WEDNESDAY EVENING, MAY 24, 1853.

JOHN B. HELM will serve as Judge of the Hannibal Court of Common Pleas, if such be the wish of the voters of Mason Township.
my24d&wte

A Bible Revision Meeting is to commence in this city, Hannibal, on Friday before the second Sunday in next month (June)—

Elder John L. Waller of Ky., and others, have premised to attend.

City papers please copy.

STRAWBERRIES.---We are indebted to Mr. FREDERICK WALLER, for a present of some delicious strawberries, of a very large size. Mr. WALLER has a garden, tastefully arranged, and well cultivated, which promises to furnish many luxuries for our citizens during the coming summer.

The editor of the Messenger is "mad" about what the Journal said of his editorial, and kicks the air like a vicious "Horse."

Hon. G. Porter has arrived to take up his permanent residence in this city.

We are indebted to Hon. G. Porter for a copy of the "Abstract of the seventh Census"--- and for other valuable public documents.

Travel on the Norwalk road has increased since the disaster.

"A ST. LOUIS VIEW."

In the St. Louis Republican, of the 23d, there is a railroad article, signed "O," the first letter of the name of O'Sullivan, the Chief Engineer of the Pacific Railroad, and who may be safely supposed good authority on railroad matters.—He concludes his article with what he calls "a St. Louis View," and we call attention to his remarks under that head, because the fact that Hannibal will have a railroad connection with Springfield, Ill., in two years, is unhesitatingly admitted, or rather thrown in between parentheses, as something which was so much to be taken as a matter of course, that it would occur to the minds of well informed readers, without being mentioned by the writer. The other fact to which we wish to call attention is the admission of the superior advantage in point of distance, which our road enjoys over the Pacific road:

"A ST. LOUIS VIEW.—People living on the Hannibal and St. Joseph road, those living on the Kansas road, and those living on the southwestern road, very naturally desire that the road from California shall come to that point on the boundary of Missouri where their particular road terminates. Now, when Colonel Benton insists on making Kansas a starting point, his plan has one defect which he cannot remove, but by abandonment, to the satisfaction of any man who looks to the future growth, glory, and permanent prosperity of St. Louis. Let me make this clear. Kansas is not less than from 30 to 40 miles north of St. Louis: the Erie road, the southernmost of the New York roads, is continued to Cleveland and to Chicago; also north of St. Louis. Now whether you leave the New York road at Dunkirk, at Erie, at Cleveland, at Toledo, or at Chicago, to go to Kansas, on the way to California, when the cars come down as far south as the city of Springfield they will, naturally, pass directly west to Hannibal (for in two years Hannibal and Springfield will be connected): from Kansas, or from a point a little west of it, a road would be run east to the Hannibal and St. Joseph road; cars from Springfield via St. Louis to Kansas or Fort Leavenworth would run not less than 60, probably more than an 100 miles further than they would run if they were to cross the country directly to Kansas. A road from Toledo *via* Lafayette, on the Wabash, directly to Kansas (*via* Hannibal,) would be more than 100 miles shorter than a road from Toledo *via* St. Louis to Kansas. It would be built of course."

[FOR THE JOURNAL.]

A correspondent of the Courier, in describing the state of society in the city of Hannibal, thus speaks of our citizens:

"Its citizens are peaceable, quiet and orderly in their general demeanor; but religious fanaticism has taken such hold on their minds that the private rights of those who differ with them are liable to intrusion, and the names of those of their families are only mentioned with reproach and scorn, furnishing food for long-tongued, slanderous women, imbecile men and misguided children.

"Protestants declaim loudly against popery and the influence of the Church; but at the same time would establish an inquisition in their midst worse than that which is branded as the *horrid Inquisition of Spain*. They would unite the legislation of the State and city with the will of the Church, to enforce their peculiar views—losing sight of the Constitution and the causes which led to our glorious Revolution, and trampling under foot the very principles for which our fathers bled, glory in the result of temporary victory, &c."

