

NEWS OF THE WORLD

SHORT TELEGRAPH ITEMS FROM ALL PARTS OF THE GLOBE.

A Review of Happenings in Both Eastern and Western Hemispheres During the Past Week—National, Historical, Political and Personal Events.

San Francisco still needs help. Charges against Walter Scott (Scotty) have been dismissed in the superior court from lack of jurisdiction. It was proved that the scene of the alleged ambush and shooting was in Inyo county.

City Engineer Woodward, of San Francisco, has had an official map of the burned district made. The map shows that the area burned by the fire is a small fraction less than four square miles.

The strong wind which blew over San Francisco Saturday morning carried to the ground a number of blank walls that had been left standing.

On the London stock exchange the failure of Grealore & Co., an established firm of brokers, is announced.

The lumber companies of western Montana, Idaho and Washington have organized a movement on at the present time to prevent the spread of forest fires next summer and from present plans the work may be very effective.

For the first time in years, May 1 found Chicago practically free from labor disturbances. Only one or two strikes of importance are in progress.

The damage done at Hollister, in San Benito county, Cal., by the earthquake of April 18, was one life lost and property damaged to the extent of about \$500,000.

San Francisco has \$100,000,000 in cash in the banks. All the vaults are intact, but the buildings make a large loss.

Two squadrons of the Tenth cavalry are now in San Francisco.

Charles S. Francis of Troy, N. Y., the new ambassador to Austria-Hungary, has sailed for Hamburg.

Gov. Pardee of California has accepted the president's suggestion as to the use of United States troops in that state and has filed the formal application for their employment, which has been granted.

The president and Mrs. Roosevelt have returned to Washington after a short outing on the Potomac.

The last statement of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, \$157,976,051; gold coin and bullion, \$63,298,011; gold certificates, \$51,685,980.

The British steamer Haversham Grange, having on board 2000 Russian troops bound for Odessa, has arrived at Singapore and reported having been in collision in the Straits of Malacca with the Chinese steamer Benton. The latter sank and 30 of the 101 Chinamen on the vessel were drowned. The Haversham Grange brought the 71 survivors to Singapore.

W. L. S. Gilcrest, national councillor Junior Order of United American Mechanics, has sent an appeal to the 1600 councils of the order asking the members to make liberal donations for needy brothers in San Francisco.

Twenty thousand double blankets were sent to San Francisco by the Chicago Commercial association.

The senate has passed a bill providing for the purchase of land in Washington as sites for buildings for the departments of state, justice and commerce. It appropriates \$3,000,000.

MINING NOTES.

The Center Star at Roseland, B. C. is clearing the foundation for a plant to contain the War Eagle compressor, which is to be moved from the War Eagle shaft. On this same foundation is to be installed a 650 horse power electric motor. This is a portion of the general plant which the company plans to use in hoisting for both mines through the Center Star shaft. It is planning to install the largest hoisting plant in British Columbia.

The Simalkameen Valley company was recently reorganized at Nelson, B. C. dismissing the whole body of the former directorate and appointing an entirely new board.

The management of the Rex (Sixteen to One), in the Coeur d'Alene district, upon which a strike was recently reported, announces that 10 feet of high grade concentrating ore is already in sight, with comparatively little prospecting. Theodore Anderson, lessee, had figured upon having at least 25 or 30 feet of drifting eastward to do before breaking into the ore body.

Boundary, B. C. mines have produced and shipped over 400,000 tons of ore this year.

By the decision of a jury in the United States court at Butte, damages to the amount of \$72,541.55 were awarded to the Butte & Boston Consolidated Mining company against the Geyman Mining company, Charles, John and Josie Geyman.

The sale of the mineral lands of the Turk Mining company, which took place in Colville, Wash., April 1, to satisfy a judgment for \$8311.45 and \$88.50 costs, has been confirmed. The whole property offered under the sheriff's hammer brought \$5000 and was sold to Blake & Carsten.

Christopher Curry was killed recently at the Center Star mine at Roseland, B. C. The unfortunate miner fell 1600 feet and was almost torn to fragments by the projections.

