



**SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR**

For Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Sick Headache, Chronic Diarrhoea, Impurity of the Blood, Fever and Ague, Malaria, and all Diseases caused by Derangement of Liver, Bowels and Kidneys.

**SYMPTOMS OF A DISEASED LIVER.** Pain in the Side, sometimes the pain is felt under the Shoulder-blade, mistakes for Rheumatism; general loss of appetite; Bowels generally costive, sometimes alternating with lax; the head is troubled with pain, is dull and heavy with considerable loss of memory, accompanied with a painful sensation of leaving undone something which ought to have been done; a slight, dry cough and flushed face is sometimes an attendant, often mistaken for consumption, the patient complains of weariness and debility; nervous, easily startled; feet cold or burning, sometimes a prickly sensation of the skin exists; spirits are low and despondent, and, although satisfied that exercise would be beneficial, yet one can hardly summon up fortitude to try in fact, distresses every remedy. Several of the above symptoms attend the disease, but cases have occurred when but few of them existed, yet examination after death has shown the Liver to have been extensively deranged.

It should be used by all persons, old and young, whenever any of the above symptoms appear.

Persons Traveling or Living in Unhealthy Localities, by taking a dose occasionally to keep the Liver in healthy action, will avoid all Malaria, Bilious attacks, Headaches, Nausea, Drowsiness, Depression of Spirits, etc., and will invigorate like a glass of wine, but is no intoxicating beverage.

If you have eaten anything hard of digestion, or feel heavy after meals, or sleepless at night, take a dose, and you will be relieved.

Time and Doctors' Bills will be saved by always keeping the Regulator in the House.

For whatever the ailment may be, a thoroughly safe purgative, alterative and tonic can never be out of place. The remedy is harmless and does not interfere with business or pleasure.

IT IS PURELY VEGETABLE, and has all the power and efficacy of Calomel or Quinine, without any of the injurious after effects.

**A Governor's Testimony.**  
Simmons' Liver Regulator has been in use in my family for some time, and I am satisfied it is a valuable addition to the medical science.

G. H. LEACH, Governor of Ala.

Hon. Alexander H. Stephens, of Ga., says: "I have derived the most benefit from the use of Simmons' Liver Regulator, and wish to give it a further trial."

"The only thing that never fails to relieve," I have used many remedies for Dyspepsia, Liver Affection and Debility, but never have found anything to benefit me to the extent Simmons' Liver Regulator has. I sent from Minnesota to Georgia for it, and send further for such a medicine, and would advise all who are similarly affected to give it a trial as it seems the only thing that never fails to relieve."

**DR. T. W. MASON** says: From actual experience in the use of Simmons' Liver Regulator in my practice I have been and am satisfied to use and prescribe it as a purgative medicine.

"Take only the Genuine, which always has on the Wrapper the red Z Trade-Mark and Signature of J. H. ZEILLIG & CO. FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS."

**PROFESSIONAL CARDS.**

**GEORGE H. LEACH, M.D.**  
**PHYSICIAN & SURGEON.**  
Special attention paid to the Homoeopathic treatment of surgical diseases, and diseases of women and children.

**DR. J. E. STRONG,**  
**Homeopathist,**  
129 Commercial Ave., Cairo, Ill.  
VAPOR, ELECTRO-VAPOR AND MEDICATED BATHS administered daily.  
A lady in attendance.  
CONSULTATION FREE.

**DR. W. C. JOCELYN,**  
**DENTIST.**  
OFFICE—Eighth Street, near Commercial Avenue

**DR. E. W. WHITLOCK,**  
**Dental Surgeon.**  
OFFICE—No. 136 Commercial Avenue, between Fifth and Ninth Streets

**"THE HALLIDAY"**  
A New and Complete Hotel, fronting on Leve Second and Railroad Streets, Cairo, Illinois.

The Passenger Depot of the Chicago, St. Louis and New Orleans; Illinois Central; Wabash, St. Louis and Pacific; Iron Mountain and Southern, Mobile and Ohio; Cairo and St. Louis Railways are all just across the street, while the Steamboat Landing is but one square distant.

