

STANDARD OIL GIVEN THE LIMIT

Fined \$29,240,000 for Violations of the Law Relating to Accepting Rebates.

LARGEST FINE EVER IMPOSED IN A COURT

Court Exposes and Severely Arraigns the Men Who Form the Dual Corporation to Force the Dividends.

By Associated Press. CHICAGO, August 3.—Judge Kene-saw M. Landis today in the United States district court fined the Standard Oil Company of Indiana \$29,240,000 for violation of the law against accepting rebates from the railroads.

The fine is the largest ever assessed against an individual or any corporation in the history of American criminal jurisprudence and is slightly more than 131 times as great as the amount received by the company through its rebating operations. The case will be carried to the higher courts by the defendant company.

Gave the Limit

The penalty imposed upon the company is the maximum permitted under the law and it was announced at the end of the long opinion in which the methods and practices of the Standard Oil company were mercilessly scored. The judge, in fact, declared in his opinion the officials of the Standard Oil company responsible for the practices of which the corporation was found guilty were no better than counterfeiters and thieves, his exact language being:

Judge Scores the Officers

"We may as well look at this situation squarely. Men who deliberately violate this law would counterfeits or steal letters from the mail. The nominal defendant is the Standard Oil Company of Indiana, a million dollar corporation. The Standard Oil company of New Jersey, whose capital is one hundred million dollars, is the real defendant. This is for the reason that if a body of men organize a large corporation under the laws of one state for the purpose of carrying on business throughout the United States, and for the accomplishment of that purpose absorb the stock of the other corporations, such corporations so absorbed have henceforward but a nominal existence.

Larger Corporation Offender

"They cannot initiate or execute any inherent business policy, their elimination in that respect being the prime consideration for their absorption. So that, after this process has taken place, the crime is committed in the name of such smaller corporations, and they will consider that the larger corporation is the real offender. And where the only possible motive of the crime is the enhancement of dividends, and the only punishment authorized is a fine, great caution must be exercised by the court lest in the fixing of the small amount it encourage the defendant to further violations by esteeming the penalty to be in the nature of a license.

A "Dividend-Producing Crime"

"The defendant argues that to hold it for 1,462 offenses would be a violation of the constitution of prohibition against the imposition of excessive fines and it is urged that congress could never have intended to confer upon the court such power. It is the view of the court that for the law to take from one of its corporate creatures as a penalty for the commission of a dividend-producing crime less than one-third of its net revenues accrued during a period of violation, falls far short of the imposition of an excessive fine, and surely to do this would not be the exercise of as much real power as is employed when sentence is imposed by taking from a human being one day of his liberty.

In this connection it may be observed that the figures exhibiting the net earnings of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey during the period covered by this indictment are exceedingly instructive because of the peculiar intimate relations between the character of the crime and the revenues of the offender.

Evaded Law from Start

"The law prohibiting preferential railroad rates was passed twenty years ago. Its adoption was preceded by the vigorous opposition interposed by those who had been beneficiaries of the vicious practices its enactment was designed to abolish. Immediately thereafter these persons set about to devise means for its evasion. The records of the court and of the interstate commerce commission show the employment of a large variety of schemes to accomplish this result.

History of Rate Legislation

"During the period of time since 1857, congress has repeatedly endeavored to effectively amend it, with a view to the accomplishment of its great object. Finally, in 1903, the Elkins law was passed. The court recalls that at that time an earnest hope was very generally entertained that at least means had been devised that would put an end to preferential railroad rates, and yet a few months thereafter the Standard Oil company procured 1,900 carloads of property to be supplied at an unlawful secret rate and for this

offense the Elkins law authorizes the punishment only by a fine, an obvious defect, remedied, however, by the present law, which prescribes imprisonment in the penitentiary for a like offense. However, it is the business of a judge to administer the law as he finds it, rather than expatiate upon the inadequacy of the punishment authorized for its infraction.

Judgment Is Passed

"It is the judgment and sentence of the court that the defendant, the Standard Oil company, pay a fine of \$29,240,000.

