

BRITISH FLAG MAY BE LOWERED TODAY

Significant Act Which Will Formally Announce Hostilities.

U. S. IS TO REPRESENT ENGLAND

And Take Charge of Her African Consulates After the War Begins in the Country of the Boers.

CAPE TOWN, Oct. 11.—The understanding that a state of war would exist between England and the Transvaal tonight is given with confirmation by the proclamation today by Sir Alfred Milner, the British high commissioner. He declares that all persons aiding or abetting the enemy will be held guilty of high treason.

Many Cape Dutch are leaving to join the Boers. It is believed that the next fortnight will indicate whether there is to be any general Dutch uprising in the colony. Hofmeyr, the Afrikaner leader, whose efforts have been strenuous in the interests of peace, is so charged at the outcome, that he is reported to have broken down, and to be in a dying condition. The report is reiterated that the Cape ministry will resign.

It is believed that the British diplomatic agent at Pretoria will today lower the British flag and transfer British interests to the American consul.

MAPEKING, Oct. 11.—British outposts report that Boer women and boys can be seen carrying arms on the other side of the border.

ROME, Oct. 11.—Several old followers of Garibaldi are preparing to go to the Transvaal to fight with the Boers.

LONDON, Oct. 11.—Gen. Prinsloo, now at Albertina, has been appointed commander in chief of the Orange Free State forces.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 11.—Great Britain has not asked the United States up to now to take care of British interests in the Transvaal, but in the event of hostilities, the State department expects to receive such a request, and will accede to it, notifying American consuls to accept responsibilities just as Great Britain did in Spain for the Americans during last year's war.

REPORT OF GEN. BROOKE

GROWERS WANT BETTER PRICES

He Emphasizes Necessity of Army Reorganization.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 6.—The annual report of Maj. Gen. John R. Brooke, commanding the division of Cuba, has been received at the war department. He announces the formation of the division and the departments. He says:

"It seems scarcely necessary after the experiences of the past eighteen months to urge the necessity of a reorganization of our army. The matter of army organization has been urged for many years without effect. What could have been accomplished with a well organized army of 100,000 men was exemplified by the battles around Santiago, in June and July, 1898."

"The conduct in Cuba of our troops among a people not speaking our language, and with habits totally dissimilar to those of the American soldiers has been generally good, sustaining the reputation of their native country. They have cheerfully borne the restrictions necessarily imposed upon them since the advent of the sickly season and with the exception of fatigue and Puerto Principe there have been but sporadic cases of yellow fever. In some it is traceable to the indiscretion of the soldier attacked, and in others, where the men were exemplary in their habits, its source has been a mystery. The rapid detection and deception of the cases at the two points mentioned, we can say there has been practically no yellow fever among the troops."

Developed a Sensation.

BERLIN, Oct. 11.—The long deferred trial of the persons charged with gambling at the Club der Herrn Leber has begun in Berlin, and has already developed a great sensation. A number of the important witnesses, belonging to the highest families, are reported to have fled the country, or to be otherwise beyond the reach of the process of the court. Those present, however, sufficed to demonstrate an abominable state of affairs in the club management.

Sentenced for Five Years

GLASGOW, Oct. 11.—James Colquhoun, former city treasurer of Glasgow, and former representative of the city corporation in the University court, who was arrested on August 1 on charges of embezzling funds of the city and of estates committed to his charge, in amounts aggregating nearly \$500,000, pleaded guilty today before the high court and was sentenced to five years' penal servitude.

Mrs. Stella B. Irvine, superintendent of the National Sunday-school work for the W. C. T. U., is in the city. Mrs. Irvine was interviewed at headquarters this afternoon. She said: "I will conduct a Sunday-school Temperance Rally, under the auspices of the National department, on Convention Sunday, October 22. All the Sunday-schools of the city will participate. We will have a part of our National Pledge Chain, which is many miles long, and composed of pledge cards, at the convention. I have been head of this work for five years."

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 11.—The Navy department received a cablegram from Capt. Hemphill, of the cruiser Detroit, at La Guayra, Venezuela, confirming Minister Louma's dispatch to the effect that negotiations between the two parties in Venezuela had fallen through, and expressing the opinion that it will now be a fight to the bitter end between the government and the rebels.

