

STORY OF CRIME READ IN COURT

Alleged Confession of Steve Adams Given to World for First Time Yesterday.

ORDERS FROM PETTIBONE TO "GET" STEUNENBERG

Tells of Killing of Tyler, for Which \$300 Was to Have Been Paid—Reading of the Confession Not Concluded.

By Associated Press.
WALLACE, Idaho, February 23.—The story of the plot to assassinate Ex-Governor Steunenberg of Idaho was told to the world today when Steve Adams' confession was read to the jury which is trying him for the murder of Fred Tyler.

Adams' confession states that he joined the Western Federation of Miners at Clippie Creek; that he knew Mayer, Haywood and Pettibone; that Pettibone told him to see Simpkins; they wanted to "get" Steunenberg and that manner of "getting" Steunenberg being left to him, he went to Idaho, met Simpkins and there planned the crime. Following is the substance of the confession it is alleged was made Tuesday, November 27, 1906, at the office of the warden of the Boise penitentiary in the presence of a Pinkerton detective, James McPartland and a stenographer. The confession was witnessed by Warden Whitney and read by McPartland this morning.

The Alleged Confession

Adams said that he was a member of the Western Federation of Miners and intimately acquainted with Charles B. Mayer, William Haywood, and George Pettibone. They told him to go to Idaho and see Simpkins about the business connected with Steunenberg. Shortly after he saw Simpkins and talked about the assassination of Steunenberg. It was shortly after the dynamiting of the depot at Independence in July, 1904.

To "Get" Steunenberg

"Who talked with you about the assassination of Ex-Governor Steunenberg?"

"George Pettibone, Simpkins also told me about Steunenberg. He said they wanted to 'get' Steunenberg. Mayer was not present. I think he was in jail at Telluride.

Pettibone said nothing as to the manner in which we were to remove Steunenberg. He gave us no directions. It was understood that I was to use my own judgment. Simpkins told me that he wanted to go up on the timber claim in the morning. Simpkins said that he would write back that day for money and then we would go down on the Steunenberg case.

\$300 to Kill Tyler

"Pettibone told me afterward that the money was sent to the wrong address. After I got to the timber claim I met some settlers, one named Mason and another Hale, or 'Wall-Eye.' I also met a man by the name of Glover. There were some claim jumpers in there. Simpkins told me he wanted to get rid of these fellows and if I did so he would give me \$300.

Killing of Jumper

"Two men got killed. Meut Glover, Simpkins and myself assisted in the killing. Tyler was the first man killed, and I killed him with a 25-35 Winchester. We went down to Tyler's cabin and he was not there. We stayed around all day and then went out on the trail. We stopped at a spring and I heard someone coming. I said: 'All right; I am glad of it.'

"We hid behind some trees and I saw that it was Tyler coming. He had a big gun buckled and I told him to hold up his hands. One of the boys took his gun and we took him to Simpkins' cabin and kept him until morning and then took him three miles out on the trail and I killed him. The three of us were together all of the time. After killing him we left the body between two logs. Tyler had always refused to say where he came from, but said that a man by the name of Lewis, a Spokane man, had placed him on the claim.

Was to Get Rest of Them

"After the killing I went down to Harrison and met Simpkins. I told him what I had done and he said he did not want to have any more claim jumpers on his claim. He said we would rest around Harrison for a while and then go back and get the rest of the fellows on the other claims.

"In about a week or thereabouts I went back up there and I met a fellow by the name of Boule and another man coming down the trail. We fired and killed Boule. That was Jack Simpkins, Meut Glover and myself. There was another man with us whose name I don't remember. We met that man on the trail and Simpkins and Glover knew him. Mason was not there. We shot the man with Boule, but missed him. After that we put back to Glover's cabin and Simpkins went to Mason's cabin. We finally got out by going to Glover's cabin and got a canoe and went by the way of the St. Joseph river. The canoe was lying on the bank and we took it.

Blew Up Cabins

"We landed above Glover's ranch and let the canoe go adrift. We waited around there until the sheriff came up

to investigate the matter of the death of Boule. Then we went back to the place and blew up some cabins. I don't remember how many or whether it was all of them or not. There were two or three at least.

"The sheriff did not find both bodies—only the body of Boule, which lay close to Simpkins' cabin. I don't think the sheriff asked Simpkins about the body. I did not get the \$300 as promised by Simpkins, as he said the settlers promised to pay, but were slow in coming through. Mason gave me \$100 and Simpkins \$20 when I left there. I suppose Mason is there yet. He is a married man with a large family.

