilty.

HON. JOHN W. BOOKWALTER.

The Cosmopolite, at Home—A Brief Interview—Gath's Work.

Hon. John W. Bookwalter arrived in Springfield over the N. Y. P. & O. at 6 o'clock Tuesday evening, making the trip direct from New York, where he landed several weeks ago. He was encountered by the REPUBLIC this afternoon. Mr. Bookwalter is looking hale and hearty and was in excellent spirits. His stay at home will be but brief, as he leaves next week, probably Monday, for New York City, where he will remain until April. Then he sails for the old country.

In the course of a few minutes pleasant but desultory conversation, Mr. Bookwalter was asked whether he had any great schemes on foot which the public might properly be apprised of. He replied that he had not and that he had come to the subtle conclusion that gigantic schemes do not pay.

"Did you bring back a collection of *rijouterie* and *bric-a-brac* from the oriental and European countries this time."

"Not at all. On the contrary," said Mr. Bookwalter, with a pleasant smile, "I have permanently retired from the dime museum business."

Mr. Bookwalter promised an interview of more pretentiousness before leaving the city, but insisted that he be reported stenographically, for obvious reasons. "George Alfred Townsend is the only man I ever saw," said he, "who could carry an interview entirely in his memory and not do violence to what one had said. By the way, stimulated by the success of 'The Entailed Hat' and 'Katie of Catoctin,' he is hard at work on another novel. No, I am not at liberty to mention its title or its character."

Marriage of a Springfield Lady.

It will be very interesting and pleasant news to many in this city to hear that Mrs. Alice B. Davidson, formerly a well-known Springfield lady, was recently married to Mr. Stager, a prominent publisher of Philadelphia and a man of means and position. Mrs. Davidson was prominent in local musical circles, and was a member of the piano firm of Hamilton & Co. She went to Des Moines, Iowa, a year or more ago, and subsequently to Minneapolis, where, it is understood, she met her husband. Mrs. Stager is an accomplished and winning little lady, and congratulations from this quarter, although a degree late, are none the less sincere.

AFTER A QUARTER CENTURY

Olive E. Stevens Asks a Divorce From Her Partner in Life After Twenty-five Years of Connubiality.

By her attorney, E. S. Wallace, esq., Olive E. Stevens this (Wednesday) afternoon filed her petition for divorce from David R. Stevens, on the grounds of extreme cruelty. The parties were married in Madson county in 1862—just a quarter of a century ago. The plaintiff asks the custody of their one child.

Accident to a Respected Citizen.

Mr. John Emerson, the esteemed janitor of St. Paul M. E. church, met with a bad accident this (Wednesday) morning. While attempting to clear the ice away from a water-pipe in front of the church, he slipped on the glassy pavement and fell heavily to the ground, breaking his right arm at the shoulder. He will be prevented from doing duty for some time, and Mr. Emerson's many friends, both in and out of the congregation, will regret to know of his misfortune.

WILL THEY HAVE TO PAY?

Probability That the Stockholders of the Springfield, Jackson and Pomeroy Railroad Must Pony Up.

The Ross County Court Declares That a $200,000 Judgment Must Stand—A Chapter of Vital Local Interest (and Principal).

The unfortunate affairs of the Springfield, Jackson and Pomeroy railroad are well known to Clark county people—fatally well known to the suffering stockholders, it may be remarked. But a recent decision of Judge Harrison, of Chillicothe, will probably be the severest blow they have yet received. The current number of the Chillicothe *Leader* gives ample particulars. In brief it is the overruling by Judge Harrison of the motion for a new trial in the case of the Western Construction Co. against the Springfield, Jackson and Pomeroy R. R. Co., and the overruling of the motion leaves in full force and effect a judgment of $200,000 rendered by the courts against the stockholders of the defunct road, over 500 of whom live in Springfield and Clark county. The *Leader* says:

It was a case at which a great many wise people were disposed to sneer when it was first started on its devious way, but which has already assumed a shape when it begins to look as though the end sought was inevitable, and that, in a word, means, that every man, woman or child residing in Clark, Greene, Fayette, Ross, Pike and Jackson counties, or anywhere else, for that matter, who originally subscribed stock to the Springfield, Jackson and Pomeroy railroad, is about to be called upon for another assessment; an assessment whose collection will be enforced by the strong arm of the law; an assessment which will amount very nearly to the sum they originally subscribed. That constitutes a pretty serious case, doesn't it? We would imagine so.

