

THE MAILS. GENERAL DELIVERY open 7:30 a. m.; closes 9:30 p. m.; Sunday: 8:00 a. m.; closes 10:00 p. m. Through Express Mails via Illinois Central and Mississippi Central Railroads close at 12:30 p. m. Cairo and Paducah Mail through and Way Mail closes at 12:30 p. m. Way Mail via Illinois Central, Cairo and Vincennes and Mississippi Central Railroads close at 9:45 p. m. Way Mail for Narrow Gauge Railroad closes at 8 p. m. Cairo and Knoxville River Route closes at 6:30 p. m. daily (except Friday).

TIME-TABLE. Arrival and Departure of Trains. ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD. Arrive. Depart. Express 3:00 p. m. 12:10 a. m. Mail 4:00 a. m. 1:10 p. m. Freight 7:30 a. m. 4:30 p. m. Freight 8:30 a. m. 4:30 p. m. CAIRO AND VINCENNES RAILROAD. Arrive. Depart. Mail 10:00 a. m. 4:45 a. m. ST. LOUIS, I. M. AND SOUTHERN RAILROAD. Arrive. Depart. Express 5:01 a. m. 2:00 p. m. CAIRO AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD. Arrive. Depart. Through Express 5:15 p. m. 8:45 a. m. Memphis and Accommodation 12:45 p. m. 2:30 p. m. *Except Sunday. *Except Monday.

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY. City Officers. Mayor—Homer Winter. Treasurer—B. F. Parker. Clerk—J. B. Field. S. Yeaman. Councilor—Wm. B. Gilbert. Marshal—C. D. Arter. Attorney—W. A. McLean. Police Magistrate—J. J. Bird. BOARD OF ALDERMEN. First Ward—Geo. Yeaman, Wm. O'Callahan, Second Ward—Wood, B. H. Johnson, N. B. Thistlewood. Third Ward—W. P. Wright, John Wood. Fourth Ward—Charles J. Fuller, D. J. Foley. Fifth Ward—T. W. Halliday, Chas. Lancaster. County Officers. Circuit Judge—D. J. Baker. County Clerk—J. A. Boyce. County Judge—S. Yeaman. County Clerk—S. J. Hamm. County Attorney—W. C. Malloy. County Treasurer—A. J. Alden. Sheriff—Peter Sump. Coroner—R. Fitzgerald. County Commissioners—T. W. Halliday, M. V. Brown, J. L. Sanders.

CHURCHES. AFRICAN M. E.—Fourteenth street, between Walnut and Cedar streets; services Sabbath 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; Sunday School 1:30 p. m. CHRISTIAN—Eighteenth street; meeting Sabbath 10:30 p. m. a preaching occasionally. CHURCH OF THE REDEEMER—(Episcopal)—Fourteenth street; morning prayers (Sabbath) 10:30 a. m.; evening prayers 7:30 p. m.; Sabbath school 9 a. m. Rev. St. J. Dillon, Lec. Rector. LUTHERAN—Thirteenth street; services Sabbath 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; Sunday school 9 a. m. Rev. Dierschner, pastor. METHODIST—Cor. Eighth and Walnut streets; preaching Sabbath 10:30 a. m. and 7 p. m.; prayer meeting, Wednesday 7:30 p. m.; Sunday School, 9 p. m. Rev. A. P. Morrison, pastor. PRESBYTERIAN—Eight street; preaching on Sabbath at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; prayer meeting Wednesday at 7:30 p. m.; Sunday School at 10 p. m. Rev. B. Y. George, pastor. SECOND FREEWILL BAPTIST—Fifteenth street, between Walnut and Cedar streets; services Sabbath at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. ST. JOSEPH'S—(Roman Catholic) Corner Cross and Walnut streets; services Sabbath 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; Vespers 8 p. m.; services every day at 8 p. m. ST. PATRICK'S—(Roman Catholic) Corner Ninth street and Washington avenue; services Sabbath 8 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; Vespers 8 p. m.; Sunday school 10 a. m.; services every day at 8 p. m. Rev. F. Zeigler, pastor.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, ETC. ESTABLISHED 1861. EDWARD A. BUDER (Successor to E. & W. Buders). MANUFACTURING JEWELER. And Dealers in Watches, Clocks, Fine Jewelry MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS. Cor. Eighth St. and Washington Ave. H. HOUPP, Watchmaker & Jeweler NO. 10 EIGHTH STREET, Cairo, Ill. Between Commercial and Washington streets.

