

By F. A. TYLER.

Devoted to News, Politics, Commercial, Agricultural and Miscellaneous Information.

\$3 in Advance.

"Power is never conferred but for the sake of the public good."

VOLUME 1.

PONOLA, MISSISSIPPI, SATURDAY, JANUARY 27, 1844.

NUMBER 46.

THE REGISTER.

Printed and published every SATURDAY at THREE DOLLARS in advance.

Advertisements inserted for one dollar per square (of ten lines or less) for the first insertion.

Advertisements of a personal nature will invariably be charged double price of ordinary advertisements.

YEARLY ADVERTISING.—A deduction will be made to those who advertise by the year to a sufficient amount to make it for the interest of merchants and others.

Advertisements out of the direct line of business of the yearly advertiser will be charged for separately at the ordinary rates.

Professional cards, not alterable for the year, containing ten lines or less ten dollars.

The names of candidates for county offices will be inserted for five dollars, permanent always in advance, and State offices ten dollars.

Election tickets will never be delivered till paid for.

Political circulars or communications of only an individual interest, will be charged at half price of ordinary advertisements and must be paid in advance.

Advertisements not marked with the number of insertions will be continued till forbid, and any alterations made after insertion charged extra.

Advertising patrons will favor us by handing in their advertisements as early after our regular publication days as convenient—not later in any case if possible, than Thursday night.

All JOB-WORK must be paid for on delivery.

Postage must be paid on all letters, or they will not be attended to.

MAIL ARRANGEMENT.

The mail from Memphis arrives on Tuesday and Saturdays, at 12 o'clock M. and departs immediately.

The mail from Oxford arrives on Tuesdays at 6 o'clock P. M. and departs on Mondays at 6 o'clock A. M.

The mail from Grenada, arrives on Sundays at 6 o'clock P. M., and departs Fridays at 6 o'clock A. M.

The mail from Carrollton arrives Thursdays at 6 o'clock P. M., and departs Mondays at 6 o'clock A. M.

MISSISSIPPI COLLEGE AT CLINTON MISS.

WILL commence the Fall and Winter session of five months on 31st of October next.

The faculty consists of Rev. Alexander Campbell, President; Rev. Robert M. Linn, Professor of Mathematics and Natural Philosophy; Edward Pickett, M. D., Professor of Chemistry; Rev. C. Parish, Professor of Ancient Languages; U. W. Moffit, Principal of the Preparatory department.

Tuition payable in advance.

Primary division, per session, \$12 00

Classical and scientific division, 18 00

Boarding and room per month, 8 00

Students are expected to furnish their rooms with bedding, furniture, &c. and procure their own washing. Washing can be had in town at from 25 to 34 cents per dozen.

The usual department, under the superintendance of the President of the College, assisted by Miss H. E. Gillespie, and others will commence at the same time.

Tuition payable in advance.

Per session, in primary division, \$12 00

" " in middle " 15 00

" " in high " 18 00

" " in music on piano, 25 00

" " in music on guitar, 25 00

" " in painting, drawing, wax flowers, 15 00

Boarding and room, with fuel, lights, bedding and room furniture, washing, &c. &c. per month, 11 00

Dr. Pickett is expected during the winter to deliver a course of lectures on chemistry accompanied with experiments, for the benefit of both schools.

By order of the Board: COWLES MEAD, President Board of Trustees, M. C. Clinton, Sept. 14, 1843. 39-10w

A. W. Armstrong, DRY-GOOD, GROCERY & PRODUCE Commission, receiving & forwarding MERCHANDISE.

Ponola, Ms. April 23, 1843. 6-12m

National Magazine

OF LITERATURE, ART AND FASHION.

Graham's Lady's and Gentleman's Magazine.

PROSPECTUS FOR 1843.

EDITORS: J. FENIMORE COOPER, RICH'D H. DANA, WM. CULLEN BRYANT, H. W. LONGFELLOW, CHARLES F. HOFFMAN, T. C. GRATTAN.