The attorneys were the Hon. Wells S. Hutchins, of Portsmouth, Hon. R. A. Harrison, of Columbus, and Mr. Henry W. Woodrow, of Chillicothe.

The present case, that of the Western Construction company, has been in the courts now, for ten years. Suit was originally brought in 1876, by Hoadly, Johnson & Colston, the original petition being in Judge Hoadly's own hand writing. The pleadings have been innumerable, but in every important instance, the rulings have been adverse to the railroad company, and consequently to the long list of stockholders, who are really the main party in interest. Judge Harrison appeared early in the case as the attorney for the railroad company, Bowman, of Springfield, and Mills Gardiner, of Washington C. H., then being associated with him in the case. There was of course a reply to the petition, and then a reply to the reply, and then a demurrer, and then an answer to the demurrer, and so on, ad infinitum. The railroad company denied that the Western Construction company was a corporation, and in one of their pleadings asked for an order for a bill of discovery, compelling the Western Railway Construction company to show up their books, their organization, their stock, condition, etc. The books, we believe, were subsequently produced, in court, in charge of the secretary and treasurer of the company, Mr. Sloan.

When Judge Hoadly became a candidate for governor, he dropped out of the case, as did also his firm, but the legacy fell to Judge Yaple and Henry W. Woodrow, who have pushed the case steadily along, making progress slowly but surely, and now, apparently, rapidly approaching the inevitable day when the stockholders will have to step up to the Captain's office and settle.

Among the pleadings filed by the defendants in 1882 was one to which was appended a long list of interrogations, which in effect sought to dive deeper into the organization of the Western Railway Construction company than even the bill of discovery went. In 1884 Mr. Woodrow came into the case and filed a demurrer to this pleading. Judge Minshall overruled the demurrer and in his decision directed that separate answers to the interrogatories be filed by Sloan, secretary and treasurer of the company, and Francis Cozzad, president. Cozzad skipped out, but Sloan filed his answer. Judge Harrison moved to dismiss upon the ground that plaintiff had not complied with the order of the court. In 1885 Judge Minshall decided Sloan's answer was sufficient.

On August 7th, after many postponements of the case, Judge Evans rendered judgment for the full amount claimed—$200,650. The *Leader* goes on:

On September 4th, therefore, Mr. Hutchins filed a motion to set aside the judgment, which motion was that heard Saturday.

Mr. Hutchins began speaking shortly after 10 o'clock Saturday morning, and continued, saving the noon interruption, until 2:30. Mr. Woodrow followed in a speech of about an hour's duration, and then Mr. Harrison spoke until supper time, and after supper for an hour.

Mr. Hutchins in his argument laid down four legal propositions, which were in substance as follows:

1. The plaintiff took judgment when the case stood dismissed by order of the court duly made.

2. He claimed that in the reply to the interrogations propounded, the answers should have come from both Sloan and Cozzad.

3. He urged the statutory provision of the right of trial by jury, and claimed that in the argument of the case before the court alone, that the defendants had been debarred of their just rights.

4. Inasmuch as the defendants proper—the S. J. & P. R. R. company—had abandoned the case, the stockholders, upon whom the burden of settlement would fall, had a right to interfere, and defend the case—which of course meant a reopening of the case from the beginning.

In his reply Mr. Woodrow, in answer to the first proposition, showed by the records the filing of the demurrer, and Judge Harrison's presence when the demurrer was argued; and after the overruling by Judge Minshall of the demurrer, the filing of the answer to the interrogatories within the time specified by his order.

