

BRYAN MAY RUN AGAIN.

Says He Won't Decide Until Time Comes to Act. San Antonio, Tex., Nov. 18.—In answer to the direct question "Will you run for the presidency again if conditions arise to warrant it?" William J. Bryan said: "My friends do not require me to prejudge the future. I shall continue to write and speak in defense of things which I believe to be good for the American people. I hope it may never become necessary to run for office again, but I will not attempt to decide that question until the time comes to act. I do not see any necessity to say more on the subject. "I am not at all discouraged as to the future of the Democratic party. There must be a Democratic party in every country, and I want our party to be Democratic, and I have no doubt that the country will see the necessity for the adoption of the reforms advocated by the Democratic party. It is already a great educational force, and I have no doubt that conditions will so indicate the party as to make the voters turn to it as the best instrument for the accomplishment of the necessary reforms. "Will you allow yourself to be elected United States senator from Nebraska?" he was asked. "Nebraska does not elect a senator this year."

CASTELLANE SUIT IN COURT.

Count Seeks to Recover Custody of His Three Boys. Paris, Nov. 18.—Count Boni de Castellane's suit to recover the guardianship of his three boys was called in court today. The attorneys of Princess Helle de Sagan tried to compromise the matter.



PRINCE HELIE DE SAGAN. but refused to agree to pay the \$50,000 a year demanded by Castellane for the support of the children.

LOOKOUT INN BURNED.

Famous Hotel on Top of Tennessee Mountain in Ruins. Chattanooga, Tenn., Nov. 18.—Laid in ruins by fire, the famous old Lookout inn, on the crest of Lookout mountain, is a heap of ashes today. The owners, Jung & Shammotulski, had just arranged for the sale of the inn for \$185,000. Aside from the hotel four cottages and their contents were destroyed, entailing a further loss of \$10,000. From the city the fire was spectacular. The crest of old Lookout was marked by a rim of fire, with a downward streak, making the red outline resemble a huge figure 9. The hotel contained about 400 rooms. Prince Henry of Prussia pronounced it the most ideal spot he had ever visited and the scenery more gorgeous than that of the Swiss Alps.

CHICAGO RAIDS BOXERS.

Principals and Promoters of Athletic Club Arrested. Chicago, Nov. 18.—Prospects for the resumption of boxing in Chicago were shattered when Chief of Police Shippy caused the arrest of six principals and promoters of a boxing match given in the Illinois Athletic club. The boxing contests, which were held in a club to which the general public was not admitted, were believed to be an opening wedge for the resumption of boxing, which has been prohibited in Chicago for four years. "Boxing will not be tolerated under the present municipal administration," declared Chief Shippy.

OUR CATTLE BARRED.

Canada Forbids Their Importation From Pennsylvania. Ottawa, Nov. 18.—The Canadian government has made an order prohibiting for six months the importation of cattle or hides from Pennsylvania. The cause alleged is the outbreak of foot and mouth disease in that state.

Weather Forecast.

Fair and warmer; light southwest winds.

LAMPHERE WEEPS

Angry Demonstration in Court Terrifies Accused.

THREATS TO MRS. GUNNESS.

Prosecution's Witnesses Tell of Love Affairs Between Farmhand and Woman Who Lured Him to Her Home.

Laporte, Ind., Nov. 18.—Ray Lamphere, the farmhand accused of murdering Mrs. Belle Gunness and her three children by setting fire to their home, wept in court when the spectators, indignant at the revelations made by witnesses for the prosecution, shouted out angry threats against him. Several witnesses testified that Lamphere made numerous threats against Mrs. Belle Gunness. Through these witnesses Prosecutor Smith tried to prove that a strong motive existed for Lamphere to annoy Mrs. Gunness and that this alleged annoyance terminated on the morning of April 28 in Lamphere setting fire to the Gunness house and burning the murderess and her children. The love affairs of Mrs. Gunness and Lamphere were told by William Slater, and his testimony tended to verify the state's contention that it was because of the falling out between the two that Lamphere sought to harm his former sweetheart and mistress. The relations between Lamphere and Mrs. Gunness as described by Slater caused a demonstration in the crowded courtroom, which was packed to suffocation, while hundreds hung around the outside unable to gain admittance. Peter Colson said he left the employment of Mrs. Gunness because he had been infatuated with her, but later he became suspicious, and, fearing her, he concluded to get away. He said he had been suspicious of the woman since the death of her husband, Peter Gunness. He said Lamphere had threatened to get even with Mrs. Gunness, who had turned Lamphere down for Helgelein. The troubles of Lamphere and Mrs. Gunness, as shown by the records of Justice Grover's court, were offered in evidence. The court records showed one trespass case, one surety of the peace action and proceedings to have Lamphere adjudged insane, all instigated by Mrs. Gunness. Joseph Maxson, a hired man, who escaped alive from the burning Gunness home, described the premises and the Gunness family circle fully. He told of seeing Lamphere skulking around the premises at night and said that Lamphere ran when discovered.