This Hotel is heated by steam, has clean Laundry, Hydraulic Elevator, Electric Call Bells, Automatic Fire Alarms, Baths, absolutely pure air, perfect sewerage and complete appointments. Superb furnishings; perfect service; and an excellent table.

**Le P. PARKER & CO., Lessees**

**Goldstine & Rosenwater,**  
136 & 138 Com'l Ave.  
have received a full and complete line of new Fall and Winter

**DRY GOODS, DRESS GOODS,**  
Cloaks, Dolmans, Notions, Etc.  
A heavy stock of Body Brussels, Taperettes and Ingains

**Carpets, Designs.**  
A full stock of Oil Cloths, all sizes and prices.

**Clothing & Gents' Furnish'g Goods**  
A full and complete stock is now being closed out at great bargains.  
All Goods at Bottom cost!

## RIDING AN ELEPHANT.

What Abbey's Jant is Costing Him.

The Folly of Attempting High Salaries on American Patronage.

NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—Several managers of theatrical companies were seated in the Morton House last evening discussing "Abbey and the Metropolitan Elephant," as it is termed. "Yes, it is an elephant, and the biggest one Abbey ever attempted to ride," said one. "I see it is reported that he has already lost \$3,000 during the present season. Well, I hardly think his losses will reach that figure just at the present moment. Whether they will before the close of the season is a question. It would not require many more such houses to crush an impresario as that I saw on Sunday night at the sacred concert in the Metropolitan Opera House. Just out of curiosity I estimated the probable receipts for that night. They were \$1,100; allow 20 per cent. for "paper," and that would leave less than \$900 in receipts. There were nine singers and the orchestra contained seventy-seven pieces. At least three of the singers and some of the orchestra received between \$40 and \$50 for their night's work. Taking into consideration the pay of the remainder of the performers, gas bills, advertising, etc., I am greatly mistaken if Abby is not out of pocket at the least possible figure \$500. So it is with the opera. Abby has attempted too much. He pays his artists fabulous prices for their services, and expects to reap the benefit of giving such extraordinary entertainments from the public purse. I think he is already too well aware of his mistake. Such exorbitant wages must not be paid, then a good manager may hope to score great financial success in Italian opera. Not only the nabob who is able to foot a bill of any number of thousands for subscriptions, but the moderately wealthy citizens must be catered to by graduating the prices of seats according to their means. Pay the artists a little less, and financial success is assured. New York cannot support such an elaborate opera season as this, at the prices demanded for admission. I doubt if any city in the world can do it. Abbey attempts too much. This is a new sphere for him, of course, and no doubt in this fact lies the cause of his error."

**ANOTHER OPINION.**  
"I don't believe Abbey will lose a cent," said another well-known manager. "He is too old a bird to be caught in this way. I am not in error he receives a certain percentage of the receipts before a single bill is paid. The owners of the Opera House are the losers. They, I have no doubt, apprehend that financially the project would not be a success the first season, and they will not be disappointed. Abbey will be the disappointed party. He anticipated making money for both the owners and himself. In this respect his expectations have been far from realized. I venture to say that over \$50,000 has been sunk in the opera season alone thus far. If the close of the season does not find the management nearly twice that sum behind, then my reputation in this business is decidedly inferior. In my opinion, speculators who gobble up all the most desirable seats and dispose of them at outrageous prices, have played the mischief with Abbey. If there is not a panic among the footlights favorites that he has hired before the season is over, because of a failure to recover their pay, my surprise will be exceedingly great. The American people work and cannot afford such expensive opera. Let artists and opera managers govern themselves accordingly. Make prices moderate, and then the success of the finest opera must be assured."

"Do you think Mr. Abbey intends to control the Opera House during the next season?"  
"If he continues his present tactics he would be exceedingly foolish to do so. I think his first season's experience in opera, will teach him a lesson he never can forget. If I am not greatly mistaken Col. Mapleson has his eye on the Opera House at the present time."

