EX-GOVERNOR AMES.

Death Ends a Successful Business and Political Career.

NORTH EASTON, Mass., Oct. 22.—Ex-Governor Oliver Ames died at his home in this village today. For the last five years his health had been gradually failing, and for the past three years he had had a medical attendant almost continually at his side.

A trip to Europe and upon his return a visit to Poland Spring, Me., two years ago, failed to give him relief. Since that time he had gone south, with the intention of remaining a few months if it should prove beneficial. But his stay was short. His family has been at the home mansion the greater portion of the summer, and his wife and sons and daughters were with him when he passed away. He leaves a widow, two sons and four daughters. He was 64 years of age.

OLIVER AMES.

Ex-Governor Ames was widely known both in business and political life, but it is perhaps as a financier that Oliver Ames won his widest reputation. The Oakes Ames estate was, at the time he assumed its settlement, not only one in which immense and diversified interests were involved, scattered throughout different states of the Union, but it was also burdened with obligations to the extent of $8,000,000.

He met and paid the enormous indebtedness resting upon it, paid $1,000,000 or more of legacies and had still a large surplus to divide among the heirs.

In 1882 he received the Republican nomination for lieutenant governor upon the ticket headed by the Hon. R. R. Bishop. Mr. Bishop was defeated by General Butler, but Mr. Ames was elected by a handsome plurality. He was re-elected in 1883, again in 1885, the Hon. G. D. Robinson then being governor. In 1886, upon the retirement of Governor Robinson, lieutenant Governor Ames was advanced to the gubernatorial chair.

HARRY RUSSELL CAUGHT.

The Notorious Postoffice Burglar Is Captured In Belgium.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18.—Harry Russell, one of the notorious postoffice burglars who startled the country by their sensational escape from the Ludlow Street jail in New York on July 4, has been arrested in Bruges, Belgium.

Two other men and a woman were arrested with him, and these men are supposed to be Jas Kilboran and Charlie Allen, who were arrested with Russell and escaped from the jail with him.

Secretary Olney sent a cablegram to Minister Ewing in Brussels directing him to request the Belgian authorities to hold all of the men until the arrival of an officer from the United States who could identify them. The Belgian authorities will doubtless comply with this request, and Russell and his companions, if they are Kilboran and Allen, will be behind the bars in this country again as soon as the necessary proceedings for their extradition can be taken.

Mining Village Destroyed by Fire.

HAZLETON, Pa., Oct. 21.—The mining village, No. 8, Stockton, has been practically wiped out by fire. The flames were first discovered in the house of Mrs. Michael McGlory. There was a high wind blowing at the time, and before the fire was under control 12 dwellings had been destroyed. The properties were owned by the Stockton Coal company and occupied by these families: Thomas Burgess, Patrick Somers, Samuel McVey, John Taylor, John Mulhern, Thomas Miller, G. M. Miller, Jacob Bowman, Adams K. Luck, Palk Conogan and Mrs. McGlory. The loss is $18,000.

Killed by a Dynamite Explosion.

SHARPSBURG, Ky., Oct. 18.—While a party of workmen were engaged in building a turnpike in the Flat creek neighborhood a charge of dynamite that had been prepared for a blast prematurely exploded, killing three men and wounding several others. The names of the killed and wounded are unknown here.

A Wealthy Citizen's Suicide.

YORK, Pa., Oct. 18.—George Young, a wealthy citizen of Hanover, committed suicide by shooting. Mr. Young recently returned from his farm in Virginia, suffering from malaria, and despondency, caused by ill health, is supposed to have prompted the suicide.

Negro Shoots a White Woman.

BROOKLYN, Oct. 21.—Because a white woman of whom he had become enamored refused to reciprocate his passion James T. Smith, a negro, shot her and then blew out his brains. Smith died instantly. The woman whom he shot is still alive and may recover.

Fell 450 Feet and Was Killed.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Oct. 18.—James Fitzpatrick, aged 19, employed at the New Bliss shaft, near Nanticoke, fell from the top landing to the bottom of the shaft, a distance of 450 feet, and was instantly killed.

Convicted of First Degree Murder.

MOUNT HOLLY, N. J., Oct. 18.—Alfred Clymer, who stabbed and killed Mrs. Bridget Doyle in Burlington last December, was convicted of murder in the first degree. The case has been on trial four days.