AUTOIST STRICKER KILLED.

Famous Driver Hurlled From Car in Wild Race. Birmingham, Ala., Nov. 18.—In a car making a speed of more than sixty miles an hour in an effort to lower the twenty-four hour automobile record Emile Stricker, the noted racing autoist, was instantly killed on the fair grounds track here. The track was poorly lighted, and when the car dashed around the curve at the west end of the track at better than a sixty mile clip one tire exploded, followed quickly by the explosion of a second tire. In an instant the car was a wreck. Stricker and his companion, Leon Barrows, were picked up and hurried to a hospital, but Stricker died before medical aid reached him. Barrows will recover. Stricker's reputation was won chiefly in Germany, where he had a name for daring and coolness second to no driver of his nation. He was brought to this country by Robert Graves to drive a car in the recent Vanderbilt cup race.

SOP TO CHADWICK VICTIMS.

Creditors to Receive 2 1/2 Per Cent of What is Due Them. Cleveland, Nov. 18.—A dividend of 2 1/2 per cent has been declared by Bankruptcy Referee Remington to creditors of Cassie L. Chadwick. This is the first and may be the last dividend the Chadwick creditors will receive. Millionaire Shot Dead. Jacksonville, Fla., Nov. 18.—E. E. Rawls, millionaire president of the Bradford Lumber company, was shot and instantly killed by T. S. Glover, his bookkeeper. Taft to Go to Havans. Havana, Nov. 18.—President Elect Taft will visit Havana to attend the inauguration of General Jose Miguel Gomez on Jan. 28 as president of Cuba.

PRESIDENT PRAISES Y. W. C. A.

Says No Movement Better Deserves Support of People. Washington, Nov. 18.—"I doubt if there is a movement, among the movements that one can broadly term philanthropic, in the country which better deserves the interest and support of our people than the movement for Young Women's Christian associations." Thus spoke President Roosevelt to a gathering of young women of Washington who called at the White House on the president's invitation to receive his congratulations on the splendid work being done by the Young Women's Christian association. "There has been in the past," continued the president, "a tendency to do more for young men than for young women. I remember twenty-five years ago, being very much struck, in New York, at a time when I had some connection with work on the east side, with the fact that there was so much more opportunity for a young man without friends in the city to get a place for himself, to escape temptation, to receive aid, than there was for a young woman; that too often there was no chance for the young woman who came to the city to receive help and have the human sympathy which she so much needed." The president then reviewed the work being done by the Young Women's Christian associations. Continuing, he said: "This association is peculiarly to be commended for the way in which it works in harmony with all other bodies. You have striven to make your work part of the general helpful work of the community. You try to work in connection with the various churches of all denominations, to help hand in hand with them. You try to work in connection with the other philanthropic organizations. I do not know an influence which has a greater need and which has a juster warrant for asking outsiders to help it than this."

DORANDO SAYS HE'LL WIN.

Italian Marathon Runner Here For Match With Hayes. New York, Nov. 18.—Dorando Pietri, the Italian runner who crossed the tape in the Marathon race at the Olympic games in London ahead of John J. Hayes, the American contestant who was afterward declared winner owing to the disqualification of the Italian, has arrived here from Europe. On Thanksgiving eve he will meet Hayes in a specially arranged race in Madison Square Garden over the same distance as the Marathon, 26 miles 385 yards. "I ought to have three or four weeks in which to get ready for my race with Hayes," said the Italian runner, "but even with the short time at my disposal in which to get ready for the race I am confident that I shall beat Hayes. "There is no doubt that Hayes was entitled to the victory in the Marathon race in London. I was assisted across the finish line, and that disqualified me. I had no desire to be helped. I wanted to finish the race without aid, but I was dragged across."

SEVEN RESCUED AT SEA.

Crew Worked Twelve Days at Pumps on Sinking Ship. New York, Nov. 18.—Rescued from a sinking schooner, the crew of the Jennie R. Thomas of Savannah was brought to this port on the steamship Afghanistan. Worn to shadows by working the pumps for twelve days, the seven sailors were in an exhausted and emaciated condition, although they had been picked up by the Afghanistan on Monday. The Jennie R. Thomas sprung a leak. The pumps were worked night and day, but in vain, and the men abandoned her at sea, when they took to the boats and went aboard the Afghanistan. NEW CABLE FOR CANADA. Messages at Cut Rates Between England and Dominion. Montreal, Nov. 18.—The Hon. Rodolphe Lemie has been empowered to make definite arrangements with the British cabinet to lay a government cable between Great Britain and Canada at the joint expense of the British, Canadian, Australian and New Zealand governments. Cablegrams are to cost fivepence a word instead of a shilling and press messages 2 1/2 pence instead of fivepence.

