

NO SIGN OF STRIKE SETTLEMENT.

ARMORED TRAINS.

President Mitchell Denies Rumors That Peace is Pending—Claims That the Men Are Firm.

President John Mitchell, of the United Mine Workers of America, reached Chicago Friday from Indianapolis. He saw no members of the Civic Federation and stated that the anthracite strike seemed as far from settlement as ever. Armored trains provided with loopholes for rifles and revolvers have been sent to different parts of the Schuylkill coal region for the use of special policemen at the collieries. An official of the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company said: "There will be a camp train consisting of from one to four cars at all collieries, and where the operations are isolated there will be a train for each colliery, but wherever possible the camp trains will be made to do service for two, three or more collieries. The police as a rule will wear the regulation blue uniforms. They will be armed with revolvers, but they will have Winchester repeating rifles handy, and plenty of ammunition to use in them.

At a meeting of colliery firm, engineers and pumpmen, between Hickory Ridge and Centralia, at Shamokin, it was decided by a vote of 122 to 4 to go on strike unless the operators grant an eight hour work day at the present scale of wages. One hundred deputies were sworn in by Justices of the Peace at the request of the coal companies. The special policemen will be distributed at collieries in that district to protect men in the fire rooms and at the pumps. An agent for a West Virginia coal company who has been in Wilkesbarre the past week hiring men to go South, was assaulted by striking miners and their sympathizers at a Slavish settlement in the northern part of that city. The party making the assault said the agent was trying to get the anthracite miners to go to West Virginia to take the places of strikers there. The company representative tried to escape by jumping on an electric car as it was passing, but he was pulled from the car and severely beaten.

All the coal companies at Hazleton are commissioning special officers to guard their property. Fifty-five special policemen were sworn in by G. B. Markle & Co., and an additional 50 will be enrolled. Coxie Brothers have deputized their office clerks and trusted men to guard duty.

At a meeting at Scranton, attended by over 100 engineers, pumpmen and firemen, employed at the eight collieries of the New York, Ontario and Western Company, the order, taking out the men was endorsed.

DEPUTIES GUARD MINES.

Operators Increasing Special Force of Police at the Plants. The coal companies of the anthracite region around Pottsville, are gathering an army of special policemen to protect their property in the event of a conflict. The Philadelphia and Reading Company had 125 policemen sworn in to supplement its regular force of 150. The St. Clair Coal Company and the Gluck Mountain Coal Company had commissions issued to a number of special policemen. The Lehigh Valley Coal Company and the Pennsylvania Company will each have 50 policemen sworn in.

COMMITTEES ANNOUNCED.

Who Will Serve Presbyterian General Assembly During Ensuing Year.

Stated Clerk Roberts, of the Presbyterian General Assembly announced at New York the special committee; Committee for inter-denominational conferences on the question of divorce and marriage—Rev. C. A. Dickey, D. D., Rev. J. W. McVinn, D. D., Baltimore; Rev. S. F. Nicolis, D. D., Rev. W. J. MacCoughan, D. D., Rev. Paul F. Sutphen, D. D., Elders John E. Parsons, New York; W. M. Lansing, Trenton, N. J.; S. P. Harbison, Allegheny, Pa.; and John W. Foster. Special committee to promote the work among the young people's societies—Rev. W. R. Taylor, Rev. Charles Wood, Rev. John Stone, Rev. J. Ross Stevens and Elders J. Willis Baer, Louis H. Severance, Cleveland, O., and A. F. McDonald. Special committee for the raising of the debt on the Presbyterian building was continued and reinforced. Among the new members are John Wanamaker and Robert C. Ogden.

FIFTY CENTS PER FOOT.

Enormous Sum Must Be Paid for Tunnel Rights.

The terms of the Pennsylvania Railroad will have to pay for the privilege of tunneling beneath the city have been given out. The railroad company has agreed to pay for the first 10 years 50 cents a year for every track foot, that is, for every foot of track laid, and not for the length of the tunnel. For the subsequent 15 years the company will pay \$1 a year for every track foot. Those prices must be paid not only for the trunk lines, but also for sidings and turnout. The sum the city will realize annually has not been estimated, but it will be enormous.

Shoies Defeats Titus.

The thirty-sixth annual regatta of the Harlem Regatta Association was held on the Speedway course, Harlem river, Thursday. The races were one mile straight-away. In the senior single shoies the Canadian defeated Titus by one and a half length.

Earthquake in Connecticut.

Residents of the southern part of East Hampton, Conn., felt what they believed were earthquake shocks Thursday.