Put Up to Grand Jury

"One thing remains. It must not be assumed that in this jurisdiction these laws may be ignored. If they are not obeyed they will be enforced. The plain demands of justice require that the facts disclosed in this proceeding be submitted to the grand jury with a view to the consideration of the conduct of the other party to these transactions. Let the order be entered for a panel of sixty men returnable at 10 o'clock on the morning of August 14. The United States district attorney is directed to proceed accordingly."

Crowds Press into Courtroom

The decision of Judge Landis aroused almost as much interest as did the presence of John D. Rockefeller and the other officials of the Standard Oil company in the courtroom on July 6. The crush was so great that a large force of deputy marshals had much difficulty in controlling the crowd that was anxious to force its way into the courtroom.

The government was represented in the courtroom by United States District Attorney Sims and Assistant District Attorney Wilkerson. The attorneys who tried the case for the Standard Oil company, John S. Miller, Morris Rosen-thal and Alfred A. Eddy, were not present, the company being represented by Morriss Starr, partner of Miller, and Chancery Martin, from the office of Eddy.

Wanted a Word Before Adjournment

When Judge Landis took his seat on the bench he said quietly:

"The United States versus the Standard Oil company; is the defendant represented?"

"If the court please," said Attorney Starr, "on behalf of the defendant and in the absence of regular counsel, but with their authority, I desire to make a suggestion or two pertaining to the final order in the case before—"

Doesn't it strike you," broke in Judge Landis,

"that it would be well to wait until I have finished this document? Then I will hear what you have to say." The judge shook his manuscript as he spoke and Mr. Starr sat down.

Sarcasm of the Court

The court had not proceeded far in his opinion when he was interrupted by some attorneys who were trying to transact business with the clerk of the court. Leaning over the railing in front of him, Judge Landis inquired with quiet sarcasm:

"I am not interrupting, gentlemen, am I?" The attorneys fled and the reading was resumed.

Defendant Will Appeal

When the reading had been concluded Judge Landis turned to Attorney Starr and declared that he was ready to hear what he had to say. Mr. Starr said he was appraised that there would be a delay in the execution of judgment. This the court denied positively. After some debate between the court and attorneys for the government and the company, it was agreed that the attorneys for the defense should be given sixty days in which to file a bill of exceptions.

Landis Willing to Extend Time

"The court is as anxious to have this taken to the court of appeals as anybody," said Judge Landis, "and I am willing that sufficient time be given. It must go to a higher court through the regular channels. No execution will issue until the certificate has been presented to the court and fully examined."

It is expected that the case will be heard during the January term of the United States court of appeals.

Standard May Get More

Under seven indictments still pending against the Standard Oil company an additional fine amounting to \$38,440,000 may be levied against the company if it is found guilty on the trial. There are in these seven indictments a total of 4,422 counts, and the maximum fine in each count would be \$20,000.

Mr. Rogers Is Silent

BEDFORD, Mass., August 3.—In response to the inquiry as to whether he had any comment to make on Judge Landis' decision in the Standard Oil case, H. H. Rogers, who is at his summer home at Fairhaven, said he had no comment to make.

The Grist of the Justice Court

Anna Williams, colored, was yesterday fined \$20 and given ten days in the city jail for disturbing the peace. Will Page was given ninety days in jail for vagrancy. He is also colored.

John Doty was arrested yesterday by Officer Peterson for attempting to ride his horse into Bob Daniels saloon in North Globe. He was also carrying a gun, and having doubly violated the law, he was found to be a fit subject for Justice Hinson Thomas to settle with. He will have his hearing on Monday.

Forfeited His Bond

Philip Meyer, arrested as a vagrant and placed under \$50 cash bond yesterday, did not show up. His trunk was not in his room and it is evident that he has gone, bag and baggage, to burden some other community with his presence. The city was in double luck to get \$50 and rid itself of an undesirable resident.

PROGRESS OF THE COPPERS

General Review of Mining Activity in the Globe District During the Week.

OLD DOMINION STILL PRODUCING HEAVILY

The Alsdorf, Warrior and Other Mines Are Showing Excellent Ore Developments—Heavy Shipments to O. D.

The general situation throughout the Globe mining district remains unchanged. Operations by the leading mining companies continue on a large scale and development work is being actively prosecuted. Old Dominion is treating a large tonnage of ore from its own mines and from the Gibson, Arizona Commercial Copper and Warrior companies.