The above sentiments have gone forth from the city of Hannibal—through the columns of one of our city papers—without note or comment from the editor, and are, therefore, as I understand, tacitly *endorsed by that editor*. And, as no one has 'spoken out' upon the subject, I feel it my duty to do so.

These are grave accusations against the citizens of Hannibal; and if true, we all should *know* it and *reform*; but if false, they should be exposed, and the character of our citizens vindicated.

I coincide with the writer when he says our "citizens are peaceable, quiet and orderly in their general demeanor"—but that "religious fanaticism has taken such hold upon their minds that the private rights of those who differ with them are liable to intrusion, and *their names and those of their families are only mentioned with reproach and scorn*," I unhesitatingly deny, and pronounce to be slander upon the citizens of Hannibal; and I hereby call upon the writer to retract it, or challenge him to the proof.

And, mark you, fellow citizens: he has accused not only ten, or a hundred, or a thousand of you, of these abominable vices: but its "citizens," the citizens of Hannibal, one and all, are engaged in *reproaching and abusing* their fellow citizens, and "furnishing food for *long-tongued slanderous women*, &c.!"—and all, forsooth, because their neighbors presume *to think for themselves!!* Is their one *short-tongued amiable woman, a strong man, or a well trained child* in our town or county, that does not know the foregoing accusations to be untrue?

And are you, citizens of Hannibal, desirous,—labering to "establish an inquisition in your midst worse than the horrid inquisition of Spain?" "Yes," says the correspondent of the Courier.

Would you "unite the legislation of the State and city with the will of the Church, to enforce your peculiar views?" "Yes," says Mr. "Moderation!"

With the will of *what Church* do you intend to unite "the legislation of the State and city?"

The "peculiarities" of which Church do you desire thus to "enforce?"

Would you by law, establish the Methodist, the Baptist, the Presbyterian, the Episcopalian or the Christian, Church? No, the friends of neither one of these churches *would if they could, nor could if they would*. They would have their religion, or the advocates thereof,—just as they now are, "*protected by the law*" so that every human being might enjoy the privilege to read, to understand, to believe and obey the Bible—or to disobey it, as his own reason and conscience might dictate.

Would you then, "unite the legislation of the State and city to enforce the peculiar views of the Pope of Rome?" I do not believe for one moment you 'would do' any such thing. I am confident you are in favor of "Religious Liberty."

But the time *may* come when the public sentiment may change—and if we are to regard Mr. "Moderation" as a prophet, that time WILL *come*—for he says, "That religion (this *fanatical, abominable Protestant religion*) which is now protected by the law will be trodden under foot." In the same vein writes the "Shepherd of the Valley," the Pope's organ for the State of Missouri. He says, "If the Catholics ever gain—which they surely will do, though at a distant day—an immense numerical superiority, RELIGIOUS FREEDOM IN THIS COUNTRY IS AT AN END. So say our enemies, so we believe!"

Hark ye, Citizens! The Courier's correspondent says our religion *will be trodden under foot!* May I ask, by what haughty tyrant's foot the religion of our fathers and of our God, shall be trodden in the dust? If men will object to locate in our town, because of the religious zeal of our citizens, or our opposition to dram-selling and dram-drinking, I, as one of the citizens, will promise not to shed one tear for their absence—though that absence should extend from the present writing till the angel's trump shall sound the final note of time! We want not, bebause we *need* not, such acquisitions to our society.

Hannibal *may* succeed without them! He says "the city of Hannibal has as much right to legislate upon the subject of slavery in the limits of the city, as it has upon the subject of liquor license."

The above clearly manifests Mr. "Moderation's" ignorance upon the subject, or his design, by a quibble, to deceive the people.

It may, perhaps, be true, that the city of Hannibal has not the authority to grant any person a license to sell spirituous liquors in the city, or in any portion of Marion county—that being the prerogative of the county court; but I now affirm that though a man have a license to sell spirituous liquors from the county court, the city of Hannibal has the authority "to levy and collect" such a *tax* on said license, as their judgment may dictate; and I quote the following act of the Legislature of the State of Missouri, in proof:

The City Council of the City of Hannibal shall have power "To levy and collect a tax on dram-shops, liquor-sellers, &c." See "An Act to amend and reduce into one act, the several acts incorporating the city of Hannibal—Art. 6, Sec. 6."

