

DODSON WARNS CALOMEL USERS

It's Mercury! Attacks the Bones, Salivates and Makes You Sick.

There's no reason why a person should take sickening, salivating calomel when a few cents buys a large bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone—a perfect substitute for calomel.

It is a pleasant, vegetable liquid which will start your liver just as surely as calomel, but it doesn't make you sick and can not salivate.

Children and grown folks can take Dodson's Liver Tone, because it is perfectly harmless. Calomel is a dangerous drug. It is mercury and attacks your bones. Take a dose of nasty calomel today and you will feel weak, sick and nauseated tomorrow. Don't lose a day's work. Take a spoonful of Dodson's Liver Tone instead and you will wake up feeling great. No more biliousness, constipation, sluggishness, headache, coated tongue or sour stomach. Your druggist says if you don't find Dodson's Liver Tone acts better than horrible calomel your money is waiting for you. —Adv.

Who Knows?

A Manhattan dealer in whale meat explains that "the stuff tastes like a beefsteak cooked in clam broth and sugared." Now what does a beefsteak cooked in clam broth and sugared taste like?

MOTHER!

"California Syrup of Figs"
Child's Best Laxative



Accept "California" Syrup of Figs only—look for the name California on the package, then you are sure your child is having the best and most harmless physic for the little stomach, liver and bowels. Children love its fruity taste. Full directions on each bottle. You must say "California." —Adv.

A Misnomer.
"He has a big enterprise on hand in a pedestrian competitive race."
"I should call that an enterprise on foot."

DANDERINE

Stops Hair Coming Out;
Thickens, Beautifies.



A few cents buys "Danderine." After a few applications you cannot find a fallen hair or any dandruff, besides every hair shows new life, vigor, brightness, more color and abundance. —Adv.

Placing the Blame.

Professor: Why were you tardy?
Tom: Class began before I got there. —Orange Peel.

Catarhal Deafness Cannot Be Cured by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. Catarrhal Deafness requires constitutional treatment. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is a constitutional remedy. Catarrhal Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result. Unless the inflammation can be reduced, your hearing may be destroyed forever. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE acts through the blood on the mucous surface of the system, thus reducing the inflammation and restoring normal conditions. Circulars free. All Druggists. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Authoritative.
She—Do you write poetry?
He—The editors say not.—The Watchman-Examiner (New York).

WOMEN USE "DIAMOND DYES"

Dye Old Skirts, Dresses, Waists, Coats, Stockings, Draperies—Everything.

Each package of "Diamond Dyes" contains easy directions for dyeing any article of wool, silk, cotton, linen, or mixed goods. Beware! Poor dye streaks, spots, fades, and ruins material by giving it a "dye-dunk." Buy "Diamond Dyes" only. Druggist has Color Card. —Adv.

Advice is always given "to admit a mistake" by those who haven't used it.

DISEASE CAUSE OF ANIMAL LOSS

Three-Fourths of Ailments Which
Ruin Valuable Herds Can
Be Prevented.

STRICT SANITATION NEEDED

Contagious Maladies, Sporadic Ailments, Parasitic Troubles, Accidents and Neglect Are All Quite Disastrous.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Every year the people of the United States lose over \$200,000,000 directly (and no one knows how much indirectly) through diseases of farm animals. This is a large toll when divided on a per capita basis, and when it comes home to the farm stock-raiser who finds a valuable animal dead in the barn, or an epidemic spreading into his herd, the loss is sometimes disastrous. The most regrettable feature of the case is that probably three-fourths of the loss could be prevented.

Five Causes of Disease.

There are five principal causes of disease and death of farm animals—contagious diseases, sporadic disease, parasitic troubles, accidents and neglect. Contagious diseases can be avoided, or at least their consequences greatly diminished, if farmers will learn to co-operate with the United States Department of Agriculture and the various state livestock and sanitary authorities, who are striving to maintain animal health. Farmers should report promptly to the nearest officials any suspicion of the presence of contagious disease, and they should observe carefully all regulations in regard to quarantine, sanitation, and care of animals, as protection against contagion.

Tuberculosis is one of the worst scourges among animals and it thrives best in damp, dark, ill-ventilated stables. It is less common among animals running at large. Light, dry, well-ventilated stables and dry, clean barnyards or paddocks are essential to the health of farm animals. One valuable point in combating contagious diseases, especially tuberculosis, is to start the herd with animals that not only are free from disease, but are of



Proper Care Keeps Farm Animals Healthy.

stock that is not predisposed to disease. Official tests of herds are made on request and through co-operation of the United States Department of Agriculture with livestock sanitary officials. Purchase of breeding stock from these herds is a wise precaution. Care also should be taken to obtain stock adapted to climatic and local conditions. The other scourges of animal loss are largely a matter of intelligent and careful handling.

