The Leavenworth Echo

Entered at at Postoffice of Leavenworth, Wash., as Second Class Matter

DERED H. MAYAR and JULIAN I MCYAR, Publishers

Member of Washington Newspaper Association

Issued Every Friday. Subscription $2.00 per year in advance

Address all communications to The Leavenworth Echo

SPECIAL NOTICE—All resolutions of condolence, cards of thanks, notices of entertainments where an admission fee is charged and the object is to raise money, or notices of any kind intended to promote business of any kind whatever, must be paid for at regular advertising rates when printed in The Echo.

When this paper is asked to push some scheme where the object is to get money from the public then the use of its space must be paid for.

Free entertainment of a moral or beneficial nature, or any movement with the object of promoting the welfare and prosperity of the community as a whole will be given the free use of its columns.

No deviation will be made from this rule.

Back numbers of The Echo other than those of the current month will be furnished at a cost of 25 cents each.

Friday, September 13, 1918

YOUR ECHO WILL BE DISCONTINUED AFTER THIS WEEK

The ruling of the postal department of the government makes it unlawful to continue sending The Echo to subscribers who are three months or more behind on subscription after the 15th of September, 1918. It is not within our discretion whether we will continue sending it. It is a violation of law for which the punishment may be fine and exclusion from the mail. One or both. Now, if you, Mr. Subscriber, have been notified of your expiration, want your Echo to continue coming to your address, if you think enough of the paper to want it to come to you, there is but one thing to do, that is to renew. If you have not been notified, your notification has gone astray, or you are in doubt, have mislaid your notice, if you will kindly notify this office we shall be pleased to give you such information as you want.

We have many old and highly valued readers who are behind, and we regret to discontinue sending the Echo on what may seem to them to be a slight pretext or delinquency. We dare hope, however, they realize we must obey the law.

LEAVENWORTH DID NOT WANT A COMMISSIONER.

After noting the microscopically small vote cast by the voters of Leavenworth, the only conclusion any man can come to is, Leavenworth cares as little about a county commissioner as the Devil cares about the welfare of a Christian's soul. Can you, Mr. Citizen, come to any other conclusion? All the suffragan had to do was go to the polls and vote. If even half of the voters had thot a commissioner could be of benefit to Leavenworth, and acted on the thot, and gone to the polls last Tuesday an voted, Mr. Watson would have been elected. Out of over 700 voters registered right here at Leavenworth, only one out of twelve of the republican voters thot it of enough importance to vote. At the home of his opponent the Leavenworth man received more votes than the Leavenworth people gave him. Because of certain conditions existing there was an opportunity for Leavenworth to elect a commissioner. Because no such conditions may ever again exist it is exceedingly doubtful if the west end of the district will ever be able to elect a commissioner. All those who ride in autos may have cause to regret they did not take more interest in the election before two years roll round. Good roads and bridges hang on the will of the commissioner. Hindthought will have two years to kick the forethought of some voters.

A WORD WITH OUR SUBSCRIBERS

After the first of September, it is unlawful to send The Echo to subscribers who are three months or more in arrears in their subscription. Hitherto we have not insisted on our subscribers paying in advance. Now that the publisher is compelled by law to make oath that he is not sending The Echo to subscribers three months (90 days) in arrears, and subject to fine and exclusion from the mails, for violation, we will notify thru the mail all subscribers of the expiration date and request renewal. Failing to hear from them 45 days, or six weeks, after the expiration date, we shall presume it is not wanted and discontinue sending it. Making no charge for the over time.

Under the belief that subscribers will appreciate the position of the publisher under the law, which leaves nothing to discretion, requiring only obedience, that they will help rather than hinder, they are asked to renew after receiving the expiration notice if they consider the paper is worth the price and want it continued.

Very Respectfully,
THE PUBLISHER

Peshastin Church Services.

Sunday school at 10 a. m. Preaching at 11. Class meeting at 9:30. Epworth League and preaching at 7 p. m.

Washington's wheat crop is estimated at 32,335,000 bushels, 3,117,000 bushels more than last year.

EXCHANGE YOUR PRECIOUS METALS FOR W. S. STAMPS.