Mr. Abbey left for Philadelphia yesterday evening, where his opera company is now singing.

**Law Preferred to Journalism.**  
HANNIBAL, Mo., Jan. 16.—W. H. Russell, who for years has been identified with the press of Hannibal, to-day retired from the Morning Journal as one of its editors and proprietors. W. S. Hallow buying his interest in the paper. Mr. Russell was a rising young journalist, but he preferred the legal profession and has associated himself with Geo. W. Easley, attorney for the Hannibal & St. Joe.

**Resisted Arrest.**  
MACON, Mo., Jan. 16.—A man giving his name as White was arrested by Marshal Clayton as a horse thief. A severe tussle ensued when Clayton attempted arrest, and but for the interference of other parties our Marshal would have been shot. The man stole two horses from Linn county, Mo., ten miles south of Brookfield. A reward of \$50 had been offered for his apprehension by the authorities.

**Receiver Appointed.**  
NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—A bill has been filed in the United States Circuit Court by Judge Wallace, for the appointment of a Receiver of the Ontario & Western, in behalf of Conrad N. Jordan. The Judge made the order returnable Thursday. The suit is entirely distinct from the Chapman suit. It is filed in behalf of plaintiff as a common and preferred stockholder.

**Charged with Conspiracy.**  
PITTSBURG, Pa., Jan. 16.—Twelve coal miners, formerly employed in the South-west Coal Works at Buena Vista, were arrested on a charge of conspiracy preferred by the owners, who allege that since the lockout last December the men have been endeavoring to induce those working to strike. A hearing will be had.

**Killed by an Explosion.**  
CINCINNATI, Jan. 16.—The Times-Star's Narets, Ohio, special says: Wesley Miner, an engineer on the steamer Nail City, was killed by the explosion of a steam pipe while engaged in breaking ice at the mouth of the Muskingum.

**A Substantial Gift.**  
BAY CITY, Mich., Jan. 16.—The new public library presented to West Bay City by Henry W. Sage, of Ithaca, N. Y., has been dedicated.

**Dead of Heart Disease.**  
PROVIDENCE, R. I., Jan. 16.—Amos D. Lockwood, a leading cotton manufacturer of this country, died of heart disease.

## When Rogues Fall Out.

NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—A Washington special to the Graphic says: A rumor is prevalent of a rupture between the Chicago Inter-Ocean and the Western Union Telegraph company said to be owing to the publication of a special report of the Inter-Ocean on the paper's lease of special wires. The Inter-Ocean had the longest line of wires in the country, extending to New York, Washington and St. Paul, managed by its own operators. It appears that the only thing known about it is that the Washington correspondent of the Inter-Ocean received a dispatch from the business manager of the paper saying that the lease had expired. This is considered rather thin as leases that involve so much do not expire so suddenly. The correspondent of the Inter-Ocean admitted that he had been directed to discharge the operator and had not done so but was waiting instructions.

**War on Whisky.**  
ATLANTON, Kas., Jan. 16.—Although there is a prohibitory liquor law in Kansas, no attempt has been made to enforce it in this city, and intoxicating drinks have been openly sold up to this time by some fifty saloons in violation of its provisions. The temperance people have organized this week and propose to wage war against the liquor men. To-day prosecutions will be commenced against sixteen of the most prominent saloonkeepers. The plaintiffs will probably be arrested to-morrow. Property owners fear the closing of dram-shops will leave them with empty buildings from which they now derive a handsome income as rent.

**Memorial Services.**  
MILWAUKEE, Wis., Jan. 16.—During the memorial services over the victims of the New-hall House fire, in St. Johns cathedral, the edifice was heavily draped with black. The catafalque was placed before the sanctuary. Father Koogh was the celebrant and Father Mahoney delivered the sermon. Nearly every Catholic priest in the city was present and the cathedral was crowded. At the conclusion of the service a meeting was held to establish a permanent memorial service and procure a marble memorial tablet. The archbishop has approved of these suggestions.

