

The Seattle Star

STARTED PANAMA CANAL
Right here in Seattle there lives a man who was the only American on the job when De Lesseps, the Frenchman, tackled the big job. See story on page 4.

WHO WAS CAIN'S WIFE?
Been trying to figure out this puzzle? Well, you can stop it now. The Star is printing the answer today, on page 5.

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IN TRAINS AND NEWSSTANDS

HOME EDITION

WOODROW WILSON WRITES FOR THE STAR ON "OUTLOOK FOR DEMOCRACY"

EDITOR THE STAR—In reply to your request for an expression from me on "The Outlook for Democracy," I will say that I will be very glad to have you present the following article, which sets forth my views on that subject. It expresses the feeling I entertain today regarding the present problems of the United States and the obligation of the democratic party.

Woodrow Wilson

BY WOODROW WILSON,
President-Elect of the United States.

In the early years of the twentieth century we are again assuming the attitude which we assumed in the beginning of the nineteenth century. The nineteenth century, with all its associations of the setting up of a free government in America, looked forward to an age in which humanity, the rank and file of men, should be served by the institutions of government.

But we had set up this happy experiment in a country so abundantly furnished with wealth, so extraordinarily provided with opportunity for all sorts and conditions of men, that suddenly we got drunk with the mere wine of prosperity, and for a little while forgot that our mission was NOT TO PILE UP GREAT WEALTH, BUT TO SERVE MANKIND WITH HUMANITY AND JUSTICE.

Through this long century, during which it has seemed from time to time as if we were forgetting what America was set up to do, the world has slowly come around to the point of view which the men who set up the government of the United States had in the beginning. We are now aware that we are not going to be served by institutions; that mere finely conceived constitutions do not constitute the body of liberty; that the body of liberty can be had only in the use of institutions to serve the permanent needs of the rank and file.

So we are learning again that the service of humanity is the business of mankind, and that the business of mankind must be set forward by the governments which mankind sets up, in order that justice may be done and mercy not forgotten.

What is it that we wish to do now, in the year 1913? It must be plain to all of us that the people of this country wish two things. They wish, first, to clear their government for action by making it free, and then, when it is free, they wish to use it, not to serve any class or any party, but to serve civilization and the human race.

If the government of the United States has drifted away from the ideals of the fathers, the democratic party is not responsible for that drift. If the economic control of the United States is now in the hands of a small body of men, it is not due to any policy that the democratic party has advocated, or promoted, or consented to.



LATEST PHOTOGRAPH OF THE PRESIDENT-ELECT—POSED ESPECIALLY FOR THE STAR IN HIS LIBRARY AT PRINCETON.

The democratic party has been preaching these doctrines of liberty and service and offering leaders to carry them out in season and out of season.

We did not wait until the year 1912 to discover that the PLAIN PEOPLE OF THE UNITED STATES HAD NOTHING TO SAY ABOUT THEIR GOVERNMENT.

The great democratic party, for the first time in our generation, has a chance to show whether it can return the government to the people, for this is the enterprise to which it has been ever devoted. Ever since the great Jefferson spoke the immortal truths which are the foundation stones of our doctrine, this party has devoted itself with singleness of heart, through adversity of the most prolonged sort, to that cause which lies dear to every man's heart, which is upon every man's lips, but which only some serve in season and out of season—I mean the cause of the common people of the United States.

It counts for something to stay out in the cold on a conviction. We could have made our bargains, we could have traded, we could have compromised, we could have surrendered, but we did not, because we stood upon an eternal conviction that that was not the way to serve the people of the United States.

Through all these years of self-chosen exile, we have been purged and purified. The great rank and file of the democratic party never expected an office, never wanted an office, but voted persistently in the minority, knowing that they were going to be in the minority, taunted in some regions because they did not have sense enough to come over to the majority, because it was rooted and grounded in them that, whether or not they could prove it, Thomas Jefferson was right. Most of them did not know exactly what it was that Thomas Jefferson had said, but they knew that he had said something that would UTTERLY DISCREDIT THOSE WHO HAD CHARGE OF THE GOVERNMENT if the people of the United States would only believe it.