FINE WATCHWORK A SPECIALTY. All kinds of Solid Jewelry made to order. WHOLESALE WINES AND LIQUORS. R. SMYTH & CO., Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Foreign and Domestic Liquors. Wines of all kinds. NO. 60 OHIO LEVEE. MESSRS. SMYTH & CO. have constantly a large stock of the best goods in the market and give special attention to the wholesale branch of the business.

PAINTS, OILS, WALL PAPER, ETC. B. F. BLAKE, DEALER IN Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes WALL PAPER, Window Glass, Window Shades, Etc. Always on hand the celebrated ILLUMINATING Aurora Oil. Cairo, Ill. Brass Building, Commercial Ave.

REFLECT. CARBOLINE Gives the utmost satisfaction as a Hair Renewer. CARBOLINE Has a magical effect on Gray Hair. CARBOLINE Is free from irritating and poisonous chemicals. CARBOLINE Is the natural nourishment for the hair. CARBOLINE Has been indorsed by the highest medical authority. CARBOLINE Gives weak and sickly hair the gloss and vigor of youth.

THE GENUINE ARTICLE To be Had at Barclays'. CARBOLINE! Crowning Triumph of 19th Century. AT Barclays' Ether Store.

WHITE LEAD. Collier, Southern, Phoenix—any other brand want—cheap at Barclays'. WHITE ZINC. French and American—cheap at Barclays'. PAINTS. Black, Green, Blue, Yellow, Brown Red and all colors—cheap at Barclays'. PURE LINSEED OIL. Raw and Boiled TURPENTINE, JAPAN DRYER—cheap at Barclays'. VARNISHES. Coach, Furniture, Damar—the best, to be had at Barclays'.

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CARBOLINE! Crowning Triumph of 19th Century. AT Barclays' Ether Store.

CARBOLINE Restores faded or gray hair to its natural color. CARBOLINE Is not a dye—restores the hair naturally. CARBOLINE Cures all diseases of the Scalp. CARBOLINE Keeps the hair moist and the head cool. CARBOLINE Makes the hair look natural and beautiful. CARBOLINE Dainty, fragrant, and safe for the hair. FOR THIS WONDER OF THE AGE! Go to Barclays'.

Latest News. WASHINGTON.

A Suspicious Presidential Interview Explained.

INTERNAL COMMERCE EXPERTS APPOINTED. Anticipation of Indian Troubles Next Summer. Economy by Randall, Resumption, Louisiana and Gen. Shields.

THROBLESOME. WASHINGTON, May 1.—There was considerable comment yesterday morning over the fact that Mr. Lynde of Wisconsin, received a note from the President last evening to call at the White House at once. As Lynde is a Democrat and member of the Judiciary Committee, the circumstances at once suggested that the President wanted to see him about the Florida confession and Blair memorial, but Lynde explains that his two-hour interview with the President related to private business and Florida was not mentioned. Lynde is attorney for some Milwaukee creditors of the late firm of Rodgers & LeDuc, and is trying to realize something on their notes. Rogers is the president's private secretary, and LeDuc is commissioner of agriculture, and some time ago Lynde, in behalf of his clients, submitted to the president a statement of the transactions of the firm in Wisconsin and Minnesota.

INTERNAL COMMERCE. The Secretary of the Treasury has appointed the following gentlemen experts for the purpose of furnishing information to the department in regard to the internal commerce of the United States: Hon. Willard C. Flagg, of Monroe, Ill.; Albert Fink, Railroad Commissioner, New York; P. B. Thurber, New York City; George H. Morgan, Secretary Merchants' Exchange, St. Louis; Sidney D. Maxwell, Superintendent of the Chamber of Commerce, Cincinnati; Henry G. Cletcher, Secretary of the Cotton Exchange, New Orleans; J. D. Hayes, Banker and Flour Merchant, Detroit, Mich.; Charles Randolph, Secretary of the Board of Trade, Chicago; John C. Sims, Jr., assistant secretary of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company; James F. Hudson, editor of the Commercial Gazette, Pittsburg; Wm. Melhinch, Cleveland. The division of internal commerce is under the direction of Joseph Nimmo, Jr. It is expected the second annual report will be issued about the 1st of July. It will embrace a description of the various appointment schemes or pooling arrangements which have been entered into by railway companies during the two years, and the effects of those combinations upon transportation and the commercial interests of the country.