**For Murdering a Rich Banker.**  
WAUPACA, Wis., Jan. 16.—In the Circuit court Alfred Vanduser was put on trial for the murder of the wealthy banker H. C. Meade in 1882. A large number of witnesses were on hand. The case promises to be one of unusual interest. The murder was one of the most brutal and unprovoked characters, and for weeks was shrouded in complete mystery. The evidence for the State is strictly circumstantial but promises to be of a startling character. Over a week will be occupied with the trial. The city is full of people from all parts of the country.

**Brakeman Nolan Brained.**  
HANNIBAL, Mo., Jan. 16.—Pat Nolan, a brakeman, was killed in Ashburn, 16 miles below this city, on the K. & St. L. road. He was rear brakeman on an extra freight bound north, and stepped between two cars to make a coupling. His foot slipped through a cattle guard and his head was crushed to a jelly, his brains being scattered along the track for a distance of 100 feet. Nolan's body was sent to Quincy, Ill., to relatives who reside there. He was an experienced railroad man and unmarried.

**An Awful Scene.**  
STEELEVILLE, Mo., Jan. 16.—An infant child of Mr. Zach Jones met with a frightful death here. The parents went out together, leaving the little one with an older child. The latter was seated in front of the fire-place with the infant on her lap. By some accident both fell forward from the chair, and the little thing was burned to death, the juvenile guardian being too terrified and too feeble to attempt a rescue.

**Shut up Shop.**  
PITTSBURG, Pa., Jan. 16.—The board of managers of the Producers' Oil Exchange of Allegheny, met and decided to adjourn sine die after drawing warrants for the payment of debts and declaring a dividend of 14.52 on each share of stock. The stockholders' meeting last November decided to wind up the affairs of the concern and the board of managers were instructed to surrender the charter.

**Deserves a Rope.**  
COLUMBIA, Mo., Jan. 16.—Great excitement was created here by the arrest of Sam Williams, colored, in an attempt of criminal assault on Miss Lura Todd, who lives in the eastern part of town. Her cries were heard by Col. S. Turner, who seized the negro and lodged him in jail. The feeling against him is strong.

**Reed Denies It.**  
INDEPENDENCE, Mo., Jan. 16.—Society at Rock Creek, a farming community five miles west of town, is all torn up over the arrest of Jesse Reed, charged with the ruin of Mollie Cline, under the promise of marriage. Reed says the affair is blackmail. He will have a hearing Friday.

**Fire at St. Luke's.**  
ST. LOUIS, Jan. 16.—An alarm of fire was sent in from St. Luke's Hospital this morning, caused by a volume of smoke out of the chimney filling the fourth floor. No damage was done beyond the panic among the patients, none of whom, however, were seriously injured.

**Old '76 Relegated.**  
CANTON, O., Jan. 16.—Mrs. Pauline Bentz, aged 78, was plaintiff in a divorce proceeding against her husband, Paul Bentz, aged 78. She charges him with failure to support her, and with drinking whisky. The decree of divorce was granted.

**Joplin's Medical College Closed.**  
JOPLIN, Mo., Jan. 16.—Since the action of the State Board of Health in refusing to reorganize the Joplin College of Physicians and Surgeons as a medical school, that institution has decided to close its doors. A number of students left for their respective homes.

**Crushed to Death.**  
NEWCOMERTOWN, O., Jan. 16.—James Rausch, who was employed in one of the mines, was buried under six tons of ore, and crushed to death. He leaves a wife and two children.

**Scarlet Fever at Independence.**  
INDEPENDENCE, Mo., Jan. 16.—About 15 cases of scarlet fever of a mild form are reported. An examination is being made, and if deemed necessary the public schools will be closed.

## TO BE FORFEITED!

The Enormous Unearned Land Grants to Railroads.

