

THE CITIZEN

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E. B. HARDENBERGH, PRESIDENT
B. H. WITHERBEE, MANAGING EDITOR
J. M. SMELTZER, ASSOCIATE EDITOR

DIRECTORS:
C. H. DORFLINGER, M. S. ALLEN, H. WILSON, E. B. HARDENBERGH, W. W. WOOD

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All notices of shows, or other entertainments held for the purpose of making money or any items that contain advertising matter, will only be admitted to this paper on payment of regular advertising rates. Notice of entertainments for the benefit of churches or for charitable purposes where a fee is charged, will be published at half rates. Cards of thanks, 50 cents, memorial poetry and resolutions of respect will be charged for at the rate of a cent a word. Advertising rates on application.

The policy of the The Citizen is to print the local news in an interesting manner, to summarize the news of the world at large, to fight for the right as this paper sees the right, without fear or favor to the end that it may serve the best interests of its readers and the welfare of the county.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 9, 1911.

GOING DOWN.

All the new crop futures beyond September in the cotton market went below 11 cents a pound last Wednesday. Thus good news continues to come from that market for the manufacturer and consumer, which means all of us, while the planter finds compensation in the prospective great abundance of his harvest. People who a month ago were predicting 10 to 11-cent cotton were thought half-crazy. They now appear in the character of true prophets.

ONE WOMAN MAKING MONEY.

A woman is now in actual charge of the mints of the United States. Miss Margaret Kelley, long connected with the mint bureau, was Tuesday appointed examiner, in which position she will be next in authority to Geo. E. Roberts, the director, and much of the active administration of the coinage of money for the government will devolve upon her. Mr. Roberts at present is out of Washington and will not be back for several weeks. Miss Kelley's salary will be \$3000 a year, making her the highest paid woman in the government service. Thus we see that there is no end to the fields in which women may conquer.

DULL MONTH FOR STOCK MARKET.

Only about 5,660,000 shares changed hands during July on the New York stock exchange—the smallest volume of trading recorded for the month in over 10 years, a volume frequently equaled in a single week. For the year to date also all records for dullness have been broken during a period extending back more than a decade. Bond sales, however, have been above rather than below the average. It has thus been a notable year so far for extreme caution in speculative commitments, and for this the popular unrest and aggressively hostile attitude toward corporations are probably to be held chiefly responsible. We think that caution is always a good thing in speculations. If the money that Wayne county has sunk in different outside schemes were deposited in the county banks, how happy everyone would be!

SUCCESS TO THE LION.

Eighty-two years ago Tuesday, August 8, steam issued from the stack of the first locomotive that turned a wheel on the American continent, the Stourbridge Lion, and Honesdale has the honor of being that place and the Delaware and Hudson railroad the road over which it ran.

The Citizen, editorially, called attention to the fact a few weeks ago that there was no marker telling of this historical event and suggested that a project be launched for the purpose of getting funds to erect a suitable memorial commemorating this event. It also suggested that Mayor Kuhbach appoint a committee composed of citizens of the town to decide upon cost, location, etc., and to head a subscription list, the Citizen pledging \$10.

Mayor Kuhbach was heartily encouraged by a number of prominent citizens and appointed a representative committee, which has appeared in The Citizen heretofore. An enthusiastic meeting was held Wednesday evening, June 28, in the law office of Homer Greene at the call of Mayor Kuhbach. Officers were elected, Homer Greene being the unanimous selection for chairman.

Resolutions were adopted and plans laid for a country-wide canvass for funds from the railroads and other large industries affiliated with them. Local and general committees have been appointed and the project is now well under way.

There is no doubt whatever but that the Stourbridge Lion was the first locomotive to turn a wheel by steam upon the American continent and that Horatio Allen was the first locomotive engineer. The fact is well authenticated by witnesses who saw the historical run and by men of prominence in other spheres of life and also those connected with railroads. It has been recently stated that the Stourbridge Lion is "said" to have been the first locomotive. The committee and others know that it was the first engine and that Horatio Allen was its first engineer. Success to the Stourbridge Lion Association.