ARMY CUT DOWN.

Coast Contingent to Be Kept at Its Former Figures, but Others Are Reduced.

By direction of the President, Secretary Root has issued a general order decreasing the strength of our permanent military establishment and changing the ratio of its make-up to carry out the army reorganization. Under the general order of last May the total strength of the army was fixed at 77,287 men. The new order reduces this figure to 69,497—a reduction of 7,790. In the cavalry branch of the service the old order specified 12 troops of 85 men each to a regiment; the new order establishes 12 troops of 75 men each. This will decrease the total strength of the 15 cavalry regiments from 18,840 to 14,040. In the artillery branch the coast contingent will be kept at its former strength of 126 companies of 109 enlisted men each, or a total of 13,734, but the field artillery will be reduced from 20 batteries of 160 men each to 28 batteries (25 light and 3 mountain) of 120 men each. Provision is made in the new order for two siege batteries, each with a strength of 160 men which, in addition to the light and mountain batteries, will give the artillery corps a total enlisted strength of 17,742, as against the 18,842 men provided in the former order. The new order reduces the number of men in an infantry company from 104 to 80, and our 39 regiments, of 12 companies each, will now give a total infantry force of 29,520, instead of 38,520. The strength of the engine branch remains as formerly, as does also the strength of the staff departments. It will be the plan of the War Department hereafter to divide the army, as provided in the order, into thirds, having one-third of the establishment in the Philippines at all times.

TO MAKE TWO TRIPS WEST.

President Roosevelt May Go on a Bear Hunt.

President Roosevelt has undertaken to make two trips through the Western country next fall. One will be in the Southwest and the other in the Northwest. About the last of September the President will go to Springfield, Ill., and to Detroit, Mich., stopping en route at some other points not yet determined upon. In the latter part of October he will go as far into the Southwest as San Antonio, Tex. He has been strongly urged to go on a bear hunt in Mississippi, as the guest of the Governor of that State, and he may avail himself of this opportunity to accept the invitation.

JENNINGS EXCITED.

Marvelous Oil Well Gushes and Inhabitants Get Wild.

A new Jennings, La., gusher was spouted Wednesday in the presence of 2,000 people. All large oil companies in the Beaumont field had representatives present. The well was pronounced the equal of the best Beaumont gushers in every respect. A four-inch stream of oil shot 200 feet in the air.

Bells in Memory of McKinley.

A chime of 10 bells was dedicated to the memory of William McKinley in Lincoln, Neb. They are placed in the spire of the largest church in the city, St. Paul's Methodist. They were dedicated with impressive services. McKinley's favorite hymn, "Lead, Kindly Light," and "Nearer, My God, to Thee," were played during the dedication.

CABLE FLASHES.

Charles Gassiot, of London, England, has bequeathed his art collection, worth \$500,000, to the city of London.

The German men-of-war withdrawn from the coast of Venezuela will return there as soon as the weather permits. Germany is determined to press her claims without resort to arbitration.

The United States cruiser San Francisco is now on her way to the United States from England, after making exhaustive surveys and conducting semi-diplomatic negotiations regarding a United States coaling station in the West African Republic of Liberia.

Richard Westcott, in charge of the United States consulate general in London, England, received a letter offering 250 guineas for an American wife with money.

President Palma had the wreck of the Maine in the harbor at Havana, Cuba, decorated with Cuban flags and garlands of roses in memory of the 200 Americans who lost their lives there.

The Rome correspondent says that at the consistory to be held June 9, the Pope will nominate Archbishop Keane, of Dubuque, Ia., to succeed the late Archbishop Corrigan, of New York.

The resignation of the Premier M. Waldeck-Rousseau, was formally communicated at the meeting of the French Cabinet Wednesday. The entire Cabinet resigns with M. Waldeck-Rousseau.

It is announced that Michael Henry Herbert, who is nominally secretary to the British embassy at Paris, will be the next British ambassador to the United States in succession to the late Lord Pauncefote.

The British steamer Atrato, Captain Stranger, arrived at Kingston, Jamaica, from Colon, Colombia. She reports that there was heavy fighting at Bocas del Toro last week. The revolutionists are said to have mined the town of Bocas.

The annual spring parade of the garrisons of the Berlin, Germany military district, was held on the Tempelhof field. Thirty thousand troops, twice the usual number, took part in it for the edification of the Shah of Persia.