The Dominion Copper company this

week placed large orders for machinery at the company's mines at Phoenix, B. C.

While in the act of stealing ore, a man, who refused to give his name, was shot and probably mortally wounded by the owners of the Joker claim near Manhattan, Nev. This is the culmination of efforts that have been in progress for a week to capture some of the high grade ore thieves.

Fred D. Malone and Dick Peel, miners working in the U. S. Grant mine, near Virginia City, had a hair raising experience in which Malone gave an exhibition of unusual courage and coolness that saved his partner's life. After charging several blasts in the bottom of a winze and lighting the short fuses they started to climb the ladder to a place of safety. Malone was above Peel on the ladder and the latter had ascended but a few feet above the spitting fuses and the dynamite when his foot got caught in the ladder and he could not extricate it. It seemed as if his death was inevitable. But Malone, at the imminent risk of his life dropped swiftly to the bottom of the winze and cut off the lighted fuses with his knife, thus preventing the discharge of the blasts. He had just time necessary to do that, the burning end of the last fuse being close to the earth when he reached it.

The Bernhardt Engagement.

The most notable event of the dramatic season will unquestionably be the engagement in Spokane of Mme. Sarah Bernhardt and her entire company of French artists from the Theatre Sarah Bernhardt in Paris.

Mme. Bernhardt recently inaugurated her farewell tour in Chicago and has been continuing it with amazing results.

In order that Mme. Bernhardt's farewell American tour may partake of as much of actual comfort and luxury as possible, her managers have arranged that she shall travel by special train. The actress herself will virtually live in one of the most luxurious evidences of the American carbuilder's skill and will be served at all times with food prepared by her own chef and served by attendants who always accompany the diva, whether she is in Paris, South America or Australia.

Madame Sarah Bernhardt, the world's greatest tragedienne, will present "Camille," the masterpiece of the younger Dumas, at the Big Natatorium Rink, Spokane, Monday, May 7, and the event is one of such unusual dramatic importance that the house will certainly be crowded to its capacity. In order that non-residents of Spokane may have an equal chance of going to the box office, arrangements have been made to fill all orders for seat reservations by mail. Applications for seats, when accompanied by remittance and self-addressed, stamped envelope and mailed to Chant Music Store, Spokane, will be filled in the order of their receipt and the tickets mailed within twenty-four hours.

Madame Bernhardt at 62 years of age has proven the physical and psychological wonder of two centuries. She is said not to have a single wrinkle in her face, and her spirits are as buoyant as when, a quarter of a century ago, she so thrilled American audiences after her phenomenal capture of Europe by her superb acting.

"Camille is the play which Madame Sarah Bernhardt, the world's greatest actress, will present.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

An event of importance in the New York theatrical world was the recent celebration of the 25th anniversary of the advent of F. F. Proctor in New York as a manager.

Miss Bertha Cordray, the Annette in "An American Citizen," is a niece of John F. Cordray, manager of the Washington and Columbia theaters, Spokane.

Lillian Russell, who has been in retirement the greater part of the season, is to return to the stage as a legitimate star in light comedy roles next season.

Histrionic Tip.

The Father—So your ambition is to become an actor, eh?
The Son—Yes, dad.

The Father—All right, young man. It's up to you to begin by cultivating the art of walking and fasting.

Mrs. Hanna has decided to sell Glenmere, the beautiful country home of the late Senator Hanna, near Cleveland, Ohio. She will live in New York with her son.

MORE HELP IS ASKED

SAN FRANCISCO SUFFERS STILL IN GREAT NEED.

No Money in Circulation—The Means of Support of the Hospitals, Orphanages, Religious and Charitable Organizations of All Kinds Are Absolutely Cut Off.

San Francisco—James D. Phelan, chairman of the municipal finance committee, gives out the following statement to the Associated Press:

"The demands upon the finance committee are very great, and we do not see how we can meet them if present conditions continue. There is no money in the community in circulation. The banks are closed because they dare not open their heated vaults, and when they do open them they will probably pay slowly as they realize upon their assets. They expect next week to cash the checks of well known customers to the extent of \$500 each. That measure will help in a small degree the resumption of business. There is a sufficient food supply in sight at present, but the great problem before us is how to provide for the absolutely destitute, for the sick, the old, the children and all other dependent persons.