GRAHAM'S is the oldest and most popular of the American Literary Magazines. Its number for January, 1843, will be the first of the 35th volume.

Its long and universally successful career, from its commencement with a few hundred subscribers, until the present time, when it has a circulation of fifty thousand copies a month, is perhaps as good an evidence of its great and increasing merit as the publisher has it in his power to offer.

To his old subscribers, he trusts no assurance as necessary of his determination to maintain its present ascendancy over all the rival periodicals of the country. The engagement, during the past year, of such men as BAKER, COOPER, DANA, LONGFELLOW, HOFFMAN, MANGRUM, of high reputation in the literary world, as regular contributors, in addition to a previous list embracing many of the first names in the nation, is a sufficient guarantee that the work will continue to be the principal medium of communication between the best authors and the public.

Among the attractions of the thirty-fifth volume, will be several TALES by Mr. J. F. Cooper, Mr. Grattan, Mr. Hoffman, Mr. Herbert, Miss Leslie, Mary Claverly, Mrs. Embury, Mrs. Elliot and Mrs. Stephens; poems by Mr. Bryant, Mr. Dana, Mr. Longfellow, Mr. Street, Mrs. Seba Smith, Mrs. Ozgood, and Mrs. Sigourney; essays by Mr. Fay, Mr. Jones, Mr. Tucker, Mr. Poe, &c. &c.

[Here follows a more full list of the names of contributors, the most distinguished of the country which we omit for want of room.]

Graham's Lady's and Gentleman's Magazine has been from its establishment more than any other favorite periodical of the greater sex.

Though its plan does not entirely exclude articles of the most important character, such as have raised Blackwood's and some other foreign journals to their high influence and reputation, its pages will be principally devoted to what is usually termed light literature. It will be distinguished from other publications of similar aims by the literary and artistic merit of its contents.

While those of other works are unknown or anonymous, the contributors to this are the most eminent authors of our age and country; the very creators, founders,

of our National Literature. Especially is it celebrated as containing the choicest productions of the finest female writers of the time.

Every number contains gems which may be appealed to with pride by the sex as vindicating their intellectual eminence.

SPLENDID EMBELLISHMENTS. In the department of Engravings it is well known that Graham's Magazine has far surpassed any periodical work ever published in this or any other country.

The highest admiration of rival publishers seems thus far to have been to maintain a respectable imitation of the numerous costly and beautiful works of art with which the successive numbers of this journal have been graced.

In the course of the succeeding volumes may important new features will be introduced. Sartain and Sudd the most celebrated Mezzotint Engravers in the Union, and equals of the best in Europe, will continue to furnish their exquisite productions; and Rawdon, Wright and Hauch, G. Parker, A. L. Dick, Gimbredge, Jackson, Jones and others, of New York, and Dodson, Welch and Waters, Tucker and others, of Philadelphia—all among the most eminent line engravers of the present century, have been engaged to furnish a succession of highly finished steel engravings, superior to any that have hitherto appeared in periodicals.

Among the pictures that will be engraved for the volumes in 1843, are several ORIGINAL PAINTINGS, by Ingham, Inman, Cole, Thompson, Freeman, Franquet, and other distinguished artists. The American periodicals have hitherto contained, save in a very few instances, only engravings copied from foreign prints.

The publisher of Graham's Magazine will be the first to reform the practice, and to make his work strictly original in its embellishments as well as in its literary contents.

OUR PORTRAIT GALLERY.—One of the new features of the coming volumes will be the introduction of Portraits of the contributors to Graham's Magazine, which of course, will include nearly all the eminent writers of the day.

The 35th volume will include, from the burins of Parker, Johnson and others, portraits engraved in the highest style of the art of Mr. Cooper, Professor Longfellow, Maria Del Occidente, Mrs. Sigourney, Miss Sedgwick, Mrs. Seba Smith, Mrs. Embury and several others—all from paintings executed expressly for the purpose.