Rich Man Head of Jumpers

"I will say this thing about these people. There was a rich man in Spokane by the name of E. R. Lewis who was sending men up there to jump claims, trying to get them away from the settlers. They said Lewis furnished the money to come up and hold the claims until they could take them away from the settlers. They were to get half for doing so and Lewis the other half. The claims were lumber claims and had good timber on them.

"After the affair was over I left Simpkins and went back to Denver. There had been no money sent to tend to the Steunenberg matter and so I let that go."

There is where the confession ended at the adjournment of court at noon to meet again at 2 p. m.

ANOTHER STEAMSHIP DISASTER

Austrian Steamer With 150 on Board Goes on Rocks—Many Lives Lost

By Associated Press.

TRIESTE, Austria, February 23.—Bulletin.—The Austrian Lloyd steamer Imperatrix bound from Trieste to Bombay, ran onto the rocks last evening near Cape Elaphonisi, upon the island of Crete, and sank soon afterwards. It is known that the disaster was accompanied by loss of life, but in the absence of news the number of the drowned is unknown. The passenger list and crew on board numbered about 150. The Imperatrix sailed from Trieste on February 19.

A telegram has been received from the company's agent at Canoa which says:

"The following has been received from the lieutenant of the Imperatrix: 'Twelve persons and myself have been saved; the others are on board the steamer, the position of which is extremely dangerous.'"

PENNSY WRECK A REMARKABLE ONE

Three Pullmans Go Down 60-Foot Embankment and Only Seven Slightly Hurt

By Associated Press.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., February 23.—In one of the most remarkable wrecks that ever occurred on the Pennsylvania railroad fifty-four passengers and a railroad crew of ten people were more or less injured this morning when the Pennsylvania special, the eighteen-hour train between New York and Chicago, was wrecked while rounding a sharp curve near South Fork, six miles from this city. Seven passengers sustained serious hurts necessitating their removal to hospitals. They are:

Fred A. Russe, postmaster of Chicago. John F. Kline, postmaster of Joliet. Felix Isman, real estate broker, Philadelphia. Samuel F. Nixon, Philadelphia. Thomas Bauer, Lafayette, Ind. J. Wood Wilson, Marion, Ind. W. H. Baker, Chicago.

All will be able to leave their hospitals within a few days except Kline, who has a serious wound in the lungs. The flyer, fifty minutes late, was traveling over fifty miles an hour when it reached the curve. The accident was caused by a brake rigging dropping to the track. Three Pullmans plunged down a sixty foot embankment onto the thick ice covering the Conemaugh river.

In the midst of the confusion a number of foreigners were detected plundering the Pullman cars. One was arrested. Considerable jewelry and valuables and wearing apparel had been taken.

No Habeas Corpus for Villareal

By Associated Press.
EL PASO, February 23.—United States District Judge Maxey today handed down a decision refusing a grant of habeas corpus to Antonio Villareal, the alleged revolutionist.

This does not affect the cases against Villareal pending before the departments of justice and of commerce and labor.

Murderess a Maniac

By Associated Press.
CHICAGO, February 23.—Mrs. Flora McDonald was arraigned today upon the charge of killing Webster Guerin. Her mental condition is such that the case will be continued until March 1. Physicians say that her reason may never be restored.

REVIEW OF WEEK IN GLOBE MINES

Operations Favorable Throughout the Week and Shipments to O. D. Smelter Increase.

OLD DOMINION TO SINK TO SIXTEENTH LEVEL

Globe-Arizona Company Starts Work and Allotment of Stock Will Be Made—Operations at Other Mines in District.

The past week was, on the whole, favorable to mining operations in Globe district, the effect of the rain on Friday being, if anything, helpful. Roads are in good condition, all available teams are busy and more could find employment. Machinery shipments are, in several instances, delayed and some of the new companies are restricted in their work by continued shortage of fuel.

The Mitchell people have suffered from both these causes, but are pushing development work on their various properties with good results and it is confidently believed they will have an abundance of ore to supply the first unit of their smelter by the time it is ready to blow in. The furnaces and other equipment for the smelter have not yet arrived, although advices of their shipment were received several weeks ago. The first car of coke for the Mitchell smelter arrived yesterday.

The Union Copper company has had a car of machinery on a sidetrack here for ten days, having had difficulty in securing teams to haul it to their mine, sixteen miles west of Globe. The machinery includes a large hoist, boiler and stack, ore cars, iron pipe for water column, track steel, etc. Part of this machinery was transferred to wagons and started for the mine on Thursday and the remainder will follow in a day or two.