"The means of support of the hospitals, orphanages, religious and charitable organizations of all kinds are absolutely cut off. The Red Cross estimates that \$1000 a day is necessary for the hospitals. To set the institutions on their feet would be the work of years, because the local people are unequal to the task of supporting such institutions and at the same time meeting the demands of their own households and rebuilding of stores and homes and ordinary taxation for public purposes. We are formulating a plan to present to our committee by which money can be secured for the rehabilitation of our workers. Everybody is willing to work and to make private sacrifices if the tools, as it were, are put into their hands to re-establish the social, economical and commercial condition which prevailed before the fire. The idea in our minds is to somehow get a large sum of money at low rates of interest, secured by the improvements which we will erect. Such moneys would be amply secured and, as in the case of Chicago, give us a new city and give to everybody the means of resuming their ordinary vocations.

"Everybody is hopeful and courageous and the prosperous communities of the United States, we are sure, give heed to our call for help. Their spontaneous and generous aid has deeply touched the hearts of our people."

QUOTATIONS FROM SPOKANE.

Wholesale Produce Prices.

Vegetables—Potatoes, 75c cwt; beets, \$1.10@1.25 cwt; turnips, 1-4c lb; rutabagas, \$1 cwt; sweet potatoes, \$3 to \$3.25 cwt; cabbage, \$2.25@2.75 cwt; carrots, \$1 cwt; lettuce, 25c lb; rhubarb, 5c lb; cauliflower, \$1.50 doz; onions, 25c doz; spinach, 85c crate; parsnips, 1-4c.

Apples—Spitzenburg, \$2.75@3 box; Winesaps, \$2.75@3; Rome Beauties, \$1.75@2.25; Yellow Newtowns, \$2.50; Baldwins, \$1.75@2; Black Twig, \$2@2.25; cooking apples, 5 tier, 75c@1.25; cooking apples, 4 tier, \$1.25@1.50; Ben Davis, \$1.50@2; Walbridge, \$1@1.50.

Oranges—\$3.75@4 box; lemons, fancy, \$4 to \$4.50 case; dried figs, 75@80c 10 lb box; figs in bulk, 6c lb; black figs, 10 lb pkg, 80c; Fard dates, 8@9c lb; golden dates, 7@8c lb; cranberries, \$15 bbl, \$5 crate; bananas, \$2.75 @3.50 bunch.

Flour—Local, \$4@4.25 bbl; Minnesota, \$5.75@6 bbl.

Butter and Eggs—Standard eastern eggs, \$4@5 case; extra select eastern eggs, \$5@6 case; best ranch, \$6 case; best creamery butter, 30c lb; cheese, twins, 15c lb.

Celery—65@80c doz; honey, \$3.25@3.50; granulated honey, 8c lb.

Sugar—Granulated cane sugar, \$6.20 per 100 lbs; beet sugar, \$6 per 100 lbs.

Wholesale Feed Prices.

Bran, \$16 ton; bran and shorts, \$17 ton; white shorts, \$19 ton; corn, \$1.35 cwt; cracked corn, \$1.55 cwt; timothy hay, \$16 ton; alfalfa, \$12@13 ton; rolled barley, \$1.30 cwt; whole oats, \$1.45 cwt; choppa oats, \$1.50 cwt; wheat, \$1.15 cwt.

Wholesale Meat Prices.

Beef—Steers, dressed, 6 1-2@7c lb; cows, dressed, 4 1-2@5 1-2c lb; mutton, dressed, 12 1-2@13c lb; pork, 9@9 1-2c lb; hams, 12c lb; bacon, 14c lb; lard, 9@10c lb; dry salt extras, 9 1-2c lb; dry salt backs, 10c lb; veal, fancy, small, 8@9c; veal, fancy, large, 5c; pork, 8 1-2@9c.

Prices Paid to Producers.

