

TELLS OF BURIAL OF U. S. SOLDIERS

General Pershing Sends Official Report of Funeral of American Heroes.

TRIBUTE BY FRENCH GENERAL

Soldiers of France and United States Surround Grave as General Bordeaux Eulogizes Dead—Suggests Monument Inscription.

Washington, D. C.—The war department has received from General Pershing a copy of the record describing the funeral services for the three American soldiers who were killed in the Germans' first trench raid against United States troops on November 3. The papers bear the following indorsement from Major General William L. Sibert:

"Forwarded recommending that the request of General Bordeaux to have the remains of the men left at Bathelmont be favorably considered."

The record, including the address of General Bordeaux, in part says: "By command of General Bordeaux, French division, the bodies of Corporal Gresham, Private Enright and Private Hay, company F. Sixteenth Infantry, were interred with religious and military ceremony at Bathelmont on the afternoon of November 4.

Improvised Altar Used.

"An altar was improvised and elaborately decorated in the village. The chaplain of a French regiment conducted the church services.

"Following the church ceremony the cortege proceeded to a field adjacent to the village and formed on three sides of a square, the bodies being placed in front of the graves on the fourth side. An American flag, provided by the French, had been placed over the caskets.

"At two o'clock General Bordeaux, accompanied by his full staff, his infantry, artillery and engineer chiefs and a representative of the French

corps commander, arrived and took position.

"The troops presented arms and the French field music and band played a funeral march. The chaplain performed the religious ceremony at the graves. Then General Bordeaux advanced to the center of the square and addressed the troops and then the dead. A copy of his address is attached.

"The company of United States infantry fired three volleys and its trumpeter sounded taps. All the troops were then marched by the graves, saluting as they passed. General Bordeaux and his staff advanced to the graves, saluted and departed.

"Throughout the ceremony at the graves French batteries from their positions, fired minute guns, over the village at the German trenches.

"The entire ceremony was most impressive."

French Commander's Tribute.

The address of General Bordeaux in part was as follows:

In the name of the Eighteenth division, in the name of the French army, and in the name of France, I bid farewell to Corporal Gresham, Private Enright and Private Hay of the Sixteenth Infantry, American army.

Of their own free will, they had left their happy and prosperous country to come over here. They knew that the war continued in Europe; they knew that the forces fighting for honor, love, justice,

civilization were still checked by the long prepared forces which are serving the powers of brutal domination, oppression, barbarity. They knew that an effort was still necessary. They wished to give us their help, and also their generous hearts did not forget old historical memories, while others forgot more recent ones.

They ignored nothing of the circumstances. Nothing had been concealed from them—neither the length nor hardships of this war, nor the violence of the battle, nor the dreadfulness of the new weapons, nor the perils of the foe. Nothing stopped them.

They had accepted to lead a hard and strenuous life; they had crossed the ocean despite great perils; they had taken their place on the front by our side; they have fallen, facing the foe, in a hard and desperate hand to hand fight. Honor to them! Their families, their friends and their fellow citizens will be proud when they learn of their death.

Men! These graves, the first to be dug in our national soil, at but a short distance from the enemy, are as a mark of the mighty hand of our allies, firmly clinging to the common task, confirming the will of the people and army of the United States, to fight with us to a finish, ready to sacrifice as long as it will be necessary, until final victory for the noblest of causes, that of the liberty of nations, the weak as well as the mighty.

Thus, the death of the humble corporal and of these two private soldiers appears to us with extraordinary grandeur.

We will, therefore, ask that the mortal remains of these young men be left here, be left to us forever. We will inscribe on their tombs:

"Here lie the first soldiers of the United States Republic to fall on the soil of France for Justice and Liberty."

The passerby will stop and uncover his head. The travelers of France, of the allied countries, of America, the men of heart who will come to visit our battlefield of Lorraine, will go out their way to come here to bring to these graves the tribute of their respect and of their gratefulness.

Corporal Gresham, Private Enright, Private Hay—in the name of France, I thank you. God receive your souls. Farewell.

37,500 NURSES NEEDED

1,000 Per Cent Increase Is Sought by Government.

Nurses Being Called for Duty to Meet Needs of the United States Army.

Washington.—Thirty-seven thousand five hundred nurses will be needed in the army nurse corps of the medical department, according to present estimates based on an army of 1,500,000 men. The present strength of the

corps is about 3,800. Increasing the enrollment by nearly 1,000 per cent in a year is the task confronting the corps.

Daily numbers of nurses are being called for to meet immediate needs in army hospitals in the United States and for duty overseas. The present rate of enrollment does not meet the demands. Hospitals at National Guard and National army camps still need 371 nurses to bring the quotas of all up to the minimum considered necessary—65 each.