Rather slow progress is being made grading for the extension of the G. V. G. & N. railroad, but Engineer P. Jones, superintendent of construction, promises that the force will soon be increased and the road built to the Mitchell smelter without further delay.

Ore Shipments Are Large

The bettered condition of the roads has enabled the producing companies to increase their ore shipments. The Continental and original Old Dominion are sending in all the ore the teams can haul. The United Globe mines are supplying their regular tonnage and the Keystone, Warrior, Gibson and Live Oak are also regular shippers to the Old Dominion smelter. The Arizona Commercial's shipments of sulphide and silicious ores average about two cars a day. The company is still waiting for rails to complete its railroad to the Black Hawk mine, where ore shipments will be largely increased. There are several other companies which expect soon to enter the shipping list.

Progress by Old Dominion

Conditions at the Old Dominion show steady improvement and the force of miners and other laborers is now larger than ever before. Work on the 14th level has been confined during the week to timbering No. 2 crosscut, completing air connections and driving the main extraction drift. Driving No. 2 crosscut has been resumed. A round of holes was blasted yesterday and the drills are still in ore. The width of the ore body in the crosscut is now forty-three feet and there is no indication of the ore giving out. It is certainly a wonderful ore body and the strike adds millions of dollars to the value of Old Dominion. No. 3 crosscut, 100 feet west of No. 2, was started on Thursday. It should reach the sulphide ore body within two weeks.

President C. S. Smith is credited by the Boston News Bureau with the statement that the company will immediately sink the main working shaft to the 16th level, which would be 1,230 feet from the collar of the shaft, at which depth the primary sulphide ore should prevail.

B shaft has reached the 10th level and the station is being cut. Good progress is being made in driving the east drift on the 9th level to connect with B shaft and the drifts on the 9th and 10th levels to connect A and C shafts.

A large force with scrapers and teams is employed on the hill above the smelter, grading for the new coke bins which will have a storage capacity of 13,000 tons, and cost the company \$30,000.

At the smelter the entire battery of four furnaces has been ryaning, except for thirty-six hours, when one furnace was undergoing repairs. The output of copper has been satisfactory and the total for the month should not fall short of 2,800,000 pounds. Ore continues to accumulate and the stock pile now contains about 10,000 tons.

For the first time in several months the fuel situation shows marked improvement. Coke is arriving freely and there are nearly 700 cars en route for the company.

Globe-Arizona Starts

The latest company to enter the Globe field and one which is very favorably viewed by local investors is the Globe-Arizona company, mention of which was made in last week's review of the district. The Rolling, Rogers and Star

properties, which were recently acquired by the company, are splendidly located and the work which was done under previous management brought developments which assure excellent results for the new company.

A force of thirty men were put to work yesterday on a wagon road and as soon as it is completed active operations will begin in developing the property. On the claim adjoining the Buckeye of the Old Dominion, a shaft 290 feet deep needs cleaning out and retimbering. At a depth of 70 feet in the shaft a level has been run westward for a distance of 140 feet and the entire level contains a good showing of ore. Pat Rose, formerly mine superintendent of the Arizona Commercial, recently made an examination of the mine and states that the property is one of the best in the district. Mr. Rose estimates that there is about \$20,000 worth of ore in sight on the 70-foot level and other estimates the values even higher. In a raise from the level 100 feet from the shaft the entire opening is in ore.

The fault which traverses the property is shown on the government geological map by Professor Ransome as one of the most important in the district. The officers of the company, all of whom are well known business and mining men of Globe, are confident that they will open one of the largest mines in the district.

During the coming week the company expects to offer the local investors an allotment of 100,000 shares of stock at a price which will probably be fixed at 30 cents per share and most of the allotment has already been spoken for. Another block of stock will be placed in the eastern market. The ore now in sight should go a long way toward meeting the expense of operating and developing the mine.

Globe Consolidated

The Gem shaft of the Globe Consolidated has passed the 500 level and is well on its way to the next century mark. A station is being cut on the 500, the first in the shaft, and drifts will be started when the station is completed. President Hovland is expected to return some time this week and further plans of the company will be made known.

Arizona National

Ore showing is bettering with depth in the shaft of the Arizona National on Lower Pinto. At a depth of 103 feet twenty-eight feet of the shaft was in ore which will average 6 per cent copper or better. Sinking is progressing at the rate of about four feet a day.