THE EDITORIAL DEPARTMENT will continue to embrace notes on current literature etc. and reviews of all new American and foreign works of general interest or value.

The criticisms of Graham's Magazine are acknowledged in all parts of the country to be superior in acumen, honesty and independence to those of any contemporary. Indeed, while a majority of the monthly and quarterly journals have become mere advertising mediums for the booksellers, in which every thing in print is indiscriminately praised, this periodical is looked upon as a just and discriminating arbiter between authors and readers, in which both have implicit confidence.

TERMS. Graham's Magazine will be published on the first of each month in every quarter of a Union. The most distant subscribers will therefore receive it on that day, as well as those who reside in Philadelphia. The proprietor being more desirous of presenting the best and most beautiful than the cheapest work in the country, and anxious to bring it within the reach of all, offers the following as the lowest terms at which it can be afforded:—

Three Dollars per annum in advance for a single copy, or two copies yearly for five dollars, five copies for ten dollars, eight for fifteen dollars, or eleven for twenty dollars, [clabs furnished as usual] invariably in advance. Postage of all letters to be pre-paid. GEORGE R. GRAHAM, Dec. 7, 1842. No 98 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

WM. F. MASON. EDW. A. KEELING. MASON & KEELING, (LATE OF HOLLY SPRINGS.)

Commission Merchants, No. 83, Canal Street, NEW-ORLEANS.

REFER TO—Hon. A. M. CLAYTON, Holly Springs, Messrs. GOODMAN & MEANS, Memphis, Tenn. Col. Jno. W. LEMKIN, Ponola Co. Thos. BUFORD, Esq. Yazoo Co. Oct. 7, 1843.—30-6m\*

LITERARY, DOMESTIC, & FASHIONABLE FAMILY MAGAZINE.

Godey's Lady's Book, For 1843.

EDITED BY MRS. S. J. HALE & OTHERS THE LONG ESTABLISHED Authority of Taste, Fashion, and the Belle's Letters, FOR THE LADIES OF AMERICA.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK having been for so long a series of years, universally recognized as the exclusive and indisputable guide to the fair sex, in matters of taste, fashion, and literature—the only work conducted by distinguished female authors, who have won for themselves a high place among the guiding spirits of the age—the only work which in point of fact has been exclusively devoted to the ladies—its favor with its fair patrons has not been less remarkable than its perfect adaptation to their feelings and tastes and their requirements.

In entering upon a new year, the publisher, without diminishing in the least that sterling and useful literature, which has so long resulted from laying under contribution the native good sense and elegant fancy of our American Female writers, will, as each successive number appears, present in the several departments of Literature, Fashion, and Pictorial Embellishment, a constant and ever varying succession of new and striking features. Nor does he promise without ample ability to perform. The best literary talent, the best efforts of the most distinguished artists in the country—and, to crown as well as adorn the whole, the most perfect arrangements for the reception of the American, London and Paris Fashions, far in advance of any other publication in the country, enable him to assure the patrons of the LADY'S BOOK that the forthcoming volume will more than justify its well earned title of the Magazine of Magazines for the ladies of our country.

It has passed into custom to assert that dress is a matter of trifling importance, but this every lady knows to be utterly false. Taste in dress is universally felt to be the index of a thousand desirable qualities in woman, while a deficiency in this respect always injures one in the estimation of strangers, and even of her intimate friends—the beauty of Helen and the wit of Aspasia, would hardly commend to general favor an acknowledged poverty in dress. Hence the importance of an accredited guide to the Fashions.

This useful office, already filled for fourteen years, with universal acceptance, by the Lady's Book, the publisher pledges himself to discharge in future, in a style surpassing all his former efforts. The ladies know perfectly well that our Magazine is the highest authority in Fashion.

No lady considers herself well dressed who contravenes this authority, and, in our own city, in New York, Boston, Baltimore, Cincinnati, Louisville, Lexington, St. Louis, New Orleans, Mobile, Richmond, Charleston, Savannah, and the other metropolitan cities of the various States, the tasteful Fashion Plates of the Lady's Book dictate the laws of dress.