Warrior Has Large Body

The important news of the week was the strike of sixteen feet of good ore on the 280-foot level of the Arizona National and the improved showing in the Gibson and Superior & Boston. The Warrior Copper company is opening up a large body of ore, which a week ago showed seventy feet wide in the cross-cut and averaged about 9 per cent copper.

Alsdorf's Sulphide Ore

Steady improvement in the Alsdorf property, under bond to the Lewisohns, which adjoins the Inspiration, is also reported. It is said the shaft on this mine for 200 feet is in sulphide ore averaging 4 per cent copper and there are hundreds of feet of drifts and cross-cuts in the same character and grade of ore. Developments indicate that the Alsdorf property will become one of the largest copper mines in Globe district, possibly in Arizona.

Lower Metal Prices

Considerable uneasiness is felt by some of the smaller companies over the declining tendency of copper, current quotations for the metal being from four to five cents per pound below the highest prices which ruled a few months ago. In London copper is selling at a figure about equal to 18 cents for electrolytic in this country and consumers in the United States hope to cover their requirements for the next two or three months at about that level, although the large producers are not disposed to make any further concession in prices.

Old Dominion

Gradual improvement is noted at the properties of the Old Dominion company coincident with the progress of development and construction work. Ores from the 14th level show an increasing percentage of sulphur, to such an extent that much of it does not require concentrating and goes direct to the furnaces. The Continental is a steady producer of high grade sulphide and the Buckeye shipments are large.

At the smelters five furnaces are running, making a very satisfactory output of copper. On Friday 480 bars were run out and the daily production is averaging over 100,000 pounds.

The company is still receiving heavy consignments of supplies and building up a great reserve of coke to insure against possible washouts and car shortage later.

The Eureka

That section of Globe district seven to ten miles west of Globe in which are situated the Inspiration, Alsdorf, Warrior, Keystone and Live Oak properties, is attracting much attention by reason of important ore discoveries and the great size of the mineralized lodes. Included in this group is the Eureka, from which a large tonnage of siliceous ore was shipped to the C. & A. smelter at Douglas last year, netting the lessee, I. N. Kinsey, a handsome profit. The past few months D. D. Sullivan, the principal owner in the Eureka, has had a small force of men employed on development work with very encouraging results. The vein has been opened by drifts on the footwall and by crosscuts exposing a large body of ore that averages 5 to 6 per cent copper, from which shipments have been made to the Old Dominion smelter. About twelve tons of ore is taken out daily and the mine is capable of a much larger production. The force has recently been increased to ten men and a drift has been started to open the ore body fifty feet deeper than the present working level, where the ore has been crosscut sixteen feet without reaching the hanging wall. Ore bins are being constructed in expectation of a larger output as the blocking out of ore progresses. The ore runs very even in value and the Eureka has all the earmarks of a good mine.

Superior & Boston

Good progress is being made in the development of this fine property, with three shafts sinking the Great Eastern and Limestone shafts and driving the west drift and sinking a winze on the Black Oxide. The showing on the latter claim is very good, the drift continuing in hematite and carbonate ore averaging about six per cent copper and some of it going much higher. The lead is the Buckeye vein, from which the Phelps Dodge company has mined ore for years and which now contributes a considerable tonnage to the Old Dominion.

Inspiration

The mill is running steadily and turn-

ing out a fine grade of concentrates. Recent rains have increased the water supply, which is now ample. By increasing the output of the Huntington mill nearly double the amount of ore is now crushed than formerly. The management expects to further increase the capacity of the plant at an early date.

Mining at Richmond Basin

Leroy Ikenberry and Dave Heron are in from Richmond Basin, where they are successfully mining for silver, mention of which has been made several times in these columns. They are developing a rich lead on the Silver Plume mine, from which they have made several small shipments and now have nearly a carload of ore. Their next shipment will be fifty tons and will be delivered at the end of the Arizona Commercial railroad, a shipping agreement having been made with that company.