Azurite Copper Mining Company

The newest company operating on Lower Pinto is the Azurite Copper Mining company, composed of Carl Eder, H. A. Sidow, Jacob Suter, C. W. Parsons and C. W. Clement. The properties of the company adjoin those of the Calumet & Globe and the Globe Standard and a shaft is being sunk on the claim adjoining the famous Brewery claim of the former company, which also contains the Brewery vein. The company expects to put out 50,000 shares of its treasury stock to pay development expenses, 10,000 of which will be allotted in Globe, leaving 40,000 shares in the treasury of the company.

Britt Copper Company

Among the new flotations meeting with local favor is the Britt Copper Mining company, organized to take over a group of fourteen claims situated on the San Carlos strip, fourteen miles southwest of Fort Thomas. The company is capitalized for \$1,250,000, with shares at \$10 par, of which \$250,000 is to be paid on the first call. Of the total capitalization, 75,000 shares are treasury stock and 50,000 promoters' stock.

Fifteen thousand shares of the treasury stock have been allotted Globe, Bisbee and other towns in Arizona and already the subscriptions here amount to 2,000 shares.

The officers of the company are J. C. Britt, president; George R. Hill, vice president; A. T. Hammons, secretary and treasurer; and the above officers, together with L. P. Fluhrer, A. G. Smith and R. J. Young, form the board of directors.

All reports from the property are highly favorable. The vein crops strongly over 500 feet in length and for 150 feet in width. A force of twenty men under the direction of R. J. Young has been doing preliminary work on the property for the past several months. This work consists of about 800 feet of tunnels, the deepest being ninety feet vertically, and which crosscuts the lead, exposing forty-two feet of sulphide ore. The same character of ore is also exposed in other openings and there is said to be 22,000 tons of ore on the dumps. Several analyses of the ore have been made which show average values of 4.90 to 19.40 per cent copper, 12 to 14 per cent silicate, 27 to 37 per cent iron and 27 to 47 per cent sulphur.

Orders for a hoist and other machinery and tools will be given at once and development work on a broad scale will begin within two or three weeks. A three-compartment shaft is to be sunk to a depth of 500 to 1,000 feet.

The first important work will be the construction of a good wagon road to Fort Thomas, only four miles of which will be at all difficult or expensive.

L. P. Fluhrer and Albert Cooper, agents for the sale of the stock in the east, will leave for New York on that mission in a few days.

WILL UNLOCK DEADLOCK FOR RHODE ISLAND SENATOR

By Associated Press.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., February 23.—The deadlock in the legislature over the election of a United States senator is to be broken by the Republican state central committee, according to information gained here, the plan being to unite the Colt and Wetmore forces and thus to secure the election of a Republican candidate.

CURRENCY BILL IS POSTPONED

Aldrich Measure Called Up in Senate and Senator Nelson Explains His Amendment.

SENATE DOCTORS UP POSTOFFICE BILL

Goes the House a Few Better in Making Raises for Clerks—Coupon Advertisements Will Be Allowed.

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, February 23.—Senator Aldrich, who has been endeavoring to get final action on his currency bill, called the measure up today.

The measure went over until next week, Aldrich stating that he should call it up after Monday. Nelson explained the nature of the intended operation of his amendment to the bill. That amendment permits the secretary of the treasury to receive as security for deposits for government funds in national banks, government bonds, and at his discretion, state or municipal bonds and also such bonds as the law permits the banks of Massachusetts and New York to accept.

Must Pay 2 per Cent

It further provides that banks shall pay the government at least 2 per cent interest on government deposits. Nelson combated the idea that such a requirement would change the character of government deposits, saying that it was held that banks receiving such deposits were "fiscal agents" of the government money, and that when received should be kept intact and not loaned out on interest. He said the better class of banks did not object to paying interest on government deposits.

Nelson Bests Aldrich

Nelson repeated that the secretary is now receiving railroad bonds as security. Aldrich questioned this at the time and Nelson produced a letter today from a banker of St. Paul, which stated that the secretary had received from \$150,000 of Northern Pacific 4 1/2 per cent and \$50,000 of 4 per cent Union Pacific bonds.

Aldrich admitted he had been incorrect in denying the statement. Nelson said he did not know by what authority the secretary received such securities unless it was the words "and otherwise" in the law.

Later, while Aldrich was discussing the bill, Nelson asked by what authority the secretary of the treasury had received other than government bonds. "I must confess I do not know," answered Aldrich.