In order to get the enrollments up to the needed number some of the requirements heretofore imposed are being waived. According to estimates of the nursing committee of the general medical board of the council of national defense, there are between 80,000 and 90,000 registered nurses in the country and about 200,000 other graduate and practical nurses.

Just as soon as immediate needs of cantonment hospitals have been cared for a reserve of 100 nurses will be organized for emergency service in the United States. Lakewood hotel, Lakewood, N. J., has been leased by the government for use as a general hospital for the army and provisions will be made for housing the reserve nurses there. This hotel has not yet been turned over to the war department, but will be in a week or so. The necessary alterations will be made as soon as practicable and the 100 nurses for the reserve will be needed in addition to the permanent nursing staff of the hospital.

New Way to Hooverize.

Milwaukee.—"I was trying to Hooverize." That was the explanation given by Ignatz Potolski when haled into court on the charge of stealing meat from a packing company. He said he had only taken a pound, but 75 pounds of meat were found in his home. His explanation didn't satisfy the court, so he was fined \$18.

Firemen Haul Coal.

Oconto, Wis.—This city saved money on its coal bill recently by getting the fuel at almost cost and then having it hauled by the fire department.

Returns Salute; NOT ENTITLED TO IT

Camp Mills, L. I.—Recently a noncommissioned officer of a popular contingent here was mistaken by a new recruit on sentry duty, who saluted him. The noncommissioned officer, ignorant that his colonel was near by, returned the salute. Next morning he was ordered to report to the colonel, where he was asked why he returned the salute when he, the "noncom," knew he was not entitled to it. "Sir," he answered, "I always return everything I am not entitled to."

The colonel dismissed him.

Can Remove Birthmarks.

Birthmarks and other superficial growths that defied chemicals have been removed with radium by English experts.

Parrot Scares Burglar Off

Raucous Voice From an Adjoining Room Causes Negro to Take to His Heels.

Trenton, N. J.—Rebecca Girman was reading comfortably in the parlor. She heard shuffling, heavy footsteps on the icy porch, and the bell jingled perceptibly.

As the woman opened the door in response to the ring, a negro roughly pushed her aside, flung pepper into her eyes, and leveled an automatic gun at her.

"Just one yell and I shoot!" he warned her.

"What language! What language! Leave the room, leave the room instantly!" yelled a raucous voice in the next room.

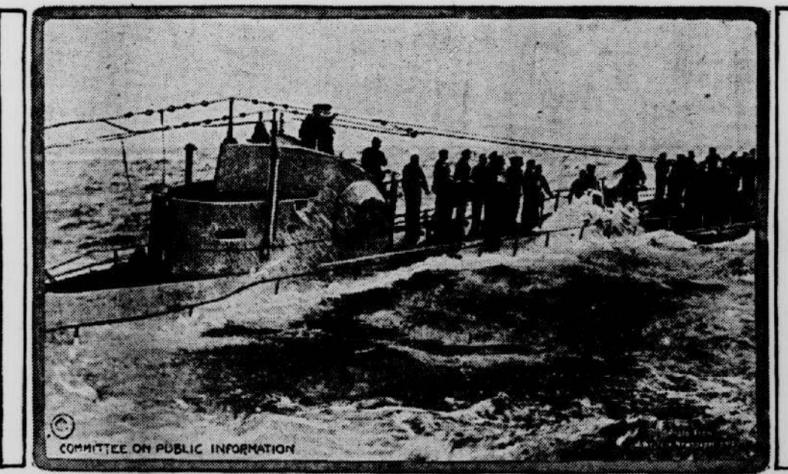
The negro obeyed in all haste and has not been seen since, although the police have been hunting for him. The voice which frightened him away was a parrot's.

BRITISH TANK ON A RECRUITING TOUR OF THE UNITED STATES



The British tank Britannia, which recently demonstrated various interesting phases of tank warfare as waged by the British army in France, before the officers and men of Brig. Gen. Evan M. Johnson's division of the National army at Camp Upton, Yaphank, N. Y., has started on a recruiting tour of the United States for the British and Canadian recruiting mission, which is headed by Brig. Gen. W. A. White. The Britannia, known as a female tank, weighs 30 tons, travels over rough country, hills, banks, and trenches at the rate of about four miles an hour, and is armed with six Lewis machine guns. She fought in the battle of the Somme and has been "over the top" three times.

GERMAN SUBMARINE CREW SURRENDERS TO AMERICAN DESTROYER



Crew of a German submarine surrendering to the crew of the American destroyer Fanning after their vessel had been crippled by the Fanning and the Nicholson, which were convoying merchant ships. Just after this photograph was taken the U-boat sank. Most of the crew were saved, some by American seamen who jumped overboard to rescue them.