\$1,000 FOR MURDERERS.

Reward Offered For Arrest of Men Who Killed Farmer. Oswego, N. Y., Nov. 18.—The board of supervisors of Oswego county offer a reward of \$1,000 for the arrest of the murderers of John and Peter Bohll, the two farmers found dead in their home at Ingalls Crossing. The authorities have so far been unable to find any definite clues.

VON BULOW WINS.

Great Victory For Chancellor In Kaiser's Surrender.

MEANS PEACEFUL REVOLUTION

Constitutional Government Secured by Emperor's Abandonment of Personal Interference In Foreign Affairs.

Berlin, Nov. 18.—There is universal rejoicing throughout Germany over Chancellor von Bulow's victory in securing Emperor William's pledge to abandon his policy of personal interference in foreign affairs. It is regarded as a personal victory for von Bulow and puts him on a par with Bismarck as a history maker in the German empire. "The Radicals and Socialists declare it means a peaceful revolution and that it secures real constitutional government for the first time. By his complete surrender to the reichstag and the people the kaiser has averted a clash with the nation that seemed fraught with prospects of disaster and caused satisfaction and joy to replace muttered threats and grave discontent in every part of the German empire. After a conference with Chancellor von Bulow, in which the demands of the nation were put before him and the ultimatum of the chancellor to re-



CHANCELLOR VON BULOW.

sign if he did not give up his personal policy in government affairs, the emperor yielded completely. "It was the bitterest hour of my life," Emperor William said wearily after the conference had ended. Another effect of the kaiser's history making interview with von Bulow is the effectual quenching of almost the last flicker of the mediaeval torch of divine right. Bluntly and almost brutally the chancellor told William III. that he must capitulate to the demand of the German race people, who required of him that he would in future refrain from unwarranted meddling with the affairs of the state and practically leave the conduct of the public business of the country in the hands of his ministers and the reichstag. The conference was perhaps the most momentous of the kaiser's reign. All Germany heaved a sigh of relief when it was announced that the emperor had yielded satisfactorily and completely. Had the emperor stood firm even his fawning courtiers were afraid to forecast the outcome, for it would have precipitated a direct clash between the emperor and the empire. The meeting between the chancellor, who in this instance acted as the tribune of the people rather than the representative of his ruler, and the kaiser was dramatic in the extreme. Worn and nervous and with none of the old defiance that he used to flash in every look, the kaiser listened to the unvarnished truth boldly and mercifully related. Public opinion everywhere applauds the emperor's decision, and where twenty-four hours ago there was general revilement of him he is the object of greater esteem than at any other time in his life.

BASEBALL CLUB FINED.

National Commission Puts Catcher Ferd on Ineligible List. Cincinnati, Nov. 18.—A fine of \$250 against the Brandon club in Canada was imposed by the national baseball commission in a decision declaring that Catcher Ford, who was purchased by the Philadelphia Americans in 1907 from the Edmonton club, be placed on the ineligible list. The player failed to report to Philadelphia and was missing during the season. He was playing with the Brandon club.

UPRISING AT ST. PIERRE.

American Flag Displayed by Rioters in French Colony.

St. Pierre, N. F., Nov. 18.—The uprising against the authorities here continues, and the limited police force is unable to maintain order. The manifestation on the part of the populace is due to the school question. The people of St. Pierre demand free schools in which religious instruction is given. Two schoolmasters charged with conducting free schools were convicted and fined \$200 each, and the schools were closed. This inflamed the population, which assembled on the streets and violently denounced the French government. Some one obtained an American flag during the height of the excitement, and with it at their head the marchers went to the government house, where a riotous demonstration was made. British Warship Sent to St. Pierre. St. John's, N. F., Nov. 18.—Dispatches from St. Pierre state that the situation there is serious. The British warship Brilliant, now in St. John's harbor, has been directed to proceed to the French town. France has no warship nearer St. Pierre than the West Indies. St. Pierre dispatches state that a crowd that marched to the government house numbered 1,000 and that it also visited the American consulate and cheered the United States. It is believed here that should the French government refuse to reconsider its action in regard to the schools the annexation party at St. Pierre will endeavor to induce the United States to purchase the colony.

LABOR AT WHITE HOUSE.