Report Postoffice Bill

The senate committee on postoffices reported to the senate today on the postoffice appropriation bill. The report will not be completed until Monday, but it is estimated that an increase of three millions has been made over the amount appropriated by the house bill, which was \$209,000,000. The largest increase is an amendment advancing the pay of rural carriers to \$900. Their present pay is \$720. The house bill increased this to \$840. The house made an appropriation to increase the salaries of the clerks and carriers in the postoffices of all grades and to this the senate committee added provisions for the graduated promotion of clerks and carriers up to \$1,200. Special grades are created above that amount where emergencies of character and service made them necessary. Another amendment was adopted appropriating \$100,000 additional for clerks of the third class offices.

May Carry Coupons

The controversy between newspapers and magazines which carry coupon advertisements was disposed of by the adoption of the following provision: "That hereafter newspapers and periodicals may carry blank or printed return coupons as part of advertisements or other blank space for writing concerning the subjects treated not in excess of one-third of the superficial area occupied by the advertisements of articles without impairing their rights to second-class postal rates."

Under the rule recommended from the der the rule recommended from the committee on rules by Mr. Dalsell of Pennsylvania the house today amended its substitute for the La Follette sixteen-hour railroad employees bill, no negative vote being cast. Both Republicans and Democrats agree that this amendment made to the bill strengthened it greatly and that it would be satisfactory to the president.

The most important amendment adopted is that concerning the elimination of the word "knowingly" wherever it occurs, which has the effect of relieving railroads of responsibility for overwork unless it is permitted or required with the knowledge of the railroad management that the employee worked over time.

The house agreed to the conference's report on the legislative, executive and judicial bill, and then resolved itself into a committee of the whole for further consideration of sundry civil bills, holding a night session in hopes of completing the measure. An amendment was adopted which provided for the continuance of work on the geological map of the United States.

Debate on Cemetery

Over Monument bill, near Greenville, Tenn., the last resting place of Andrew Johnson, a storm of oratory broke today while the house as a committee of the whole was discussing the sundry civil bills. Place was made for a national cemetery a year ago and there is a paragraph in the budget carrying \$32,000 for a superintendent's lodge, roadway, walks and inclosing walls.

Mr. Gardner of Michigan moved that the paragraph be stricken out for the reason that only four union soldiers are buried there. He said the appropriation really was only an ingenious way of taking care of the grave of Andrew Johnson.

Defends Johnson

Brownlow of Tennessee, who represents the district once represented by Andrew Johnson, spoke earnestly against the motion and told the story of what East Tennessee had done for the Union army. "The congressional district of which Greenville is the center," said Mr. Brownlow, "sent more men to battle for the Union than any other congressional district in the country and they were from one hundred miles within the Confederate lines."

Passing to a discussion of Johnson, Brownlow said amid great applause: "In my opinion Johnson was the greatest patriot of the Civil war."

Quiet in Senate

Although the senate devoted four hours to legislative matters today, nothing was accomplished except speech-making. The agricultural appropriation bill received further criticism. It is proposed that a million dollars be added to the fund at the disposal of the forestry service to make up for revenues taken away from it and turned into the treasury. While this amendment probably is to be accepted, Heyburn would not permit it to receive final action until he has exhausted every legitimate means of opposition.

Senate Leaders Express Disinclination

to permit much more talk on the bill. Hale said today that if necessary the senate would let the bill fail and provide for the support of the agricultural department by adopting a resolution continuing the appropriations of last session.

Dead Are Eulogized

Aldrich prevailed on Proctor today to lay the agricultural bill aside that he might call up the currency bill. In the hour that remained before the special order for eulogies was reached, nothing was accomplished beyond an explanation of the purposes of his bill by Mr. Aldrich. Then came eulogies on the late Senator Alger of Michigan and Representative Hitt of Illinois, Hoar of Massachusetts and Lester of Georgia.

Each speaker justified the record of the late Senator Alger in the administration of the war department during the Spanish-American war.

Report on Block System

The interstate commerce commission today sent to the senate its report concerning the investigations made of the workings of the block system to prevent railroad accidents. The commission recommends the passage of a bill which was submitted a year ago, to compel railroads to adopt the system, but now suggests that the time for compliance with it be extended so that the roads may be properly equipped.

Whether this law is passed at the present session or not, the commission asks that it be authorized to make official investigation of all train accidents.

Put on Finishing Touches

By Associated Press.
WASHINGTON, February 23.—It was announced today that the final conference will be held at the White House next Monday between the president and Secretaries Root and Taft, relative to the contract for the construction of the Panama canal, and the decision will be announced Monday.