In reply to the second proposition he cited Judge Minshall's ruling that the answer of Mr. Sloan was sufficient and referred to the section—section 5,099 R. S.—upon which the ruling was based.

In regard to the right of trial by jury, Mr. Woodrow read to the Court section 5,204 R. S., which seemed to be conclusive and direct.

In regard to the right of stockholders to intervene, Mr. Woodrow claimed that not only had the stockholders been represented by their Board of Directors, who had been made parties defendant, but also showed by Judge Harrison's own statement, that he was for a part of the time in the employ of certain stockholders who had personally engaged him to defend the case.

Judge Evans promptly overruled the motion to dismiss, and thus another step is taken toward the end.

Local Effect.

The decision as stated is of the greatest interest in Springfield and Clark county, and it looks as though a day of settlement in the case was rising like a specter before the stock-holders in Clark and other counties. J. H. Rabbitts, esq., clerk of the Clark county court of common pleas said this morning: "It certainly looks grave. I knew nothing of this decision overruling the motion until you told me. I don't fancy that the thing is by any means final, but it's a step in a direction that looks dangerous. The Construction company, you know, can take advantage of services previously made on the stockholders."

"What amount of stock is held in Clark county?"

"I think about $200,000. And each stockholder is liable by law to just double the amount of his stock. Whiteley, Fassler & Kelly also hold a judgment of $200,000 against the stockholders.

THAT POLICE RUMPUS.

Mayor Goodwin Suspends Officer Furniss on Specific Charges by Chief Walker.

Last evening at the roll call of the police Chief Walker, acting under orders from Mayor Goodwin, suspended Officer Furniss from the force, pending an investigation of his conduct on Monday night, the details of which were related in Tuesday's REPUBLIC.

At the meeting of the city council last night Mayor Goodwin presented the following:

To the Honorable City Council:

I herewith report the suspension of Officer Furniss for the causes set forth in the annexed report of the chief of police.

JAS. P. GOODWIN, Mayor.

SPRINGFIELD, O., Feb. 1, 1887.

To the Hon. Mayor of Springfield, O.:

SIR: I hereby charge Officer Furniss with the violation of the following police rules:

1. With wilful disobedience of orders.
2. With indecent, profane and harsh language.
3. With disrespect to his superior.

First, that on Monday night, January 31, 1887, he left his beat and went to Anzinger's hall, where a ball was being held, and when ordefed by me, as chief of police, to return to duty, he refused to go until he got ready to do so. He was then ordered to turn in what property he had belonging to the city, which he also refused to do.

Second, that on Monday night, January 31, 1887, when ordered by me, as chief of police, to either return to duty on his beat or turn in the city property in his possession, he used indecent, profane and harsh language towards me, calling me indecent names in a profane and harsh manner in the presence of others.

Third, that on Monday, January 31, 1887, when ordered by me, as chief of police, to return to duty, he showed disrespect towards me by his manner and language in the presence of others.

I would therefore ask for his suspension.

JAMES C. WALKER,
Chief of Police.

The whole matter was referred without comment to the police committee, and it is highly probable that in the near future an investigation will be ordered, the outcome of which nobody can fortell.

LATER.—This morning Officer Furniss appeared at police headquarters and tendered to Mayor Goodwin his resignation as patrolman. The resignation was accepted and Furniss is now a private citizen. No investigation will now be held, Furniss's resignation having done away with the necessity of it. Ed. is a good fellow and made a good officer, but in this instance he, himself, admits that he was in the wrong. The trouble between him and the chief is not of recent date, but the arrest by him of Thomas Moore the other day revived the old difficulty. The night before the arrest was made Furniss, owing to the serious illness of his family, was off duty. The next day he came down town in the morning and was asked by Assistant Chief McKay to arrest Moore. McKay could not arrest Moore, as he was himself under suspension. Up to this time Furniss knew nothing of the Moore case, but, at the request of McKay, he made the arrest. This gave rise to the story that he had laid off night duty in order to work up the case in the day time. That evening Chief Walker issued an order forbidding the officers to lay off their regular hours of duty in order to work up cases. Furniss felt that this order was aimed at him and so said to the Chief. Then the trouble began.

