

the South live in rural communities. Of this number 3,000,000 are engaged in agricultural pursuits, cultivating 100,000,000 acres. As owners and renters of land, we are cultivating 41,500,000 acres. This acreage is twice that under cultivation either in Virginia or New England. Nevertheless, the South does not produce enough food to feed itself, drawing on the rest of the country annually for farm products recently estimated as worth \$75,000,000.

The reason for this is found in the fact that cotton and sugar cane held sway. Diversified farming is only now coming into vogue. The Colored people simply imitated the whites, with the result that all suffered. Northern enterprise had to be injected to make them see the advantage of planting other farm products save the two mentioned. Latin and Greek may not be needed to run a farm, but the successful farmer is the one with a good education. He directs and works in a scientific manner. Success is bound to follow.

Preparation for rural life is the greatest educational problem of the white and Colored people of the South. The rural education of our people is essential, not only to the welfare of our race, but also to the successful development of the Southern states. If we have been laboring under the delusion that the way to prosperity and happiness is the study of literary subjects, we have only been following the example of the white people who are only now beginning to see the error of their belief. This conviction is emphasized by the life of drudgery which the pupils in our schools have always seen to be the lot of our farmers. While it is recognized the masses will always be tillers of the soil, it must not be forgotten that it is as important to have the brain work with the hand as it is to have the hand work with the brain as Tuskegee and Hampton teach. Greek and Latin may not aid a man in guiding a plow whether that man be black or white, but if after ages of civilization the white man considers these languages worthy of learning we are of the opinion what is good for the goose is good for the gander.—Defender.

SOUGHT PLEASURES UNDER DIFFICULTIES

We have the wings of the morning and with them we will fly away and be at rest, at least for two days, concluded a number of congenial souls one day last week, and on Sunday morning one happy, jovial party took flight and left for the wonders of Mt. Rainier-Tacoma and the following is a brief diary account of the pleasures they enjoyed on that particular occasion:

Personnel of party, Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Tutt, Mr. and Mrs. Z. L. Woodson and sons, Fred and Roy; Mrs. Pearl Pigford and child; Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Black and children; Dr. and Mrs. D. T. Cardwell and children.

Left Fifth and Jackson Sunday, 7:15 a. m. First stop, Tacoma, for gasoline. Second stop, 30 miles beyond Tacoma, where the first blow-out occurred, and a tire was changed. Third stop, 5 miles from Park gate, due to second blow-out; there another tire was changed. Fourth stop, Mt. Rainier National Park, where Mr. Woodson and Dr. Cardwell registered the whole party. Fifth stop, at Longmire, 107 miles from Seattle, at 1 p. m.

Here they spread the first lunch, and were greatly disturbed by a nest of wasps, which frightened the whole party, except Andrew R. Black, Jr.

At this point it was discovered that they had no frying pan with which to cook bacon and eggs for Monday breakfast. Dr. Cardwell borrowed a pan from a man, and the party then proceeded to the glacier. Arrived at Glacier at 5 p. m. Travelling was so dangerous at this point that Dr. Cardwell balked and refused to go further up the mountain. Mrs. Black, Mrs. Tutt and Mrs. Woodson also balked.

The scenery was very beautiful at this

point, and the air very invigorating. Dinner was served at 6 p. m. Mr. Tutt acted as head waiter, Mrs. Black as chef, Mr. Black was chairman of the water committee and Mr. Woodson was sent up the mountain for wood, Dr. Carwell acted as general utility man.

Night fell and the question arose as to where they would sleep, no accommodations existing at this point. They pitched a small tent, 7x7, in which the five ladies and six children slept. They looked like a box of sardines. Mr. Tutt took refuge in Mr. Woodson's machine and slept all night. Mr. Black wrapped up in a blanket and lay on a rock bed. At 1 a. m., Monday, sleeping was so hard, Mrs. Pigford, Cardwell, Black, Woodson and Tutt, got up and sat by a big fire which had been made by Mr. Woodson and Cardwell, who had not at this time retired, for the reason that there was no place to lay their heads. Midnight lunch was served, and the ladies decided to try the rock bed again, except Mrs. Woodson and Mrs. Pigford, who took refuge in the rear seat of Dr. Cardwell's machine for the remainder of the night, and Mrs. Tutt got in Mr. Woodson's machine with Mr. Tutt. At 2 a. m. Monday Mr. Woodson laid down in the tent. At 3 a. m. Dr. Cardwell went to sleep in the front seat of his machine; Fred and Ray slept on the outside and Mr. Black slept, sitting, on a log in front of the bonfire. At 5 a. m. Monday, breakfast was served. Mrs. Pigford acted as cook, Mrs. Woodson and Cardwell as waitresses, and Mrs. Tutt, general supervisor. At 10 a. m. the party went up to the Glacier, which was a beautiful piece of natural scenery. At 12 noon the party broke camp and started for Seattle. They had three or four blow-outs between Glacier and Tacoma. At 9 p. m. Monday, just five miles out of Tacoma, Fred punctured his last inner tube. At this point Mr. and Mrs. Tutt, Mrs. Woodson and Ray took the Interurban for Seattle. Mr. Woodson and Fred remained with their machine. Dr. Cardwell then proceeded with the remainder of the party to Seattle.