The United States Commission in the Philippines has passed an act of civil government by which the adjoining provinces of Lapanto and Bontoc are divided into three sub-provinces under one Governor and two Lieutenant Governors.

AMNESTY ONLY FOR THE NATIVES.

SCANDAL OVER MESSAGE.

Cuban House of Representatives Reconsider the Bill Granting Pardon to Prisoners.

The House of Representatives of Cuba, has reconsidered the bill which provided amnesty for Americans under sentence or in jail in Cuba and has added an amendment which provides that amnesty be granted to native born Americans only. In this form the bill was sent to the Senate. The purpose of the amendment is to exclude from the proposed amnesty those naturalized American citizens who might be released under the bill and who might still continue to reside in Cuba. The House has voted to fix the salary of the President of the republic at \$25,000 a year and that of members of Congress at \$3,500. President Palma's message to Congress was read Wednesday. Considerable scandal has arisen from the fact that this message was published by a local paper before it had been delivered to Congress. The House passed a resolution to the effect that it considered the premature publication of the message a discourtesy on the part of the President. Palma, the President, was greatly irritated over the occurrence and has discharged one of his aids. Detectives have been put to work in an endeavor to learn how the message reached the newspaper that published it. A typewriter who was employed by the President has been taken into custody.

NO BEGGARS IN CUBA.

General Wood Notes Special Feature of Conditions There.

Leonard Wood says the people of Cuba are a good, hard-working lot. There is less than 2 per cent. of Americans on the island. The population is almost exclusively foreign to us. When one stops to think that to-day Cuba has no beggars one must be impressed with the belief that there is some virtue in the people of the island themselves.

AT THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Washington authorities are alarmed over the prevalence of cholera in the Philippines.

The President has nominated to be Brigadier General, Colonel Samuel M. Whiteside and Sumner H. Lincoln. Representative Payne, New York, Thursday introduced a resolution to rescind all leaves of absence heretofore granted members.

Senator McLaurin, of South Carolina, probably will be nominated Judge of the Court of Claims to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Judge John Davis.

The Navy Department has ordered the training ship Dixie, which has been performing relief work in the volcanic-stricken districts, to return to New York.

The Senate Committee on Naval Affairs Tuesday agreed to report favorably the bill providing for the retirement of Naval Constructor Richmond P. Hobson.

The government of France has bestowed upon Assistant Secretary Pierce, Colonel Bingham and Commander Rodgers, the decoration of the Legion of Honor.

Buenos Aires, one of the principal figures of the so-called Aguinado government in the Philippines, holding the office of Secretary of State, has arrived in Washington.

General Whiteside, formerly military general at Santiago, Cuba, presented to the President a large Cuban battleflag, from the officers of the Fourth Guantanamo Regiment.

The Navy Department has ordered the gunboat Ranger, now at San Francisco, to proceed to Panama and relieve the cruiser Philadelphia, the latter coming north for repairs.

The House Committee on Library has directed a favorable report on the bill for a statue to General Count Casimir Pulaski, the Polish patriot of the Revolutionary War, to cost \$50,000.

A beautiful floral tribute was sent by the Department of the Potomac, G. A. R., to be placed on the tomb containing the remains of the late President McKinley, at Canton, on Decoration Day.

Attorney General P. C. Knox was confined to his bed Wednesday with a heavy cold. After the Pauncefoot funeral services President Roosevelt drove over to his residence and called upon him.

The bill of Representative Overstreet abolishing the one-eighth keg of beer was favorably acted upon by the Ways and Means Committee. The measure is desired by the beer trade in order to do away with the small kegs.

The Mercer omnibus public building bill was agreed on in conference. The bill carried \$15,800,000 when it left the House. The Senate added \$3,200,000. In conference the Senate amendments were reduced about \$1,200,000.

Mr. Raikes, in charge of the British embassy, called upon Secretary Hay and formally expressed the high sense of appreciation of the British government at the unusual honors done the memory of the late Lord Pauncefoot.

It is said at the War Department that the departure of the Hancock and Sherman from Manila with the Ninth and Nineteenth Regiments of Infantry reduces the army in the Philippines to less than 28,000 men.

The report that Gaynor and Greene, in Quebec, had notified the Attorney General that they are willing to return to the United States and stand trial, is denied on the authority of Attorney General Knox.

Postmaster General Payne has called for bids, to be opened on July 12.

CONGRESSIONAL NOTES.

Bar Out Anarchists.

In the Senate Tuesday Mr. Patterson spoke several hours on the Philippine question. A fruitless effort was made to secure an agreement on a time to vote on the bill. A committee was named to confer with a House committee on the army appropriation bill.