Copper in the Sierra Ancha

Joseph Paull is exhibiting samples of copper ore from locations held by William McFadden, himself and another party in the Sierra Ancha, about fifty miles north of Globe. The sample from one location is carbonate and glance ore of very high grade and Mr. Paull states that the ledge is 100 feet wide. The other ledge is said to be fifty feet wide on the surface and the ores are oxide carbonate and gray sulphide of copper, running from 6 to over 40 per cent. The ore was taken from two shafts, one of which is 100 feet deep and the other 25 feet. The claims are near the abandoned government sawmill site which they have located as a millsite. There is a good wagon road to the claims. Favorable reports have been made on the property by mining men.

Globe Consolidated

Manager McCarthy reports the Gem shaft at a depth of 860 feet and the Boston at a depth of 875 feet. No new developments are reported at that camp, but the development work continues steadily.

FIENDISH ACTS OF CRIMINALS

All Plain Clothes Police of New York Concentrated in Ferreting Out Mystery

By Associated Press. NEW YORK, August 3.—The worst crimes against women and children which have swept over New York for the past fortnight has reached the stage where heroic measures are called for in an attempt to put a stop to the fiendish work which has come to light through the discovery of several murders and a number of assaults.

Acting Police Commissioner O'Keefe late today issued orders directing that every plain clothes officer on the force of the city lay aside all other work and devote himself entirely to an attempt to bring to justice the perpetrators of these crimes. He ordered that house to house visits be made by all officers on the regular beats and that parents be advised to keep their children under close supervision. He also announced that he would ask the board of estimate and appropriation for a sufficient sum to add five hundred officers to the force.

Parents Terror Stricken

A dozen or more attacks on children recently have struck terror into the hearts of mothers all over the city, and scores of cases of supposed attempts to assault have been reported to the police which have no foundation in fact. There have been enough actual cases of assault on children to cause the police as well as parents much worry. Every effort has been made by the police to capture the men guilty of the assaults and murders, but very little progress has been made.

Strong Evidence Against One

The police today arrested four brothers, Thomas, Louis, George and James Esposito, believing that they could throw some light on the murder of little Katy Titchler, whose mutilated body was found in a cellar on First avenue. Later all but Louis were discharged. Louis at first denied he had been in the cellar where the child's body was discovered, but when confronted with the evidence of the others who had seen him emerge from the cellar, he admitted that he had been cutting wood there the day that Katy disappeared.

Italian Arrested for Assault

An Italian, giving his name as Mar-rius Sallo, was arrested and held today on the charge of an attempted assault on Anna Rodgers, a young girl living in Brooklyn. The girl says that as she was walking down the street Sallo seized her by the arm and tried to drag her into a vacant lot. The girl's screams brought a crowd, who attacked Sallo and were only prevented from seriously injuring him by a policeman who drove them back at the point of his revolver.

HAYWOOD AT HOME IN DENVER TODAY

By Associated Press. SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, August 3.—With his family and John Murphy, William Haywood left for Denver at 7:30 this evening. He should reach home tomorrow afternoon.

New Market Opens Tomorrow

The Independent Meat Market will be open for business tomorrow morning in the building formerly occupied by the Globe Hardware company, across from the St. Elmo. This market is fitted in the very latest to be had in the line and will prove to be a great trading center.

Ice Cream Social

The ladies of the Florence Crittenton circle will give an ice cream social on the evening of Saturday, August 10, on the lawn and sidewalk in front of the courthouse.

TRAINMEN WALK OUT IN COLORADO

Striking Switchmen Succeed in Tying Up the Colorado & Southern Railway.

THE GOVERNMENT IS ASKED TO INTERFERE

Railway Officers Claim It Is a Violation of the Chicago Agreement and Bureau of Labor Will Act in Case.

By Associated Press.

DENVER, Colo., August 3.—In consequence of the failure of negotiations between the striking Denver switchmen of the Colorado & Southern railroad and the management of that road, Grand Master Morrissey of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen called out all the trainmen on the system belonging to that organization today. These include about five hundred brakemen and a few conductors. The trouble has been pending for some time, as the local men have been on a strike for higher wages. Vice President A. D. Parker of the Colorado & Southern has appealed to the interstate commerce commission and the department of labor at Washington for assistance in settling the strike.

Mr. Parker claims the passenger service will not be interfered with, but a freight tie-up seems complete. If it lasts any time the results will be serious to the railroad and the city of Denver, as well as the mines in Gilpin and Clear Creek counties, which depend on this railroad entirely; also two smelters in Denver and a number of other interests.