General Markets.

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—FLOUR—State and western quiet and steady; city mills patents, $4.20@4.40; winter patents, $4.30@4.70; city mills clears, $4@4.10; winter straights, $3.30@3.45.

WHEAT—No. 2 red ruled quiet but firmer on higher cables, foreign buying, covering by local shorts and talk of dry weather west; May, 69½@69¾c.; November, 66½c.

CORN—No. 2 quiet, but steady; May, 35½c.; December, 37½c.

OATS—No. 2 dull and featureless; track, white state, 24@24½c.; track, white western, 26@28c.

PORK—Quiet; new mess, $10.50@12; family, $11.50@12.

LARD—Quiet; prime western steam, $5.82 asked.

BUTTER—Dull; state dairy, 15@21c.; state creamery, 22@25c.

CHEESE—State, large, 7@9½c.; small, 7@10½c.

EGGS—Steady; state and Pennsylvania, 20@21½c.; western, 18@20c.

SUGAR—Raw steady; fair refining, 3¼c.; centrifugal, 96 test, 3⅝c.; refined quiet; crushed, 5½c.; powdered, 5c.

TURPENTINE—Quiet and steady at 28½@29c.

MOLASSES—Quiet; New Orleans, 29@32c.

RICE—Firm; domestic, 3¼@5½c.; Japan 4¾@5¼c.

TALLOW—Steady; city, 4⅛c.; country, 4⅜c.

Thirty Days' Respite Granted.

HARRISBURG, Oct. 21.—Albert W. Woodley, who was to have been hanged in Allegheny county next Tuesday for the murder of Mrs. Jennie Buchanan, has been granted a respite of 30 days by Governor Hastings.

Coal Miners Get an Advance.

HAZLETON, Pa., Oct. 18.—A notice has been posted in C. B. Markle & Co.'s collieries stating that an advance of 10 per cent in wages will take effect after Sunday next.

Proclamation --- General Election.

WHEREAS, by act of General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers, requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties and punishing certain offences in regard to such elections," approved the 20th day of June, A. D. 1835, it is made the duty of the Sheriff: FIRST. To ascertain the offices to be elected and give a list of all the nominations. SECOND. To designate the places at which the elections are to be held, and THIRD. To publish notice of the qualifications of election officers in the manner and form prescribed by the third paragraph Section 10 of said Act.

NOW, therefore, I, DAVID D. NEWMAN, High Sheriff of the County of Pike, do make known by this proclamation to the electors of said county, that on

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1895,

Being the day of the General Election, the following persons are to be voted for by the freemen of the County of Pike, between the hours of 7 o'clock in the forenoon and 7 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, to wit:

One person for State Treasurer.
Seven persons for Judges of the Superior Court.
One person for Sheriff of the County of Pike.
One person for County Surveyor of the County of Pike.
One person for Coroner of the County of Pike.

I also hereby make known and give notice that the following is a list of all the nominations certified to me by the Secretary of the Commonwealth and the Commissioners of this county, to wit:

A cross (X) marked in the square at the right of the name of each candidate, inside the line enclosing the column, indicates a vote for each candidate thus marked.

If a cross (X) be marked within the circle it will be equivalent to a mark opposite every name in the column. Those who do not desire to vote a straight ticket must not mark a cross within the circle at the head of the column.