But more than this the council of the city of Hannibal have the power to *prohibit any person from* SELLING SPIRITUOUS LIQUORS WITHIN THE CITY. Listen to the Legislature again. The City Council shall have power "to restrain and suppress tippling houses and dramshops * * * to regulate and PROHIBIT, if deemed proper, the sale of spirituous liquors within the city."—[Ib. Sec. 7.

We now have the facts before us: "Moderation" says the city of Hannibal has *not* the power—the Legislature of Missouri says the "city of Hannibal *shall have the power*."

Which shall we believe? We have tried the Legislature, and are acquainted with some of the members, and have confidence in that body; but THIS "Moderation" we do not know; we fear he has assumed a fictitious name, while in reality he is something else.

We agree with Mr. "Moderation," "That Religious *Fanaticism* is likely to produce more trouble to the Government, and lead to more blood-shed"—and we think that the hatred against our *public schools*, manifested by the Papal priests and editors in the United States—and their unconcealed efforts to have a portion of the public funds set apart to pay for having Roman Catholicism taught to the children is a demonstration of the existence and intensity of that "fanaticism."

And we would say in conclusion, if Mr. "Moderation" wishes any good to our town, he has certainly taken a singular course to manifest his feelings---to misrepresent our citizens ---to slander, and cast out billingsgate against our mothers, sisters, wives and daughters.

Can it be that the Courier endorses, or winks at, such a document as that which defiles its columns? We pause for a reply. D.

Dominican Republic—Quarrel with the Clergy—Santana Victorious.

The Dominican Republic has been violently agitated with a quarrel between the Chief therof and the Archbishop of St. Domingo.

The latter refused to take the oath of fealty, and said he would exile himself before he would "take an oath to that heretical constitution."

The President gave him promptly his passport, ordered a national vessel to bear him away, and furnished him with funds to support him. "Sir," said he to the Archbishop, "I have always been and am very religious---very Catholic. But the clergy must be kept aloof from politics. They have threatened to disturb the State; this must not be." Thereupon a decree was issued "disposing of the Archbishop."

On second thought, however, the ecclesiastic concluded to yield to the civil authority, and made a declaration of his fealty to the Republic, with great pomp, on the 4th of April.

Interesting ruins of ancient cities have lately been discovered in Mexico. One of the cities is three miles in length. Ruined temples and other edifices, human skeletons, mines, &c., have been found. The search for wonders is to be continued. This is interesting news for the antiquarian.

Good News from Washington—favorable construction of the law granting lands to the State of Missouri for the Pacific, and Hannibal and St. Joseph Railroads.

Questions having arisen at Washington in regard to the interpretation to be given to the law of January 10, 1852, granting lands to the State of Missouri for Railroad purposes, we have the satisfaction of stating that a decision highly beneficial to the Pacific, and Hannibal and St. Joseph Railroads has been made by all the authorities at Washington. By this decision, the two companies named will receive lands in lieu of those sold or *otherwise disposed of*, such as Spanish grants, School section, Swamp lands, Indian reserves, New Madrid locations, &c. We understand from a quarter not likely to be mistaken, that the amount covered by private claims on the route of the Pacific road is about 60,661 acres, and the quantity granted for schools about 66,931 acres, making a total of 127,592 acres. To this quantity is to be added the overflowed or Swamp lands, as yet not ascertained, but which will make the amount to be acquired by the Pacific road not less than two to three hundred thousand acres, and the Hannibal and St. Joseph road about two hundred thousand acres. It is also stated, that an approximate estimate at the Land office will give to the Pacific road, under the act of Congress, 1,205,960 acres.—St. Louis Republican.

☞It is estimated that considerably upwards of ten thousand head of cattle alone have crossed the river at St. Joseph, destined for California. How many have crossed at other points, we have not understood. But it is very certain an immense amount of stock will cross the plains this spring, cattle, sheep, horses and mules. The number of cattle it is supposed will exceed *one hundred thousand head*. Persons can now readily account for the high prices of beef and stock.—[St. Joseph Gaz.