Another important movement in the war savings stamp campaign has been the establishment in Seattle of a War Savings Metal Exchange, which has taken quarters at Fourth and Pine streets. The Metal Exchange will receive your old gold, silver and platinum, have it assayed by the government assay office, and pay for its value in War Savings and Thrift Stamps. The people all over the state are invited to send precious metals to this office. An experienced assayer will be on hand during business hours to determine values so that it will not be necessary to wait until the government assays are completed to get your stamps.

This office is patterned after the New York office and is being managed under the direction of State Director Kelleher. Like the New York office the immediate management is in charge of well known women, the Seattle office being under the auspices of Mrs. Alexander F. McEwan, Chairman of Committee, and the following Committee. Mrs. Henry Sunnalb, Mrs. John Eddy, Mrs. Kelleher, Mrs. Trent, Mrs. Paul Henry and Mrs. L. D. Stedman.

Everybody has more or less gold or silver trinkets which are of no particular value, which he could convert into War Savings Stamps on the best possible terms. He will be helping his country and helping himself at the same time, and this is a genuine opportunity to do it.

The New York Metal Exchange has required to be enlarged to meet the demands of business and has been receiving metals from all over the country for redemption in War Savings Stamps. Among other contributions, were silver from a Texas cowboy, championship cups, badges, medals wedding presents, and heirlooms of all kinds.

Send your metals by registered mail to the War Savings Metal Exchange and a reply will be promptly forthcoming. If the value is in excess of $50.00 you should have your registered package insured at your bank or elsewhere. Each county will get credit for its sales.

DANIEL KELLEHER,
State Director.

HUN TREACHERY PROVES FATAL.

Grim-faced, begrimmed and stained after several days of desperate, continuous battle, a platoon of Marines was firing rapidly but calmly and accurately at the Hun ranks.

The foe's numbers were in the majority but the Sea Soldiers' fire was mowing speedily evening.

Suddenly the Huns dropped their rifles and cried "Kamerad."

The Marines waited for the surrendering party to approach. When the foe came within 200 yards their first lines dropped. They had been dragging machine guns by ropes attached to their belts.

About 30 Marines fell before their comrades with a yell of rage and revenge surged forward. The bayonet let not a Hun survive.

This is another example of Teuton treachery. It is told by an officer and two members of the platoon now in a hospital.

SECOND IN TRADE.

Due to Seattle's tremendous energy in building up and developing foreign trade, the state of Washington closed the fiscal year ending June 30 last, as the second customs district of the United States, running millions of dollars ahead of the Philadelphia district, and second only to New York.

The only profiteer some people can see is the business profiteer, simply because their purses are touched thereby, but the labor profiteer boosts prices just as surely though indirectly As wages advance, the cost of living goes up along with the cost of production. Labor leaders by demanding increases of wages, boost the cost of living at the same time.

THE NATION'S LABOR.

Approximately 10 per cent of the nation's workers are union members. There are 30,000,000 wages earners in the United States and less than 3,000,000 members of the American Federation of Labor, which stated 32 years ago with a membership of 200,000. The increase of membership in that length of time is small simply because labor as a whole can procure the benefits and favors it chooses and under the conditions it prefers.

BUY UNTIL IT HELPS AND GIVE UNTIL IT HELPS.

"Buy until it hurts," "Give until it hurts," are two expressions that are often used, the one referring to the purchase of Liberty bonds and the other to contributions to the Red Cross or the Y. M. C. A. or kindred work.

Both are fundamentally false in meaning. They should be sent to the scrap heap of rubbish and supplanted by "Buy until it helps," and "Give until it helps."

Do not for one moment vainglariously think that this means until it helps the country or the Red Cross or the Y. M. C. A. organizations. It means until it helps you and gives you a clearer understanding of your responsibilities.

"Buy until it helps" you by broadening your vision of the war and the struggle to save civilization.

Buy Liberty bonds not out of the surplus which you can spare without feeling.

But not merely because the purchase of Liberty bonds is strengthening the nation's power to fight.

But buy because your soul needs the quickening influence of a wider conception of liberty and humanity and civilization. And the more freely you buy the greater will be the enobling of your own soul. You will be helping yourself, and in that way you will at the same time be helping the nation and civilization.

It is no act of charity to buy Liberty bonds. It is merely contributing a moiety out of you ability, great or small as it may be, for the purchase of the engines of stop the conflagration which, having swept over much of the world, is sweeping directly to your house by your own work, or else your housely your own work, or else recreantly throw upon your neighbors the responsibility of saving you while you stand off and shirk your duty.

