ROOSEVELT ROUSER.

New York's Governor Warmly Welcomed in St. Louis.

The City Aflame with Republican Sentiment—Roused by Vice Presidential Candidate's Eloquent Speeches.

Gov. Roosevelt, vice presidential candidate, met with such a reception at St. Louis on Tuesday, October 9, as seldom has been accorded a republican candidate. The seating capacity of the halls in which the governor spoke was in the aggregate 45,000, and they were every one of them crowded to the very doors with people who stood when there were no place for them to sit and who hung far out over balconies when there was no standing room from which to see the distinguished guest of the republicans of St. Louis. In national politics the city was republican in sentiment, according to men in both parties who are closely in touch with the commercial interests of the city. The Exposition Coliseum was crowded at night in honor of Gov. Roosevelt, who spoke a little more than an hour, in the course of his speech saying:

"Mr. Chairman and You, Men and Women of Missouri—My Fellow Countrymen: I appeal to you less as republicans than as citizens of this great country, for I feel that in this year we have the same right to appeal to all men, without regard to their political past, as we had in 1864—36 years ago. Then, as now, the issues at stake were so great that they superseded all questions of mere party affiliations.

"I have to ask you to look at just two sides of these issues—the material side, and what is greater than the material side, the moral side; the side of the greatness and honor of the nation. Now, one moment as to the material side. Ladies and gentlemen, it is a bit difficult to know what issue to discuss because our opponents change the paramount issue so often. I am perfectly willing to meet them on any issue, if they will only let us know what it is, and stay long enough on it.

"Yet, after all, what need is there for me to discuss economic and financial questions when they do not dare discuss them themselves? Take the question of free silver. If any of you are fortunate enough to know whether Mr. Bryan, if elected, will pay the obligations of the nation in gold or in silver, I wish you would divulge this knowledge, for Mr. Bryan won't. There is no doubt about where we stand. We are for the gold standard, and we are for it on the Atlantic seaboard and in the Rocky mountains alike. We stand for it everywhere, for we are fortunate enough to have issues which do not wear thin in any part of the country.

Silver Issue Not Dead.

"Now, gentlemen, some people say that the silver issue is dead. Silver cannot be dead when people are uncertain as to how a candidate of one of the two great parties would pay the obligations of the government. No issue is dead when you cannot tell whether a creditor, or a pensioner, whoever he may be, is to get 48 cents or 100 on the dollar. It is dead to the extent that nobody ventures to argue in its behalf. But if they paid our debts in 48-cent dollars we would care little as to the precise arguments by which they reached the conclusion that warranted that conduct.

"All I want you to do from a material standpoint is to exhume Mr. Bryan's prophecies of four years ago, and then for yourselves compare those prophecies with their signal non-fulfillment. The spirit moved Mr. Bryan and he prophesied. He prophesied that unless you had free silver the wage-worker would stand idle in the market-place. That was the prophecy. The fulfillment was that the wage-worker has had very nearly double as much work as before. And he prophesied again. He said that if we elected McKinley the farmer would find the products of his farm diminishing in value, but they have increased from 15 to 60 per cent. in different products. You do not have to take my word for anything of this. Simply look at the statistics, or find out what has happened among your friends.

"And Mr. Bryan prophesied again. The savings banks attracted his attention, and he said if we had not free silver the deposits of the savings banks would diminish, and they have increased 25 per cent. He said that the amount of money in circulation per capita would diminish, and it has increased from $20 to $25.

Mistakes of Bryan.

"So far Mr. Bryan had been saying that everything would go down. He said mortgages would go up, and they were the only things that went down. Mortgages have diminished in amount by nearly 40 per cent. When these things were pointed out to Mr. Bryan the other day, and it was shown to him that we were prosperous, he answered that it was not the republican party, but providence, that made us so. Now, I am perfectly willing to admit that there has been a fusion between providence and the republican party. The democracy has fused with about everything else, but somehow or other it has never managed to connect with providence.

"Now, gentlemen, I do not wonder that in the hard times when things were looking pretty black men turned to strange gods. It has always been so since the day Moses broke the decalogue. I do not wonder when a man feels sick and does not know what is the matter with him, and he cannot find out, that he should try a quack medicine once; but if he tries it again, I must question his intelligence.

"If the people of this country want to go back into the slough of despond out of which we have so painfully emerged—if they want to do that, why, under the constitution, it is their inalienable right. But when they get back there, do not let them advance the 'I-did-not-know-it-was-loaded' excuse. It is of no avail to have good intentions if we have not the common sense to put them into effect. We must not merely talk about things, but do them.

Appeals to Young Men.