THE SINKING FUND RESOLUTION. The vote by which the House Ways and Means Committee decides to recommend the passage of a joint resolution suspending payments of bonds for the sinking fund until June 30, 1885, was as follows: Yeas, Wood of New York, Tucker, Saylor, Robbins, Harris, of Georgia, Gibson, Phelps and Kelley; total, 81 yeas, Garfield, Burchard and Banks; total, 3.

INDIAN TROUBLES ANTICIPATED. Apprehension in several quarters of serious trouble with the Indians this summer is not thought to be groundless. The war department is in receipt of communications from parties whose opinions are entitled to earnest attention, to the effect that war like movements are clearly discernible on the part of several tribes. A long letter to this effect was received by Secretary McCrary within the past week, and referred by the secretary to the general of the army for his consideration.

RESUMPTION. Speaker Randall made a few effective remarks directed particularly towards Republican members of the House. The House was in committee of the whole and had under consideration the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill. Mr. Eden, of Illinois, was in the chair. Mr. Randall seized the opportunity to publicly lecture the Republicans for persistently opposing every effort of the Appropriations Committee to reduce appropriations as much as possible, at a time when the country is laboring under burdens of taxation heavier than it can bear, on account of the depression in all branches of business. The Republicans tried to retort by fixing some sets of extravagance on the Speaker, but without success, as Randall is a consistent performer and has been the head and front of the movement in favor of economy.

THE OLD LOUISIANA QUARREL. There are symptoms of trouble between the two sections of the Republican party in Louisiana. Wells and Anderson are at war with Kellogg and Packard in the matter of offices, and the president sides with Wells and Anderson. Kellogg said a short time ago that the Republican members of the returning board refused to count for Hayes unless paid for it. Wells threatened to sue him for slander, but has not done it, and probably never will, lest something be disclosed that he is anxious to keep back. Mat-

ters are quiet at present, but a row may be expected at any time. GENERAL SHIELDS ON THE RETIRED LIST. A majority of the Senate Committee on Military Affairs has authorized Senator Cockrell to report the House bill placing Gen. Jas Shields on the retired list of the army favorably and without amendment. The authorization was complied with, the formal understanding being that members of the committee shall be at liberty to offer amendments or oppose the bill in the Senate if they so desire.

BETWEEN BROTHERS. DESPERATE AFFRAY AT ST. LOUIS.—A TERRIBLE WOUND IN THE ABDOMEN. St. Louis, May 1.—Between six and seven o'clock yesterday morning the two sons of Daniel Crowley, a laborer living at 1214 North Eighth street, came near resulting fatally. Jeremiah Crowley, a boy 14, was about to take his breakfast and being prevented by his elder brother Stephen, aged 16, who was disposed to tease him, seized a large butcher-knife from the table and made a thrust at Stephen, cutting a terrible wound in the abdomen from which the bowels protruded, presenting a terrible spectacle.

Jeremiah, who bears a bad reputation, was at once arrested by Officer Stewart and locked up at the Seventh Street Police station. He says he cut his brother because he threw coffee in his face and would not let him get any milk. He cried for several hours succeeding his arrest. Jeremiah's father says he is a very idle, bad boy and would never attend school.

PANIC AT PROVIDENCE. NO ABATEMENT OF THE RUN ON THE BANKS. PROVIDENCE, R. I., April 30.—The run on the banks is still kept up with the same activity as yesterday. Extra precautions were taken by the police on account of the advent of a circus, with its attendant professional thieves, and the depositors are guarded against pickpockets. Up to this time all checks are cashed in the Providence National Bank. In this bank are piled up great quantities of bills of all denominations. A continuous supply of funds is arriving daily and is as rapidly paid out. The panic-stricken people will not be assured of the safety of the bank, and many of the women are carrying large sums in the bosom of their dresses, being afraid to deposit or leave the same at any place for fear of losing it. The bank officials will probably refuse to receive a great portion of the money again on deposit after the panic is over.