Live Stock—Steers, \$2.75@3 cwt; cows, \$2.50@3 cwt; sheep, \$5 cwt; hogs, \$5.25@5.50 cwt.

Hides—Green steers, 8c lb; cows, 7c lb; salted, 1-2c higher; dry hides, 15c lb; calf skins, green, 10c lb; kip, 8c lb; sheep skins, \$1@1.25.

Creamery products, f. o. b. Spokane—First grade creamery butter fat, 28 1-2c lb.

Poultry and Eggs—Live hens, 13 1-2c lb; live spring chickens, 13 1-2c; live roosters, 9c; live ducks, 12c; live geese, 12c; live turkeys, 16c; dressed hens, 13 1-2c; dressed ducks, 14c; dressed geese, 14c; dressed turkeys, 18c; fresh ranch eggs, \$5.

SPOKANE'S THEATERS

The Columbia, Spokane.

The opening of the new Columbia theater, corner Howard street and First avenue, Spokane, last Tuesday was a grand success.

Viewed from the stage the most striking thing is the nearness of the audience. From the stage, the house appears unexpectedly wide in area. There is, in fact, a width of 80 feet clear from north to south wall. There are seats for 1400 people, 800 on the first floor and 600 in the balcony. Boxes and loges will take care of special parties.

Some of the neat features of the house are the encore doors at the sides of the stage, where the honored performer may step in front of the lowered curtain and bow acknowledgment, public telephone booths and ladies' retiring rooms.

The lighting, ventilating and heating are all of the latest pattern, which include the rheostat for dimming lights to moonlight shades and a dozen big ventilators in the dome of the theater.

The fire protection and the means of exit to the new theater make it possible to empty the house in from one and a half to two minutes.

The following prices will prevail at the Columbia: Orchestra, 75c; dress circle, 50c; balcony, first four rows, 50c; last five rows, 35c; gallery, 15c; loge and box seats, \$1. Matinee Saturday and Sunday. Matinee prices, 25c to any part of the house; loge and box seats, 50c.

Beginning May 6 the Byron Douglas company, the talented stock company at the Columbia, will present Hall Caine's powerful drama, "The Eternal City," the dramatization of which was made famous by Viola Allen.

Summer Season at the Spokane.

Gilbert & Sullivan's "The Mikado," a comic opera, the story of which was taken from official life in the land of the sunflower and the pagoda, will be the Roscian Opera company's first offering during the summer season of musical comedies at the Spokane theater, on First avenue near Davenport's restaurant, Monday evening, May 7.

There will be an augmented orchestra under the direction of Adolph Friede. The work of transforming the premises adjoining the theater into an ideal palm garden, where the orchestra will play the popular selections between acts, is now in progress.

Theatrical Notes.

The total receipts from the benefit given at the Spokane and Auditorium theaters Thursday were \$974.

Mme. Sarah Bernhardt is coming to Spokane Monday, May 7, when she will present "Camille" in the Big Rink at Natatorium park.

John Maguire, the veteran actor and theatrical manager, well known in the northwest, is planning to give a monster benefit performance in Salt Lake to aid in the relief of the earthquake victims in California.

A big San Francisco benefit performance was given at Convention hall at Kansas City by members of the 10 different theatrical attractions now playing in Kansas City. Every theater in the city was closed and aided the benefit. The show was attended by 5000 persons and \$6230 was added to the city's general relief fund.

Mrs. Patrick Campbell is appearing in England in an adaptation from the French called "The Whirlwind."

Paul M. Potter is to collaborate with Thomas Dixon, Jr., on a dramatization of the latter's book, "One Woman."

A sister of the earl of Roslyn, Lady Angela Forbes, is to go on the stage. Miss Henriette Browne, leading woman of the Byron Douglas Stock company, has been on the stage since her fifth year. She is a Virginian, the daughter of Virginia Richmond, the once famous leading woman for Edwin Booth.

The reigning successes in London at present are Marie Tempest in "All of a Sudden Peggy," at the Duke of York's theater, and Seymour Hicks and Ellaine Terriss in "The Beauty of Bath," at the Aldwych. Both productions were made by Charles Frohman.