"I appeal to the young men; I appeal to those on the threshold of their manhood to bear themselves as their fathers and grandfathers bore themselves in the older days. I appeal to you to see that this nation does not shrink from its destiny; that it treads its allotted path with courage and a firm step. But, mind you, there are two things to be kept in mind about that. In the first place, we should tread that path as Americans, in the spirit of true Americanism. That is not the spirit that depends upon color, creed, or birthplace. It depends upon accepting a man on his worth as a man. I see here, my comrades, you of the dusky face, a brother of those men with the white face, wearing the button of the grand army. I saw men of your color in the Ninth and Tenth cavalry, fighting valiantly at Santiago; and let me here say that I think if Mr. Bryan would devote less attention to the imaginary rights, or, rather, the imaginary wrongs, of the brown man who is shooting at our soldiers in the Philippines, and more to the wrongs of the men on whose breasts may be seen the scars gained as they fought for the flag, and who happen to have been born in certain of our own states—I think if he would devote attention to the wrongs of the black American here, rather than to the wholly fanciful injuries done Tagal bandits on the other side of the ocean, that his work would bear more useful fruit.

"Now, one moment as to the Philippines. We cannot in honor shirk our work in the Philippines. We are there and have got to stay. Peace has come through the last century to large sections of the earth because the civilized races have spread over the world's dark places. We are not to be excused if we do not make it better for the islanders that we have taken charge of the islands. Liberty! Yes, the island shall have such liberty as they could never know under the leadership of a syndicate of inconceivably corrupt and cruel half-breeds. But it shall be a liberty in fact and no travesty; it shall be a liberty with order.

"They talk about liberty in the Philippines! Liberty, aye, liberty shall come, liberty such as they have never known before in all the dark ages, but it shall be liberty under the American flag. (Applause.)

"Peace, peace and good will, good government, and a constantly increasing measure of self-government, all shall come in good time; but this shall come because our flag floats over the islands. My fellow-citizens, you men and women of the mighty west, surely you are not among those who tremble and shrink back and stand aside from the contest, to let stronger and braver peoples reach forward and take the results of the victories you have won. Surely you will stand by your duty. And I ask you, my fellow countrymen, I appeal to you now, at the threshold of the new century, to declare once for all in the face of the peoples of all mankind the doctrine that where once the American flag has been hoisted in honor, it shall never be hauled down in dishonor."

PROFESSORS FOR M'KINLEY.

Twenty-Three Out of Twenty-Five at Northwestern University Declare for Republican Candidate.

Twenty-three out of 25 professors of Northwestern university announced their intention of voting for McKinley when asked the other day as to their attitude in the present campaign. Of the two remaining, one said he would not vote for Bryan, and the other stated that he was undecided, but that he leaned toward Bryan.

Acting President Daniel Bonbright was too busy to discuss the political situation, but said McKinley was his choice. Robert D. Sheppard, treasurer and business manager, is also for McKinley.

J. A. James said: "I am independent in politics, but I shall vote for McKinley."

G. W. Hough could not express his opinion too quickly. "McKinley is my choice," he said. "I take no stock in Bryan."

Robert Baird stated that, although he admired Bryan as a man, yet he was supporting issues that were worthless.

"I shall vote the republican ticket," said Dr. Milton S. Terry. "I cannot support what Bryan stands for. Common sense and reason teach that the attitude of McKinley in the Philippines is the only one that could be taken. The responsibility was placed upon him by providence, and the testimony of men capable of judging is that the Filipinos are incapable of self-government."

Henry S. White said that he is for sound money and plenty of expansion. J. Scott Clark has not yet decided what men he will vote for, but declares Bryan is out of the question. G. O. Curme is still in doubt, but favors Bryan.

The following declared that McKinley is their choice: C. B. Atwell, S. C. Bronson, William Caldwell, George A. Coe, Henry Crew, Robert McLean Cumnock, H. F. Fisk, U. S. Grant, J. H. Gray, J. T. Hatfield, T. F. Holgate, W. A. Locy, C. W. Pearson, C. M. Stuart.

MEIKLEJOHN TO BRYAN.

Acting Secretary of War Points Out Candidate's Error Regarding "Treaty" with Sulu.

Acting Secretary Meiklejohn, of the war department, has addressed the following letter to W. J. Bryan:

"Washington, D. C., Oct. 6, 1900.—Dear Sir: In the press reports yesterday of your address at Tipton, Ind., in which you referred to the overthrow of human slavery in the United States resulting from the success of the armies of the union, you are also reported as saying in that connection:

"'We fought then for the adoption of a constitutional amendment that provided that no man could own a slave, and yet before the Philippine war is ended we have the Sulu treaty, which recognizes slavery.'