As a further assurance of thorough excellence in this department, the publisher has secured the services of Miss LESLIE, who will illustrate the Fashion Plates, in her usual felicitous and graphic style, uniting a thorough knowledge of the subject, with a clear, graceful and intelligible manner of treating it. Her descriptions are worthy of the productions of her own glowing pencil, which drew the earliest Fashion Plates for the Lady's Book.

The publisher's correspondent in Paris is possessed of such ample means of obtaining the real and present Paris Fashions, and of transmitting them in advance of all competitors, that the ladies may continue, as they have always done, to copy from our plates what has received the sanction of indisputable ton, the latest, the newest, the best fashions, fresh from Paris.

The arrangements for producing a most brilliant and attractive series of Line and Mezzotint Engravings are now complete. Pictures fresh from the easels of our first rate American Artists, are now actually in the hands of the ablest American engravers, the subjects embracing not only the usual popular and domestic topics, but others which are interwoven into the very heartstrings of American nationality; treating as they do stirring incidents in the glorious and heroic age of America.

With respect to the general literary and moral tone of the Lady's Book, for 1843, it will maintain its usual consistent character of a domestic and fashionable family magazine. While such contributors as Miss Leslie, Miss Sedgwick, Mrs. Hall, Mrs. Embury, Mrs. E. F. Ellet, Mrs. Sigourney, Mrs. V. E. Howard, Mrs. Seba Smith, Mrs. A. M. Anna, Mrs. C. Lee Houtar, Mrs. Parsons, and Mrs. S. J. Hale continue their contributions, the beautiful and the useful, all that charms the fancy and all that mends the heart and guides the best affections of our nature, will continue to adorn and dignify our pages.

The lovers of historical romance, and those who regard our nation's glory as the prime objects of our nation's literature, will have their peculiar tastes gratified by the contributions of Dr. Robert M. Bird, the author of the 'Gladiator,' 'Calvar' &c. The admirers of Southern scenery and manners will recognize with pleasure, among our correspondents, the name of W. Gilmore Simms, the novelist, author of 'Guy Rivers,' 'Yemassee,' &c.

Those who are partial to graceful, easy, nonchalant, gentlemanly story telling, will always hail with pleasure the monthly return of N. P. Willis, the most piquant, lively and fertile of all magazine writers.

The admirers of the high toned, moral and domestic Nouvelle, will recognize with pleasure, among our contributors, the name of T. S. Arthur, author of 'Six Nights with the Washingtonians,' &c. Contributions are also ready from the pens of Professor Alexander Dallas Bache, late Principal of the Philadelphia High School, Professor John Sanderson, author of 'a Year in Paris,' Professor John Frost, editor of the 'Young People's Book.'

Our limits will not give us space enough to enumerate the names of a title of our contributors. Our list of foreign contributors is enriched by the names of Joanna Ballie, Mary Russell Mitford, Mary Howitt, Maria Edgeworth, Hon. Mrs. C. Norton, Mrs. S. C. Hall, recognized in Europe as the elite of British female authors.

The publisher's means of increasing the beauty and value of the Lady's Book are accumulating year by year. To his already inestimable list of contributors, he is constantly receiving access both at home and abroad.

His arrangements with respect to ORIGINAL PAINTINGS, from such Artists as Rothornel, Eisenstein, Croome, Chapman, Maclean, Huntington, are now complete, and he numbers among the engravers whose services are constantly retained, Tacker, Smith, Warner, Dick, Sudd, Ellis, Clasen, Gimbredge, Jones.

His whole system of arrangements with respect to Fashion Plates is now developed and perfected. The Lady's Book will therefore continue to maintain that proud pre-eminence in merit and in popularity, which fourteen years of unintermitted attention on the part of the publisher has earned—it will still remain, as heretofore, the FAVORITE OF THE FAIR.

