THE DAILY BULLETIN.

EVERY MORNING (MONDAYS EXCEPTED).

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CAIRO, ILLINOIS

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Letters and communications should be addressed "Cairo Bulletin, Cairo, Illinois."

JNO. H. OBERLY, General Manager.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY AND COUNTY.

Only Morning Daily in Southern Illinois

Democratic Nominations.

FOR STATE TREASURER,
EDWARD L. CRONKRITE, of Stephenson.

FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,
SAMUEL M. ETTER, of McLean.

FOR CLERK OF THE SUPREME COURT, SOUTHERN GRAND DIVISION,
JACOB O. CHANCE, of Marion

FOR CLERK OF THE APPELLATE COURT, SOUTHERN GRAND DIVISION,
JOHN Q. HARMAN, of Alexander.

FOR CONGRESS—EIGHTEENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT
W. J. ALLEN, of Jackson.

FOR REPRESENTATIVES—FIFTIETH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.
T. W. HALLIDAY, of Alexander.
T. T. ROBINSON, of Jackson.

THE $3,000 balance in the hands of the New York yellow fever relief committee has been turned over to the wife and children of Lieut. Benner, the ill-fated commander of the Chambers' expedition.

VOTE for Thos. W. Halliday and Theodore Robinson, the Democratic nominees for the lower house of the General Assembly. They are men of ability, and deserve the indorsement of a rousing majority.

VOTE for Wm. J. Allen. It might occur that your single vote will save the district to the Democratic party. The district is so close that no Democrat should suffer any obstacle that is at all surmountable, to keep him away from the polls.

VOTE for William J. Allen. Go to the polls at an early hour; and then, if you can spare the time, devote the balance of the day to the bringing in of tardy Democrats. A full Democratic vote will elect Allen by one thousand majority. Lukewarmness or indifference will encompass his defeat.

THE Carbondale Free Press says: "We make no charges against Mr. Robinson, Democratic nominee for representative. We think well of him." This being true, Robinson must be an unexceptionable man indeed. The Democrat, against whom a rampant Radical sheet, like the Free Press, can say nothing of a defamatory character, must be sans reproeche; indeed. The wonder is that Mr. Robinson's confessedly blameless life shields him.

THE vote of the Democratic party will elect Harman by a majority of thousands; but it would be a well-deserved compliment to him and one that no man would esteem more highly, if we would send him out of Alexander county by a majority that will convey an intimation of the friendly feelings cherished for him among his political opponents. As no one is so wild as to conceive the possibility of Allen's election, such a compliment would be but a little thing in its bestowal, but one which would be highly prized by its recipient.

ELECTIONS will be held to-day in Illinois, Kentucky, Kansas, California, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont and Wisconsin. All these States except two are now under Republican control, and a majority will remain so. The Democrats will gain congressmen in New York, Pennsylvania and New Hampshire; but if it merely holds its own, it will have a working majority in the next house, which is the great desideration at which it is aiming.

NOT for a single moment during the entire campaign has Judge Allen forgotten that he is a gentleman. Assailed by Republican newspapers and speakers in the most violent terms, meeting personal abuse and villification at every turn, he has pursued the even tenor of his way, speaking of his competitor, if at all, in the most courteous manner, and utterly ignoring assaults of his enemies that were intended to force him to the level of personal warfare. Although most shamefully abused and foully slandered, he has demeaned himself in a calm and composed manner, and discussed, not the personal faults and misdeeds of his opponent; but those great questions of national import respecting which the people wished to be enlightened. He has thus won the respect and admiration of all gentlemen, even among those who propose to support his opponent, Mr. Thomas. Had Mr. Thomas pursued the same gentlemanly line of action he would, to-day, be five hundred votes the stronger.

FROM the nineteenth congressional district comes the welcome intelligence that Mr. Townshend, the Democratic nominee, is making a vigorous campaign and will receive a heavy majority. His speeches have taken the wind out of the sails of the two gentlemen on the Republican and Greenback tickets, who have had the bad judgment to butt their heads against the wall of the Democratic ticket in that district. The masses of the Republican party there are discouraged by Hayes and disgusted by the attempt to put up Grant for a third term, and show no enthusiasm.