☞The grass on the other side of the river is said to be getting very good now. Many of the emigrants are now on their winding way, having bid an adieu for a while to the busy scenes of civilization, to try the realities of a life upon the uninhabited plains, save by the red man, and the game. They are in search of that—a wise man once said is the root of all evil—gold. We wish them a safe journey and prosperous times.--[St. Joseph Gaz.

☞Contracts for building the Pacific Railroad as far Jefferson City, have been taken, and it is understood the work will progress rapidly.

DIED,

This Morning. (Wednesday, May 25th.) MARY ANNA MOFFETT, (aged 4 years, 11 months,) daughter of Erasmus M. and Sarah M. Moffett.

GOLDEN ERA STOVE
AND
Hard-Ware Store!

R. G. HICKMAN & CO.,

HAVE on hand the most complete assortment of Hardware and Stoves, ever brought up or down the Mississippi River, or by any other thoroughfare. Among the Patterns, are the Celebrated Golden Era Cook Stoves, considered by all who have used them, to be far superior to any Cook Stove now in use. No Stove that has ever been invented is equal to the Golden Era, for draft, durability, neatness of finish, or Cooking: we warrant this Stove to last three times as long as any other stove, ever invented.

We have stoves from every important foundry in the United States, which we will sell at the lowest prices. We do not bind ourselves to keep any one particular Stove; we have stoves from every Foundry in St. Louis, Quincy, Cincinnati and Pittsburgh.

Persons buying of us, will have a large assortment of Patterns to select from. We might have two thousand on hand, but they carry them off almost as fast as we can get them, although we have a large assortment of the same sort etc, and are receiving new patterns. Be sure to call before you buy elsewhere, for we are determined to sell so cheap that persons cannot help from purchasing, for we warrant every stove to give entire satisfaction.

Hardware! Hardware!!

Our stock of Hardware is large and complete, embracing every article that is generally kept in a hardware store. We have on hand a large assortment of double-barrelled shot guns, which we will sell at reduced prices, for ready pay. We buy of the largest manufacturers, and we can sell as cheap as the cheapest (and a little cheaper). We will sell hardware from 10 to 50 per cent. cheaper than it has ever been sold for in any other hardware store in this city. Call in and we will convince you of the fact. Our hardware is of the best quality and the latest improvements. We care not for the St. Louis House. We will not be run out. If they sell at cost, we sell at a little less. We are permanently located in this city, and intend to spend our money here.

All can be found at the store formerly occupied by J. L. Mathews, as a Drug Store—opposite Brittingham's Drug Store.
my26 a tf R. G. HICKMAN & CO.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned administrator has obtained from the Clerk of the Ralls County Court, in vacation, letters of administration, upon the estate of ELLEN A. DANIEL, dec'd, bearing date May 18th, A. D., 1853.

All persons having demands against said estate, are required to exibit them for allowance, within one year from the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims are not exhibited within three years they will be forever barred. ROBERT A. DANIEL, Adm'r.
May 26th, 1853.—(w3t)

GILCHRIST PORTER,
Attorney at Law,
HANNIBAL, MISSOURI.
(Office in Collins' New Building, corner of Main and Bird Sts.)

F. CHOUTEAU, JR. JAS. HARRISON. FELIX VALLE.
CHOUTEAU, HARRISON & VALLE,
Commission Merchants and Proprietors of the St. Louis Rolling Mill,
AND MANUFACTURERS OF IRON in all its various shapes, Sheet Iron and Boiler Plate, Nails and Spikes, from the ore of the Iron Mountain. Iron Store No. 129 North Second street, St. Louis.
May 24, 1853.—(d&w6m*)

FINAL SETTLEMENT.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned, administrator of the estate of J. T. McELROY, deceased, will apply to the Ralls County Court, on the first day of the next August term, to make final settlement of his administration. All persons interested, may then and there attend, if they think proper. ALLEN G. GALLAHER, Adm'r.
May 26th, 1853—(w3t*)

☞We are authorized to announce CHARLES D. BOURNE, as a candidate for the office of CLERK OF THE HANNIBAL COURT OF COMMON PLEAS, at the next August election.