TERMS. Godey's Lady's Book, 1 year in advance, \$3 No 2 years both in advance 5 Two copies, one year, 5 Five copies, one year, 10 Eleven copies, one year, 20 L. A. GODEY, Publishers' Hall, 101 Chestnut Street, Phil'a.

MINTER, TERRY, & Co. Cotton Factors AND Commission Merchants, New Orleans.

JAMES MINTER, } A. C. CHISHOLM, } JOS. M. TERRY, } Wm. MINTER. } Oct. 7, 1843.—30f

FORT & WILLCOX. Cotton Factors, COMMON STREET, New-Orleans, Sept. 23, 1843.—28-6m

Gems of Art and Beauty. A magnificent ornament for the centre-table, containing 13 splendid Steel and Mezzotint Engravings, will be sent to any subscriber to Graham's Magazine for One Dollar in advance.—This is just the thing for a lady's drawing room. Address GEORGE R. GRAHAM, No 98 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

FRESH ARRIVAL. JUST RECEIVED, per Steamer John H. Bills, fifteen bbls. superfine Flour, ten bbls. Rectified Whiskey. For sale by A. W. ARMSTRONG. 41-1f

Law Notice. ORVILLE HARRISON & CALVIN F. VANCE, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Have formed a co-partnership, and will in future practice under the style of Harrison & Vance. ma 27 1-1w m

CASH. I AM prepared to make Cash advances on Cotton shipped to my friends at New Orleans, Bagging & Rope will be furnished if required. W. P. BROOKS, Agent. October 21, 1843. 2-1f

Keep it before the People. Let the principles and measures upon which the whig party propose to administer the Government, never for a moment be forgotten. Here they are, as laid down by their great champion, Henry Clay, and cordially embraced by every true Whig in the Union: A sound National Currency, regulated by the will and authority of the Nation.

An adequate revenue, with fair protection to American industry. Just restraints on the Executive power, embracing a further restriction on the exercise of the Veto: A faithful administration of the public domain, with an equitable distribution of the proceeds of sales of it among the States.

An honest and economical administration of the General Government, leaving public officers perfect freedom of thought and right of suffrage, but with suitable restraints against interference in elections.

An amendment of the Constitution, limiting the incumbent of the Presidential office to a single term.

These are the Cardinal doctrines of our party, and with them inscribed upon our banner, we confidently appeal to the judgment of an enlightened and patriotic people.

Contrast them, one by one, with the doctrines of our opponents. 1. In lieu of a sound "National currency, regulated by the will and authority of the Nation," one portion of modern democracy proposes State Banks, and another a Sub Treasury and hard money.

2. In lieu of an adequate revenue, with fair protection to American industry, one portion of modern democracy proposes direct taxes and another a judicious tariff with not more protection to American industry than to foreign pauper labor.

3. In lieu of "just restraints upon the Executive power, embracing a further restriction on the exercise of the Veto;" modern democracy sustains with one voice, the monarchical feature in our Constitution, and the one man veto power against the will of the people.

They advocate the 'largest liberty' to the President in the exercise of the veto, which circumscribes the legislation of the country to execute edicts.

4. In lieu of the faithful administration of the public domain, with an equitable distribution of the proceeds of sales of it among the States, modern democracy declares that none of the States shall in their separate capacity enjoy the inheritance bequeathed to them, but that the money arising from the public lands shall be absorbed in the reckless and profligate expenditures of the Federal Government. They declare that the States shall not have these means of paying their debts, but shall be ground down with direct taxes, or disgrace themselves by repudiation.

5. In lieu of "an honest and economical Administration of the General Government, leaving public officers perfect freedom of thought and the right of suffrage; but with suitable restraints against interference in elections;" modern democracy would revive Van Buren economy and with it Van Buren office-holding honesty. They proclaim it the duty of the paid officers of the Federal Government to instruct the people how to vote, and to use the patronage of the government in perpetuating the power of those at whose hands they hold office.