CARRIES THE VOLCANO'S DRIFT.

Avalanches Carry the Lighter Elements to Inhabitants.

Another disaster has occurred in the Vesuvius region.

Torrents of rain have fallen accompanied by a heavy gale causing large avalanches of mud, sand, ashes and cinders to fall over Somma and Santa Anastasia, destroying bridges, blocking the roads, flooding many habitations, interrupting communication by wire and carrying away portions of the railways.

Troops and military wagons were dispatched to the aid of sufferers.

The inhabitants of the stricken places were awakened by a roaring, rushing sound which was absolutely new to them and on running out of their houses, they found their property threatened by the fall of avalanches of sand, ashes, etc.

Their terror was extreme. The women and children fled screaming with fright into the country, but in spite of the avalanches, floods and gales no loss of life has been reported up to this time.

It is believed that while the storms rage Vesuvius is liable to be a continual menace to life and property and that the entire region of the volcano may have visitations of more or less serious nature than last night's avalanche.

Science AND INVENTION

Several projects are now under consideration for utilizing as a source of electric power the descent of the waters of the river Rhone through a remarkable canyon near Bellegarde, called the "Perte du Rhone." The available water-power at this point is said by French engineers to be the most important in France, if not in all Europe. Already 10,000 horse-power is obtained near Bellegarde, but this is a mere fraction of the amount that can be utilized with the aid of suitable constructions. The scene presented by the river rushing through the narrow canyon and down the steep descents is one of the most striking spectacles offered to the eyes of the traveler on the European continent, but it has not been much exploited by the guide-books.

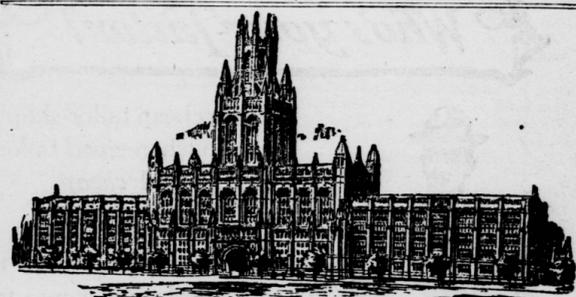
A theory of the gradual evolution of the climates of the earth, which has at least the merit of being interesting, was recently set forth before the Philosophical Society of Washington, by Marsden Manson. In early ages, he thinks, the globe was enveloped in an atmosphere dense with watery vapor, through which the sun's heat did not penetrate, but the internal heat of the earth itself, confined beneath the atmospheric blanket, produced a warm climate even in the polar regions. Finally, as the oceans gradually cooled, the atmospheric vapors became less dense, the sun's rays broke through, and, under solar influences, the climates of the globe arranged themselves in zones. During the process of cooling, and before the influence of the sun's heat became predominant on the earth's surface, a period of glaciation intervened.

It has been suggested that the papaya, or Mexican papaw plan, may afford an excellent material for the making of high-grade paper, and the suggestion naturally attracts much attention in the districts where the plant abounds. The fiber runs the full length of the trunk, which, with the exception of the bark and a small core of pith, is composed entirely of this material. The plant is of rapid growth, for the stem attains a diameter of two or three inches in the first year. It is said that the papaya was brought to Mexico from the Moluccas by the Spaniards, and this raises, in connection with its proposed employment for paper-making, the question whether it might not be successfully introduced into Florida and California. Any new wood fiber whose use might tend to spare our Northern spruce forests would receive a double welcome.

HARPER MEMORIAL LIBRARY.

Great College Building at Chicago to Be a Thing of Art.

Complete plans for the \$1,250,000 William Rainey Harper Memorial Library building have been accepted by the University of Chicago trustees, and the work of construction will begin in the near future. The structure will be by far the largest college building of its kind in the world and the largest and most complete library in the United States with the exception of the



PROPOSED HARPER MEMORIAL LIBRARY.