Concerning the presence of Officer Johnston and Deputy Marshal Potee at the ball on Monday night it is but just to them to say that they were not out of their line of duty. Ausinger's hall is in Officer Johnston's beat, and all officers have instructions to visit places where public balls are in progress on their beats. Marshal Potee had warrants in his pocket for persons whom he thought he might find there. Even without the warrants he had a right to be there if he desired to exercise the right.

ORGANIZED.

The Dayton Company Which Wants to Pipe Springfield, Gets Into Shape.

The following from this morning's Dayton *Journal* will be of much local interest:

"The Southwestern Ohio Natural Gas and Petroleum Oil company of this city perfected its organization last evening by the election of the following board of directors: Thos. A. Legler, Dennis Dwyer, Stephen J. Patterson, Michael Neil, F. J. McCormick, James Ward, John A. Murphy, Michael J. Gibbons and George Ohmer. The directors then selected the following officers: President, Thomas A. Legler; vice president, Dennis Dwyer; secretary, Michael Neil; treasurer, F. J. McCormick; manager, Stephen J. Patterson. A large amount of the capital stock of the company is already subscribed, and offers have been made by experienced gas men to take one-half the stock as an investment, but the company is in no hurry to close the stock in that way, as the directors prefer to distribute the stock in small amounts. The bringing of natural gas to Dayton in the near future is now assured, and then look out for such a boom in real estate and manufacturing as Dayton has never had."

The pleasant query now suggests itself, Did this Dayton company have the patriarchal nerve to come to Springfield with overtures to pipe the town before it had done anything toward organization whatever?

Mrs. W. A. Gross Meets With a Peculiar Accident.

A peculiar accident happened to Mrs. W. A. Gross, wife of the west Main street undertaker, at noon today. She was engaged at a table near a window, on the west side of the room, over the undertaking establishment, when a brick fell from the chimney of the adjacent building and bounding from the roof, struck the window at which Mrs. Gross was standing and shattered two panes of glass to pieces. One of the pieces struck Mrs. Gross on the right hand and severed an artery. The blood spurted from the wound, but was quickly staunched. A physician was summoned and gave the wound, which is not serious, the necessary attention.

The G. A. R. Hall Dedication.

The following is the dedicatory programme to be rendered tomorrow (Thursday) evening at the first meeting of Mitchell post, No. 45, G. A. R., at their new headquarters on Washington street:

Music by the Band.
Prayer.
History of Mitchell Post.....D. C. Putnam
Song.....Miss Esther B. Simpson
Address.....Gen. J. Warren Keifer
Music by the Band.
Recitation.....Mrs. W. J. White
Song.....Mrs. Wm. Bakhaus
Recitation.....Mrs. W. S. Huffman
Music by the Band.
Recitation.....Mrs. Ernest

"Afflicted."

You should not buy an organ with weak lungs, or lack of power, and strained notes, nor one with a flagging feeling when you pump it. Nine out of ten of the organs on the market are like this and show a weakness; see that the reeds respond quick and the bellows has a snappy feeling, few are judges—so why not buy only of a responsible house? The "Palace" organ is perfect in every respect. Buy none but the "Palace" if the best is desired. R. F. Brandom & Co., 74 Arcade, sell the "Palace."

Miss Anna Steele left this afternoon for Interlachen, Florida.

BONDS TO BE SOLD.

Council Decides to Erect a City Building, and Takes Steps to Provide the Means.

Plans Invited—Alleys to be Vacated—Standard Time Downed—The Natural Gas Problem—The Fifth Disposed—Ordinances and Resolutions.