FOR A STRAIGHT TICKET ○ MARK WITHIN THE CIRCLE.	FOR A STRAIGHT TICKET ○ MARK WITHIN THE CIRCLE.	FOR A STRAIGHT TICKET ○ MARK WITHIN THE CIRCLE.	FOR A STRAIGHT TICKET ○ MARK WITHIN THE CIRCLE.	FOR A STRAIGHT TICKET ○ MARK WITHIN THE CIRCLE.	THE VOTER MAY INSERT IN THE COLUMN BELOW, THE NAME OF ANY PERSON WHOSE NAME IS NOT PRINTED ON THE BALLOT FOR WHOM HE DESIRES TO VOTE.
REPUBLICAN.	DEMOCRATIC.	PROHIBITION.	PEOPLE'S.	SOCIALIST LABOR.	This column is for the use of voters desiring to vote for candidates other than those whose names appear printed on this ballot.
State Treasurer. [Mark One.]	State Treasurer. [Mark One.]	State Treasurer. [Mark One.]	State Treasurer. [Mark One.]	State Treasurer. [Mark One.]	State Treasurer. [Insert One.]
Benjamin J. Haywood	Benjamin F. Meyers	William H. Berry	George W. Dawson	George Anton	
Judges of the Superior Court. [Mark Six.]	Judges of the Superior Court. [Mark Six.]	Judges of the Superior Court. [Mark Six.]	Judges of the Superior Court. [Mark Six.]	Judges of the Superior Court.	Judges of the Superior Court. [Insert Six.]
James A. Beaver	Harman Yerkes	Edward Campbell	John H. Stevenson		
Edward N. Willard	James S. Moorhead	William W. Lathrope	D. O. Couchlin		
John J. Wickham	Charles Henry Noyes	David Sterrett	William C. Bloom		
Charles E. Rice	Peter P. Smith	Lewis D. Vail			
Howard J. Reeder	Oliver P. Bechtel	F. Harry Hoffer			
George B. Orlady	Christopher Magee	Adie A. Stevens			
Sheriff. [Mark One.]	Sheriff. [Mark One.]	Sheriff.	Sheriff.	Sheriff.	Sheriff. [Insert One.]
Milton Armstrong	H. I. Courtright				
Coroner. [Mark One.]	Coroner. [Mark One.]	Coroner.	Coroner.	Coroner.	Coroner. [Insert One.]
Calvin C. Shannon	Lorenz Geiger				
County Surveyor. [Mark One.]	County Surveyor. [Mark One.]	County Surveyor. [Mark One.]	County Surveyor.	County Surveyor.	County Surveyor. [Insert One.]
John C. Westbrook, Jr.	John C. Westbrook, Jr.				

PLACES OF VOTING.

The electors of the township of Blooming Grove to meet at the house of Moses C. Westbrook in said township.

The electors of the township of Delaware to meet at the election house in said township.

The electors of the township of Dingman to meet at the house of E. O. Bolliotat in said township.

The electors of the township of Greene to meet at the house of Theodore Correll in said township.

I also hereby make known and give notice that the places of holding the aforesaid general election in the several districts within the County of Pike are as follows, to wit:

The electors of the township of Lackawaxen to meet at the house of George H. Rowland, dec'd, in said township.

The electors of the township of Lehman to meet at the store house of Jacob Nyce and George Nyce, dec'd, in said township.

The electors of the borough of Milford to meet at the new court house in said borough.

The electors of the township of Milford to meet at the house of John McCarty in said township.

The electors of the township of Palmyra to meet at the house of Cornelius Dimon in said township.

The electors of the township of Porter to meet at the house of Chas. W. Courtright in said township.

The electors of the township of Shohola to meet at the hotel lately owned by John F. Kilgour in said township.

The electors of the township of Westfall to meet at the house of Charles F. Pilcher dec'd, in said township.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That it is provided by an act of Assembly approved June 25th, 1895, "That every person, excepting Justices of the Peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the government of the United States, or of this State, or of any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent who is or shall be employed under the Legislative, Executive or Judiciary Department of this State, or of the United States, or of any city or incorporated district, and also that every member of Congress and of the State Legislature, and of the select or common council of any city, or commissioners of any incorporated district, is, by law, incapable of holding or exercising at the same time the office or appointment of judge, inspector or clerk of any election of this Commonwealth, and that no inspector, judge or other officer of any such election shall be eligible to any office to be then voted for except that of an election officer."

God Save the Commonwealth.

Sheriff's Office, Milford, Pa., Oct. 23, 1895.

DAVID D. NEWMAN, SHERIFF.

TROUBLE AT A CAKE WALK.

In a Row Over a Mouth Organ Five Colored People Were Shot.

MOORESTOWN, N. J., Oct. 19.—Five persons were shot, one probably fatally, during the progress of a cake walk at Fellowship, a small village on the outskirts of this town.

The injured are Mrs. Silas Wessels (colored), shot in the thigh, probably fatally injured; Charles McKin (colored), shot in the leg; Allen Jones (colored), shot in the leg; George W. Croker (colored), shot in the leg; James Hargett (colored), shot in the left hip.