At Riverton the party encountered more trouble, as Dr. Cardwell's machine refused to move on account of dirt getting into the gasoline line. He blew the dirt out of the gasoline line and proceeded, and repeated the same thing five times between Riverton and Seattle.

Mr. and Mrs. Tutt, Mrs. Woodson and Ray arrived in Seattle at 10:35 p. m.

Mr. and Mrs. Black, Dr. and Mrs. Cardwell, Mrs. Pigford and all the children arrived at midnight, Monday. Mr. Woodson and Fred arrived at 1 p. m. Tuesday.

All reported having had the finest time of their lives, and arrived home safely.

SUMMER

The dewdrops glisten on the green mown hay,
The eastern sun comes peeping into day,
To lighten up the meadows and the wheat,
And give to summer radiance and heat.
The sunbeams kiss the forests in the breeze,
Where summer winds moan lightly thro' the trees,
And cows that kneel in ordained evening prayer,
Are wakened by the song birds in the air.
The thunder showers gathered up on high,
To spoil ball games and picnics from the sky,
Pour out their capsules of the vapor cell,
To sprinkle every summer hill and dell.
The music in the parks has been a feast,
The summer music lovers has increased,
Then folks partook of supper beer or wine,
And some ate watermelon to the rind.
And now the summer day is come and gone,
The darkened night has covered up the lawn,
The crickets by the road have sung their lay—
Sleep, rest and dreams must pass the night away.

—Sylvester Russell.

Job work in the latest and newest styles turned out in this office. Main 24.

The Bill Kept Lent

Mr. Tucker had unexpectedly come face to face with Mr. Cutting, from whom he had frequently borrowed money.

"Er—aw—what was the denomination of the bill you loaned me?" he asked nervously.

"Episcopaliana, I guess," said Mr. Cutting. "At any rate, it keeps Lent very well."—New York American.

NOTICE OF SALE OF REAL ESTATE

Notice is hereby given, that in pursuance of an order of sale made and entered by the Superior Court of King County, State of Washington, on the 27th day of August, 1917, in the matter of the Estate of Clara E. McGill, deceased, the undersigned, administrator of said estate will sell at private sale, subject to confirmation by said court, the following described real estate:

"Lots three (3) and four (4) in Block forty-six (46) in Replat of Blocks forty-four (44) to fifty-five (55) inclusive of Mercer's Addition to North Seattle, King County, Washington; Lot nine (9) in Block two hundred and twelve (212), Townsite of Port Angeles; and east one-half (E½) of the southeast quarter of the southeast quarter in Section 27, T. 30, Range 6, containing 5 acres, more or less, all in Clallam County, State of Washington."

Said sale will be made on the 4th day of October, A. D. 1917, at 710 Leary Bldg., Seattle, Wash., at 10 a. m. Terms: cash, gold coin of the United States, or cash, subject to mortgage of \$2500.00; bids in writing, 10 per cent to accompany each bid.

W. L. BERRY,
Administrator.

Sept. 1—Sept. 18, 1917.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF Washington, for King County.

Mary A. Sherman, Plaintiff, vs. John R. Sherman, Defendant.—No. Summons for Publication. The State of Washington to the above named defendant, John R. Sherman:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 28th day of July, 1917, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorneys for the plaintiff at their office below stated, and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The above entitled action is brought by the plaintiff against the defendant for the purpose of securing a divorce of and from said defendant on the grounds of desertion and non-support.

TUCKER & HYLAND,

Attorneys for Plaintiff.

Post Office and Office Address: 307 Lowman Bldg., Seattle, King County, Washington.
July 28—Sept. 8, 1917.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF Washington, for King County.

Lucinda Adams, Plaintiff, vs. George Adams, Defendant.—No. Summons for Publication. The State of Washington to the above named defendant, George Adams:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 28th day of July, 1917, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorneys for the plaintiff at their office below stated, and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The above entitled action is brought by the plaintiff against the defendant for the purpose of securing a divorce of and from said defendant on the grounds of desertion and non-support.

TUCKER & HYLAND,

Attorneys for Plaintiff.

Post Office and Office Address: 307 Lowman Bldg., Seattle, King County, Washington.
July 28—Sept. 8, 1917.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF Washington, for King County.

Mariano Mangialardo, Plaintiff, vs. Nunziata Mangialardo, Defendant.—No. 123742. Summons for Publication. The State of Washington to the said Nunziata Mangialardo, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty days after the 4th day of August, 1917, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled action is: 1. To obtain a decree of divorce by the plaintiff from the defendant on the ground of cruelty; 2. To have awarded plaintiff and to have title quieted in him to the following described property, to-wit:

Lot six (6) in Block eleven (11), Claremont Addition to Seattle, King County, Washington, with house thereon.

ANDREW R. BLACK,

Attorney for Plaintiff.

P. O. Address 316 Pacific Block, Seattle, King County, Washington.
First Publication August 4, 1917.
Last Publication September 15, 1917.

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