The democratic party is now out of bond. It is led by MEN WHO ARE ABSOLUTELY FREE to do what they have promised to do, and who know that the very life of the party depends on its fulfilling its promises. The democratic party has been trusted by the voters of the country, and it is going to redeem its trust with performance. The democratic party now stands or falls as it redeems or does not redeem the pledges it has made to the people of the United States.

Parties have been held back by influences which I could easily describe, which are thoroughly known, influences which I have touched and fought, but, God helping us, this is the time when the democratic party will see to it that these influences are cast off, and the people of the United States served as parties have all along professed to serve them.

WE ARE GOING TO SEE WHETHER OR NOT WE OWN OUR OWN GOVERNMENT, AND IF THE MEN YOU HAVE PUT INTO OFFICE GO BACK ON YOU NOW, I FOR ONE HOPE THAT THEY WILL BE GIBBETED FOR THE REST OF HISTORY AND HELD UP TO THE SCORN OF MANKIND.

SUPPORT PLAN TO CLEAR LAND

Gov. Lister and Legislators Line Up for State Aid to Little Farmer Proposed in Star Saturday.

OLYMPIA, Jan. 20.—Several bills are being prepared for presentation in the lower house, covering the plan of Attorney Rausman, of Seattle, announced in The Star Saturday, for the clearing of waste lands by the state, and its sale by the state to small farmers. Rep. Pierce has a bill embodying most of the features of the Rausman plan. Rep. Robe has a bill providing for state aid to farmers already occupying the logged-off land. Rausman will come to Olympia within a day or two for a conference with Gov. Lister, when it is expected the details of the scheme will be worked out. Lister is enthusiastically supporting the plan, but believes a smaller bond issue should be provided than that proposed by Rausman. The latter wanted \$20,000,000. Lister thinks it should be \$5,000,000, for a starter. It seems certain that the legislature will act favorably. The governor recommended similar legislation in his message last week, and a demand for state aid of this kind made up one of the strongest planks in the progressive party's state platform. Little opposition is looked for among either the progressives or the democrats in the legislature. Senator Brown introduced a bill today for a \$50,000 state powder factory at Monroe to aid in the clearing of land and to break up the powder trust.

LEGISLATURE IN MICHIGAN NAMES GIRL TO BE PAGE



BLANCHE FRALICK

LANSING, Mich., Jan. 20.—The first girl page ever appointed to run errands for Michigan lawmakers, and perhaps the first in the whole United States, is pretty little Miss Blanche Fralick, 15 years old, daughter of Representative Tom Fralick of Manistee. Blanche is the middle one of three Fralick girls, and when Tom Fralick of Manistee says: "These are my daughters. Ain't they fine girls?" They are.

SHALL RAH-RAHS RAG? QUESTION OF HOUR ON CAMPUS

To rag, or not to rag, that is the question that is at present threatening to disrupt the university. When the sophomores were arranging their annual glee, one member of the committee suggested that three rag dances be on the program. Another member endorsed the suggestion, and the fight was on. And it's on yet. The University Daily took it up and has received hundreds of communications on the subject. At present the students seem to be about evenly divided. The "raggers" claim several private dancing parties Saturday night brought scores of converts to their side.

PETER MILLER TO GO ON TRIAL AGAIN

A series of new trials will open in the Pierce county superior courts Tuesday against Peter Miller, who was arrested three years and a half ago on a charge of burglary, tried three times, had two cases reversed, and four dismissed. He is now facing one burglary case and 14 perjury cases. He is still in the county jail.

JAP BILLIARDIST TO APPEAR HERE

Seattle will get a chance to see George Slosson and Koji Yamada, crack billiardists, who finished a 2,500-point 18.2 ball line match in St. Louis Saturday night, on the evenings of January 30 and 31. Slosson beat his Japanese opponent, but only after a hard series. The two players will appear at Brown & Hulen's while in Seattle.