The Bills Likely to Go Through Congress With a Boom—The Northern Pacific to be Only Exception.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Huntington's overwhelming defeat yesterday forestalled the certain and swift setting aside of the grant of 15,000,000 odd acres considered in the original Texas Pacific land grant. The unanimous report of the Public Lands Committee has shaken the railroad ring to the very center. Members now see their inability to resist the anti-railroad tide. Huntington has made a very feeble fight. The argument Gen. Roger A. Pryor submitted yesterday was one of the weakest ever made before any committee. It was simply a bit of idle rhetoric made in the most perfunctory and commonplace manner. The unanimous action of the committee will send the repeal of the grant through the House in a great hurry. It is not believed that twenty votes could be rallied against it. It is probable, therefore, that the bill will pass on next Monday, when a suspension of the rules will be in order. There is such a panic in Congress at the mere mention of the name of Huntington, that it is possible that the bill can be passed without objection. At any rate it will be passed by such an overwhelming vote that the Senate will not dare delay its passage. The vote practically wipes out all of Huntington's claims and leaves HIS LARGE LOBBY HERE.

**Out of Employment.** Senator Van Wyck's bill in the Senate, providing for a reduction in the freight and passenger charges of the Union Pacific and Central Pacific railroads, is in line with the anti-railroad feeling, so strong in this Congress. The original charter of these roads provide when their net receipts shall exceed 10 per cent. Congress shall have the authority to regulate charges upon these roads. The managers of these properties in their anxiety to unload their stock upon the market, have worked up the net receipts above the 10 per cent. limit, and so are within the reach of Congressional supervision. It will be hard for any member of the Senate to oppose any of the anti-monopoly legislation that will be proposed. Congressman Cobb intends to give Congress an opportunity of passing upon every one of the forfeited land grants. The House will probably release upwards of one hundred millions of acres. It is hardly probable the Senate can refuse to agree to the action of the House. There is no evident intention of disturbing the Northern Pacific land grant. The majority are inclined to regard that as a settled matter. Mr. Cobb is in favor of forfeiting this grant, but his views are not shared at present by the committee.

**Senate.**  
WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—In the Senate Sherman reported from the Committee of Finance a bill to provide for the issue and circulation of national banks with several amendments. The amendments were ordered printed and the bill recommended.

Plumb reported favorably the Public Lands bill, forfeiting land grant extension. The Iron Mountain Company bill passed after a brief debate.

Worce introduced a bill to regulate distillers' spirits, the capacity to be less than twenty gallons per day.

Miller, of New York, presented a memorial from the convention of stockmen held in Chicago relating to pleuro-pneumonia and inspection of cattle.

Plumb introduced a joint resolution proposing an amendment to the constitution in relation to the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors.

The Senate then proceeded in the consideration of the proposed joint rules of the House and Senate, which were agreed to practically as reported.

**THE HEART OF NILSSON.**  
It Throbbed for the Miseries of an Abused Dog.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Jan. 16.—Christine Nilsson, while out walking to-day, saw two boys beating a dog. Greatly incensed at their conduct she drove them off. The dog, recognizing a friend, followed her to her hotel. There she had him washed and put to bed. She then sent out and got a collar for him and adopted the animal. Mme. Nilsson was the recipient this afternoon of a handsome luncheon party, given in her honor by Mrs. Samuel W. Gross, wife of the celebrated surgeon. Some of the most prominent ladies in the city were present. To-morrow evening she dines with Mrs. George W. Childs, and afterwards will attend a ball given her by Mrs. Thomas McKean, whose husband is the grandson of the president of the first American Congress. As Marguerite Mme. Nilsson sang last night to an 88,000 house.

**Donated to Harvard College.**  
BOSTON, Jan. 16.—By the will of David Ellis his estate is left in trust for the benefit of his sister, and upon her decease \$50,000 goes to Harvard college, the net income of which, after deducting 5 per cent. for the purpose of increasing the fund, to be applied to the payment of tuition and other expenses of certain descendants of David Ellis and others who may be members of the college. The residue of the trust property, if any, is to be paid to the president and fellows of Harvard college, the income, after the same deduction of 5 per cent., to be applied to the payment of the salary of a professor of pathological anatomy, under certain regulations as to the amount of such salary.