REFORMING PRISONERS.

Somebody has said "the best asset society has is a good citizen." Nobody can dispute this statement. It is a truism that successfully challenges all attack. It was undoubtedly the recognition of this truth which caused the Pennsylvania Bar association at a recent meeting to take up the question of more humane and intelligent treatment of prisoners in the penal institutions of the State. It was suggested that men confined for crimes against the Commonwealth be compelled to engage in some productive and remunerative employment, and that a part of the proceeds be given to their families from whom they are temporarily withdrawn. In this demand the lawyers recognized that one of the best methods that can be used for the reformation of a fallen man is to compel him to become a producer of something useful.

If the imprisoned man can be shown that the product of his toil is to be used for the comfort of those whose support he had guaranteed in happier times, his latent self respect, if he has even a vestige of it left, is bound to assert itself. It is the unremunerative toll, the toll which gives to the toiler no recompense nor gives to his family any comfort, that degrades. Altruists and many who are not altruists, but simply men of common sense, are demanding that the system of punishing prisoners be changed. They are not doing this because of a maudlin sympathy for the person incarcerated. They simply want to bring the offender back to paths of righteousness, thus redeeming a valuable asset to the State. In his fallen condition he is useless. He is a producer of nothing but discord, strife and unhappiness. These reformers want him to be a tiller of the soil. They want him to be

added to the industrial ranks of the nation.

In considering the reformation of prisoners, the advanced thinker takes little heed of the criminal himself. His sufferings are nothing as compared with the rights of society. But the protection of the community can be better secured by the regeneration of the lawbreaker than by his perpetual degradation. It is one of those happy instances where what is best for the individual is best for the collective whole.

POLITICAL CALENDAR.

September 5 and 9—Registry assessor at the polling places in boroughs and townships to receive application from voters to register and to revise the May registration.

September 7—Registry lists to be returned to the county commissioners' office.

September 9—Last day to file petitions to have names printed upon official ballots. Ten names are required on petitions for city, borough, township or precinct office; 50 names for county offices; 200 names for judge. Last day for commissioners to change polling places for fall election.

September 23—Forms of all ballots to be voted at the primary to be on file in commissioners' office and open for public inspection.

September 30—Fall primary, from 2 to 8 p. m.

October 3—Last day to file primary returns in office of county commissioners. Time expires at noon.

October 4—Commissioners commence at noon to make official count of primary returns.

October 7—Last day to pay taxes to be qualified to vote at the November election.

October 14—Last day to file expense accounts in office of clerk of courts if primary expenses have been over \$50.

October 7—Last day to file nomination papers for city and county offices.

October 23—Last day to file nomination papers for borough and township offices.

October 30—Last day for primary expense account to be filed with clerk of court if expenses have been over \$50.

November 7—General election. December 4—City, borough, township, ward and precinct officers elected on November 7 commence their terms. Expense accounts must be filed before oath of office is administered.

December 9—Last day to file expense account for county officers elected and for all candidates not elected.

"FLY CATECHISM."

1. Is the fly dangerous?
He is man's worst pest and more dangerous than wild beasts or rattlesnakes.

2. What diseases does the fly carry?
He carries typhoid fever and tuberculosis.

3. How?
On his wings and hairy feet.

4. What is his correct name?
Typhoid fly.

5. Did he ever kill anyone?
He killed more American soldiers during the Spanish-American war than the bullets of the Spaniards.