The House Tuesday passed the Shattuck immigration bill. The feature of the day was a lively debate on the question of prohibiting the sale of intoxicating liquors at immigrant stations which was adopted by a vote of 83 to 18. Among the more important changes are those increasing the head tax on aliens coming into the United States by land transportation from \$1 to \$1.50; adding to the excluded classes anarchists or persons who advocate the overthrow of government by force. Broadening the word "contract" in the contract labor law to include "offer, solicitation or promise" that immigrants over 15 years of age should be able to read in some language.

The Bullion Debate.

An agreement was reached in the Senate Wednesday by which a final vote on the pending Philippine government bill and all amendments will be taken up June 3. A bill was passed providing for the occupancy by the G. A. R. of the new public printing during the National encampment in October. After passing several outline bills the Senate went into executive session.

The House spent Wednesday debating the bill to increase the subsidiary coinage by coining the silver dollar in the Treasury, and to re-coin standard silver dollars as the public necessities may require. Mr. Newlands, Nevada, offered an amendment to make subsidiary silver a legal tender and this amendment was pending when the House adjourned.

Subsidy Increase Favored.

The debate on the Philippine bill was continued in the Senate Thursday. Messrs. Morgan, Alabama, and Spooner, Wisconsin, speaking.

The House Thursday passed the bill to increase the subsidiary silver coinage, so much of any act as fixes a limit to the aggregate of subsidiary coin outstanding and so much of any act as directs the coinage of any portion of the bullion purchased under the act of July 14, 1890, into standard silver dollars, is repealed by the bill.

Prolonged Session.

Mr. Spooner, Wisconsin, finished in the Senate Saturday his speech in support of the Philippine government bill. Mr. Carmack followed and continued until 10:20 p. m., at which hour the Senate adjourned.

QUARANTINE AGAINST STATE.

Kentucky Afraid Smallpox Will Be Brought Across the Border.

The Kentucky Board of Health has declared a quarantine against the State of Indiana on account of smallpox. The quarantine is to go into effect at noon on Sunday, June 1. After that time no person can come into Kentucky from Indiana who cannot show a certificate signed by a duly authorized health officer showing that the bearer has been successfully vaccinated within five years.

TRAIN LEFT THE TRACK.

Engine Overturned and Four Cars Demolished.

A Norfolk and Western passenger train left the rail on a sharp curve near Buffalo station, West Virginia, Wednesday. The engine, tender and baggage car were turned over and four passenger coaches demolished. Charles Watts, a merchant of Wayne, was looking from a window at the time and the window fell with such force that his neck was almost broken. He will likely recover.

Volcano in Alaska.

Mount Redoubt, one of the great peaks of the Southwestern Alaska coast, is in active volcanic eruption. Flames have burst from the summit and lava has poured down into the valleys below. Ashes have been scattered over the native villages within a radius of 100 miles. Settlements within 20 miles of the mountain, have been abandoned by both natives and whites.

Debris from St. Pierre.

A quantity of pumice like material believed to be from the volcanoes in the West Indies is drifting on the shores of the islands in the vicinity of Charleston, S. C. Fishermen have also brought pieces of it from the sea. It is dark in color and brittle, with varied colored streaks, very light in weight and floats on the surface of the water. It is supposed the Gulf stream brought it to that region.

Strike Coat Fifteen Millions.

The losses for the three weeks work of the strike in the anthracite region, based on figures furnished by the operators and miners are: Loss to miners in wages, \$3,890,000; operators' loss in price of coal, \$7,800,000; loss of employees (other than miners), \$904,500; loss to business men, \$2,250,000. Total, \$14,850,500.

Offered Ten Thousand a Year.

Chancellor E. Benjamin Andrews, of the State University of Nebraska, has received a call to become head of the Wisconsin State University, at a salary of \$10,000 a year.

Turkey Has New Dispute.

A dispatch from Constantinople says a dispute has arisen between the United States and Turkey as a result of the wrongful arrest of two Armenians, who are American citizens, at Smyrna and Beirut.

Railroad Kings Want a Bank.

It is reported in St. Louis, Mo., that the Hill-Morgan railroad interests have arranged for the purchase of a majority of the stock of the Third National Bank and had already more than 2,000 shares.

BOERS SIGN TERMS OF SURRENDER.

KITCHENER CABLES NEWS.

Peace Brings the Furling of the Battle Flags on the South African Fields.

