

Women's Column

New York Throng Heralds the Advent of Autumn New Waistcoats and Girdles Are Launched

MONKEY FUR FAVORED BY PARIS FOR WINTER

Is it possible asked the tourist, that New York may boast at this season of the enormous throng that seems to fill and overflow its many highways? Yes, it is possible—it is true. Never before has New York sheltered so many during the month of August. Many of the smart people who previously found it quite impossible to be away from Newport and Long Island, find themselves following an alluring call, and they leave their summer homes without a sigh, only to find themselves back in town.



Slip-On Dress of Gabardine.

The reason of course, c'est la guerre. The canteen at the plaza of the Public Library attracts many of the women who are interested in relief work. Consequently, one sees many smart clothes about, which under ordinary conditions would not be in evidence.

Silk Jersey Popular.

One of the most attractive dresses I saw at the canteen was worn by a distinguished member of New York's smart set. She chose a rather greenish delft blue silk jersey and refused trimming of any sort. The dress hung in one piece from the shoulder to the hem, which by the way was fully 18 inches, and a gorgeous beaded girdle of neutral shades suggested a long waistline. With this charming dress she wore a large drooping black satin hat and carried a single skin of Russian sable.

Our home designers proved themselves most capable at the Fashion Show at Saratoga. With America in the lead in the manufacture of fabrics what else for our designers to do but follow and become the desired creators of lovely things to wear. The evening gown is quite passe and a fascinating substitute offers itself in the appearance of the formal dinner gown. And bright glaring colors are taboo. Black is the favorite color, and when one sees a dinner gown of black charmeuse with black net it justifies the question of favoritism. The skirt is cut in long points and each point is finished with a jet tassel. The bodice is draped with net and the girdle is of jet with tassels to correspond with the skirt.

Ostrich Trimming on Dresses
Most astonished, indeed, were the onlookers when a dull rose-colored dinner gown presented itself, with a little bunch of ostrich plumes of dull blue and green tucked under the drapery of the skirt. This costume paved the way and when another appeared with uncurled ostrich running in strips at intervals of about six inches from each other on the skirt it was received with admiration instead of surprise and amazement. That odd fur, monkey is being used to a great extent on the velvet dresses for fall and winter. Its shiny, silky qualities lend a soothing atmosphere to the coat or dress which is fortunate to have it as trimming.

The Younger Generation
is everywhere in evidence. The kiddies are not contented to stay at home and let the older ones do everything. No, indeed, not the little patriots of Uncle Sam. They may be seen right now on Fifth Avenue collecting for soldiers and sailors, whereas the cloister of the nursery and the privacy of their gardens used to claim them. The sailor suit which all little boys adore and which could be worn only to the circus or other red-letter occasions is now one of the essentials of the wardrobe.



One-Sided Tunic Effect.

The military effect is felt in the little girls' hats and dresses. Every little miss claims a Scotch hat now and her new school coat must have a military cape collar. A particularly good looking model shown in one of the shops is developed in dull green homespun and has beaver buttons at the back, front and sleeves.

The Silhouette Remains Unchanged
Just as predicted, the long, narrow silhouette has been taken into the hearts of all the female world. The only unsettled thing now is the waistline, and invariably this is left to the discretion of the wearer. The designers show a marked tendency toward the long waist, but one must beware for only certain types are privileged to indulge in this trying mode. The two cuts illustrated are simple and smart and possess all the qualities of a servicable and correct costume.

POLITICAL MANAGEMENT ON TRIAL.

In the United States alone was ownership and operation of railroads, telegraphs and telephones left to private capital and private ownership.

And in fifty years we built more of them, sent more messages and carried more passengers and freight than all the rest of the world combined.

The charges for the service were as low and usually much lower, than the best managed government owned systems in Europe and the service infinitely better.

We paid higher wages, covered greater distances, and put these great public utilities into every town and nearly every home and farm house.

The war has changed our American system and advocates of permanent government ownership as in Europe are using wartime necessities of nation as argument to make permanent government operation of largest in-

dustries of this nation.

The result will be seen in next few years, whether the people will get better results from political than from business management.

In the meantime do not confuse war measures with peace measures.

World's Record.

The Grays Harbor Motorship Corporation broke the world's record on wood hull construction by 14 minutes, with the complete assembling and erection of 72 frames in 29 hours and 26 minutes on a 4,000 ton steamer of the Ward type.

Square Pegs.

In the campaign for increased efficiency which the country will be forced to adopt as the new draft takes effect, there must be an elimination of the "square peg in the round hole," the man who is a misfit in his job. The government has no time to hunt the job that will suit him—the place for him is in the army.

OUR SAVED FOOD FED THE ALLIES

Food Administrator Writes President America Conserved 141,000,000 Bushels Wheat.