6. Where are the most flies?
Where there is the most filth.

7. Why should we kill the fly?
Because he may kill us.

Mr. Edward Hatch, Jr., chairman of the Fly-Fighting Committee of the American Civic Association says: "Screens are all very well. So is fly paper. We are glad to have the cooperation of the manufacturers of both. But what we want to impress upon the public is the necessity for removing the causes that breed flies. Cleanliness is the beginning and end of the housefly problem. If we had no sewage and no horses and no raw sewage discharging into open water ways, two of the greatest causes of the fly pest would disappear, for the fly's chief breeding place is the stable and the greatest danger of his disseminating disease germs is found in larger cities. Still we have stables and sewage and are likely to have for some time yet, so we must make our rules for dealing with the fly pest such as best fit the situation. Garbage cans should be kept covered and when emptied should be cleaned or sprinkled thoroughly with lime or kerosene oil. Until the community in which he lives appreciates its responsibility sufficiently to take the precautions I have indicated, it will probably be necessary for even the careful housekeeper to use screens on his doors and windows, and it may be to use fly papers, traps and poisons for killing the flies that get past the screens. Twenty drops of carbolic acid vaporized on a hot shovel will kill the flies in a room of ordinary size. A tablespoonful of formaldehyde and a quart of a pint of water exposed in shallow dish will have the same effect. The burning of pyrethrum powder, stupefies the flies so that they may be swept up and burned. Care must be taken to see that each of the drugs recommended is fresh and pure."

NEW VILLAGE BLACKSMITH.

Under a costly canopy
The village blacksmith sits;
Before him is a touring car
Broken to little bits—
And the owner, and the chauffeur,
Too,
Have almost lost their wits.

The village blacksmith smiles with glee
As he lights his fat cigar—
He tells his helpers what to do
To straighten up the car—
And the owner, and the chauffeur,
Too,

Stand humbly where they are.
The village blacksmith puffs his weed
And smiles a smile of cheer
And while his helpers pump the tires
And monkey with the gear—
And the owner, and the chauffeur,
Too,

Stand reverently near.
Behind the village blacksmith is
The portal of his shop;
The shop is very large in size,
With a tiled roof on top—
And the owner, and the chauffeur,
Too,

At it were glad to stop.
The children, going home from school,
Look in at the open door;
They like to see him make his bills
And hear the owners roar—
And the chauffeurs weep as they declare
They ne'er paid that before.

He goes each morning to the bank
And salts away his cash;
A high silk hat and long frock coat
Help him to cut a dash—
But the owner, and the chauffeur
Too,
Their teeth all vainly gnash.

The chestnut tree long since has died,
The smith does not repine;
His humble shop has grown into
A building big and fine—
And it bears "Garage" above the door
On a large electric sign.
—Chicago Evening Post.

HOW'S THIS?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO.,
Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

Walding, Kinnan & Marvin,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION SUBMITTED TO THE CITIZENS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH FOR THEIR APPROVAL OR REJECTION, BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, AND PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, IN PURSUANCE OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE CONSTITUTION.

Number One.
A JOINT RESOLUTION.

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, so as to consolidate the courts of common pleas of Allegheny County.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in General Assembly met, That the following amendment to the

Constitution of Pennsylvania be, and the same is hereby, proposed, in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof:—

That section six of article five be amended, by striking out the said section, and inserting in place thereof the following:

Section 5. In the county of Philadelphia all the jurisdiction and powers now vested in the district courts and courts of common pleas, subject to such changes as may be made by this Constitution or by law, shall be in Philadelphia vested in five distinct and separate courts of equal and co-ordinate jurisdiction, composed of three judges each. The said courts in Philadelphia shall be designated respectively as the court of common pleas number one, number two, number three, number four, and number five, but the number of said courts may be by law increased, from time to time, and shall be in like manner designated by successive numbers. The number of judges in any of said courts, or in any county where the establishment of an additional court may be authorized by law, may be increased, from time to time, and whenever such increase shall amount in the whole to three, such three judges shall compose distinct and separate court as aforesaid, which shall be numbered as aforesaid. In Philadelphia all suits shall be instituted in the said courts of common pleas without designating the number of the said court, and the several courts shall distribute and apportion the business among them in such manner as shall be provided by rules of court, and each court, to which any suit shall be thus assigned, shall have exclusive jurisdiction thereof, subject to change of venue, as shall be provided by law.