STATE LAW TO BAR DRINKING?

State-Wide Prohibition Bill Introduced; Strong Saloon Lobby to Fight Measure.

OLYMPIA, Jan. 20.—Sen. Davis, of Pierce county, today introduced a bill proposing an amendment to the state constitution to prohibit the sale, manufacture and use of intoxicating liquors. Indications are that the bill will precipitate the biggest fight of the present session. The liquor lobby is a strong one here at Olympia. It had been expected that some radical legislation like this state-wide prohibition bill would be introduced, following the squelching of all attempted tampering with the saloon laws two years ago. Four years ago the legislature passed the local option law. At the next session, a resolution was slipped through on the opening day, before action on this subject. Senators Hutchinson and Phipps made an unusual departure by a memorial to the governor and legislature of Idaho to prohibit race track gambling at Olympia. Representative Zednick introduced a bill to provide the commission form of government for counties. Rep. Murphine introduced a presidential primary bill, and non-partisan county election bill.

DEMOCRATIC SOLONS ARE DENOUNCED BY PARTY FOR VOTES IN FIGHT ON RULES

The democratic executive committee of King county has, by resolution, denounced the action last week of democratic members of the house of representatives at Olympia in allying themselves with the reactionary wing of the republican party. "Therefore, be it resolved, by the democratic executive committee of King county, that we express our regret that these representatives of the party to a rule and policy foreign to the natural position and contention of our national organization and at variance with progressive legislative procedure. We express the hope that these members will resign themselves with the history and belief of their party organization, even at the cost of the forfeiture of important committee assignments and other personal advantages."

INAUGURAL BALL CALLED OFF TO PLEASE WOODROW

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—The request of President-elect Woodrow Wilson for elimination of the inaugural ball will be respected. This decision was reached here today when the inaugural committee, headed by Chairman Eustis, voted unanimously for its elimination. The inaugural committee decided to hold a public reception on the night of March 4, instead of the usual ball. It probably will be held in the rotunda of the capitol building.

CATCH FREIGHT CAR LOOTERS

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—Captured after an exciting chase, Ed Collins, Robert Ruff, James Gill and Richard Slocum are today under arrest on charges of looting farm houses and freight cars in this vicinity. According to the police the men have confessed to a series of depredations.

WOULD HAVE COURT RULING UNANIMOUS

OLYMPIA, Jan. 20.—To take from the supreme court its right to declare unconstitutional any act unless the opinion of the court is unanimous is the intent of a bill introduced today by Representative Pierce of Skagit county. Pierce's bill provides that legislation cannot be ruled against by the highest court of the state unless every member concurs in the decision.

BAREFOOT GERTIE OF DANCING FAME ENTRAPS MASHER



GERTRUDE HOFFMAN

NEW YORK, Jan. 20.—Gertrude Hoffman, the actress, was accosted by a well dressed young man today, who followed the stage beauty for three blocks, keeping up a running fire of conversation. Suddenly Miss Hoffman turned and smiled a bewitching smile. She accepted the young man's escort and invited him to accompany her "home."

Then she led him to the W. 50th st. police station and had him inside the vestibule of the building before the masher realized that he was trapped. Magistrate Corrigan sentenced the man, who gave his name as Richard Vanate, to 10 days in jail.

NEVADA'S GOVERNOR DEMANDS REFORM

CARSON CITY, Nev., Jan. 20.—Down with Reno's divorce colony and finish prize fights. This was the stand taken by Governor Oddie in his annual message to the Nevada legislature, which convened today. The governor urged passage of the measure which provides that the residence clause in the divorce law be changed from six months to one year.

SIDETRACK BILL TO HIRE LAWYERS

OLYMPIA, Jan. 20.—By a vote of 30 to 10, the senate today passed a bill for re-writing to a committee composed of the attorney general and two lawyers was submitted to the judiciary committee today. This is said to mean its final passage, as the supporters of the plan expressly asked that it be sent through direct, and not sidetracked to a committee.