Buying Liberty bonds is to save your wife, your mother, your daughter, from the last degradation which women can suffer, as in Belgium and France, and to save your property and your nation from destruction.

WAKE UP, GENTLEMEN!

Press dispatches say "According to the latest compilation of figures, the Allies will need during the coming year, a total of 470,000,000 barrels of oil, which must be furnished entirely by the United States. 335,000,000 barrels is the limit that can be produced.

Also on the same date the dispatches say, "conferees of house and senate resumed their labors on Aug 27 with view of reporting an oil leasing bill which may be passed before coming fall election."

With an unprecendented demand for oil staring our nation and the world in the face, our law makers have delayed for months, and in fact years, the passage of legislation which would encourage oil production by opening up wast areas of new land for development purposes.

Under so-called cloak of "conservation" there has been a constant and continued attemp made to limit production by private individuals.

Men who block measures permitting oil production are endangering the life of the nation and our military operation.

Wake up, gentlemen, and give the oil industry a chance to expand.

ADVERTISERS TAKE NOTICE.

Under the new government regulation and the urgent need of conservation, The Echo must insist that all advertising copy for the current week must be in the office not later than Wednesday noon of each week to insure insertion. It is to the advertisers benefit to have his copy in the office in time because there is then time to "get up" a better looking and more attractive advertisement. The advertiser will also get a better position in the paper and get better results. When copy comes in late it has to be slugged together any old way and go any old out-of-the way place. Remember this Mr. Advertiser, get your copy in early, to insure satisfactory results. If it comes in late it may not be possible to get your ad in at all, in any event you will get a poor looking ad., and it will be in any old out-of-the-way place. Get your copy in on time. Wednesday noon.

SHARE OUR SUGAR WITH THE ALLIES

British Get Two Pounds a Month. French Pound and Half, Italians One Pound.

GERMAN SUPPLY PLENTIFUL.

All Nations Permit Use of Sweetening for Home Preserving Purposes.

America's new sugar ration of two pounds a month per person is equitable when compared with the sugar ration enforced by rigid governmental order in England, France and Italy, nations with which we are sharing sugar.

Each Allied nation—in the matter of sugar consumption—is sharing on nearest possible equal terms the hardships imposed by greatly altered conditions in the world sugar situation.

Formerly classed as a luxury, sugar is now a war time essential. The fair and just division of this essential is in the hands of the various Allied food controllers.

The United States Food Administration has asked this nation to observe a voluntary sugar ration of two pounds per person a month.

In the other countries at war with Germany sugar is one of the scarce articles on every menu—whether in the households of both rich and poor, or in the hotels.

England today has a sugar ration of two pounds per month per person. In France the ration is a pound and a half and in Italy it is one pound a month. And the prices in allied countries are from two to three times as high as in America.

If you go to a hotel in England or France these days and order tea or coffee they serve absolutely no sugar with it. If you want sugar you must bring it with you.

In England it is allowable to use one-seventh of an ounce of sugar in the preparation of each luncheon. In France many persons carry little saccharine tablets about with them for use in hotels and in England rich and poor must take their sugar with them if they wish to have sweetened tea while visiting friends.

Before the war started France had 625,000 acres devoted to sugar production. By 1917 the French sugar acreage had decreased to 180,000 acres. Today the French man or woman with a sugar card has no assurance whatever that he or she will be able to actually buy sugar. To buy it, one must first find it.

Italy Has "State Sugar."

Especially drastic regulations govern the use of sugar in Italy. Its manufacture, distribution and sale are closely controlled, and in part actually taken over by the state.

Saccharine is permitted to be sold and used as a substitute for sugar and the government manufactures a mixture of saccharine and sugar called "State Sugar," which is largely used.

German Sugar Ration Adequate.

Germany, before the war, produced a great surplus of sugar and exported large quantities. Today the Germans have virtually gone out of the export business, but have plenty of cheap sugar for home use.

Wholesale prices prevalent in the Allied nations, according to information received by the United States Food Administration are as follows: England, 30 cents a pound; France, 32 cents; Italy, 26 cents.

While these high prices are being paid abroad the American wholesale price is being held at 7½ cents.