Government Will Act

WASHINGTON, August 3.—Commissioner Neill of the bureau of labor today received a telegram from A. D. Parker, vice president of the Colorado & Southern railway, setting forth an alleged violation of the Chicago agreement by the switchmen on that railroad. He will take the matter up early tomorrow, but he has no plan of action outlined. He expects to get into communication, however, with the officials of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen and the railroad officers with a view of getting an agreement to suspend action pending an investigation by the government.

EL PASO LEAGUE TEAM WILL COME TO GLOBE

Manager Prochaska of the Globe baseball team yesterday received a telegram from Manager Jacobs of the El Paso team, a member of the Southwestern league recently formed, asking for a game in Globe on Labor Day, September 2. It was stated last evening by Manager Prochaska that the arrangement will be made providing the El Paso team will consent to play the first game on Sunday prior to Labor Day. Globe ball fans would hardly be satisfied with one game, and it is likely that the arrangement for two games as suggested will be made.

Cananea Waps a Visit

A letter has been received from Charles K. Shelby of Cananea requesting the Globe team to go to that city for a series of games beginning September 15 and concluding on the 17th. There is to be a big celebration in the Mexico copper camp on those days in honor of Mexico's independence, and Mr. Shelby says that the Cananea team is anxious to meet the Globe boys. He also suggests that an excursion of Globe people be made to Cananea and the matter will be taken up with Colonel Epes Randolph for a special train to leave this city on September 14 in the evening, making the return trip on the 17th. Excursions from Bisbee and Douglas will also be arranged and the Cananea tournament will be made one of the largest ever planned in the southwest.

The Globe team is anxious to go to Tucson, when the tournament takes place there on Labor Day, and meet the Armstrongs on their own ground. But if the Cananea games can be arranged to follow the Tucson tournament the trip may be extended into Mexico.

THE MEXICAN ARRESTED NOT THE MURDERER

The Mexican brought in from San Carlos by Deputy Sheriff John Owens on Friday night was successful in proving that he is not Lecanna, the man wanted for the murder of his sweetheart near Morenci. He answered the description to some extent, although he is not as lame as the murderer is reported to be.

The Mexican remained in jail all night and yesterday morning communication was had by telephone with Jim Camp at San Carlos and he stated positively that the man had worked for him some time prior to and at the time the murder was committed. Camp's ranch is about 100 miles from the scene of the murder and Camp stated that the man held in custody has borne a good reputation. He was released yesterday morning and Deputy Sheriff Owens returned to San Carlos.

BASEBALL SCORES IN THE BIG LEAGUES

By Associated Press.

Western		R. H. E.
At Des Moines—	.....	5 9 1
Des Moines .....	.....	3 6 3
Batteries: Edmondson and Creager; Thompson and Goding.		

American		R. H. E.
At Washington—	.....	4 13 2
Washington .....	.....	12 12 0
Batteries: Gebring, Hughes and Heydon; Mullin and Schmidt.		

At Philadelphia—		R. H. E.
Cleveland .....	.....	5 9 0
Philadelphia .....	.....	3 7 5
Batteries: Liebhardt and Clark; Waddell, Dygert and Schreck.		

At Boston—		R. H. E.
St. Louis .....	.....	6 9 0
Boston .....	.....	1 6 2
Batteries: Powell and Spencer; Young and Shaw.		

At New York—		R. H. E.
Chicago .....	.....	6 9 1
New York .....	.....	3 4 1
Batteries: Walsh and Hart; Chesbro and Kleinow.		

Second game—		R. H. E.
Chicago .....	.....	5 8 0
New York .....	.....	3 4 2
Batteries: Smith and McParland; Newton and Thomas.		

National		R. H. E.
At Pittsburgh—	.....	5 12 3
Pittsburg .....	.....	7 7 0
Batteries: Gannitz and Gibson; Pastorius, Gell and Ritten.		

At Chicago—		R. H. E.
Chicago .....	.....	3 13 0
New York .....	.....	2 3 4
Batteries: Overall and Moran; Wittse and Bresnahan.		

At St. Louis—		R. H. E.
St. Louis .....	.....	0 2 0
Philadelphia .....	.....	2 7 2
Batteries: McGlynn and Noonan; Corridon and Dooin.		