Sporadic and incidental diseases, such as disorders of the digestive and respiratory tracts, can be avoided largely by proper handling and feeding. A proper balancing of rations has a material influence on the health of live stock. Too much of any food element is likely to result in digestive disorders, thus predisposing the animal to disease.

Parasitic diseases also carry off large numbers of valuable animals every year. They are largely the result of improper housing and neglect. The average farmer can not be expected to have the time and aptitude for study which will keep him abreast with the latest developments in feeds and feeding, animal nutrition and medicines, hygiene, and other important matters related to the stock-raising industry. He can, however, avail himself of the benefit of the studies and demonstrations of specialists who have devoted their entire time to these subjects. Every state agricultural college maintains a corps of specialists whose publications and services are available.

Department Offers Aid.

The department of agriculture is constantly giving out important information in books and bulletins which may be had on request and in every state the department has representatives combating animal diseases. It is well to consult a local veterinarian in case of any disturbing symptoms and to report to the state veterinarian or the United States Department of Agriculture, any symptoms which indicate the possibility of an epidemic. The wise breeder is ever on the lookout to prevent disease instead of waiting until a cure is necessary.

Remedy for High Cost.

The remedy for high-cost, or low-profit crop production lies mainly in larger and more profitable yields per acre.

Purebreds Are Favored.

A purebred sire will build up your herd better than any other one thing. Purebred females help, too.

Prepare for Fire.

If you have nothing to fight fire with get something, if only a bunch of buckets.

MAKE COMPOST HEAP FOR USE IN GARDEN

Start By Laying Down Bed of
Fresh Stable Manure

Organic Rubbish, Decayed Vegetables, Dead Vines, Weeds and Other Truck May Be Used—Size Plot Necessarily Varies.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Garden waste, decayed vegetables, dead vines, weeds, and the organic rubbish that collects about the place during a busy summer may be cleaned up and put to work again through the agency of a compost heap. Start the heap by laying down a bed of stable manure which has not been burned or heated. The size of the plot will vary with the amount of refuse to be used; for ordinary uses, if the bed is made 8 feet long by 6 feet wide and 2 feet deep it will serve the purpose. Over the manure spread a two-foot layer of refuse and cover it with another layer of manure. This last layer need be only a foot in thickness. Re-



Don't Leave Manure in Piles Exposed to Weather Conditions Favorable to Loss By Washing—Use It to Make a Compost Heap.

peat the layers until all the waste has been disposed of and then cover the whole with a layer of earth.

If it is desired to add to the heap from time to time the top layer may be opened and the new material emptied into the hole thus made. This is convenient for the suburban home where there is no animal to consume the kitchen waste. In the spring the heap is well mixed with a fork and the compost is ready to be spread on the garden plot. The heating manure will effectively destroy any weed seed present and will also break down the structure of most of the materials that have been thrown upon the pile. The process may be continued indefinitely by simply adding enough manure to insure heating. Compost is especially valuable for use in hotbeds and coldframes.

CLEANING UP INSECT PESTS

Many of Hibernating Species May Be Destroyed in Winter By Cleaning Up Obscure Corners.

Much can be done now to reduce the possibility of insect plagues next summer if a little effort is directed toward the destruction of insect shelter areas. Around the grounds and gardens, under hedges, beside ditches, and in fence corners are bunches of insect-sheltering weeds or grass. By the time cold weather approaches many kinds of insects in the adult or immature stages have taken full advantage of these nooks and hidden away there for the winter. The bureau of entomology, United States Department of Agriculture, says that if these spots are cleaned up and the refuse cut and burned, many of these hibernating insects will be destroyed and the damage from such pests during the coming season will be materially lessened.

PROVIDE BATH FOR POULTRY

Chickens Cleanse Themselves by Wallowing in Soil and Dust Box Should Be Accessible.

Chickens never wash, as many other birds do, but cleanse themselves by wallowing in soil. Where board or cement floors are used in the chicken house, some means for dusting should be provided during the winter months, say poultry specialists of the United States Department of Agriculture. For a flock of 50 to 60 fowls a dust box 3 by 5 feet or 4 by 4 feet will generally be found large enough, and should be placed where it can be reached by sunlight during as much of the day as possible.

Fine, light, dry dust is the best kind with which to fill the box, but sandy loam is good. Road dust is recommended by many, but it is apt to be filthy. Coal or wood ashes may be mixed with the soil if desired.

FARM FOR CENSUS PURPOSES

Is All Land Which Is Farmed by One Person, Either by His Own Labor or With Assistance.