Council met Tuesday night in regular session, with President W. S. Thomas in the chair. There were present Messrs. Ackerson, Burnett, Funk, Hanika, Kidder, Korn, McKenna, Michael, Netts, Prince, Rapp, Russell, Tehan, E. T. Thomas and president.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read, approved and signed by the president.

REPORTS OF OFFICERS.

By city clerk—Report for January, showing $23.27 paid out for feed for fire department, and $6.25 for patrol house. Referred.

By same—Weighmaster's report for January, showing 544 drafts at 20 cents each, $108.80; 84 coal drafts at 10 cents each, $8.40; total, $117.20, with treasurer's receipt for $58.60, city's portion, attached. Referred.

By same—Bond of Frank Pappert, in the sum of $500 for faithful performance of duty as deputy marshal, with J. M. Kindle and W. W. Diehl as securities. Approved.

The mayor reported the suspension of Officer Waskey, with accompanying report from the chief, which was referred to the police committee.

The mayor also gave notice that C. C. Funk had secured an attachment in Squire Stout's court to garnishee $315 in the hands of the city belonging to The Pittsburg Bridge Company.

By clerk for president—Petition from Michael McHugh and thirty-five others for extension of Central avenue, from Harrison to Maud streets. Referred.

Bills were read and referred.

REPORTS OF OFFICERS.

By Mr. Funk, from finance committee—Pay ordinance to J. S. Elliott, insurance premium, $20; G. W. Billow, same, $20. Passed.

By Mr. Hanika, from committee on streets and highways—Pay ordinance to E. A. Williams, street hands, etc., $279.85. Passed.

By Mr. McKenna, from city improvements committee—Pay ordinance to Pat. Doolan, on account of crossings, $160; Thos. Sharp, for material and labor repairing cellar, building cistern, and lumber used, at house corner of Summer and York streets, $75. Passed.

By Mr. Korn, from committee on fire department—Pay ordinance to sundry persons, $100.83. Passed.

By Mr. Kidder, from water works committee—Pay ordinance for $19.95. Passed.

By Mr. Burnett, from police committee—Pay ordinance:

Central Union Telephone Co., rent of telephones	$134 00
J. Leuty's Sons, meat for station house	41 2
Pimlott Coal Co., coal for city department	64 42
N. Krieghaum, bread for station house	21 90
Wm. Warner, superintendent of chain gang	24 00
Jas. D. Good, superintendent of chain gang	24 00
Wm F. Koontz, clipping horse at patrol house	3 00
Williamson & Wallace, groceries at station house	29 21
Total	$341 70

Passed.

By Mr. E. T. Thomas, from committee on rules and printing—Pay ordinance for $2 50. Passed.

By Mr. Hanika, from health committee—Pay ordinance for $53. Passed.

By Mr. Prince, from lights and corporations—Pay ordinance to Springfield Gas Light and Coke company, on account, $478. Passed.

DECLARING THE INTENTION TO BUILD.

Mr. Netts, from committee on public buildings, offered the following report:

Your committee on public buildings, to which was referred the papers and propositions in reference to site for market house, etc., respectfully report that they have examined the same; that in the opinion of the committee the proposed site is the most desirable that can be secured, and that the contemplated improvement is necessary and will contribute greatly to the best interests of the city, and offer for adoption the following resolution.

Signed by Messrs. Netts, W. S. Thomas, Prince and Burnett—Mr. Crumley being absent from the city.

The resolution, which declares the intention to proceed and purchase a site and erect thereon a building for market-house purposes, etc., as heretofore made public, is published elsewhere in this issue. The resolution was adopted unanimously.

READING OF ORDINANCES.

Mr. E. T. Thomas read the first time an ordinance accepting a plat of lots laid out by E. G. Dial, guardian of John G. and Cora E. Hils, and declaring the streets and alleys thereon as public streets and alleys. Referred.

The clerk read an ordinance making a special assessment on certain benefited property, for improvements named, in favor of Charles Gulnan and John T. Wyant. Adopted.