Hannibal Wholesale Market.

HANNIBAL, MO., APRIL 14, 1853.

FLOUR—Fine City Brands, $4.
" Superfine, " $4 40.
WHEAT—55@77c ℔ bushel.
CORN—25@30c ℔ bushel.
OATS—25@30c ℔ bushel.
HEMP—Good—$4 ℔ cwt
TOBACCO—$2 50@$5 00 ℔ cwt.
HAY—40@50c ℔ cwt.
SALT—Kanawha, 40c; G. A. $1 60.
LARD—7@8½c ℔ lb.
TALLOW—6@8c ℔ lb.
CORN MEAL—40c ℔ bushel.
FLAXSEED—75@85c ℔ bushel.
WOOL—25@30c ℔ lb.
BUTTER—10@12½c. ℔ lb.
EGGS—5@6c ℔ dozen.
APPLES—Dried $1 25; Green, 50@60.
PEACHES—Dried, $2 50@$3—none.
SUGAR—5@7c ℔ lb.
MELASSES—35@45c ℔ gallon.
COFFEE—10½@11c ℔ lb.
POTATOES—Irish, 30@60c; Sweet, $1 50.
ONIONS—20@50c ℔ bushel.
BACON—6½@7½c
STONE COAL—18@25c ℔ bushel.
WHITE BEANS—$1 25@$1 50
WHISKY—City Brands 19c ℔ gallon.
HIDES—Dry 7½@8½c; Green 3c.
RASINS—$3 50@$4.

New Cigar and Tobacco Store!
AT THE WIGWAM IN SHOOT & DAVIS' NEW BUILDING, IN COMMERCIAL ROW.

LEER & ARBOGAST hereby inform their friends and the public generally that they now occupy a room in SHOOT & DAVIS' new building, where they are prepared to fill all orders in their line, as cheap, if not cheaper, than any other house in the city. They have a choice selection of Tobacco, Cigars, Snuffs, Pipes, &c., &c.; and they can truly say their stock of goods is the largest, best and most complete assortment ever offered in Hannibal.

The following comprise a part of their Brands:
10,000 El Sol Regalias;
5,000 La Union do.
5,000 La Paloma do.
5,000 La Normas;
20,000 Justo Sanz Principes;
5,000 Cazadoras;
2,000 Plantation;
15,000 Common Regalias;
10 000 Half Spanish;
20,000 Melees

Virginia Chewing Tobacco.

Wm. Hare's, Jesse Hare's, James Thomas', and Seth Halsey's Tobacco.

Missouri Tobacco.

D. J. Garth's No. 1; Henderson's No. 1; Buckner's No. 1; Jamison's No. 1; Dansman's Cherry Juice No. 1; Moffett & Harris' 5 Lump.

All of which we will sell low for cash.
[mch24-wtf] LEER & ARBOGAST.

Received—A new lot of Imperial Cigars.

ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI.
Commission and Forwarding House.

OSEPH MOGRIDGE. FRANCIS MCFAUL.
Mogridge & McFaul,
(Late Twichell & Mogridge,)
Corner Commercial and Pine streets, St. Louis.

CONSIGNMENS and Commissions will meet with prompt and personal attention, and liberal *cash advances* will be given on Consignments or Bills of Lading in *hand*.

The forwarding and receiving of merchandize and produce will meet with especial care and dispatch; the lowest rates of freight will always be procured, and the expense of storage and drayage as much as possible avoided.

Orders for purchasing filled at the shortest notice and lowest market prices.

REFERENCES:
J. & E. Walsh, } St. Louis.
Page & Bacon, }
Charless, Blow & Co., }
Choteau & Valle, }
Doan, King & Co. }
Blow & Maich, } New York.
Frost & Forrest, }
Charles A. Meigs, }
T. C. Twichell & Co., New Orleans.