According to the 1920 census there are 6,449,908 farms in the United States. A "farm" for census purposes is all the land which is directly farmed by one person, either by his own labor alone or with the assistance of members of the household or hired employees. When a landowner has one or more tenants, renters, croppers or managers, the land operated by each is considered a "farm."

Starving for Nitrogen.

Raise plenty of clover and plow the second crop under, as most farms are starving for nitrogen and other essential plantfoods that red clover lends.

Crossbred Is Defined.

The term crossbred applies to the progeny of purebred parents of different breeds, but of the same species.

Autos Can't Stop Them.

There are now 27,500,000 horses and mules in this country.

SPRING COATS AND WRAPS SUMPTUOUS



COATS are nothing if not graceful and dignified this spring. There is something about them that suggests leisure, or at least deliberation. They appear to be designed, not for hurrying mortals, but for those who have time to give heed to their draperies—not to speak of hanging on to them. It is quite the style to appear to hold the wrap about the shoulders and it must be conceded that this casual adjustment of the garment to the figure has "chic" of its own. The pretty model at the left of the two pictured is showing us one way of following the mode.

Both the coats pictured are representative of favored styles; they are as much like mantles as coats. Even the models that have set-in sleeves are ample and rippling, managing to follow—at a little distance—something of the vague and changing lines

approved by fashion which distinctly favors wraps that may be described as sumptuous. Each of these coats is distinctly new in some style points. The model at the left is made of one of the heavier of spring pile fabrics and has its unusual collar striped with bands of black which may be of patent leather or of ribbon. Bezel-colored coats with finishing and embellishments of patent leather are among the best of the season's offerings.

The coat at the right might be more accurately described as a mantle, shaped into wide sleeves at the sides. It is a very clever piece of designing with its body gathered into a length of the material which becomes a yoke, collar and scarf, all in one. The scarf ends are finished with handsome tassels.

Frocks Interpret Childhood



SO LONG as the styles in little girls' frocks interpret little girlhood, it will not be necessary for them to cast about for anything startlingly new—no matter how simple they are, they are an instant appeal. It is the simplicity and childishness of this spring's offerings that commend them to mothers. They have variety also to offer and many pretty details of finish that endear them to the children. The newest among these finishings is found in "sampler" trimmings. Canvas bands with flowers worked in cross-stitch on them, in gay colors like the old-fashioned samplers of a century ago, serve to make belts, bands and tabs that set off many pretty chambray dresses and aprons.

In gingham small checks and cross-bars are favored with plain chambray used for collars and other accessories and for trimmings. The plain chambray also provides short bloomers.

The order is reversed in dresses of plain chambray with collars and other accessories of checked or crossbar gingham, but the knickers with these dresses are of the plain material also.

For dress-up times there are many pretty colored organdies, trimmed with narrow frills having picot edges. They are finished with bows of narrow ribbon set on in prim little groups and have sashes of the same narrow ribbon. They are shown in many lively colors, pink, green, blue, lavender and yellow among them and have lovely old-fashioned sunbonnets to match.

In more substantial dresses white tape often provides a neat finish as shown in the frock at the left of the picture. This dress, with knickers, is made of plain chambray, its collar and cuffs bound with tape and rows of tape at the head of plaits. The dress at the right, for an older girl, is made of organdy with net undersleeves. A very little needle work on the collar and a ribbon tie finish up a dress that is too simple to need description and too pretty to pass unnoticed.

Julia Bottomley

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Black Velvet Coat.

Some of the black velvet coats are made with wide, flaring sleeves, which can be used at will for a muff. These same flaring sleeves are fitted with little shirred inner silk sleeves—wind sleeves, they are called—which keep the wrists and arms warm in spite of the wide lower edge of the sleeve.

Fur Coats for Children.

The child whose parents can afford the luxury will be fur-coated this winter.

Novel Sachet Bag.

A novel sachet is made of three large sachet bags of different colored silk. These are filled with cotton wadding and sachet powder. Baby ribbon is used to tie the three bags together and form a large rosette. A kiewpie doll is dressed in a floppy hat or ribbon trimmed with ribbon flowers and its feet are tied down by the rosette.

Cloth of Silver Hats Popular.

Small Egyptian turbans for evening wear are made of silver cloth.

WELL TO DO FARMER GAINED 20 POUNDS

H. W. Boring Says He Is In
Better General Health
Than He Has Been in
Years Since Taking Tan-



H. W. BORING
of Overland Park, Kansas

"Since Tanlac has overcome my troubles I have gained twenty pounds in weight and am in better general health than for years past," was the straight-forward statement made a few days ago by H. W. Boring, a prominent and well-to-do farmer living at Overland Park, Kans.