For Cruelty to Insane

By Associated Press.
COLUMBUS, Ohio, February 23.—Athens county grand jury today returned five indictments against former employees of the state insane asylum for alleged cruelties practiced against the inmates of that institution. Three of the men were indicted for second degree murder in "tramping out" an inmate.

HARRIMAN ON THE CARPET TOMORROW

Will Tell Commerce Commission of High Finance in Railway Circles

By Associated Press.

NEW YORK, February 23.—E. H. Harriman, president of the Union Pacific, will appear before the interstate commerce commission Monday to testify as to the larger financial doings of the Union Pacific and of the group of financiers connected with the company.

A number of other persons who have been associated with Harriman have been summoned but it is expected the entire day will be devoted to Harriman's examination. The most important subjects on which Harriman will be questioned are the reorganization of the Chicago & Alton after the control of its stock was acquired by the Harriman group and the recent stock operations by which the same group secured control of the Illinois Central. In addition Harriman will be asked to tell of his operations in connection with the Baltimore & Ohio and the Santa Fe.

Several members of the commission are expected to be present at the hearing.

THAW FAMILY HAS ENOUGH OF TRIAL

Mother of Prisoner and Other Members of the Family Sick of Shocking Revelations.

LUNACY COMMISSION MAY BE APPOINTED

Jerome Forces Hand of the Defense in Making the Cross Examination of Evelyn Thaw Unnecessarily Cruel.

By Associated Press.

NEW YORK, February 23.—The counsel for Thaw spent part of today denying the usual crop of recess rumors which spring up at every adjournment. The attorneys are particularly anxious to have it understood that they will fight any attempt to have a commission of lunacy appointed. Despite this the belief grows that Jerome is continually pointing his efforts in this direction. He may have been influenced by this idea in making the cross examination of Evelyn Thaw unnecessarily cruel.

He hoped that the authorities for the defense might profit by the first show of severity and agree to the appointment of a lunacy commission. When they failed to do this Jerome maneuvered in another direction, declaring he had no taste for the ordeal to which he was subjecting the frail young woman. He wanted to have her testimony stopped long enough to put on the stand Dr. Deemar and Bingham, physicians to both branches of the prisoner's family.

Examines Physicians

Some days ago Jerome was given permission to examine the two physicians in his office, the idea being that their testimony was to be taken in depositions. Evidently something occurred during the examination to cause the defense to take a new view of the matter. The district attorney declared it necessary for them to take the stand as the introduction of depositions was not possible without the consent of the other side.

Before Jerome had examined the witnesses in person he blocked most of their testimony. Now he is more anxious to get it on the records. It is reported that Mrs. William Thaw and other members of the Thaw family are anxious that the trial, with all its shocking revelations, shall stop. Jerome has just begun to show the strength of his hand in testing the credibility of the young Mrs. Thaw and will have much evidence to offer concerning her relations with the defendant before marriage. Everything that happened between them seems to be known to the prosecutor.

BAILEY INQUIRY COMES TO CLOSE

Guilt or Innocence of Senator Is for Public to Decide, Says the House

By Associated Press.

AUSTIN, Texas, February 23.—So far as the members of the house committee appointed in the investigation of the charges against Senator Bailey are concerned, the investigation is at an end. At a consultation today it was decided that a sub-committee be appointed to review 2,300 pages of evidence, make findings on undisputed facts, and report to the full committee at the earliest possible moment.

Representative Coker, the proponent of the charges, in making the statement against the investigation, said that the committee is to make a reply and that Bailey has the same right. Coker urged that there are still several witnesses to be heard.

According to the house resolution authorizing the investigating committee, it shall report its findings to the body, but the guilt or innocence of Bailey is for the public to decide. The senate committee will meet Monday. Bailey probably will leave soon for Washington, where he is to take his oath of office March 4.

SEVEN GUNS HAD BEEN USED BY NEGRO SOLDIERS

By Associated Press.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, February 23.—In the Penrose court martial case today Lieutenant George Lawrason testified under questioning by Colonel Glenn that when he inspected the guns on the morning after the shooting he found seven men with guns which had evidently been in use.

"At an order from Major Penrose, who just then came up, I went off on another duty, leaving seven men and guns to Penrose and Captain Lyon for further inspection."

Britons Supreme at Chess
NEW YORK, February 23.—America lost the international chess chess match with the British team which finished today. The score was 4 1/2 to 5 1/2. Five games resulted in draws.