The shooting was done by Hargett, who came to this place recently from Newbern, N. C.

The cake walk was held at the residence of Silas Wessel. A man named Lemuel S. Richards was playing a mouth organ, and Hargett, who was under the influence of liquor, came up and demanded the instrument. Richards refused to give it up, and Hargett struck him in the face. At the same time he drew his revolver and commenced firing. Several of the colored onlookers were struggling with the enraged negro for possession of the weapon. This probably saved the lives of the persons shot, as Hargett's hand was kept down, and instead of the balls taking effect in the bodies of his would be victims they took effect in their legs.

While the fight was in progress Hargett was shot from behind. By whom it is not known.

Hargett was finally disarmed and arrested. He was taken before Squire Pettit and committed to the Mount Holly jail without bail to await the result of his victims' injuries. It is said that Hargett is wanted in North Carolina for shooting his father-in-law in May last.

Steel Workers Get an Increase.

PHILLIPSBURG, N. J., Oct. 18.—The wages of the employees of the American sheet iron mills at this place have been advanced 10 per cent. A similar advance was made two months ago.

Foundry Damaged Badly by Fire.

AMSTERDAM, N. Y., Oct. 18.—The Wemple foundry at Fultonville was partially destroyed by fire. Loss, $5,000. The foundry was in the hands of a receiver, who has been engaged in selling its contents. The building was to be occupied for the manufacture of hedge and wire fence. Ex-State Comptroller Edward Wemple was one of the firm formerly owning the foundry, which made an assignment several months ago.

Dropped Dead While Shopping.

AMSTERDAM, N. Y., Oct. 19.—Mrs. George Stewart, a prominent resident of Perth and mother of Counselor George C. Stewart of this city, dropped dead from heart disease while shopping in the dry goods store of Holzheimer & Shoulin. She was 60 years of age.

FIRE IN NEW ORLEANS

THE HOMES OF A THOUSAND PEOPLE BURNED.

No Water Could Be Obtained, and the Flames Spread Over Large Territory. Sixty Spectators Precipitated Into the River, but No Lives Lost.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 21.—A destructive fire has occurred at Algiers, a suburb of this city, sweeping over nine squares and destroying the homes of 1,000 people.

The fire started a few minutes after midnight in the shanty occupied by Paul Boffia. Six fires have started in this place before the present one, and the facts surrounding this one indicate that he started it for the insurance. He bought six gallons of coal oil Friday, and those who at first responded to the alarm claim that they plainly smelled burning oil. The house burned as though it had been saturated with oil.

So plain did the citizens consider his guilt that they made an effort to lynch him, and a strong cordon of police was all that saved him. The fire wiped out nine squares, or 197 houses, and rendered homeless 1,000 persons. These were nearly all of the poorer class, and the flames destroyed all they possessed.

The conflagration started several squares to the rear of the river bank and burned down to the edge of the Mississippi. There were no water mains in the portion of the city where the fire burned, and the flames had to be fought by bucket brigades. This method availed nothing, owing to the high wind that prevailed. All the harbor tugs steamed across the river and offered their assistance, but could do nothing, as they had no lines of hose, and there were none to give them.

Spectators Precipitated Into the Mississippi.

The fire department was sent over from this city, but the firemen were powerless, as they had to depend on the fire wells for a water supply. None of these lasted more than five minutes, as there was no water in them, owing to the low stage of the river. The fire could not be headed off. It simply burned itself out. All the furniture was destroyed with the buildings, and the occupants were virtually left destitute. A public schoolhouse and three public halls have been put at the disposal of the homeless people. A relief committee has been appointed, and at a meeting held tonight $7,000 was raised for the homeless. This is a mere bagatelle compared to what will be required. It is estimated that the loss will be between $350,000 and $500,000.

A suspicious fact, and one that goes far to confirm the belief that the fire was of incendiary origin, is that Paul Boffia, in whose place it started, took his entire family from home last evening and spent the night on this side of the river. His excuse is that he came over to be treated for rheumatism and was afraid to leave his family alone in Algiers.

An immense crowd went across to Algiers to look at the ruins.

They were packed so densely on the wharf, awaiting the ferry, that it gave way, and over 60 persons, including many women and children, were precipitated into the river. They were all rescued, but several sustained broken limbs and internal injuries.