JACK KUYKENDALL is the Republican candidate, in the 51st district for the state senate. He recently made a speech in Elizabethtown, and his audience consisted of ten men, seventeen boys, ten girls, eight women, and seven dogs. During his speech he declared that the Independents of Hardin county were abandoning their party and returning to the folds of Republicanism. The county officers and leading citizens of Elizabethtown unite in a public card in which they not only denounce the assertions as a lie; but declare that Kuykendall will be beaten in that county by at least 400 votes. George W. Young will represent the 51st district in the next Senate.

DEMOCRATS must not get confused by the multiplicity of tickets that will be presented to them to-day. If they are not familiar with the names of the regular Democratic nominees, they should call upon some honest Democrat who is better informed. No means are too unscrupulous for the Republican managers to adopt to catch the votes of the unsuspecting. Among other traps that they have set is the substitution of Thomas' name for that of Allen. Be on your guard then, or you may be entrapped into the support of measures which it is your pleasure to abhor, and of men whom it is your duty to assist in defeating.

THE Evansville Courier desires to be informed why Attorney-General Devens does not investigate the election outrages of Evansville. At the recent election there colored Democrats who desired and intended to vote the Democratic ticket, were forced by crowds of colored Republicans to vote the Republican ticket. A refusal would have excited violence, in which the few Democratic negroes would have been torn to pieces unless protected by the whites. But even in that event, vengeance would have merely been postponed awhile, as it seems to be the well settled opinion of southern Indiana colored Republicans that a negro Democrat is fit only to be killed. Such affairs as this, however, would excite in the Attorney General nothing more than a wink of approval. Outrages that increase the Republican vote are regarded by our Washington authorities as of that class of crimes that are justified by the end.

THE town of Hickman was a terrible sufferer from the yellow fever. But for the timely flight of a majority of her citizens, the record of deaths would have been appalling. Col. Tyler, a resident of the locality, says that of five hundred people who remained in the city, four hundred and fifty fell victims to the fever. These are round numbers, but we are assured that they simply represent the true condition there. Among the five hundred referred to, one hundred and five were white men, and of these white men one hundred and one, or all but four, were smitten with the fever. Of the first class, one hundred and thirty-nine died. Of the other class seventy died; and of the two hundred and fifty whites embraced in the five hundred who remained, only eight or nine escaped attack, and one hundred and twenty-six, or more than one half of the whole number, died. This is a fearful reckoning, and marks Hickman as the heaviest sufferer in the south, in proportion to her population.

IN fifteen states of the Union congressmen are to be elected to-day, and if Democrats do their duty the Democratic majority in the lower House of Congress will not only be maintained, but materially increased. The Eastern bond-holder, by a needless contraction of the currency has fastened upon the people a load that is too heavy to be longer borne. If Western Democratic Congressmen are elected, the true interests of the West will be properly taken care of; but if divisions are permitted in our party ranks, the effect will only be to add strength to the chains which Radical legislation has already fastened upon us. What intelligent Greenbacker can afford to vote for a nominee who stands no chance of election, when the Democratic nominee agrees with him in quite all his views, and is in a position to do him infinitely more service than men of his own selectio Through a Democratic majority in both houses of congress Greenbackers may hope to achieve the chief ends at which they are aiming. In no other way and through i[illegible] means can they ever be accomplished. Democratic Greenbackers who close their eyes to this fact, will open them after awhile; but it will be too late, then, to repair the injury their truancy may have occasioned. It is bad policy to divide, if we desire to conquer.

NORTHERN fanatics and mischief-makers affect great solicitude for the future peace of the country, because, forsooth, the South is solidly Democratic. It has been the aim of these unhappy creatures, for fifteen years or more, to render the North solidly Republican. Failing in the attempt, they profess to see danger in the success the democracy have achieved in precisely the same line of effort. The North is not now, and never will be again, solid Republican territory. In the October battle the right wing of their forces was turned by the gallant Democrats and Independents of Iowa; their left was badly confused in Maine, Indiana and Ohio, and to-day the Democratic legions of Illinois, New York and Pennsylvania will make a successful dash against their center. See to it, then, you democrats of the Prairie State, that you have all your armor on, and that, fall who may, you discharge your duty to yourself, your party and your country.