At Cincinnati—		R. H. E.
Cincinnati .....	.....	4 9 1
Boston .....	.....	3 8 2
Batteries: Pitt and McLean; Dornier and Needham.		

WILL NOT FIGHT TWO CENT FARE

Virginia Railway Men State that They Want to Have Peace With People

By Associated Press.

RICHMOND, Va., August 3.—Shortly before midnight the state officials received a telegram from the attorneys of the Virginia railroad to the effect that the two-cent rate would be put into effect on or before October 1 on condition that the matter should be taken to the courts for final decision as to its legality.

Railways Giving In

Attorneys for the Southern, Chesapeake & Ohio, the Norfolk & Western, the Atlantic Coast line and the Richmond, Fredericksburg & Potomac were in conference all day formulating an answer to a letter sent by Governor Swanson on behalf of the corporation commission and the state, but it was not until late tonight that an agreement was finally signed.

Had not the railroads accepted the orders issued by the state an extra session of the general assembly would probably have been called. The statement given out by the railroads is that they have determined to live in peace with the people and to end the conflict.

THE PAINFUL INJURY OF A GLOBE RAILROADER

Brakeman Clarence O. Townsend of the Gila Valley, Globe & Northern met with an accident at Thatcher last week that may cost him the loss of his right foot. While in the act of setting a brake Townsend's foot slipped and was caught between the bumpers on two flat cars. The toes and front portion of the foot were badly crushed and bruised, several bones being badly broken. The injured man was placed on the train engine and brought to the Jones hotel in Safford, where Dr. Warner gave him surgical attention. He was later placed on the afternoon passenger train and taken to the railroad hospital at Globe. Dr. Warner is of the opinion that the foot can be saved. Townsend was bracking on a local hay train. He is about 28 years of age and single. He resides with his parents in this city.

Will Remain in Globe

F. S. Wise, who came to Globe from Los Angeles some months ago to establish a record of transfers for the Globe Abstract company and prepare the company to enter upon its business career, has decided to remain in this city. His wife and child will arrive this evening from Los Angeles. Mr. Wise is an old Arizona boy, having lived in Phoenix some years ago. His father was a well known Arizona cattleman and is known by many of the old settlers. Mr. Wise was connected with the Los Angeles Abstract & Title company for nearly three years, which establishes his reputation as a careful abstract man. He will have charge of the Globe company's business, which will be ready to open about October 1st.

Wesley Hill Resigns

Wesley E. Hill has resigned his position with the Bank of Safford to go on the road for a large eastern company. Mr. Hill has many friends who will wish him success. J. F. Houston of Globe is acting as bookkeeper at the Safford bank.

Building a Home

Rollin Jacobs is having constructed a handsome dwelling house in East Globe adjoining the one recently built by his brother, Clarence Jacobs. Mr. Jacobs' friends say that he will soon adhere to the scriptural admonition against man living alone.

PANIC REIGNS IN CASA BLANCA

Moors Attacked Refugees as They Were Leaving, and Then Robbed Cemetery.

MOROCCAN GOVERNMENT CAN'T HANDLE SITUATION

France and Spain Will Occupy Morocco Temporarily and Protect Its Subjects and Persons of Other Countries.

By Associated Press.

TANGIER, August 3.—The latest news from Casa Blanca is that a terrible panic reigns there and all Europeans are leaving town. Guards have had several skirmishes with the tribesmen. The French marines are awaiting reinforcements from Algeria before landing.

Moors Attacked Refugees

Another steamer arrived here bringing four hundred refugees from Casa Blanca. These refugees were not permitted by the natives to leave in peace. In spite of the presence in the harbor of the French cruiser Galilee, a large body of Moors attacked the Europeans as they were embarking. They appeared, however, to fear reprisals.

The party soon desisted and proceeding to the Christian cemetery, dragged out a number of corpses from the vaults and began to burn them.

A body of troops arrived and fired on the Moors. A number of them were killed and the band was dispersed.

At the request of the consular corps here the Galilee desisted from bombarding the villages and re-embarked her landing party. The consuls feared reprisals.

More Cruisers to the Front

TOULON, August 3.—It is announced that the cruisers Gloire, Jeanne d'Arc and Gueydon, comprising