"During the two years I suffered I tried everything I knew of to get relief, but nothing seemed to reach my case until I tried Tanlac. My appetite was poor and my digestion was so bad I could hardly retain my food. Nothing agreed with me; in fact I was almost a confirmed dyspeptic. My whole system seemed to be out of shape. I would have pains across the small of my back so bad at times I could hardly move around."

"My nerves were all unstrung and I would become upset at the least little thing. I seldom slept well at night and, finally, became so weak and run-down that I lost weight rapidly. I was also troubled a great deal with catarrh and of mornings had to spend a half hour or more clearing up my head."

"This is just the condition I was in when I began taking Tanlac and it certainly has been a blessing to me. It just seemed to be made especially for my case. I improved from the very first. My digestion now is per-

fect and regardless of what I eat I never suffer any bad after effects.

"The pains across my back have entirely disappeared. The catarrh has left me, too, and my head is perfectly clear. I am no longer nervous and rest well every night. I have regained my lost weight and am feeling better and stronger than I have in years. I am going to keep Tanlac in my house so it will be handy at all times."

Tanlac is sold by leading druggists everywhere.—Adv.

Rheumatism Comes From Tiny Pain Germs

First of all, get it firmly fixed in your mind that all the liniments in the world have no effect whatever on Rheumatism.

A very common form of Rheumatism is caused by millions of tiny disease germs which infest the blood. The one and only sensible treatment, therefore, is one which cleanses the blood of these germs, and routs them entirely out of the circulation.

This is why S.S.S., the greatest

known blood purifier is so successful in the treatment of Rheumatism. It is a powerful cleanser of the blood, and will remove the disease germs that cause your Rheumatism, affording relief that is genuine.

S.S.S. is sold by all druggists. Free literature and medical advice can be had by writing to Chief Medical Adviser, 154 Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Ga. S. S. S. is not sold or recommended for venereal diseases.

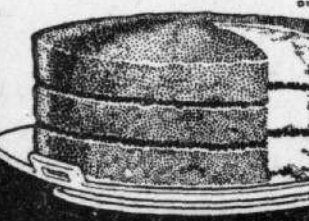
CAKE

It takes quality flour to make quality cake. That's the secret of successful cake baking.

GILSTER'S BEST is a high grade, snowy white flour. Because it has been sifted through silk, it is of a light, fluffy fineness.

GILSTER'S BEST flour makes light, delicate cakes.

GILSTER MILLING CO.
Office: Chicago, Ill. Mills: Streator, Ill.



GILSTER'S BEST
FLOUR

TO DEALERS

Let us tell you about our unusual merchandising proposition on GILSTER'S BEST Flour.

HIGHEST PATENT
GILSTER'S
BEST
FLOUR

GILSTER MILLING CO.
Chicago, Ill. - St. Louis, Mo.

War Made World Smaller.

The idea of how ex-service men have scattered since the war is obtained from three Christmas cards a former Kansas ex-service man received from three army friends. One came from Japan, another from the Belgian Congo and a third from Johannesburg, South Africa.—Capper's Weekly.

Cuticura for Sore Hands.

Soak hands, on retiring in the hot sud of Cuticura Soap, dry and rub in Cuticura Ointment. Remove surplus ointment with tissue paper. This is only one of the things Cuticura will do for Soap, Ointment and Talcum are used for all toilet purposes.—Adv.

Notice a la Dutch.

The Pennsylvania Dutch have their own way of saying things and generally they manage to make their meaning clear, although sometimes in unconventional language.

Over the bell on the front door of a house in a little town near Gettysburg was affixed a card reading: "Button doesn't bell. Bump." —American Legion Weekly.

People are not patient with a man who loses his temper; they're afraid of him.

For speedy and effective action Dr. Pepp's "Dead Shot" has no equal. One dose will clean out Worms or Tapeworm.—Adv.

Should Have Thought of That.

"When you married me you vowed that you would anticipate my every wish."

"Yes, but you know anticipations aren't always realized."

A National Fault.

"Extravagance," said Senator Cummins at a dinner, "is at the root of most of our ills. We Americans are the most extravagant people on earth."

Senator Cummins smiled.

"How many of us," he went on, "are like the young New Yorkers at heart?"

"Young Mr. and Mrs. New York are in a dreadful predicament," a chap said at a club.

"Yes? How so?" said another chap.

"Why, you see, they paid so much for their going-away outfit that they can't go away."

Kill That Cold With

HILL'S
CASCARA
BROMIDE
AND
La Grippe

Neglected Colds are Dangerous
Take no chances. Keep this standard remedy handy for the first season.
Breaks up a cold in 24 hours—Relieves
Grippe in 3 days—Excellent for Headache

Quinine in this form does not affect the head—Cascara is best Tonic
Laxative—No Opium in Hill's

ALL DRUGGISTS SELL IT