**That Mexican Treaty.**  
WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—It is whispered here that St. Louis people who are hoping to see the new treaty with Mexico adopted may yet be disappointed. It is said that there is a scheme to talk the treaty to death. It must be finished by the 20th or it passes away by limitation, and the sugar interest has made a combination with two or three other interests that are threatened by the treaty. Many of the friends of the measure doubt very much whether they will be able to ratify it in the face of this opposition.

**To Reorganize the Army.**  
WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Through Congressman Buckner, Herman S. Hess of St. Louis filed a petition in the House for a reorganization of the United States Army. He wants sharpshooters to be added to the army as a special branch, the facilities of the artillery increased, the number of officers reduced and privates increased, the army to be divided into six divisions, a Major-General to be in charge of each. The petition was referred.

## JOHN FITZ PORTER.

Major Steele's Opinion of the Celebrated Case.

His Reasons for Presenting the Minority Report Against the General's Reinstatement.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Representative Steele, of Indiana, who presented the minority report from the House Committee on Military Affairs, opposing Fitz John Porter's reinstatement to the army, said to an interviewer that the case seemed too important for him to acquiesce, through courtesy, in the report of the majority. He believes that the court which convicted Porter was composed of too able and honorable men for their judgment, based on fresh personal knowledge of events, to be cast aside 20 years after they considered the question.

"Do you not find that their verdict and sentence were inconsistent?" was asked.  
"Not at all," he replied. "Put yourself in a position similar to that of the Court. You have to approve your decision a kind-hearted and humane executive, a man to whom extreme measures are repugnant. If you did not want your man to go scot free, wouldn't you give him a sentence that would be likely to be approved rather than a harsh one which might be negated through mercy. There was no occasion for inflicting the extreme penalty. All this talk about a five to four court is all nonsense. No one knows but that the Court were unanimous."

"You are firmly convinced of Porter's inexcusable disobedience, then?"  
"How can I help being so in the face of his order? Take that famous 4:30 p. m. order. Did he proceed against the enemy? Take McDowell's testimony, that there were no obstacles to Porter's advance."

"You don't admit, then, the possibility of Longstreet having been between Porter and Jackson's right?"  
"There is no evidence that Longstreet was there except that given by the Confederates. Even had he been there, so much more reason why Porter should have engaged his forces. Why should he have been permitted to rest in secure inactivity while his companions were marching bravely to death in obedience of orders? No matter if Longstreet's forces were there he could have obeyed orders, whatever lay in his path. No, I cannot bring myself to believe that he is to be excused for having neglected to render the first duty of a soldier. There may be a feeling against Catchson and myself for having taken this position in opposition to the rest of the committee, but I cannot surrender my convictions, even though I be alone in opposing the bill. I think, however, we shall find some able champions."

"Do you know whether Senator Logan is going to take his old position in regard to the case and will make much of a fight?"  
"No, I know no more about it than I have read in the papers."

"What are the principal points in your report?"  
"We base our report on the minority report of the Committee on Military Affairs of the 46th Congress, and signed by Anson G. Cook, F. B. Marsh and Thos. M. Brown, adding what individual views we may hold ourselves."

Very great interest is shown in the case here. It is believed the bill will be passed next week.

**THE NUTT TRIAL.**  
An Affecting Scene in Court—Many Checks Blurred with Tears.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 16.—The opening of the Nutt trial was noted by the absence of the great rush of the past few days and the presence of many ladies among the spectators. While Playford was addressing the Court for the opening of the defense, and remarking on the probable results of the trial, the faces of those most concerned were an interesting study. When reference was made to the insulting manner in which Dukes had laughed in the prisoner's face and taunted him in the public streets, many in the audience and those personally interested shed tears. A tit bit between the counsel in regard to Nutt's mental condition, attracted a great deal of attention and was the turning point in the case and occasioned a general surprise among lawyers and spectators. Brown being allowed to question Dr. Fuller, he said he had four or five questions in writing which covered the whole matter and suggested to witness just what to say, and that was "yes."