We have an open policy of Insurance, which will cover all shipments to our address, when advised by letter per mail, or when endorsed on bills of lading before, or at the time of shipment.
MOGRIDGE & McFALL.
St. Louis, Jan. 29, 1853. e3y

1853. 1853
S. LEE & SON,
Grocers and Dealers in Liquors,
BOTH FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC,
WILD CAT CORNER,
Sign of the Grand Oriental Black Rooster,
Main Street, Corner of Bird Street,
HANNIBAL, MO.

WE would call the attention of our patrons to the fact that the year 1852 has closed, and that the time-approved custom of commercial transactions is, *to close the accounts* of the Old Year, at as early a period in the New Year, as practicable. Will our patrons bear this in mind, and ACT PROMPTLY upon this suggestion?

We give below, for the benefit of our old customers, and also for that of as many new ones as feel disposed to deal with us, a list of our BRANDIES and LIQUORS. Give us a hearing, and be your own judge:
200 BBLS. RECTIFIED WHISKY, Black Rooster Brand.
30 BBLS OLD BOURBON, imported from first hands in "Old Kaintuck."
50 BBLS MAGNOLIA WHISKEY, A. No. 1.
200 BBLS. CIDER VINEGAR

BRANDIES, WINE AND GIN.

Otard Dup'y, Jamaica Rum,
U. P. Vin'd do, Santa Cruz do,
Ras au do, New England do,
Moreau do, Peach Brandy,
A. Seignette do, Madeira Wine,
Port Wine, Sherry do.
Malaga do, Holland Gin,

All of which we will sell at wholesale or retail, cheaper than St. Louis prices, for CASH!
jan20'53-tf.
☞Paris Mercury copy.

Lost! Three Cows.

STRAYED from the subscriber, about ten days ago, Three Cows, of the following description:—One was a black and white brindle, and would come at the call, of "Riley;" another is a red cow with a small bell, has short horns, and this shamld be about the time of her calving; the third is a large, dark red cow, and is branded with the letter E on one side.

A dollar and a half reward will be paid for each Cow taken up and enclosed, and information given to me, so that I can get her. P. HOLTZMANN.
Hunibal, May 19. wtf

The Arrena Mill

IS now in full operation, and will buy all the *Good* Wheat and Corn offered for sale at their Mill. We keep on hand the best article of Superfine Family Flour for sale, or we will exchange Flour for Wheat. We will always sell as low or lower than Quincy Flour can be had of the same quality.
☞Call and examine for yourself.
A. S. ROBARDS & SON.
Hannibal, June 3, 1852-tf.

THOS. S. MILLER. GEO. B. POGUE.
MILLER & POGUE,
(Successors to Thos. S. Miller,)
Wholesale Grocers & General Commission Merchants, No. 3 Levee, Hannibal, Mo.
"Co-Partnership."

THE undersigned have entered into co-partnership for the purpose of transacting the Grocery and General Commission business, under the name and style of MILLER & POGUE at the old stand of Thos. S. Miller, No. 3. Levee.
THOS. S. MILLER,
GEO. B. POGUE.
Hannibal, June 10, 1852. (je10-tf)

☞We are authorized to announce Capt. S. A. BOWEN, as a candidate for Clerk of the Court of COMMON PLEAS Election next August. wtd

WANTED!
AN APPRENTICE TO THE PRINTING BUSINESS!
Apply Soon.

ST. LOUIS STOVE STORE.

C. W. BRYAN,
Stove Dealer, Sheet-Iron Worker, Coppersmith, and Tinner,
Main Street, Two Doors North of "Brady House,"
HANNIBAL, MO.,
Sells at Wholesale Prices,
STOVES AND TINWARE.

I INVITE particular attention to the
Prize Premium Cook Stove,
which has given universal satisfaction to all who have used it. I warrant all my stoves for twelve months, and if any of the plates break during that time, I furnish new ones free of charge.

As I design remaining permanently in this place, the public are safe in taking my guarantee for the good performance of the stoves kept by me.

All my stoves are manufactured of
MISSOURI MOUNTAIN IRON,
and for goodness of metal and beauty of casting, they excel any stoves made in the Western country.