THE ELECTION TO-DAY.

To-day's election is one of more importance than is suggested by "surface indications." The result may, and most probably will, have a bearing upon the Presidential contest of 1880. Should the presence of three candidates in the field at that time, throw the decision of the question into congress, the congressmen elected to-day will form that congress. Each state, in the decision of the matter, will cast one vote. Twenty states form a majority, and the democrats have already secured nineteen. In Illinois we have a majority of but a few thousand to overcome, and if democrats perform their whole duty to-day, Illinois will be added to the list as the twentieth state. In any event, let it not be said that we of the eighteenth district were either sluggish or lukewarm. The district is a very close one, and both the state and national republican committees have sent money here with which to corrupt voters. Unimportant as our congressional struggle seems, the bondholders and bankers of the country and the manuracturing nabobs of New England, are watching it with the keenest solicitude. They have furnished the "sinews" in the shape of money, and expect to buy Democratic voters, like so many cattle, to support the Republican ticket. Democrats, as a general thing, are poor men—most of them shove the plane, hold the plow or dig in the ground for their scanty means of livelihood; but the gold of the Dives of the Republican party will be clinked in their faces in vain. Though poor, many of them needy, their manhood is not on the market. They will stick to their party, vote for Allen, for Halliday, Robinson, Harman and the other democratic nominees, and thus preserve their personal and political integrity, without spot or blemish.

AN INFAMOUS TRICK.

The Republican State Central Committee, in the hope of influencing "War Democrats" and "Republican Nationals," have resorted to an eleventh hour trick that should brand every man of them with ineffaceable infamy. By that committee, or through their connivance, a "Circular Letter," purporting to come from the Democratic State Central Committee, has been circulated broadcast throughout the State This forged letter abounds in declarations, most obnoxious and exasperating, like the following:

"We cannot afford to pay the Yankee War Debt."

"There was no need of the war, and the war debt was contracted under the protest of the Democratic party."

"The doctrine of States Rights is the doctrine of the Constitution. The hero of the Lost Cause' asserts this doctrine in his Missippi speech, and fully vindicates the right of a state to withdraw from the federal compact. English statesmen so expound our Constitution; and, but for slavery, would have interfered in behalf of our Southern brethren during the war."

"The justice of the Southern war claims is admitted by all unprejudiced men; their property was ruthlessly destroyed—their homes laid waste by the Yankee raiders under Sherman and others, and they must be paid or the Northern war debt repudiated."

"The crippled soldiers of the Southern States fought honestly for a constitutional doctrine, and are as much entitled to a federal pension as the soldiers of the North;" and so on to the end.

The circular is addressed to "reliable Democrats," and exhorts them to be discreet; to resort to every means to secure the votes of Republican Nationals—but not to trust them with a copy of the "circular."

It is scarcely possible that any thinking Democrat or National will be deceived by this eleventh hour piece of villainy; but that fact detracts nothing from the blackness of its infamy. A party whose straights seem to drive them to such desperate resorts, is unworthy of the continued respect and confidence of decent voters; and the candidate who triumphs through the use of such means is not such a man as can be trusted by the people.

WELL SAID, AND FEELINGLY.

The editor of the Paducah News writes thus feelingly of the North's response to the Southern call for help:

Some old soldiers bury their war experiences beneath the cares and duties of business, and no one would suppose from their talk that their sober manner and steady pulse had ever leaped in glory at the rattle of musketry and the roaring of the cannon. Others, however, carry their war reminiscences about with them as the white mice exhibitor parades his miniature menagerie on the street corner, crawling from his pockets and over his stump of an arm. A little dose of war talk is sometimes pleasant enough, but when we remember that the war is over; that the sword is beaten into a ploughshare, so to speak; that gunboats have been stripped of their old iron plates and the hulls worn out as wharf-boats; that frowning breastworks have sunk into the smooth and fertile wheat fields; that old uniforms have been worn out by the negroes; that secession is dead and slavery a thing of the past, and that the already closing wounds of the nation have this year received a more potent healing balm than all in the material aid from the North for the plague-stricken South, we feel like fleeing from the exhibition of such fossils as war talk brings forth from their thirteen years slumber, and trying faithfully to forget that war ever raged, while praying that it may never return.