Powderly, Stone and Hannahan Among President's Guests. Washington, Nov. 18.—Members of the cabinet and justices of the supreme court of the United States sat down with labor leaders at a dinner given by President Roosevelt at the White House. From the supreme court there were Justice Holmes and Justice Moody. The cabinet was represented by Secretary James R. Garfield of the interior department and Secretary Oscar S. Straus of the department of commerce and labor. The labor hosts were represented by Terence V. Powderly, ex-president of the Knights of Labor; Warren S. Stone, grand chief of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers; John J. Hannahan, grand master of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen; W. S. Carter, grand secretary and treasurer of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen; P. H. Morrissey, grand master of Railway Trainmen; T. J. Dolan, general secretary-treasurer of the International Brotherhood of Steam Shovel and Dredge Men; A. L. Faulkner, president of the National Window Glass Workers; David Mackay, president of the building trades' organization, and John J. Towers, secretary-treasurer of the New York state council of carpenters.

NO PERSIAN PARLIAMENT.

Shah Definitely Refuses to Revive the Constitution. London, Nov. 18.—The shah of Persia has notified the British and Russian ministers at Teheran that he can convoke parliament only on condition that the two ministers guarantee the safety of his life and the throne. The ministers being unable to accept the proposal, the shah definitely refused to revive the constitution.

ENVOY DISCUSSES LABOR.

French Ambassador Addresses Cleveland Chamber of Commerce. Cleveland, Nov. 18.—Among the speakers at the chamber of commerce banquet was J. J. Jusserand, the French ambassador. He discussed capital's relation to labor and told of the efforts being made in his country to better the condition of the workingman.

HISGEN ANNOUNCES HE IS OUT OF POLITICS.

Springfield, Mass., Nov. 18.—Thomas L. Hisgen announces that he is out of politics.

DYNAMITE FOR KAISER.

Cartridges Placed by Accident on the Wrong Track. Frankfort-on-the-Main, Nov. 18.—An attempt was made to blow up the train on which Emperor William journeyed from Donaueschingen to Berlin. The would be assassins, however, placed the dynamite on the tracks paralleling the ones over which the imperial train passed. The Royal railway administrative office here makes public a statement that on both Sunday and Monday dynamite cartridges were found on the tracks near the station at Muhlslin, between Frankfort and Hanan. As this occurred in Hessian territory, the states attorney at Darmstadt has instituted an investigation.

JOHN D. ON VIEW.

Head of Standard Oil Waits to Give Testimony.

HIS BROTHER SUBPOENAED TOO

Archbold and Moffett Will Also Be Called For the Defense In the Government's Suit to Dissolve the Trust.

New York, Nov. 18.—In anticipation of hearing John D. Rockefeller as a witness for the defense in the suit of the government to dissolve the Standard Oil company the small courtroom in the custom house, where the hearing is being conducted before Referee Franklin Ferris, was uncomfortably crowded today. Mr. Rockefeller appeared in court for a brief time, but was disappointed at not being called during the forenoon. He appeared smiling and in the best of health. In addition to John D. Rockefeller, three other dominant figures in the Standard Oil company—namely, Wil-



WILLIAM ROCKEFELLER.

lam Rockefeller, John D. Archbold and James A. Moffett—have received notices to appear. Testimony of a technical nature regarding the pipe line service of the company prevented the calling of any of the Standard Oil heads, and the spectators were disappointed. There is a strong probability that John D. Rockefeller may take the stand tomorrow morning, for it is expected that by that time the prosecution and the defense will have finished with the present witnesses. The four prominent witnesses will not appear in court until the defense is ready to put them on the stand. Morris Rosenthal, senior counsel for the Standard Oil company, will examine John D. Rockefeller on the stand. Then Special Attorney Frank Kellogg will conduct the cross examination, which is expected to be the most interesting feature of the entire hearing. The defense will aim to secure from Mr. Rockefeller the early history of the Standard Oil company. Great leeway is granted to Mr. Kellogg in the cross examination, as he is permitted to ask any questions he deems important to the case. Referee Ferris will not have the power to pass upon the legal points involved when the lawyers for the defense make objections, and the witness will be compelled to answer and rest content with the objection of his counsel noted on the records, subject to being stricken out later. If Mr. Rockefeller should refuse to answer on advice of counsel Referee Ferris' probable course would be to apply to a federal judge for a ruling on the point involved. J. W. Vandegrift, general manager of the Southern Pipe Line company, and E. W. Schroeder, professor of hydraulics at Cornell university, were called by the defense to prove scientifically the intermixtures of oils of varying specific gravities when run through the same pipes, one following or preceding the other. The defense introduced this evidence to substantiate the testimony of the Oklahoma and Pennsylvania oil producers, who claim that to make the pipe lines common carriers would be neither practicable nor profitable.

UP IN WRIGHT AEROPLANE.

Count de Lambert Makes Flights Without Inventor. Le Mans, Nov. 18.—Count de Lambert made two flights unaccompanied in the Wright aeroplane. On each occasion he remained in the air for about fifteen minutes.

Half Million in Cotton Burned Up.

Indianola, Miss., Nov. 18.—Cotton worth \$500,000 was destroyed by fire in the Indianola company's warehouse here.