Peace has been declared after nearly two years and eight months of a war which tried the British empire to its uttermost and wiped the Boers from the list of nations. The war has come to an end with Lord Kitchener's announcement from Pretoria, South Africa, that he, Lord Milner, and the Boer delegates had signed "terms of surrender." Its receipt Sunday afternoon took all England by surprise, as everybody had believed that the House of Commons would hear the first news. The War Office received the following dispatch from Kitchener, dated Pretoria Saturday, May 21, 11:15 p. m. "A document containing terms of surrender was signed here this evening at 10:30 o'clock by all the Boer representatives, as well as by Lord Milner, British High Commissioner in South Africa, and myself." King Edward issued a proclamation at midnight Sunday, saying: "The King has received the welcome news of the cessation of hostilities in South Africa with infinite satisfaction, and his majesty trusts that peace may speedily be followed by the restoration of prosperity in his new dominions, and that the feelings engendered by war will give place to earnest co-operation on the part of his majesty's South African subjects in promoting the welfare of their common country." London Sunday night was a scene of jubilation over the news. Thousands of the populace marching through the streets singing national anthems. The war began in October, 1899, and the total fighting force of the Boers at that time is estimated at 50,000. The British have had 500,000 men in the field, the largest number at any one time being 280,000. Up to April 1, 1902, official statistics show that the British losses were 1,920 officers and 26,931 men dead; 384 officers and 8,181 men missing and prisoners; 2,937 officers and 69,311 men invalidated home. It is impossible to say how many Boers were killed or wounded, but 37,000 were taken prisoners.

MINSTRELS AS PRISONERS.

Troupe Quarantined in a Gravel Pit in Connecticut.

On account of smallpox 36 members of "Hi" Henry's Minstrel Company are quarantined on a railroad siding in a gravel pit, two miles from Williamstown, Conn. They occupy three railroad cars, and are permitted to wander about as they see fit, provided they do not cross a line drawn by the local authorities. Although they have plenty of money they cannot spend it, and they are paupers in the eyes of the law and are being supported at the public expense. They have half an acre on which they can circulate. None has yet attempted to escape, as they all understand that if they pass the police lines they are liable under the Connecticut law to pay a fine of \$500 and go to jail for six months.

ALL RECORDS BROKEN.

90,000 Immigrants Have Arrived During May.

There are 25,000 immigrants on the Atlantic due to arrive at New York City, Friday, and they will bring this total for May up to 85,000 or 90,000. This will break all records for any months in the last 20 years. The number of deportations is increasing, 750 persons having been ordered deported during the first 26 days of May. The majority of the new arrivals are from Austria, Hungary, Italy and Russia.

COULD NOT AGREE.

Strike of Teamsters in Chicago the Worst Ever Experienced There.

Conferees between several of the firms and representatives of the Teamsters' Union at Chicago were held Wednesday to adjust the trouble, but the packers refused to concede any of the demands of the strikers. Orders went out from the teamsters' headquarters that no coal should be delivered to the concerns making ice to refrigerate meat for "unfair" butcher shops or packing houses. The development promises the most complete tie-up of teaming deliveries ever experienced in Chicago.

DISCUSSED THE COAL STRIKE.

Gov. Stone and Attorney General Conferred With Mine Officials.

The situation in the anthracite coal region was discussed at a conference at Harrisburg, Pa., Tuesday, between Governor W. A. Stone, Attorney General John P. Elkin and Thomas Duffy, T. D. Nicholls and John Fahy, District Presidents of the United Mine Workers. The mine workers came by invitation of the Governor to explain the exact situation in the strike region and the prospects of an early adjustment of the trouble between the coal operators and the striking miners.

Hello'd Too Often.

Police Justice Marshall, at Port Chester, N. J., sentenced Alice Myers, a young woman to 60 days in the county jail for attempting to alienate the affections of W. S. Wetmore from his wife by telephone.

France Wants Peace in Kwang-Si.

The Chinese newspapers assert that France has notified China that the insurrection in Kwang-Si province is interfering with her Tonquin trade and that unless it is suppressed before July France will take steps to protect her interests.

Pythians Change Meeting Date.

The Grand Lodge of Ohio, Knights of Pythias, has changed the date of the annual meeting from the last Tuesday in May to the first Tuesday in June.

500 PEOPLE HOMELESS.

Fountain River in Colorado Flooded Pueblo—Street Cars Tied Up. Railroads Damaged.