HELPING M'ADOO RUN THE RAILROADS



Here are the five members of the railroad advisory board appointed to assist Director General McAdoo. They are (1) Edward Chambers, former traffic director of the food administration; (2) Hale Holden, president of the Burlington; (3) Henry Walters, chairman of the board of directors of the Atlantic Coast Line and the Louisville & Nashville; (4) John Skelton Williams, comptroller of the currency, and (5) Walker D. Hines, railroad attorney.

IN A NUTSHELL

There are probably more natural bridges in America than in any other country. Rainbow, the largest in existence, is 308 feet high. Its span is six times as great as that of the Natural Bridge of Virginia. Utah has three of these natural bridges that are of higher and greater span than any other natural bridges in the world.

The business of brewing beer, which ranks second in importance among German industries, is in a bad way, and, according to the Berliner Tageblatt, so drastic have become the restrictive measures of the authorities in the matter of labor and material that the future is looked forward to with the gravest apprehension.

The American housewife carries around a bag of clothespins when hanging out her washing, while the Chinese twists two clotheslines together and thrusts the corners of the washing between the two strands, where they are held firmly.

The government is reported to have reached a decision that three nails, or wooden pins, used in shipbuilding must be of locust or eucalyptus. The black locust will be the particular species used.

It is announced that the Baltimore & Ohio railroad has begun to install electric headlights on all of its locomotives. The improvement will be made at the rate of from 75 to 100 engines a month.

The United States bureau of fisheries has received complete revised figures, showing the number of fur seals in the various categories in the Alaskan herd as determined by the census taken this season. The herd is shown to have contained 468,662 animals.

Persons in touch with the local markets and who have received reports from the largest vineyards, estimate the wine-production of Greece for 1917 at from 5,962,000 to 6,625,000 gallons. British India's sugar cane acreage is from 6 to 10 per cent larger this season than last, according to the second official crop estimate for 1917-18.

ANTIZEPPELIN BULLET MAN



J. Pomerey of Hammersmith, England, the inventor of the Pomerey bullet which has been used with great success in combating Zeppelins. Heretofore one difficulty in fighting the giant German airships was the impossibility of penetrating and destroying the huge gas bags with the projectiles in use. Mr. Pomerey's new bullet is of an entirely different type and was put to an actual test during a recent air raid on London. The bullet proved to be highly successful and the big air raider fell, a flaming mass, to the ground. This photograph shows the inventor and his little daughter Mary, who is holding a model of an airplane on which Mr. Pomerey is working.

Laying It on Thick.

Beryl had been told many times that she was pretty, but she wanted to find out just how pretty the man who mattered thought her.

"Do you think any of the other girls in the office are as pretty as I am?" she questioned.

"No," he answered judiciously, "and I don't think one could assemble enough features from the entire crowd to make a girl as pretty as you are."

That satisfied her.

A Sure Tip.

"My friend told me when he took me out in his new machine that he was going to give me a tip on auto-mobiling."

"Well, did he?"

"Sure; he upset me in a ditch."

Social Amenities.

Refined Citizen (met by an undesirable acquaintance)—Excuse me; I know the face but I can't place you. Undesirable Acquaintance—You mean you know the place, but you can't face me.

BOY SCOUTS

(Conducted by National Council of the Boy Scouts of America.)

SCOUTS AID THRIFT STAMPS

Oscar A. Price, director of publicity for the treasury department, writes national headquarters of the Boy Scouts of America as follows:

"I am delighted to learn that your executive board has favorably acted upon the request of the treasury department for the co-operation of the members of the Boy Scouts of America in connection with the plans of the treasury department to raise \$2,000,000 through the sale of War Savings stamps.

"The splendid results of the co-operation of the Boy Scouts of America in Liberty loan No. 1 and Liberty loan No. 2 have impressed upon the treasury department the strength and value of your organization for services of this new undertaking.

"The greatest opportunity for service will possibly be along advertising and publicity lines by co-operation with the local committees now being organized in every part of the country. A special primer of suggestions and instructions is being prepared for use by the Boy Scouts of America.

"Please congratulate your officials and through them each member of the Boy Scouts of America upon their splendid achievements in the two Liberty loans."

SCOUTS FOR ARMY AND NAVY.



J. PAT RODDY. Congressman Selects This Knoxville (Tenn.) Scout, Who Sold 162 Liberty Loan Bonds.

As prizes for selling Liberty Loan bonds, Congressman E. W. Austin offered an appointment to West Point to the scout selling the largest number of bonds in Knox county, Tennessee, and an appointment to Annapolis to the scout selling the largest number outside of that county in his district.