The October report of the Department of Agriculture estimates this year's corn crop at 1,300,000,000 bushels. The yield of wheat will exhibit 400,000,000 bushels, probably the greatest quantity of wheat ever produced in one year in any country, and the crop of oats will be larger than the very fine one of 1877.

BROOKLYN Eagle: "As a matter of fact, and assuming that the interests of the blacks and whites are alike in the south—that their stake in their state and their country is the same—the Republican party should not have received a solitary vote from the Potomac to the Gulf of Mexico, for Republican rule in the south meant legalized plunder, and it was so. Its overthrow in that section has been followed by peace and prosperity, and by a return of society to its normal condition. It is true the south is still 'solid.' So it is, and so it will be, while the fear of Republican ascendency exists."

BOSTON Post: "The matter of the cipher dispatches is in a nutshell. Republican rascals had the presidency for sale. The price they asked was a feasible one. The offer was made to Tilden's friends. Money was at command if they had been disposed to trade. The proffer was rejected. The infamous brokers then sought Hayes' friends. With them they were successful. Hayes was seated. Every mother's son engaged in the wickedness was rewarded with a fat office. Tilden's virtue, if he knew anything of what was going on, stood the test. Hayes' didn't. That is all there is of it."

WORKINGMEN.—Before you begin your heavy spring work after a winter of relaxation, your system needs cleansing and strengthening to prevent an attack of ague, billious or spring fever, or some other spring sickness that will unfit you for a season's work. You will save time, much sickness and great expense if you will use one bottle of Hop Bitters in your family this month. Don't wait. See other column.

BEWARE OF CHEAP EXCITANTS.—And use, if you need a tonic stimulant and alterative, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. The liquors of commerce, even when they are not adulterated, fall to produce more than a temporary exhilaration, usually followed by a depressing reaction, anything but beneficial to a weakly constitution. Not only do the potent botanic ingredients combined with the alcoholic of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters minister to the health and vigor of those who use it, but the basis—pure old rye, the finest and most salubrious liquor distilled, is no mean promoter of a healthful condition of the digestive organs. Its presence in the bitters is essential to preserve their vegetable constituents from fermentation, and it unquestionably augments their remedial value. Few medicinal preparations of a proprietary nature have ever received such strong commendations from medical men.

FAT MAN MADE HAPPY—LOSES 61 LBS.—Prattville, Ala., July 20, 1878.—Botanic Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y.:—Gentlemen—About three months ago I commenced using your "Anti-Fat-" at which time my weight was 219 pounds. By following your directions carefully, I have succeeded in reducing my weight to 158 pounds. This is all very satisfactory and pleasant; but just previous to my commencing the use of your medicine, I had purchased two suits of fine clothes at a high price, and find, to my dismay, that they are entirely useless to me now. When I put one of my coats on, my friends tell me it looks like a coffee sack on a bean pole, and when I put the pants on—well, description fails. My object in writing is to ascertain whether you have not, in connection with your medicine business, an establishment where your patrons, similarly situated, could exchange these useless garments for others that would fit. I think you ought to have something of the kind, as it would be an inducement for many to use the Anti-Fat, who now object to using it, in consequence of the loss they would sustain in throwing aside valuable garments. Just turn this matter over in your mind. A "Clothing Exchange" is what you want in connection with your Anti-Fat business. Yours truly,

GEORGE BOYD.

MEDICAL.

SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE FOR CATARRH

INSTANTLY relieves and permanently cures this loathsome disease in all its varying stages. It possesses the soothing and healing properties of plants, herbs and barks in their essential form, free from every fibrous contamination, and in this respect differs from every other known remedy. In one short year it has found its way from the Atlantic to the Pacific coast, and wherever known has become the standard remedy for the treatment of Catarrh. The proprietors have been waited upon by gentlemen of national reputation who have been cured by this remedy, and who have, at considerable expense and personal trouble, spread the good news throughout the circles in which they move. When you hear a wealthy gentleman of intelligence and refinement say, "I owe my life to Sanford's Radical Cure," you may feel assured that it is an article of great value, and worthy to be classed among the standard medical specifics of the day.

THE benefit I derive from its daily use is to me invaluable.
HENRY WELLS, of Wells, Fargo & Co.

IT has cured me after twelve years of uninterrupted suffering.
GEO. W. HOUGHTON, Waltham, Mass.

I FOLLOWED the directions to the letter and am happy to state I have had a permanent cure.
D. W. GRAY, M. D., Muscatine, Iowa.

I Have recommended it to quite a number of my friends, all of whom have expressed to me their high estimate of its value and good effects with them.
WM. BROWN, 225 Pine St. St. Louis.

AFTER using two bottles I find myself permanently cured. I have since recommended over one hundred bottles with the greatest success.
WM. W. ARMSTRONG, 139 Harrison Av., Boston.

WE have sold SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE for nearly one year and say candidly that we never sold a similar preparation that gave such universal satisfaction. We have yet to learn of the first complaint. S. D. BALDWIN, Washington, Ind.

THE cure effected in my case by SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE was so remarkable that it seemed to those who had suffered without relief from any of the usual remedies that it could not be true. I therefore made affidavit to it before Seth J. Thomas, Esq., Justice of the Peace, Boston.
GEORGE F. DINSMORE, Druggist, Boston.

Each package of Sanford's Radical Cure contains Dr. Sanford's Improved Inhaling Tube, and full directions for its use in all cases. Price One Dollar. For sale by all wholesale and retail druggists and dealers throughout the United States and Canada. WEEKS & POTTER, General Agents and Wholesale Druggists, Boston, Mass.

Collin's Voltaic Plasters.

AN ELECTRO-GALVANIC BATTERY COMBINED WITH A HIGHLY MEDICATED STRENGTHENING PLASTER, FORMING THE BEST PLASTER FOR PAINS AND ACHES IN THE WORLD OF MEDICINE.

A MORBID SWELLING.

Gentlemen:—I sent for one of Collin's Voltaic Plasters, and it has been of great benefit in reducing a swelling in my left side that two physicians pronounced Enlargement of the Spleen, and one pronounced it an Ovarian Tumor. L. A. RISTER.
CYNTHIANA, IND., March 20, 1877.

THEY ARE THE BEST.

Gentlemen:—Enclosed you will find $4.25, and I wish you would send me another dozen of your Collin's Voltaic Plasters. By the above you will see that I can do something to help others in some way even if I am not able to be up and around. There are a number who have tried your plasters who had given out that all plasters were good for nothing, and now join with me in that they are the best they have ever tried. I have got along this winter better than I have before in three years. Wish I could have heard of your plasters before.
Yours, &c., LORETTA M. CROSS
BALLSTON SPA, N. Y., March 27, 1878.

Price 25 Cents.

Be careful to call for Collin's Voltaic Plaster, lest you get some worthless imitation. Sold by all Wholesale and Retail Druggists throughout the United States and Canadas, and by WEEKS & POTTER, Proprietors, Boston, Mass.

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(No Premium Notes.)
Surplus over Six Million Dollars.

The Most important question for those insuring their lives is "WHICH PANY IS STRONGEST?"

The strongest company is the one which has the MOST DOLLARS OF WELL INV ASSETS FOR EVERY DOLLAR OF LIABILITIES.

Of the seventeen largest Life Insurance Companies of the United States ratio of assets (excluding premium notes) to liabilities, the Equitable is largest, 121.99. The second largest is 119.77, and the third largest 117.32.

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Grow more popular every day, and are made a specialty.

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