The severest flood that has visited that section for years, occurred at Pueblo, Col., Monday. The damage done in that city by the sudden rise of the Fountain river is estimated at \$300,000. The railroads were the principal sufferers. No through trains were running, owing to washouts and destruction of bridges. So far as known there has been no loss of life, but a number of persons are reported to be missing. A heavy rain was falling Tuesday all along the eastern slope of the mountains and was retarding the work of repairing railroad tracks and telegraph lines. Fountain river was still beyond the banks, but no further damage is apprehended. Five hundred persons are homeless. Street car traffic in East Pueblo was shut off and cannot be resumed for many days. The Arkansas river was not out of its banks, but was rising rapidly.

Schley Delivered an Address.

Rear Admiral Schley delivered the Memorial Day address at Bangor, Me. The address, though brief, was a graceful tribute to the defenders of the nation in the Civil and Spanish American Wars.

LATEST NEWS NOTES.

Fire at Fayette, Miss., Friday did \$50,000 damage.

Small independent railroads are being absorbed rapidly by the larger systems.

Major Berthelot, a member of the Rochambeau mission, broke his leg in Boston.

The Catholic Knights and Ladies of America held their annual convention at Detroit.

Mayor Low, of New York, gave a banquet Wednesday to the Rochambeau mission.

Four lives were lost in the burning of nine frame hotel buildings at Rock away Beach.

Suit was brought in New York to enjoin the United States Steel Corporation bond issue.

James A. Patton, Mayor of Evansville, Ind., made \$1,000,000 out of a corner in May oats.

One man was killed and six injured by an accident during an automobile race in New York.

England has fallen rapidly behind in the race for supremacy in the iron and steel industry.

Another terrific eruption Monday of Mont Pelee destroyed life and property.

The Federal court has begun an investigation at Memphis, Tenn., into the alleged cotton pool.

Chief Engineer Purdy, of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad, who was injured in a wreck did not recover.

The striking yard teamsters enlisted 125 recruits and practically tied up the delivery of meat in Chicago.

Norwegians to the number of 14,000 came to the United States last year. This year 30,000 are expected to emigrate.

Burglars blew open the safe of the treasurer of Hardin county, Tex., and secured a considerable amount of money.

Felip Buenacino stated before the House Committee that the Filipinos want information as to their real classification.

"Tops," a female elephant of the Forepaugh & Sells circus, killed Joseph Blount at the show ground in Brooklyn, N. Y.

The University of Cambridge, England, has conferred the honorary degree of doctor in letters on Prof. H. W. Parker, of Yale.

The grand jury at Clinton, Tenn., has been instructed to inquire into the Flat River mine accident by which 216 lives were lost.

Harvard defeated Yale in the contest for championship honors at the inter-collegiate athletic meet by a score of 34 points to 30.

Edward C. Pritchett, a real estate dealer, of Baltimore, filed a petition in bankruptcy. Liabilities scheduled at \$301,734, assets \$386.

A temporary sidewalk crowded with spectators of the Rochambeau parade in New York collapsed two persons were killed and many injured.

Herbert H. Matteson, who embezzled \$196,000 from the First National Bank of Great Falls, Mont., was given a 10-year sentence to the penitentiary.

Charles M. Schwab has selected his brother Joseph for the presidency of the American Steel Foundries Company, with a salary of \$50,000 a year.

Rev. Dr. Guy Potter Benton, president of the Upper Iowa University, at Fayette, Ia., has accepted the presidency of Miami University, Oxford, O.

The Great Northern flyer was wrecked near Onjata, N. D., while running at full speed. Several passengers were cut and bruised, none seriously.

The French government has ordered the transport isere to take on board 300,000 rations for the Martinique sufferers and to sail for that island as soon as possible.

Charles D. Thompson, ex-Supreme Finance Keeper of the Supreme Tent, Knights of the Maccabees, at Port Huron, Mich., pleaded not guilty to the charge of embezzling \$57,000.

The largest shareholder of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad have been asked by representatives of the Pennsylvania if they would favor a long-time lease of that road.

The National Reform Association Conference of the General Synod of the Reformed Presbyterian Church, convened in Syracuse, N. Y., Wednesday, Rev. J. L. MacCartney presiding.

Captain Charles E. Russell, of the Eighth Infantry is dead at Manila. He was the first officer to die from cholera.

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURG.

Wheat—No. 2 red	78 77
Wheat—No. 2	78 69
Corn—No. 2 yellow, ear	71 73
Corn—No. 2 yellow, husk	14 13
Mixed ear	67 68
Oats—No. 2 white	49 48
No. 3 white	