ENJOINED. BOB INGERSOLL RUSHES TO THE RESCUE OF HIS GODS. ST. LOUIS, May 1.—An injunction has been asked in the United States Circuit Court by Robert G. Ingersoll to restrain the St. Louis Book and News Company from republishing the following works of which he is the author: "The Gods," and other lectures embracing "Humboldt," "Tom Paine," "Individuality," "Heretics" and "Heresies," and the following books: "The Ghosts," "Liberty of Man," "Woman and Child," and "Hell." The orator avers that the St. Louis Book and News Company exposed for sale and sold 500 copies of the lectures mentioned, printed by the Detroit Publishing Company, amounting to an infringement and violation of the author's copyright by which means his income has been diminished, and he asks that the defendants may be restrained from publishing or selling such works.

A FATAL ERROR. MONTREAL ASSASSINS FIRE UPON THEIR FRIENDS. One Man Killed and Several Wounded. THE ORANGEMEN ESCAPE. MONTREAL, April 30.—Some Orange Young Britons and friends, returning from a concert last night, were assaulted by a mob of several hundred Catholic Unionists. Mrs. Mehan and Corporal Tang were severely wounded. Later—Apprehensions of party disturbances arising out of the Orange entertainment last night were verified as a section of Young Britons were proceeding into the Western suburbs this morning. They were attacked with pistols by some three or four hundred Catholic Unionists at Wellington bridge, who were lying in wait for them. Over one hundred shots were fired, resulting in the death of John Callahan and wounding of Johanna Mahon and a man named Mullin, all Catholics. A cab containing Joseph Lang, an Orangeman, and a young woman, going home from the concert, was riddled with shot. Lang being wounded in two places, but his companion, miraculously escaped. No arrests were made. There is great excitement over the affair. The casualties of the party fight a night, as far as known, are as follows: Calligan, killed, with three bullets in his head; a young man named Mullen has a scalp wound; John Lang, two bullets in his leg; Miss Turnbull, cheek grazed with a bullet; Mrs. Meehan, three bullets in her feet. The Corn Exchange Association to-day passed resolutions denouncing the party troubles.

Later—The fact has been established from information elicited to-day that the parties who were fired on last night were Catholic Unionists, coming to re-inforce their brethren, who were in ambush, and who were mistaken in the darkness for the Young Britons, who, having heard that the Catholics were massed there to attack them, made a detour and got home safely by another route. The man who was shot is laid out in state in Union hall, and thousands visited the place this afternoon.

ON THE BALTIC. LONDON, April 30.—The Russian fleet is getting ready for service. Its presence in the Baltic is expected about the middle of May.

FOREIGN RUMORS. The Point at Issue Becoming More Distinct.

GERMANY AGITATED BY BRITISH INTENTIONS. "Let no One Deceive Himself as to What is Coming."

THE FIRST BRITISH CONTINGENT AND THE GRAIN TRADE. GERMANY AND THE BALTIC. LONDON, April 30.—Considerable excitement seems to have been produced in Berlin by the announcement that English vessels are being fitted out for eventual operations in the Baltic. The idea, expressed in Berlin that it is hardly to be expected a foreign fleet would make its appearance in the Baltic against the wish of Germany is declared to be an eccentric theory, which is repudiated by the German Government.

SPECIAL VIGILANCE ORDERS. In view of the present critical state of affairs, Liverpool customs authorities are understood to have been instructed to exercise special vigilance in the examination of export cargoes to prevent contraband of war leaving the country. A QUESTION OF PRECEDENCE. Some consolation for the prolongation of efforts to preserve peace is found in the fact that the point at issue is becoming gradually more distinct; that the point is whether Russia will recognize the rights of the great powers as established by the treaties of 1856 and 1871 to take precedence of claims of the treaty of San Stefano. The concessions, which it was stated that Russia would make, are the limitation of boundaries and of the period of occupation of Bulgaria. The substitution of a European for a Russian commission and the organization of a European syndicate to consider the claims of bondholders as well as the Russian claim for indemnity, and the retrocession of the small slip of Bessarabia inhabited by Russians, are owned to be the great questions, but it is conspicuous that she completely ignores the treaty of Paris and its reaffirmation in 1871.