That one word described James Nutt as an imbecile whose mind was inflamed by the murder of his father, to such an extent that he would be a monomaniac on the subject and would easily lose control of himself when excited by the object of his mania. Mrs. Nutt was placed on the stand and testified on the subject of the mental condition of James which had been frequently a subject of conversation with herself and husband, previous to his death. That the defect in his mind had been perceptible all through his (James') life. James attended Dukes' trial throughout, and the verdict rendered at the time and the publication of letters had a marked effect and when taken with Dukes' subsequent insults in public had affected his mind so that she at times was fearful his reason would be entirely dethroned. After Mrs. Nutt had identified several letters which had previously been read at Dukes' trial, which Dukes had written to Capt. Nutt, the Court took a recess until 1 p. m.

**HOT FOR HOUSTON.**  
An Unruly Meeting of Railroad Managers, of which He was Chairman.

NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—At the Ontario and Western meeting, Mr. Houston was elected chairman. Mr. Jordan moved that the meeting adjourn for thirty days and that an investigating committee be appointed to report on the condition of the company.

There was great excitement and the meeting was large. Dos Posos represented Jordan and Judge Green the Winslow faction. Mr. Houston, the Chairman, refused to put certain motions, and Mr. Jordan put them himself, and declared his resolution carried. Houston declared the whole matter out of order. There was lively discussion between the counsel, and, finally, on Jordan's motion, the meeting adjourned until 1:30 o'clock. It is rumored that the action of Jordan was probably inspired by S. J. Tilden. At a meeting C. F. Worcester, who was challenged by the Jordan faction, cast his vote for the regular ticket, headed by Horace Porter. The present Board of Directors hold a sufficient number of proxies to elect a board in their own interest.

## FOREIGN.

**ENGLAND.**  
**DEATH IN A SHAFT.**  
SWANSEA, Jan. 16.—While a number of miners were being lowered into the Garnant Colliery preparatory to commencing work this morning the rope broke precipitating them to the bottom, a distance of 70 feet. Eleven men were killed and several wounded.

**TO CONFER WITH GRANVILLE.**  
LONDON, Jan. 16.—The Marquis Teong left Folkestone for London, where he goes to confer with Earl Granville, Minister of Foreign Affairs, on the Tonquin question.

**CHOOSING A RECTOR.**  
LONDON, Jan. 16.—In the election to fill a vacancy in the Rectorship of St. Andrews University, caused by the resignation of Minister Lowell, Rev. Theo. O. Ring received 90 votes to 87 for Mr. Gibson, a member of Parliament.

**"GOD BLESS THE DUKE OF ARGYLE."**  
LONDON, Jan. 16.—The Duke of Argyle intends to write a reply to Mr. Henry George's "Progress and Poverty."

**AUSTRIA.**  
VIENNA, Jan. 16.—The Minister of Commerce has approved the scheme for a regular monthly line of steamers between Trieste and New York. The steamers will begin running the first of February. Railway and shipping rates on goods from Buda-Pesth and Vienna to New York via Trieste will be exceptionally cheap. The Southern Pacific railway company has also taken the initial steps for a direct line of steamers from Trieste to New Orleans via Havana, and proposes making preparations for the larger imports of American cotton owing to the unsettled state of affairs in Egypt.

**GERMANY.**  
**DR. LASKER'S BODY.**  
BERLIN, Jan. 16.—The President of the Lasker Committee, Herr Levitzow, and Herr Forekenbeck, will proceed to Boman to receive the body of the late Dr. Lasker upon its arrival at that port.

**CAREFUL OF ROYALTY—MORE COMING.**  
VIENNA, Jan. 16.—The members of the Austrian courts have been vaccinated in consequence of the alarming illness of Arch-Duchess Stephanie. The Empress of Austria is envious.

**SPAIN.**  
**AFTER VON MOLTKE.**  
MADRID, Jan. 16.—It is announced that King Alfonso intends to adopt the German army system for Spain. For this purpose a number of Spanish army officers are to be sent to Berlin to study the system.