Destructive Fire at Tidioute.

WARREN, Pa., Oct. 17.—The town of Tidioute, 13 miles below this place, was visited by a disastrous fire. A load of hay in the livery barn of Hastings & Sons caught fire from a gas jet, and the flames spread with such rapidity that within an hour 13 buildings had been totally destroyed. A high wind was blowing at the time, and it was feared that the entire business portion of the town would be consumed. The fire department of this city left for Tidioute and rendered such assistance that the fire was soon afterward under control. The destroyed structures were a number of dwellings, the Resaur House, the locking and the bridge across the Tidioute creek. The loss will not exceed $18,000.

A Big Fire In New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 19.—A disastrous fire occurred here. All the buildings fronting the river on the square between Elysian Fields street and Esplanade avenue were burned, including rice mill B, formerly known as Perseverance rice mill. This was one of the finest and best equipped mills in the country, having been thoroughly equipped with the newest and most improved machinery only 18 months ago. It is said there was at least $100,000 worth of clean rice in the mill. The amount of the loss could not be ascertained tonight, but it is probably $200,000, partially insured.

Bad Fire at Housatonic.

HOUSATONIC, Mass., Oct. 21.—This village suffered a $40,000 loss in the destruction by fire of the Central block, a three story wooden structure in the center of the town, owned by the Housatonic Mills company; origin of fire unknown. The loss on the building will be covered by an insurance of $20,000, and the balance of the loss is divided among merchants and others who occupied apartments in the building.

Incendiaries at Newtown.

NEWTOWN, Pa., Oct. 22.—A band of incendiaries has been causing disaster in this vicinity during the past 24 hours. The large barns of Amos Kuss and Stephen Janney, adjoining, near here, were totally destroyed, together with suitable outbuildings. The barn of Edward N. Ely, near Yardley, was consumed with his season's crops. The losses will aggregate over $21,000.

ENGLAND'S DEMAND.

GREAT BRITAIN SUBMITS AN ULTIMATUM TO VENEZUELA.

Paris Figaro Regrets That England Is Cultivating the "Ultimatum Habit"—It Is Declared That the Venezuelans Will Not Apologize or Pay Indemnity.

LONDON, Oct. 22.—The Globe publishes a note saying that as the British ultimatum to Venezuela has not reached its destination it is not considered desirable to publish any of its details. It is proper to say, however, that the document is worded in terms of firmness and force. The communication was not transmitted through any representative of Venezuela in England, diplomatic relations between the two countries having been broken off some years ago.

The ultimatum informs Venezuela that the government of Great Britain will not permit any overstepping by Venezuela of the boundaries marked by the course of the Cuyuni and Amacuca rivers. Great Britain, however, expresses willingness to submit to arbitration the question of other territories in dispute beyond that limit.

The Pall Mall Gazette asserts that the ultimatum will be presented through Senor Rodriguez, Venezuelan consul in London.

The announcement of the ultimatum contained in the note published in The Globe is officially authorized.

The Pall Mall Gazette says that should it be decided by the government to take naval action against Venezuela the movement would be confided to Vice Admiral James Eightemore Erskine, in command of the North American and West Indian squadron. The disposition of the vessels of his fleet at the time of his last communication with the admiralty naval department was as follows:

Crescent, at Halifax; Canada, at Barbadoes; Sirgelmine, Tartar and Rambler, at the Bermudas; Mohawk and Tourmaline, at Jamaica; Partridge, at the Bahamas, and Cleopatra, Pelican and Buzzard in Newfoundland waters.

Will Probably Prove to Be Small Beer.

The Westminster Gazette says: "Venezuela, like Nicaragua, after much fuss, will probably prove to be small beer. No doubt the less scrupulous of the New York papers will talk big about what they are going to do with the lion's tail, but Great Britain and the United states are not going to be set by the ears by a pack of Venezuelans."

The Globe says: "Even if the Monroe doctrine was an axiom of international law, it could have no bearing upon one dispute with Venezuela. Its widest application can only be held to insist that no European power shall effect a fresh lodgment in America, so it does not affect the decision of England not to allow Venezuela to occupy part of the colony of British Guiana."