AUSTRIA'S POLICY. A Vienna correspondent, discussing the Austrian policy, while pronouncing the rumors regarding the occupation of Bosnia and Herzegovina as premature, does not say they are more than premature, but rather intimates that such measures may soon become justifiable.

GRAND DUKE NICHOLAS. The statements regarding the significance of the Grand Duke Nicholas' departure from San Stefano are contradictory. A Paris dispatch says it is the opinion in the Russian camp that the change in the communitarian marks an era of sterner policy. THE POMAK INSURRECTION. The same correspondent says the Russians endeavored to minimize the Pomak insurrection, but the best information from non-Russian sources affirms its vigor and extension.

AN AFFRAY BETWEEN RUSSIANS AND TURKS. CONSTANTINOPLE, April 30.—An affray has occurred between Russian and Turkish soldiers near Daud Pasha barracks, about two miles beyond fortifications. Eighty men were wounded on both sides. Scarskierate has consequently prohibited Russian soldiers from crossing the line of demarcation. OFF ON A CRUISE. LONDON, April 30.—A Vienna correspondent telegraphs as follows: The Hamburg American Packet Company's steamship Cambria, which has been chartered by the Russian Government, has taken a contingent of forty officers and five hundred seamen and started to a cruise on the Chinese and Japanese coasts.

THE VALO MASSACRES. LONDON, April 30.—The Standard's dispatch from Constantinople states Maynard, the United States Minister, went to Valo Monday in an American man-of-war to inquire concerning the alleged massacres by Bashli-Bazouks. GENERAL TODLEBEN. The Grand Duke Nicholas presented Gen. Todleben to the Sultan of Turkey. He then left on the Imperial yacht Lavidia for Odessa. A special from Burchard announces Gen. Todleben has issued an order of the day instructing Russian troops in Roumania to behave well towards the people.

RUSSIA'S OBJECTS. LONDON, April 30.—A St. Petersburg correspondent of the Nord Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung, writing about the Russian demand for Bessarabia, says: "Let no one deceive himself as to what is coming. The desire to recover Bessarabia is only the symptom of a wish pervading the entire Russian nation to destroy the Paris treaty. It is not so much Bessarabia we are striving for. What we are aiming at is the canceling of this treaty whether the Bulgarian frontiers remain as defined in the treaty of San Stefano, whether the Greek element be allowed more scope, whether Serbia is aggrandized, whether Austria-Hungary is conceded temporary or permanent occupation of Bosnia and Herzegovina. All this is of comparative indifference to the Russian nation. Whether the rearrangement of Turkey is regulated by a congress or conference of war, the demands for the restoration of Bessarabia will always be preferred with the same pertinacity. Suppose we should be balked this time. This would only make us the more eager to pursue our object in the future." The Times in its leading editorial says regarding this, "Russia appears ready to make numerous concessions provided she can substitute for common European interests in Turkey a set of isolated and conflicting interests and can thus emancipate herself, no less than Turkey, from direct obligation towards Europe."

It is this disposition which we must protest against and if Russia really seeks a peaceful issue to the present complications she must recognize the principle she has acknowledged on former occasions. Let her only do that and concessions even less than those she offers might in some respects satisfy this country."

THE FIRST CONTINGENT. LONDON, April 30.—The first contingent to be dispatched from this country to Malta will number 5,000 men and two batteries of artillery, all of which are under orders for embarkation. The torpedo service promises all that is desired. John J. Thornycroft & Co. will soon have ready five or six of the twenty torpedo launches they are building and other firms are making extraordinary efforts toward the completion of Government orders for launches. Portland will be the rendezvous of ships preparing to form a fleet for the Channel and North Sea. Coast guard and turret ships will proceed there as soon as ready.