Scout J. Pat Roddy, a first class scout of troop No. 5, Knoxville, aged fourteen, sold 162 bonds and wins the chance for West Point. Scout John Carriger, Jr., of troop No. 4 of Morristown, Tenn., sold 300 bonds to 195 individuals and wins the navy appointment.

GENERAL BYNG A SCOUT.

Boy scouts in this country are much interested in hearing that General Byng, who cracked the Hindenburg line, is one of the foremost scoutmasters in England.

It was General Byng who, nine or so years ago, first instructed James A. Wilder, the famous author, traveler and Boy Scouts of America leader in the elements of the scout movement.

GOOD TURNS BY SCOUTS.

Scouts returning from a parade on Euclid avenue, Cleveland, O., observed smoke coming from a clothing store. The streets were filled with the crowds that had been watching the parade. Without hesitation four of the scouts stretched their ropes in front of the burning building and had the crowd held back and under control by the time the engines arrived. The boys were kept on duty until 1:30 in the morning.

Twenty-six troops of boy scouts in Des Moines, Ia., are collecting by wagon on all the old shoe tops, suede leather and discarded gloves from which vests for soldiers will be made. One of the vests made from cast-off leather is on exhibition in the window of a Des Moines tailor.

Scouts were used in Schenectady as speedy couriers to carry returns from voting booths to the city clerk's office during the recent election. It is said the official returns were never so promptly brought in.

Five boy scouts from Meriden, Conn., under the direction of the district fire warden, put out a fire near Beaver Pond, after about ten acres had been burned over.

At the Southern State fair in Atlanta, Ga., scouts restored to their parents 50 school children that had become lost on the grounds and in the building.

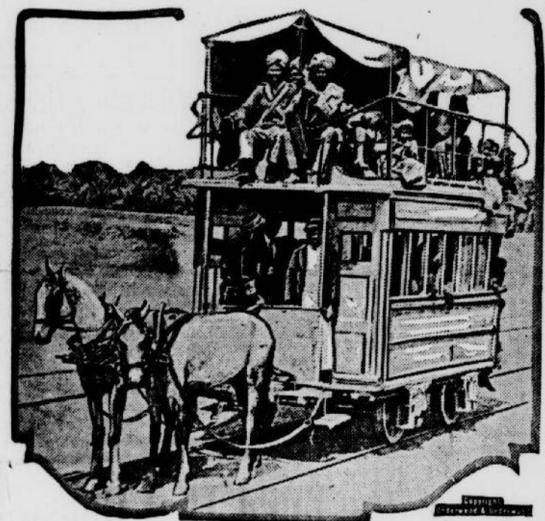
Keep Ditches Open.

Broad and shallow ditches with flat slopes constructed with a uniform grade are better than deep, narrow ditches constructed with steep banks. Give attention to keeping the ditches open.

A Dairy Mistake.

Buying cows and selling them as fast as they stop milking never built up a high-class dairy business. The city milk producer is not a true dairyman; he is more a speculator in feeds and cows.

INDIAN TROOPS AT BAGDAD ENJOY RIDE



The British forces that have conquered Bagdad have been greatly helped by their successful campaigns in Mesopotamia by native Indian troops. The Indians are good fighters and are steadfast in their loyalty to the British empire. This British official photograph shows a car load of them enjoying a ride on the Bagdad-Kadhmain tramway.

TO DO RELIEF WORK

Red Cross Trains Women for Civilian Service.

Series of Institutes in Home Science to Fit Them as Social Service Workers.

Washington.—Scientific training and efficient service are the keystones of the civilian relief work which has just been inaugurated throughout the country by the American Red Cross. Contrary to the popular belief that most of the Red Cross is being done by untrained volunteer workers, the latest venture of the organization is characterized by a series of institutes in home science for the purpose of training women to do social service work among the families of our fighting men.

"Financial aid for the families of our soldiers and sailors is only a small part of the problem which these families will have to face," said Mrs. Wal-

WHAT? BAKE BEANS SANS PORK? IT CAN'T BE DONE

Roston.—After acquiescing in "meatless Tuesdays and Fridays" and "lightless Thursdays and Sundays," the housewives of this city are rebelling against "porkless Saturday." They are willing to forego roasts of pork, chops and ham and even bacon, but—

How can one cook the famous Puritan standby, baked beans, without the generous cut of pork snugly nestling in the dish? It can't be done. So baked beans with the pork graces many a supper table these Saturday nights, and they will right along until Washington sets its inventing geniuses to work solving the question of porkless baked beans.

Bristol, England, factories in 1916 made 1,000,000 pairs of army boots.