HOLD UP CITY PHONE BONDS

Council Will Decide Next Week if It Will Allow People to Vote Upon Proposed Issue.

Councilman Erickson's resolution, to submit to the people the question of the issuance of bonds for the establishment of municipal telephone system for Seattle, did not come up for consideration at the council meeting this afternoon.

The committee on public utilities held it over for a week. When it comes up then, the council will decide whether or not it will accede to the request of voters March 4, 1912, when the proposition to provide for the establishment of a municipal telephone carried by a large vote.

Erickson's resolution calls for the issuance of \$500,000 general indebtedness bonds and \$1,500,000 city utilities bonds for a municipal system. The action of the council will not decide the matter. It will merely give the people the chance to decide it.

The resolution was drawn following Mayor Cotterill's report to the city council last week, telling of the work done by the city in securing data, and urging that the people be given a chance to vote on the question. City Electrician Joslyn and C. L. Zahn, one of the best-known telephone experts in the country, worked out figures showing that an adequate system could be established for \$2,500,000.

In March, 1912 the people voted 32,498 for, and 18,163 against, for the mayor and council to make the necessary preparation to establish a municipal telephone system in Seattle.

The proposition they voted on did not call for a bond issue. It only told the mayor and council the people of Seattle wanted city telephones, and gave them their orders to proceed in getting it under way.

The necessary report and figures now have been obtained. Now the question is up to the council. Shall the voters be given the chance to decide?

The majority of the council are at present opposed to the proposition. They say there are other matters more important which should be given first consideration at this time.

Their great objection to the scheme is that it would crowd the bond limit. Opponents say the construction of the seven bridges over the Lake Washington canal will take all available funds.

Of these bridges, say friends of the telephone project, only four are absolutely necessary now. They are the ones at Ballard, Fremont, Latona and Spokane. The canal will not be finished until the end of 1914. There is ample time to prepare for more bridges.

The general indebtedness fund, from which \$500,000 of the necessary \$2,500,000 will come, has a balance available for bond issues of this class of \$3,495,052. Against this there already is authorized \$800,000 for the construction of a municipal street railway, and \$125,000 for a tuberculosis hospital, leaving a balance of \$2,570,050.

If the telephone proposition carries, there will be left \$2,070,050. If four bridges over the canal are built instead of the seven as planned, there will be ample reserve funds left to operate.

The city utilities bonds, by which it is proposed to raise the remainder of the telephone system cost, operates as mortgages on the plant, paid for by the earnings of the plant.

The only burden on the city's funds would be the \$500,000 general fund.

CATARRH

This is a very prevalent and disagreeable ailment in this climate. Those who are afflicted with it will be interested in the ad of Arnold's Catarrh Remedy, which appears on page 6 of today's Star. Mr. Arnold has been in business in Seattle for a number of years and has built up a reputation for square dealing. He advertises regularly in The Star.

We know a lady who rented two houses and one apartment through The Star Want Ads last week. She now uses The Star exclusively to advertise her houses and apartments, and she finds it pays the best. You can get the same results, too. Just phone Main 9400 or Elliott 44, or, if more convenient, call at the downtown office, 229 Union St., with the Souvenir and Curio Shop.

THE STAR GUARANTEES IN EXCESS OF 40,000 PAID CIRCULATION DAILY



CLARENCE DARROW

LOCKWOOD, Darrow was acquitted by a jury. The case was called today in the superior court, before Judge Conley, who was delegated to his task by Governor Johnson. Earl Rogers, who successfully directed Darrow's defense during his first trial, re-appeared as chief counsel for the attorney. He was assisted by Judge O. W. Powers of Salt Lake City, W. H. Dehm and H. L. Giesler, District Attorney of John D. Fredericks appeared for the state. His aides were Deputy District Attorney Arthur Keech and other attaches of his office.