The city solicitor read an ordinance for the issue of bonds for the purpose of

PROVIDING THE MEANS

for purchasing a suitable site and erecting thereon a market house, containing city offices, public library rooms, and such other office rooms as council may direct, which provides for issuing bonds to an amount not to exceed $150,000, to bear 4½ per cent. of terest, payable semi annually, on the first of March and September of each year, the principal to be payable $15,000 on September 1, 1907, and $15,000 on the first of September on each succeeding year until the whole amount is paid.

On motion of Mr. Burnett the rules were suspended and the ordinance read the second time.

On motion of Mr. Prince the rules were further suspended and the ordinance passed to its third reading.

The ordinance was then passed unanimously, and the title agreed to. The full text of the ordinance is published among the legal advertisements.

TO VACATE THE ALLEYS.

The city solicitor presented the following petition, with accompanying resolution:

To the Council of the City of Springfield, O.:

The undersigned, owners of property abutting upon and in the immediate vicinity of the first alley running east and west, being south of High street and extending from Center to Market streets, and also, the following described portion of Walnut alley: between High and Washington streets, beginning at a point eighty-four and one-half feet south of the south line of High street, thence running south one hundred and fifty feet, respectfully request that said alleys between the points mentioned be vacated, for that it will not be detrimental to the general interests that the same should be done.

[Signed.]

CHAS. W. CONSTANTINE, part of lot 358.

AMELIA SEIBOLD, part of lots 368, 364 and 365.

DAVID WEST, whole of lots 366 and 356, and parts of 364, 365, 354 and 355.

ANTON SINGER, part of lot 367.

Resolved, By the city council of the city of Springfield that the city clerk be, and is hereby directed to have published in a newspaper of general circulation in the corporation, for six consecutive weeks, a notice of the pendency and prayer of the petition of David West, Anton Singer, and others, praying for the vacation by council of the first alley south of High street and extending from Market space to Center street, and the vacation of a portion of Walnut alley between High and Washington streets, and that council will act on said petition March 23d, 1887, or at its first regular meeting thereafter.

The resolution was adopted.

STANDARD TIME ORDINANCE DEFEATED.

The ordinance adopting standard time for use among the city departments, was read the third time and opened for discussion.

Mr. Netts, for one, did not see any crying demand for a change and thought the sun high enough.

Mr. Russell said the former speaker voiced his sentiment.

Mr. Burnett said that if it was claimed the object in adopting standard time was to only have a single time. Yet right in the ordinance itself, provision has been made for a different time for saloons. He therefore moved that that part referring to saloons be stricken out. The question on the amendment being put, the president declared it carried.

Mr. Netts stated that he now believed the ordinance much worse than before, for it allowed the saloons to be open one half hour longer in the evening. The president stated that he did not think it made any difference, as saloons would simply open a much later as they closed later, and would not have any more time for actual business. Mr. Netts quickly answered that it was not in the morning that men got drunk but in the evening. This is why it is necessary to try in some measure to regulate the opening and closing of saloons. Mr. Prince said that he did not think the change necessary. Standard time is not sun time, except on four meridians, in the whole country. The vote resulted as follows: Affirmative, Ackerson, Burnett, Funk, Hanika, Korn, Thomas, E. T., and president—8. Negative, Kidder, McKenna, Netts, Prince, Rapp, Russell and Tehan—7. Lost for want of a constitutional majority.

RESOLUTIONS.

By the clerk, for the president—The following is a substitute for one offered by Mr. Prince:

Resolved, That the committees on public buildings and market house be, and they are hereby, authorized and directed to invite the submission of plans for a market house, containing city offices, public library rooms and such other office rooms as council may direct, and submit the same to council as soon as possible. Adopted.

By Mr. Funk—That the sewer committee be instructed to examine the condition of the Center street sewer and catch-basins, with reference to their having been tapped contrary to law, and if such is found to be the case, an investigation be made as to the guilty parties and the offenders be reported to council. Adopted.