The St. James Gazette says: "The United States government has serious grievances of its own against Venezuela, and it would best become its position as a great civilized power to join in bringing these Spanish-Indian barbarians to order. A good lesson given to Venezuela would be equally profitable to both the United States and England. The co-operation of the United States would also be humane, since it would have a tendency to make the lesson bloodless, convincing the Venezuelans of the folly of resistance."

Venezuela's Position.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—If Venezuela does not immediately acquaint the United States with the full text of the ultimatum, it will be the first exception she has made since her long standing trouble with Great Britain began. It is contended that Venezuela can neither apologize nor pay an indemnity for the arrest of Sergeant Behrens. To do so would be, it is asserted, a tacit admission that the British functionary and his associates were seized on English soil. That they were not on English soil is shown by the fact that the point of their arrest was fully 50 miles west of the Schomberg line.

England's Ultimatum Habit.

PARIS, Oct. 22.—The Figaro, alluding to the Venezuelan matter, expresses the opinion that the system of issuing ultimatums is now becoming a habit of Great Britain and may be greatly prejudicial to the general peace.

Attempted Murder at a Husking Bee.

ROYALSTON, Mass., Oct. 23.—A deliberate attempt was made here to murder Charles Harrington, aged 19. There was a husking at Harrington's home, and while he was in the barn some one shot at him from outside. The ball passed through his hat and lodged in a beam. That night he slept with a friend, and at midnight some one hurled an iron bar through the window. The bar struck on his bed, but he was not injured.

Burglarized and Burned.

BETHLEHEM, Pa., Oct. 21.—The general store of the Coleraine Iron company at Bellington, a few miles from here, was entered by burglars and afterward set on fire. It was well stocked with goods of every character, and the entire stock was destroyed. The loss is estimated at over $10,000.

Struck and Killed by a Train.

NEW LONDON, Conn., Oct. 23.—George D. Adamson superintendent of Brooks' quarries at Millstone point, was struck by a train on the Central Vermont railroad. Both of his legs were cut off below the knee, and he died within an hour. He leaves a wife and child.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.

Three Stores, Two Dwellings and a Church Burned at Foster, Pa.

SCRANTON, Pa., Oct. 21.—A disastrous fire has occurred at Foster, a village on the Lackawanna railroad, 20 miles north of here. The flames originated from the explosion of a lamp in L. W. Tiffany's store and consumed three stores, two dwellings, two barns and the Methodist church. A high wind was blowing, and the residents were almost powerless to check the flames, as the town has no fire department. A telegram was sent to Halstead, 15 miles up the road, and a steamer and hose cart from that town were hurriedly loaded on a flat car and sent by a special engine to Foster. The run was made in 15 minutes. By the use of the apparatus the fire was soon under control and the destruction of the greater portion of the village averted. The damage is $40,000.

Thought to Have Been a Murderer.

SYRACUSE, Oct. 22.—The body of the unknown man found in East Syracuse with a bullet hole in the head has been positively identified as that of Sherd Walker, one of the canalboatmen who, it is supposed, was implicated in the murder of Captain Phillips at Tonawanda on the morning of Oct. 7. He was being hunted by the police, and it is supposed that he became desperate, and, like James Dixon at Buffalo last Thursday, ended his troubles in death.

Fourteen Chinese Put to Death.

FOOCHOW, China, Oct. 22.—Mabel Hartford's assailant and 13 others, convicted of taking part in the Hwasang massacre were put to death at Kucheng. The execution was witnessed by the foreign consular commission, the Chinese prefect, the district magistrate and a great crowd. There was no disturbance.

Drought In Cumberland Valley.

CARLISLE, Pa., Oct. 23.—A serious drought prevails in the Cumberland valley. Wells have run dry, and the pastures are suffering much damage. Farmers are obliged to haul water and drive their cattle a distance of five miles to and from the nearest streams.

Looking For His Young Wife.

HAVERHILL, Mass., Oct. 23.—Hiram O. Mansur, 60 years old, a farmer living just outside of Nashua, N. H., is in this city looking for his young wife, who, he says, deserted him over a month ago after selling some of his property and collecting $50 in money.

Destructive Gas Explosion.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Oct. 19.—An explosion of gas badly wrecked a portion of the Buttonwood colliery of the Parrish Coal company and fatally injured Joseph Sweitzer, a miner, and seriously burned a Polish laborer.