6. In lieu of "an amendment of the Constitution, limiting the incumbent of the Presidential office to a single term, modern democracy insists that the President shall be re-eligible to office, that he shall be permitted to serve two terms, whereby as experience has proved, the worst abuses of power, and the most corrupt intrigues, will ever be practised in the first, in order to the attainment of the second term.—[Nash. Banner.

Foreign news. The Packet ship England brings news from Europe four days later than that brought by the last steamer.

In the cotton market little had been done in the way of speculation, though a steady business had been carried on at previous quotations.

The repeal of the anti-corn law league was responded to with enthusiasm on all hands, large subscriptions still being raised to carry it on.

The bungling manner in which O'Connell was prosecuted by the government, had created sympathy in his behalf.

Repeal meetings continued to be held in Ireland, said to be attended by London policemen as spies.

More gun boats had been despatched to the Shannon.

The death of the Rev. Mr. Tyrrell, of Lusk had created much excitement—his death having been occasioned by a cold, caught during a night of exposure,

spent in warning the people not to attend the Clontarf meeting, forbidden by the proclamation of the government.

In celebrating the Queen's visit to Tamworth, three dinners had been given to the poor, at which 2000 were fed.

The brig Nelson, from Demarara to Liverpool, had been lost on Galway Island, and out of a crew of 14, only 4 were saved.

The news from the other European States and India is the same as by the previous arrival.

The following Bill was introduced by Mr Walker into the United States Senate on the 15th ult.

A BILL To transfer to the State of Mississippi, certain inundated lands, for the completion of a levee, from the southern boundary of the State of Tennessee, to the mouth of Yazoo river.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled,— That all the lands of the United States, situate between the Mississippi river, and the rivers Yazoo, Tallahatchie and Coldwater, and the same are hereby ceded to the State of Mississippi, upon condition that the said State will, within a period not exceeding six years from the passage of this act, complete or cause to be completed, a continuous levee, along or near the bank of the Mississippi river, from the southern boundary of the State of Tennessee, to the Yazoo pass, and thence to the mouth of the Yazoo river.

A Volcano in Georgia.—In a late number of the Athens Banner, there is a letter from a correspondent, which states that there is a mountain in Rabun county, Georgia, near the North Carolina line, that is now throwing out large quantities of very black, dense smoke, and manifests the appearance of being volcanic. Those who have visited this mountain, say that the smoke issues through fissures in the rocks, and that there is a continued rumbling sound, like low, distant thunder, constantly heard in the bowels of the mountain.—The mountain-itself is very difficult to ascend, and is the highest in that region. It has the appearance also, of having undergone violent changes heretofore.

Eruption of Mount Etna. By the Neapolitan steamer Francisco I, we have an account of the breaking forth of Mount Etna. The mountain had been for some days heavily capped with dense clouds; some rumblings were heard at times, resembling distant thunder, and many persons, especially on the west side near Bronte, imagined they felt at intervals, slight shocks of an earthquake, or tremblings of the earth. On Saturday about midnight, several violent explosions were heard, and fire was soon seen to ascend from the mouth of the old crater. The streams of lava gradually increased in extent, and took a course toward the town of Bronte.— Luckily a few hillocks to its left served to turn the direction, which then flowed on towards the road of Palermo. On Monday this stream of liquid fire had attained the destructive breadth of nearly two miles; it still flowed on, destroying every thing in its path. The road to Palermo is closed up, filled with burning lava. The sight is awful, grand, beautiful—yet terrific beyond description. It bids fair to be the most magnificent eruption of the last century.— Pray heaven it may not be more destructive. As yet its damages are confined to a few houses and vineyards.— Malta paper of Nov. 26.

Clever fellow.—A correspondent of the New York Sun, writing from Washington, mentions that the members of Congress can be easily distinguished from their wearing cap on the left arm and says—"Some sessions ago, a man terribly in debt, had the Sheriff after him. Being obliged to pass through the same street, he tied a cap on his left arm, and marched boldly along.— The sheriff, supposing him to be a man