By Mr. Russell, the following:

Resolved, That the attention of the mayor and chief of police is hereby called to rule 10, page 13, wherein the officer making arrests shall have entered in a book for said purpose the full names of party arrested, the offense charged, with name of officer making arrest, etc., and it is the sense of this council that the above said rules be enforced to the letter by the above said officers, and that the clerk notify the mayor and chief of same. Adopted.

By the clerk, for the president—The two following:

Resolved, That the O. S. and I. B. & W. R. R. Cos. be requested to report to council upon what authority they block on Central avenue, between Pleasant and Harrison streets, and to remove from said streets the dangerous offset caused by the laying of an additional track across Central avenue. Adopted.

Resolved, By the city council of the city of Springfield, Ohio:

1st. That it invites all the different natural gas companies to bring their gas to Springfield.

2d. That whenever any responsible company is prepared to furnish natural gas to our people, economically, abundantly and promptly, that the council will be glad to grant all fair and reasonable privileges in its power. Adopted.

The city solicitor presented an ordinance dividing the

FIFTH WARD INTO THREE PRECINCTS.

Precinct B remains as at present and all of the ward lying west of Pleasant street as far south as Pleasant street, thence the line follows Pleasant street west to the Dayton road, thence southwest to the corporation line. All of precinct A as at present constituted, lying north of Pleasant street and being bounded on the other sides by Mechanic, Main and Western avenue, is to constitute precinct A. The remaining part of precinct A becomes precinct C. Beginning at corner of Pleasant and Mechanic streets, the boundary line runs south on Mechanic to Fair, east on Fair to Factory, south on Factory to State, west on State to Yellow Springs, southwest on Yellow Springs to corporation line, thence with said line to Rebert pike, or Dayton street extended, northeast on Dayton street to Pleasant, then west on Pleasant to place of beginning. The voting places remain as at present for precincts A and B, and the corner of Yellow Springs and State streets is made the polling place of precinct C. The ordinance requires two more readings before it can become a law.

Council then adjourned.

ANOTHER PETIT JURY.

Names Drawn Wednesday Morning for the Next Term—The Quill Case—Thursday's Trials.

The names of the following gentlemen were drawn today to serve on the petit jury for the next term of three weeks:

P. S. Leffel, Donnelsville precinct; Geo. Ramsey, Lawrenceville precinct; L. E. Miller, Second ward; O. E. North, Seventh ward; Charles Otstot, Greene township; Milton Blizzard, Ninth ward; J. T. Akin, Mad River township; W. B. Young, Fifth ward; W. H. Wilson, jun., Eighth ward; Sanford Drake, Madison township; John Brenberger, Fifth ward; J. H. Hagerman, Fifth ward.

The old jury spent the closing hours of its session in wrestling with the case of the state of Ohio vs. James Quill.

Quill, it will be remembered, is the man who a short time ago was left alone for a few minutes with Mr. Burns's money drawer. The next morning Mr. Burns discovered that there was not as much money in his till as there should have been and he was certain he had taken none out of it himself.

Unfortunately for Quill he had an opportunity to take the money and his reputation in this community is not such as to place him above suspicion. He was therefore arrested and the grand jury indicted him for burglary and larceny. The evidence against him is purely circumstantial, and it is uncertain whether the state will be able to make a case against him.

The following cases are set for tomorrow:

State of Ohio vs. George W. Leach, forgery.

State of Ohio vs. George Schweikert, liquor.

State of Ohio vs. John Schmaker, liquor.

Bound Over for Bastardy.

The trial of Larry Welch, the baseballist, arrested on the charge of bastardy preferred by Miss Gertie Powers, came up before Squire Breckenridge yesterday (Tuesday) afternoon. It occupied a very short time, the only testimony taken being that of the girl herself. The justice held Welch over to court in the sum of $400, which was furnished and he was released.

Freight Blockade.

There is a blockade of freight in the Pan Handle yard, owing to the fact