**BIGAMY MADE EASY.**  
An Engineer With a Wife at Each End of His Run.

ATLANTON, Kas., Jan. 16.—Society is considerably torn up over the deceiving of a young lady of this city by W. J. Plumb, a married man, who is an engineer on the H. & St. Joe road, and has a wife and four children residing in Cameron, Mo. He represented himself as single and wooed and won the daughter of Dr. W. Selp, of this city. In December he obtained a license to marry Miss Selp, and since that time has been living with her as his wife at this end of the line, and with his lawful wife at Cameron when at that end of the line. On Monday the city marshal arrested Plumb on a telegram from his wife at Cameron, and yesterday she and her father appeared. Dr. Selp being absent from the city and wife No. 1 refusing to prosecute, the amorous engineer skipped across the river into Missouri, and, for the time, is at large.

**Called Out and Shot.**  
EASTON, Pa., Jan. 16.—D. P. Hill, a merchant of Higginville, N. J., was called to his store, and shot by three masked men. Two balls lodged in the head. He is not expected to live. No property was disturbed.

**Woodruff's Hotel Destroyed.**  
STEELEVILLE, Mo., Jan. 16.—News has just reached here of the burning of Woodruff's Hotel and all its contents, in Bourbon, last Saturday morning. It was insured for \$1,500.

**THE MARKETS.**  
JANUARY 16.

**New York.**  
WHEAT—January \$1.04 1/4; February \$1.06 1/4; March \$1.08 1/4; April \$1.11 1/4; May \$1.13 1/4.  
CORN—January 62 1/2; February 63 1/2; March 64 1/2; April 65 1/2; May 66 1/4.

**Chicago.**  
WHEAT—January 94 1/2 b.; February 91 1/4; March 92 1/4; May 94 1/4; June 95 1/4.  
CORN—January 53 1/2 b.; February 53 1/4; March 54 1/4; May 55 1/4; June 56 1/4.  
OATS—January 33 1/2 b.; February 33 1/4; March 34 1/4; May 35 1/4.

**St. Louis.**  
WHEAT—January 91 1/4; February 92 1/4; March 93 1/4; May 94 1/4; June 95 1/4.  
CORN—January 53 1/2; February 54; March 54 1/2; May 55; June 56.  
OATS—January 32 1/2; February 33; March 33 1/2; May 34 1/2.

**CATTLE—Export steers \$5.40 @ 6.00; good to heavy do \$5.75 @ 6.25; light to fair (grassers) \$5.10 @ 5.50; good to medium \$4.40 @ 5.00; fair to good Colorado \$4.10 @ 4.50; Southwest \$3.75 @ 4.50; Grass Texans \$3.50 @ 3.75; light to good steers \$3.50 @ 4.00; fair to good feeders \$3.75 @ 4.25; common to choice native cows and heifers \$3.00 @ 3.50; scullawags of any kind \$2.50 @ 3.00.**

**SHEEP—Common, medium and light \$2.75 @ 3.00; fair to good \$3.75 @ 4.25; prime \$4.00 @ 4.50; fair to good Texas \$2.75 @ 3.00.**

**HOGS—Receipts 8,688 head; shipments 1,114 head. Strong and alive; common mixed to good choice packing \$5.25 @ 5.90. Yorkers quiet at \$4.40 @ 5.55; butchers to choice helves \$5.75 @ 6.00. Philadelphia \$6.00 @ 6.15.**

**LIVERPOOL, Jan. 15.—Wheat and corn arrived dull and lower to sell in quantity. Wheat and corn to arrive dull and lower to sell in quantity. Mark Lane—Wheat and corn dull. Country markets quiet. Spot wheat dull and neglected; No. 2 spring \$3.14; red winter wheat old coast declined 3d.; winter \$2.80. California declined 1d. Mixed Western corn better at 56d. Demand from United Kingdom and Continent moderate and fair for wheat and oats.**