THE GUILT OF THE I. W. W.

"I can conceive," said Attorney Vanderveer, "of some of the (I. W. W.) defendants being found guilty, but that all should be convicted so quickly is the surprise of my life." Wigwood also was surprised: "I rather looked for a hung jury on some of us."

This class of agitators will get some more surprises if they continue their campaign of "made in Germany" terrorism.

GREAT CAUSE OF HIGH TAXES.

One western state has an efficiency commission at work to form a plan to consolidate the various boards and commissions.

It is estimated $500,000 could be saved biennally by abolishing useless and duplicating functionaries in Oregon, and the same can be done in other states.

Legislatures create these multitudinous opportunities for appointing political friends under pressure of various outside organizations.

After they are created they expand and demand increased appropriations and often secure taxing powers and secure recognition in budgets.

All these little trickling streams of patronage united make a big drain on the treasury and the taxpayer foots the bill.

If they ever was a time when absolute business should be applied to public affairs it is now when the nation is at war.

Increased efficiency means not only utilization of the last unit of man power and all the resources of our productive industries, but elimination of political waste and tomfoolery.

Mutual Mercantile Co.

School Opened Tuesday Sept. 3d.

THE MUTUAL HAS A FULL ASSORTMENT OF SCHOOL SUPPLIES FOR ALL GRADES

Mutual Merc. Co.

Closes Saturday at 9 o'clock sharp

Buy Your Gasoline

from

F. S. JACOBSEN & CO.

for 26c

Yard East End of Front St., Leavenworth

Classified Ads.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Good used furniture. Price reasonable. Hotel Anderson. aug 30-sept. 6 pd.

FOR SALE—1-4 horse power Westinghouse motor. Inquire at the Echo office. 38tf

FOR SALE—Shafting, hangers and pulleys. Call at Echo office. jun 28tf pd

OLD PAPERS FOR SALE. Bets, per hundred. Useful for packing, wrapping, cleaning and making fires. Call at Echo office. s 6

FOR SALE—Or will trade for wood, set leather bound, late edition encyclopedia. For particulars call at Echo office. jun 28tf pd

FOR SALE—Two pure white Persian kittens. Mrs. C. R. Fay, block north of Firemen's hall. s 6pd

FOR SALE, COWS—Sold 5 last Saturday. Have 5 more to sell. Give 5 and 6 gal at milking when fresh. Cash or bankable paper. Hurry if you want a good cow. Chas. Wallace barn. s 13

FOR SALE—7 pigs, 35 to 40 pounds. Glen Echo ranch. s 13pd

FOR SALE—Oak dining room table; good condition, for sale half price. Phone 18. s 13pd.

FOR SALE—Twelve head of horses, of various sizes and ages. Some good logging teams. Also equine operating table. Priced right for quick sales. Inquire of Mrs. Edith Cropess, Wagerville, Wash. s 13-20

LOST

LOST—Either at Franklin hotel, or on way to depot, ring with dark blue oval center setting surrounded with diamonds. $20 reward for its return to this office. aug 30-sept 7

POSITION WANTED—MALE

WANTED—By 14 year old boy going to school, work before and after school hours. In the morning up to 8:15 and from 4:15 in the evening until quitting time. Would like a place where he can work before and after school hours for his board and lodging. The publisher of the Echo can recommend his as a worthy and industrious boy who is trying to get an education. Leave word at Echo office. s 6tf

WANTED—REAL ESTATE

WANTED—To hear from owner of farm or unimproved land for sale. O. K. Hawley, Baldwin, Wis. wna13

FOUND

FOUND—Fishing poles. Left at this office. Owner can have by proving and paying for this ad. s 13tf

FOR RENT

FOR RENT OR SALE—Two room house. Close in. Suitable for bachelor quarters. For particulars call at Echo office. s 6tf

The salmon pack of the Pacific coast in 1917 was approximately 10,000,000 cases, according to estimates of the Seattle C. of C. and the Commercial club, of which 6,000,00 cases were handled thru the Seattle market, the approximate value of the 6,000,000 cases being more than $50,000,000.

Walla Walla—One day's picking from his 40-acre prune orchard netted W. W. Hurst of Freewater nearly $5,000. He estimates his receipts at $27,000 this year.

MICKIE SAYS