☞The man who moulds Hollow-Ware for G. F. Filley is considered the best workman in the United States, and this accounts for our Hollow-Ware and Stove Vessels being so much smoother and better than any others you will find in market, whether made East or West.

I have constantly on hand, a supply of TINWARE, to which I particularly invite the attention of the country trade, as the quality of my ware, and the prices, shall be such as to induce them to call on me again.

I will wholesale to merchants living in the country at five per cent. less than St. Louis wholesale prices. I will sell at retail, Cook Stoves from two to three dollars cheaper than you can buy the same for in St. Louis. All orders from a distance promptly attended to.

Give me a call, if you please, and I will do my best to render satisfaction.

READ THIS!
THE introduction of
FILLEY'S STOVES
into Northern Missouri, to any extent, has been in the last three years; since which time they have been gradually increasing the manufacture and sale of them; and although, owing to their being light and smooth, and something new, some little difficulty attended the sale and use at first, yet by always making stoves and castings of the best quality of Scotch Pig and Missouri Mountain Iron, they have proved to withstand fire better than any other Casting made in the Western country. The Furnace Castings and Hollow-Ware particularly, have been superseded by it, wherever has been brought into use, and always given satisfaction. Having lived here a number of years, and being permanently located here, purchasers can rely on our guarantee as to the quality of the articles sold by us; and as to the operation of our celebrated Prize Premium Cook Stove, just read the certificates of those who have used them, and are using them now. And another advantage a purchaser will have in buying a St. Louis stove of us, he would not only be getting a stove made of the best material in the world, but he can at any time get an odd piece or plate without any charge, by letting us know that such is wanted, as all our stoves are warranted, and, in case of imperfection, the articles will be promptly made good to the purchaser, which he will not find the case with *Cincinnati, Chicago, Pittsburgh, and Eastern made* STOVES, as you cannot get any odd Pieces. Even if they were warranted, it would be impossible to get odd plates from such a distance.

CERTIFICATES.

We, the undersigned, having used the St Louis Stoves manufactured by G. F. Filley, of St Louis, and sold by Carter W. Bryan, at Hannibal, Mo., take pleasure in recommending them to the public as superior in point of draft, durability, economy, convenience and ease of regulation, to any stoves which we have ever used:

John I. Eilet,	T. R. Selmes,	Washington Moyers,	W. R. Davis,
George C. Foster,	John B. Chesley,	B. Breeding,	J. Armstrong,
Dr. L. T. Brittingham,	Wm. Eddy,	W. L. Lacy,	Warren Finley,
Charles W. Mills,	Cyrus Walters,	J. B. Hayden,	J. C. Henderson,
Henry Utterback,	T. R. Spencer,	H. P. Gregory,	Wm. Massey,
Wm. Hawkins,	Geo. A. Shortridge,	Oliver Terrill,	A. Greenlee,
A. Ingraham,	Bloomington, Mo.,	James Emison,	John. B. Lewis,
Thomas Coverdall,	J. C. Ogden,	E. Truett,	Levi Barkley,
R. Gunter,	D. W. White,	T. Ballard,	E. Leonard,
Jesse Wright,	John McGlaughlin,	I. Tufts,	Hooper Mitchell,
W. F. Kercheval,	Hiram Blanchard,	L. Lyle,	John Short,
Wm. Logan,	Dr N. Nelson,	Daniel Ford,	J. Mosley,
Israel Johnson,	B. K. Bryan,	A. M. Hawkins,	Wm. Kidd,
John Fagan,	John L. Matthews,	James Thompson,	F. Franklin.
M. F. Robinette,	John Partridge,	J. P. Clark,	John Withers,
William Shoot,	P. Beaty,	Gardner Shultz,	Dr. M. F. Brown.
J. Frasher,	J. Anderson,	W. P. Owsley,	T. Bane,
Orion Clemens,	B. S Young		

☞I want it distinctly understood that the St. Louis STOVE STORE is the only place in Hannibal where FILLEY'S celebrated stoves are to be had. I have the exclusive privilege of selling the different patterns of stoves in this place, which Filley makes, including all his parent Stoves, and no one else can get any of them; consequently, they have not got them to sell. If any one wishing to buy Cook Stoves will come in, I can soon show him the difference between Filley's Premium Cook Stove and other St. Louis Stoves, as I have some of them on hand which I intend to keep for that purpose. I can also soon show them the difference between a Prairie State and a Charter Oak Cook Stove. dec16'52-tf.