Congressional Library at Washington. It will be built on the south edge of the campus, facing south on the Midway plaza, and will be flanked by the modern language building on the west and the history library on the east. These two buildings will probably be erected along with the Harper Library. The style of architecture will be Gothic, resembling the Parliament building in London. The great reading room of the library, which will be located on the top floor, will be 75 feet wide by 216 feet long and 40 feet high. The trusses in this room will be of traceried timber work, and the windows will be decorated in stone tracery. There will be five floors of stackrooms around the outer walls of the building and eight floors in the center of the building. Immediately above the stackrooms on the outer sides will be the administrative offices. The entire building will be fire-proof and will contain elaborate fire-fighting and fire-preventing apparatus, with electric signals connecting with the fire departments. The floors of the stackrooms will be of glass in metal frames, and the book presses will all be of metal. Electric book lifts and passenger elevators will be installed. Electricity will be used throughout for lighting. The system of heating will be steam, with the blower system for ventilation. Paintings and statues will adorn a number of the rooms in the building.

Then the grangers, left in undisputed possession of the land, tried to farm as they had done in Illinois, Ohio and Indiana. It was a disastrous experiment. From 1888 to 1896 little rain fell, and farming was a total failure. During those disastrous years three-fourths of the population of the southwestern counties gave up the fight and left the country. The rest stayed, but gave up farming and took to cattle raising.

For a time the settlers, each with his small ranch and herd of stock, were fairly prosperous. Then the beef trust reduced the price of cattle and profits declined. Only the most economical methods brought returns. The ranchman found that he could not do business profitably with less than 1,000 head of cattle, and that for this stock he required 20,000 acres of land. Then this second dynasty of cattlemen reverted to the tactics of their former enemies, and fenced indiscriminately their own land and unoccupied land belonging to the government. It is for this that they have embroiled themselves with the United States Court.

Modern Love.

There was a young man in Schoharie Who madly loved Kitty and Carrie; But each was so rich

That he couldn't tell which Of the two girls he wanted to marry.

—Judge.

If a girl slammed at the dishes with a disbrag as carelessly as she slams at her face with a powder rag, how every one would abuse her!

of the army marks a new era in military service. Never again will a civil war veteran hold the position; it marks the end of the old corps of officers. The last veteran to retire will be General Arthur McArthur, in 1909, but he will not become chief-of-staff. If General Bell is allowed to complete his service in that most responsible position it will be 1920 before another general has a show. This most startling change in personnel probably presages a change in army methods as well. That group of officers that passed through long and complicated campaigns had their own ideas about military affairs. The new leaders of the army must of necessity be theorists, because the Spanish war was hardly equal to an Apache raid for experience purposes, and there never will be another troublesome Indian campaign. General Bell was graduated from West Point in 1878, and spent much of his twenty years before the Spanish war



BRIG. GEN. J. FRANKLIN BELL.

on the plains. In 1808 he was a lieutenant of cavalry—from that to the executive head of the army in eight years is a marvelous advance—and he saw valuable service in the Philippines. The policy now is for a continuous administrative policy in the army, and General Bell represents all that is progressive in spirit, modern in organization, and a little bit ahead of the times in equipment. General Bell is no politician, is industrious and likable, and ought to elevate the plane of our land forces.

KANSAS WIRE FENCE FEUD.

How the Western Cattle Raisers Have Got Into Trouble.

At the time of the rush of immigration to western Kansas in 1885 and 1886, the extreme southwestern portion of the State was filled rapidly, says The World To-Day. They found the land in possession of ranchers. These original cattlemen had for years pastured their herds on the prairies at will. The invention of barbed wire had given them the key to a new method of ranching. They had abandoned the system of herding on the open range, finding it cheaper to run barbed wire around vast tracts of land.

Between the cattlemen and the settlers there arose a bitter feud, the herders using every means to keep the grangers, or homesteaders, from occupying the land which they had appropriated to their own use. By enacting the law against fencing government land, Congress came to the aid of the homesteaders, and the cattlemen were beaten. One by one they gave up the strug-



PROPOSED HARPER MEMORIAL LIBRARY.

gle and went out of business or removed to Texas or Oklahoma.

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