In the county of Allegheny all the jurisdiction and powers now vested in the several numbered courts of common pleas shall be vested in one court of common pleas, composed of all the judges in commission in said courts. Such jurisdiction and powers shall extend to all proceedings at law and in equity which shall have been instituted in the several numbered courts, and shall be subject to such changes as may be made by law, and subject to change of venue as provided by law. The president judge of said court shall be selected as provided by law. The number of judges in said court may be by law increased from time to time. This amendment shall take effect on the first day of January succeeding its adoption.

A true copy of Resolution No. 1, ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Number Two.
A JOINT RESOLUTION.

Proposing an amendment to section eight, article nine, of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in General Assembly met, That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof:—

Amendment to Article Nine, Section Eight.

Section 2. Amend section eight, article nine, of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, which reads as follows:—

"Section 8. The debt of any county, city, borough, township, school district, or other municipality or incorporated district, except as herein provided, shall never exceed seven per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein, nor shall any such municipality or district incur any new debt, or increase its indebtedness to an amount exceeding two per centum upon such assessed valuation of property, without the assent of the electors thereof at a public election in such manner as shall be provided by law; but any city, the debt of which now exceeds seven per centum of such assessed valuation, may be authorized by law to increase the same three per centum, in the aggregate, at any one time, upon such valuation, except that any debt or debts hereinafter incurred by the city and county of Philadelphia for the construction and development of subways for transit purposes, or for the construction of wharves and docks, or the reclamation of land to be used in the construction of a system of wharves and docks, as public improvements, owned or to be owned by said city and county of Philadelphia, and which shall yield to the city and county of Philadelphia current net revenue in excess of the interest on said debt or debts of the annual installments necessary for the cancellation of said debt or debts, may be excluded in ascertaining the power of the city and county of Philadelphia to become otherwise indebted: Provided, That a sinking fund for their cancellation shall be established and maintained.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 2, ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

"I take pleasure in replying to yours of the 14th, concerning the treatment of San Jose scale by the application of certain chemicals.

"I must say that I have tried the preparation known as 'Klecker's Fertilizing and Scale Treatment,' by the 'Fertilizing Scale Co.' of Allentown, Pa., and have found that it is liable to injure the tree, and does not in any sense affect the scale. In the first place, no material will be taken up in solution by a living tree when placed beneath the bark. Secondly, if such a thing were possible, it would poison the fruits for people to use, as well as for the insects. Thirdly, the poison used is cyanide of potassium, which is one of the most deadly poisons. If this were taken in the sap of the tree, it would be disposed in the leaves and fruit, and would kill any animals feeding on the leaves as well as persons feeding on the fruit, and also would modify the appearance and flavor of the fruit. You can see that it is nonsense to state that this would kill the scale and other pests of the tree, and not affect the sap of the tree for persons using its products.

Even if the cyanide of potassium powder were effective in controlling the scale by such means, you can see that any person would buy this material for himself and apply it to his trees, and not pay such a tremendously high price to the Company as I understand this Company is getting rich in the sale of this product. You can buy the cyanide of potassium for about thirty cents per pound, and one pound of this will make more material than this Company sells for ten dollars. However, I warn you against the use of it, as it is not effective. Also, it is a very deadly poison to handle.

I am surprised that anyone would make claim that this material kills the scale and does not injure the tree. But just such statements were made by a few persons who used the sulphur-resin-gum-powder combination known as 'Sea-kill,' that was manufactured and sold at Waynesboro, Pa., a few years ago. Fortunately, for the fruit growers of this State, that firm was put out of business. The U. S. Postoffice authorities declared them a fraud, and prohibited them using the U. S. mail."

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