500 of Filley's Celebrated Stoves!
FOR SALE AT THE ST. LOUIS STOVE STORE.

THE SUBSCRIBER takes this method of informing his friends and the public in general, that he has the largest stock and greatest variety of Stoves ever brought to Hannibal, which he is determined to sell low for cash. Persons wanting Stoves would do well to call and examine his stock, particularly his new patterns of Parlor Stoves, among which are the Grecian Parlor and Mound Parlor.

☞His motto is "Quick Sales and Small Profits."

Main street, two doors north of the Monroe House,
Hannibal, Mo.

New Cook Stoves!

PERSONS wishing to buy stove, should give us a call, and examine our new patterns of

"Charter Oak"

Cook Stoves,

The Charter Oak stove possesses advantages over common Stoves, in thickness of the Plate, and improvement in the Draft. It is given up by all stove dealers and manufacturers, to be the best Pattern for a descending flue, of any stove now made East or West.

This Stove was patented September, 1852, and wherever they have been used have given general satisfaction. This stove weighs some 40 pounds more to the number than any other stove ever brought to this city. The plates in them are from ¼ to ½ of an inch in thickness. No. 4 weighs over 250 pounds. We warrant them all against fires. These Stoves have a Patent Hot Air Flue, which carries the heat that is generated under the fire plate down the front part of the Stove between two thick plates to the draft at the bottom of the Stove, thereby adding great heat to bake with on the bottom, and remedying that which has always been a fault with stoves of a descending flue, heretofore. The Charter Oak has one flue and one plate more than any Air Tight stove yet invented. They will cook with one-half the fuel which one of the ordinary stoves will, and will last for twenty-five years.

"Prize Premium" Cook Stove.
PATENTED, 1851.

This superior article has only been in use since January, 1851, and since that they have given such universal satisfaction that they are now the principal stove sold up the Illinois, Missouri and Mississippi rivers. The late improvement made by Filley, by putting a division in the draft below, divides the heat as it passes under the oven, and prevents it from all concentrating on the centre of the fire-plate, as it does in other stoves of similar form.

Another great improvement in the Premium Stove is the Patent Damper; which is so constructed as to insure it against breakage by fire; and if necessary, by turning the damper up a little, you can throw the heat under the oven without burning what is baking, as some do.

I have just made another great improvement in Filley's Patent Prize Premium stove, by adding to it a large, heavy Grate, for the wood to rest on, which not only aids the draft, by keeping it always clear, but also keeps the wood from breaking, and burning out the bottom of the stove.

This Grate is made so as to prevent the wood from falling against the doors, and burning them through, as is the case with stoves that have no grates; and as we have the only Premium Cook Stoves that have Grates in them, we hesitate not in saying that we can sell a cheaper and better stove than can be had elsewhere in the western country. Persons wishing to buy stoves would do well to call before purchasing.

The difference between Filley's Patent Premium and other stoves of the same form in use, are, in the first place, the improvements made in the Draft Damper; and secondly, a contraction of the smoke flues, by which the heat is more confined against the Oven, heating it more regular and quicker, and always insures the stove to draw well, in any situation. Thirdly, the boilers are nearer the fire than in most stoves, and having the flue contracted to the width of the boiler in front, it brings all the heat in use. Fourthly, the ovens are much larger than those of most stoves of the same kind in use, and particularly the Cincinnati stoves, as the ovens are very narrow and less useful. In all sizes of the Prize Premium Cook Stove the openings in front and back are the same size—so that you have two oval openings, the Wash Boiler fitting either, or you can make four round holes of a size and any of the trimmings will fit either hole.

All of the above stoves may be procured at the
St. Louis Stove Store,
Main street, two doors north of the "Monroe House."
dec16y CARTER W. BRYAN.