CREDIT DUE TO WOMEN.

Meat and Fat Shipments Increased by 844,600,000 Pounds.

Conservation measures applied by the American people enabled the United States to ship to the Allied peoples and to our own forces overseas 141,000,000 bushels of wheat and 844,600,000 pounds of meat during the past year, valued in all at \$1,400,000,000. This was accomplished in the face of a serious food shortage in this country, bespeaking the wholeheartedness and patriotism with which the American people have met the food crisis abroad.

Food Administrator Hoover, in a letter to President Wilson, explains how the situation was met. The voluntary conservation program fostered by the Food Administration enabled the piling up of the millions of bushels of wheat during 1917-18 and the shipment of meat during 1917-18.

The total value of all food shipments to Allied destinations amounted to \$1,400,000,000, all this food being bought through or in collaboration with the Food Administration. These figures are all based on official reports and represent food exports for the harvest year that closed June 30, 1918.

The shipments of meats and fats (including meat products, dairy products, vegetable oils, etc.) to Allied destinations were as follows:

Fiscal year 1916-17... 2,168,500,000 lbs.

Fiscal year 1917-18... 3,011,100,000 lbs.

Increase 844,600,000 lbs.

Our slaughterable animals at the beginning of the last fiscal year were not appreciably larger than the year before and particularly in hogs; they were probably less. The increase in shipments is due to conservation and the extra weight of animals added by our farmers.

The full effect of these efforts began to bear their best results in the last half of the fiscal year, when the exports to the Allies were 2,138,100,000 pounds, as against 1,268,500,000 pounds in the same period of the year before. This compares with an average of 801,000,000 pounds of total exports for the same half years in the three-year pre-war period.

In cereals and cereal products reduced to terms of cereal bushels our shipments to Allied destinations have been:

Fiscal year 1916-17... 259,900,000 bushels

Fiscal year 1917-18... 340,800,000 bushels

Increase 80,900,000 bushels

Of these cereals our shipments of the prime breadstuffs in the fiscal year 1917-18 to Allied destinations were: Wheat 131,000,000 bushels and of rye 18,900,000 bushels, a total of 149,900,000 bushels.

The exports to Allied destinations during the fiscal year 1916-17 were: Wheat 135,100,000 bushels and rye 2,900,000 bushels, a total of 138,000,000 bushels. In addition some 10,000,000 bushels of 1917 wheat are now in port for Allied destinations or en route thereto. The total shipments to Allied countries from our last harvest of wheat will be therefore, about 141,000,000 bushels, or a total of 154,900,000 bushels of prime breadstuffs. In addition to this we have shipped some 10,000,000 bushels to neutrals dependent upon us, and we have received some imports from other quarters.

"This accomplishment of our people in this matter stands out even more clearly if we bear in mind that we had available in the fiscal year 1916-17 from net carry-over and as surplus over our normal consumption about 200,000,000 bushels of wheat which we were able to export that year without trenching on our home loaf." Mr. Hoover said. "This last year, however, owing to the large failure of the 1917 wheat crop, we had available from net carry-over and production and imports only just about our normal consumption. Therefore our wheat shipments to Allied destinations represent approximately savings from our own wheat bread.

"These figures, however, do not fully convey the volume of the effort and sacrifice made during the past year by the whole American people. Despite the magnificent effort of our agricultural population in planting a much increased acreage in 1917, not only was there a very large failure in wheat, but also the corn failed to mature properly, and our corn is our dominant crop.

"I am sure," Mr. Hoover wrote in concluding his report, "that all the millions of our people, agricultural as well as urban, who have contributed to these results should feel a very definite satisfaction that in a year of universal food shortages in the northern hemisphere all of those people joined together against Germany have come through into sight of the coming harvest not only with wealth and strength fully maintained, but with only temporary periods of hardship.

"It is difficult to distinguish between various sections of our people—the homes, public eating places, food trades, urban or agricultural populations—in assessing credit for these results, but no one will deny the dominant part of the American women."

A hoarder is a man who is more interested in getting his bite than in giving his bit.

HITS THE RENT PROFFITEER

Owing to the industrial activity in many of the cities of this state, the problem of providing a sufficient number of houses for all has resulted in many new and unusual demands by owners of houses for rent or for sale. For instance, in the past a lease was reversed and rentals are in many cases on a month to month basis. Owing to the demand for homes, sales are more easily made if the tenant occupying the house at the time of sale may be made to vacate within thirty days time. The month to month plan also enables the landlord to make increases in rentals at his own convenience.