Killed Her Husband.

NORTHPORT, Wash., Oct. 11.—L. J. Brown, a local saloon-keeper, was shot yesterday by his wife, who had found him in company with another woman. Mrs. Brown had previously been suing him for divorce.

Will Build Blast Furnaces

PITTSBURG, Pa., Oct. 11.—Improvements costing almost \$8,000,000 were agreed upon today by the board of managers of the Carnegie Steel Company. They include the erection at Rankin of two blast furnaces each having a capacity of 700 tons of pig iron every working day, a double track steel bridge across the Monongahela river to connect the Rankin furnaces and the Homestead works, a new open heart plant and a reversible blooming mill at Duquesne. Ten new blast furnaces will be the largest in the world.

TO CONTEST ASSESSMENT

Property Owners to Start a Fight in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Oct. 11.—At a meeting to be held tonight in the offices of the Taxpayers' Association the big, general assessment for which Chicago has ever since will be formally opened. The circumstances which have given rise to the forthcoming remarkable battle between the city and the property owners are particularly calculated to show up the abuses of the special assessment system as practiced by the present administration. Apparently the assessments to be levied have been levied for spite and revenge, and a great number of poor people are to be made to suffer. Owing to the determined campaign about to be undertaken by the Taxpayers' Association, however, there is a hope that the courts may set aside the assessments, and save hundreds of families from the loss of their homes. The circumstances are these:

In one of the last large batches of special assessments originated by the city board of local improvements brick pavement was ordered through out a system of small and almost unknown streets north of Humboldt park. All the impaired streets in the district lying between Wellington street and Belmont avenue and between Kedzie and Calhoun avenues were included in the order. The neighborhood is one filled with poor working people, most of whom are paying for their homes or lots by the monthly installment system.

CENSURE FOR THE PRESIDENT

Old Soldiers Denounce Also Commissioner Evans.

POMEROY, O., Oct. 11.—A big sensation was created here today at the close of the old soldiers' reunion by the adoption of a resolution condemning the administration of the pension office by President McKinley and Commissioner Evans.

The resolution was presented by Private J. W. Fellows, of Athens, O., who in an impassioned speech and amid loud applause declared the treatment of the soldiers at the hand of McKinley and Evans had been infinitely worse than that of Hoke Smith. The resolution demanded the removal of Commissioner Evans and the appointment of a Northern man, and declared that the soldiers would hold the president "personally and politically responsible for the manipulations of the pension office."

Several prominent Republicans left the stand while the speaker was talking, but the motion to adopt carried by several hundred ayes to two nays.

A CHANGE IN ARMY SCHEME

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 11.—Secretary of War Root has issued an order discontinuing the department of the Gulf and transferring the territory heretofore in that department to the Department of the East.

Col. Frank, of the First artillery, who has been in command of the Department of the Gulf, has been ordered to report to the adjutant general of the army for further assignment.

The territory embraced in the Department of the Gulf included the states of South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Florida, Louisiana, Mississippi, Kentucky and Tennessee. Headquarters were at Atlanta, Ga.

INCREASE OF POSTOFFICES

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 11.—Fourth Assistant Postmaster General Bristol's report probably will be made public next week. It will contain all the facts relating to 75,000 postoffices in the country up to June 30, the close of the fiscal year. This is an increase of 1330 postoffices over the corresponding period of the year 1898. Since June 30 about 300 new postoffices have been established, and about the same number of the postoffices throughout the country have increased at the rate of over 1,600 a year.

DEWEY HAS AN ENEMY IN CROWNINSHIELD

Who Is Chief of the Present Bureau of Navigation.

THE TWO MEN HAD A QUARREL

Hence Dewey Will Probably Decline to Assume Any Position in the Navy Department Even as Adviser.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 11.—Conjecture as to Admiral Dewey's future seems popular just now. Some of those who have been most eager to define it for him have already created a new office and have appointed him to the position of official counselor to the secretary of the navy. Nothing of this sort has ever been considered by the navy department. Secretary Long will, of course, avail himself of Admiral Dewey's advice on all sorts of occasions so long as the admiral remains in Washington easily accessible. But those who know Dewey best doubt very much if he will consent to accept any duty which will put him in the position of the administration's advisory counsel on naval matters.