THE GRAIN TRADE. LONDON, April 30.—The Mark-lane Express says: The general tenor of agricultural reports is distinctly satisfactory as regards wheat and spring corn crops, and it is very seldom that advices from the rural districts as to weather work and crops record so few complaints as at present. Business is necessarily restricted in Mark-lane, owing to the Easter holidays. Supplies of English wheat have been light and prices have undergone little or no change, either in London or the provinces, and a quiet but fairly steady tone prevails. With political affairs unsettled the holders of foreign wheat have been content to satisfy the retail demand. Exports for the past week amounted to only 2,500 quarters against 5,000 and 5,000 respectively in the two preceding weeks, from which it may be seen that the requirements of the continent are for the present supplied. This important element of strength being wanting, holders only had the ordinary consumptive wants of the country to fall back upon, which do not appear to be large, although there has been sufficient business to prevent the prices receding to any quotable extent. The millers, generally speaking, hold fair stocks. America has furnished the bulk of imports of wheat into London, which, however, have been quite moderate with fair arrivals at ports, or call. The floating cargo trade, for wheat, ruled firm; prices advanced fully a shilling, apparently owing to the continued political uncertainty; but business was restricted, owing to the holidays. Maize advanced a six pence; barley steady.

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE. A HARD DRINKER SEEMS TO GET AN END TO HIS LIFE. ST. LOUIS, May 1.—A hard drinker with-out work, having lost his position as cook in a restaurant several months ago on account of his dissipated habits and leaving a helpless family depending upon him for support, Fred. Entler realized his worthlessness yesterday to such a degree that he seized a large knife and plunged it into his bosom near the left nipple with intent to commit suicide. The attempt proved abortive—at least temporarily so—and with a mortal wound and his life hanging upon a thread he was found at his residence, No. 1221 North Seventh street yesterday afternoon by Officer Dunn. The latter had received intimation of the matter from the neighbor, who advised him to make an investigation.

Neither the wife nor the sufferer were at all communicative, and it was left to the officer to determine the manner in which the wound was received, both the man and woman asserting that it had not been received in a difficulty of any sort. Entler has two children, and his wife says that the family is very destitute. He was sent to the hospital.

POLITICAL PROSTITUTION. THE ILLINOIS REPUBLICANS AND NATIONALS TO JOIN FORCES AGAINST THE DEMOCRATS—A MEETING TO BE HELD IN CHICAGO TO ARRANGE THE DETAILS OF THIS PLOT—MISCELLANEOUS NOTES. SPRINGFIELD, Ill., April 28.—The Republican State Central committee is making great exertions to bring together at the meeting of that committee, in Chicago on May 2, a large assemblage of representative Republicans from all parts of the State. Circulars inviting such persons have been sent out to the number of not less than one thousand. This action is interpreted as meaning that an early convention will be called, and that the convention will not in-dorse the nominations of the Nationals. It is also said that the game at present stands thus: The Republicans will, at an early convention, to be called, say, about May 15, put up their own candidates for State officers, and there are to be supported by the Nationals throughout the State. In return for this service the Nationals are to have the privilege of naming the candidates for the Legislature and for Congress in all the strong Democratic districts, and in all the districts which the conclave to be held on May 2 shall agree are doubtful. The leaders of the Nationals are to be in attendance on the meeting, and will then assist in the proper division of the districts, in return for this service it is arranged by the Republican leaders that Bates shall be the National candidate for the United States Senate in 1879; that a fair division of the offices in the gift of the next Legislature, which the Republicans and Nationals will control, shall be made, and that the Republicans shall help elect Bates to the Senate. All the leading Republicans and Nationals from here will be in Chicago next week. Gov. Cullom and Fred. H. Winsor, of the State Board of Charities, will leave on Monday on the pretense of inspecting the insane asylum at Elgin, but will be in Chicago all the week. John Dun and Hamblinger, the latter being a prominent candidate for the nomination for State Treasurer, will leave here at the same time. Tom Ridgeway, who wants the nomination for State Treasurer, will be on hand early in the week, and Magic, the State printer, who, with the Springer family, is to represent the National interests, is already in close communication.