This, however, leads to an unsettled condition on the part of the tenant, and tends to work contrary to the Fuel Administration's efforts to get consumers to purchase their winter's coal supply, the principal reason being that they may be required to move within a month, and will be forced to either move the coal or submit to a loss when their situation is taken advantage of by the landlord or new tenant. Hereafter, when landlords or owners are responsible for conditions which compel their tenants to move after they have purchased their coal, the landlord is expected to purchase, either on behalf of himself or the new tenant, the coal on hand at the time, at the price paid by the old tenant for such coal. In other words, the Fuel Administration will consider the coal delivered to any house as the coal to be consumed at such house.

THEREFORE, The Federal Fuel Administration for Washington hereby ORDERS and DIRECTS that on and after September 12, 1918, upon notification in writing to retail dealers by the chairman of a County Fuel Committee to the effect that a specific residence within his county shall not be supplied with more coal, all retail dealers within the State of Washington are forbidden to sell or make delivery to such residence.

BY THE MIDNIGHT OIL.

Have you read the speech of Senator Lawrence Y. Sherman, of Illinois, entitled "Unofficial and Personal Government," delivered in the United States Senate recently? It not, write for it without delay, be you man or woman. In it you will find mordant comment on our government as at present conducted, and that lead up to it, which will put you on your toes ready for a sprint to the ballot box to vote for a termination of such a condition of affairs. The language of the speech is forceful and inimitable; fearless and illuminating. It deals chiefly with one Col. E. M. House, erstwhile a popgun colonel and politician in the State of Texas, now ringmaster of the political circus in Washington, to whom the Democrats bow low, and lover still, when he cracks the whip. Quotations from a book ascribed to this man, given by Sher-

You Get the Best

We built our business on quality and we are maintaining it on the same basis. When you buy our flour you get the best that perfect wheat and modern machinery can produce.

PEACH BLOSSOM OR WENATCHEE'S BEST

Wenatchee Milling Co. Wenatchee, Wash.

McCall Patterns



YOU can be patriotic in the use of material and still dress in perfect taste and best of style. If, when you make a new garment, you use a McCall Pattern, you can be absolutely certain that the style will be correct, and fit perfect, and that it cannot be properly made with less material.

McCALL PATTERNS for September NOW ON SALE

J. C. Penney Co. Incorporated 197 BUSY STORES

THE LAW NOW REQUIRES

That all butter offered for sale must have the maker's name on it

We print wrappers

at The Echo office in quantities from 100 up.

man, will indicate the program he has in mind to overthrow American institutions and make of United States industrialism a politically-owned monopoly. The speech may be secured by writing Senator Sherman at Washington, D. C., for a copy. It will make you sit up in bed o' nights.

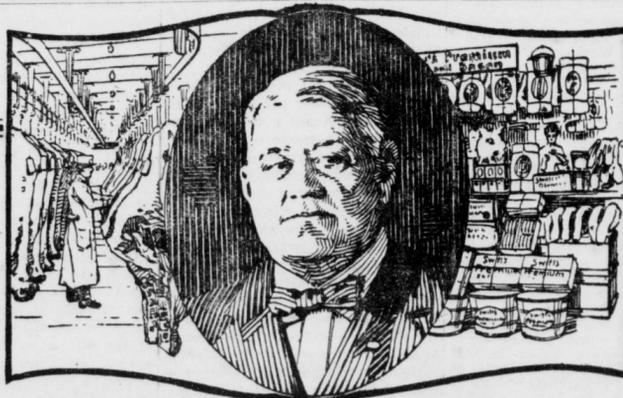
Printing at The Echo job shop.

CHURCH NOTICES

Methodist Church.

Sunday school at 10 a. m. Preaching at 11. Epworth League at 7:00 p. m. Preaching at 8:00. Prayer meeting at 8:00 p. m., Thursday. We will be pleased to meet you at any and all of these services.

F. L. MOORE, Pastor.



The Branch House Man

This is one of the Swift & Company Branch House Men.

They are all pretty much alike in the way they feel toward their work—and that is what this ad is about.

They know that most people couldn't get such good meat promptly and in good condition if it weren't for the branch houses of which they are in charge.

They know that the branch house is one of the most important links in the chain of preparing and distributing meat for a nation.

They know that Swift & Company must have its branch houses run at the highest notch of usefulness; that even a Swift &

Company branch house won't run itself, and that it is up to the branch house man to run it properly.

Any branch house man who doesn't see his work in this light is transferred to some other place with Swift & Company to which he is better adapted.

They are picked men, these branch house men. Every time you sit down to a steak or chop, or cut of roast, you can give a grateful thought to the whole crew of them.

And remember, in a general way, that everything that makes life smoother and more convenient for you, is the result of the thoughtfulness and effort of a lot of people of whom you have never heard.

Swift & Company, U. S. A.



Butter Wrappers at the Echo Office