It is understood in naval circles that Dewey may not find an official connection with the department altogether pleasant just at this time, if he is to be in the department at all. He will, of course be referred to above all others. But this will be far from agreeable to Admiral Crowninshield, the head of the bureau of navigation, who, ever since the beginning of the present administration, has been the power in the department, subject only to the supervision of the secretary. Crowninshield's word has been law. It was he who determined the detail of officers and the disposition of ships. He exercises a control over the navy which is greater in its sphere than that of the major general commanding the army in the other arm of the service. Any change in conditions would be distasteful to him. He would chafe under restraint if another officer were to enter the department and assume some of the duties which he has been accustomed to exercise. Dewey's supremacy in particular would be probably lead up to unpleasant results, for Crowninshield is one of the very few officers in the navy who is not personally on friendly terms with Dewey.

Crowninshield was overridden when Dewey was sent to command the Asiatic squadron. That detail was made in opposition to Crowninshield's wishes, and he resented it. When Dewey came to receive his commission he did, it is said, receive some gratulations from Crowninshield, which led to a very lively scene between the two officers then and there. Dewey, who is impetuous in speech, gave Crowninshield a piece of his mind, and from that day to this the two men have had no relations. After the battle of Manila Crowninshield sent Dewey an effusive letter of congratulation. Dewey ignored it. There have been other efforts at reconciliation on Crowninshield's part, but Dewey has paid no attention. Dewey's supremacy in particular would be probably lead up to unpleasant results, for Crowninshield is one of the very few officers in the navy who is not personally on friendly terms with Dewey.

Knowing these things, naval officers are inclined to believe that Dewey would avoid any duty which would be apt to bring him into contact, or even immediate conflict, with the chief of the bureau of navigation. There is no duty which he could accept in Washington which would not have this result. And so it is thought in naval circles that Dewey before long will retire, or else will to shape his ways that he will not be called upon to accept service in the department.

PHONES IN STATE PRISON

TACOMA, Oct. 11.—A new telephone system for the state penitentiary at Walla Walla was authorized by the state board of audit and completed at a meeting held here yesterday. Dr. J. Eugene Jordan, of Seattle, Judge Staicup and State Commissioner Ernest Lister of Tacoma, were present.

The independent local system of telephones to be introduced in the state penitentiary will consist of 12 instruments connecting all the officers with the central office. They are quite widely separated and the convenience is manifest at a glance. Hunnig's telephones will be used with the latest improvements. The system will cost about \$200.

A NEW MILL FOR SEATTLE

Work Will Soon Begin on the Water Front.

The Peerless Mill company of Seattle was, late yesterday, incorporated under the laws of this state with a capital stock of \$200,000. At an early date the company will begin to erect one of the largest flouring mills on the coast on a site already secured, it is understood, on the water-front.

The officers of the company are: President and manager, A. B. Graham; vice-president, Mark M. Odell; treasurer, H. R. Spencer; secretary, Olcott Payne.

The flouring mill will be modern and will have a capacity of 1,000 barrels a day. There will be an elevator in connection with the mill, of 15,000 bushels capacity. The plant will cover an entire block, 120x120 feet in area, having a frontage of 120 feet on Railroad avenue, about 13 blocks from the business centre of the city. It is expected that the mill will handle 2,000 cars of grain annually.

The exact location of the new flour mill, it was learned this afternoon, will be between Batteries and Wall streets, covering 120 feet by 120 feet, from Elliott avenue to Railroad avenue. The plans of the mill were prepared by Nordyke, Marion & Co., of Indianapolis. It is interesting to know that the president of the company, A. B. Graham, came to Seattle in 1891 and built the Novelty mill, located at West Seattle. Mr. Graham found that the flour trade here was outgrowing the capacity of his mill, and he decided with others that the city could support a much larger plant. Under his management the mill will be between Batteries and Wall streets, covering 120 feet by 120 feet, from Elliott avenue to Railroad avenue. The plans of the mill were prepared by Nordyke, Marion & Co., of Indianapolis. It is interesting to know that the president of the company, A. B. Graham, came to Seattle in 1891 and built the Novelty mill, located at West Seattle. 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