"Permit me to invite your attention to the following extract from the letter of the secretary of war to Maj. Gen. E. S. Otis, commanding the United States forces in the Philippines, under date of October 27, 1899:

"'The president instructs me to advise you that the agreement signed August 20, 1899, between Brig. Gen. John C. Bates, representing the United States, of the one part, the sultan of Jolo, the Dato Rajah Muda, the Dato Attik, the Dato Calbi and the Dato Joakanain, of the other part, is confirmed and approved, subject to the action of congress provided for in that clause of the treaty of peace between the United States and Spain which provides "the civil rights and the political status of the native inhabitants of the territory hereby ceded to the United States shall be determined by congress," and with the understanding reservation, which should be distinctly communicated to the sultan of Jolo, that this agreement is not to be deemed in any way to authorize or give the consent of the United States to the existence of slavery in the Sulu archipelago, a thing which is made impossible by the thirteenth amendment to the constitution of the United States.'

"It is probably unnecessary to call your attention to the fact that in the absence of the approval of the president it is impossible for us to 'have the Sulu treaty,' or any other treaty. Respectfully,

"G. D. MEIKLEJOHN.

"Hon. W. J. Bryan."

Increase in Bank Deposits.

The prosperity prevailing in the agricultural towns is shown clearly by a comparison made in the Wapello Republican. Four years ago the single bank in Wapello, Ia., had 225 depositors with $31,681 to their credit. Now that bank has 741 depositors with deposits of $131,769, or an increase of over 300 per cent. The Republican, upon investigation, found that these deposits were held almost entirely by citizens of the county and are to the credit chiefly of farmers and people who live on wages and salaries. Actual investigation showed that the wage earners were possessors of over 90 per cent. of the money in the bank. It is not possible to make similar investigations in larger cities and towns, but it is likely that the case in Wapello is typical. The increased bank deposits shown everywhere are proof that wage earners are not only making a better living than ever they did before, but that they are able to lay aside something, too, for a "rainy day." The "rainy day" will come when Mr. Bryan, or any one holding his views, shall be elected to the presidency. Then there will be a dwindling in the number of depositors and their holdings.—Chicago Tribune.

The Dollar and the Man.

"Mr. Bryan says we place the dollar ahead of the man. We don't do anything of the kind. We place them side by side. They are necessary to each other. No great industry can profit without labor. When Mr. Bryan and the other demagogues have passed away labor and capital will be closer together."—Senator Hanna.

☞More and more Bryanism appears to be the paramount issue, not the Philippines. People appear to be willing to trust that we shall be able to manage the Philippine business in some way that will not bring in ruinous conditions at home, but they are less confident that Bryanism can be so controlled, with Bryan himself in the saddle. The fear of personal loss or hardship is the consideration that presses most forcibly and constantly on the minds of the voters who are to decide the election.—Boston Herald.

NORTH DAKOTA NEWS

Stock Shipments

The diversification of industry in the Missouri slope country is illustrated in in the increase in stock shipments. On the line of the Soo road through Logan and Emmons counties this increase is especially noticeable. Braddock, the terminus of the Soo in Emmons county has shipped 75 cars of stock for this year, and expects to make the total 125 cars. Napoleon, Logan county, will ship a total of nearly 100 cars this fall. The country in the central and western part of the state is filling up with owners of small bands of cattle, and the shipments each year bring a tidy sum. Cattle interests in Burleigh, McLean, Kidder and Stutsman counties are constantly increasing, rendering the settlers independent of their cereal crops.

Big Farm is Divided.

The big Grandin farm of 40,000 acres has been divided. It has been for years the largest wheat farm of the United States and has helped to make the Red river valley famous the world over.

In 1876 J. L. and E. B. Grandin bought 40,000 acres of land in Trail county and took in as partners Oliver and William Dalrymple, who have successfully conducted the farm since. On account of the ill-health of one of the partners the division was made. The Grandins take an undivided half and the Dalrymples a quarter each.

It is the largest single real estate transfer ever made in the state. This farm is incidental to Oliver Dalrymple's home place, near Casselton, in Cass county.

Must Certify.

The supreme court decided the mandamus case involving the republican judical nomination in the fourth district, commanding the secretary of state to certify the name of C. E. Wolfe as the republican candidate for judge in that district. The decision is one of the most important ever filed by the court touching the laws governing the nomination of officers, and holds that the judical central committee had no right to specify how delegates should be elected. The decision gives Wolfe the place on the ballot as the republican nominee, and is an important element in his favor in the election.

Settlers in Want.

The Fargo Red Cross society has received a letter from Mrs. V. A. Sikes, of Anamosa, who is chairman of the Russian relief committee in McHenry county. She states there is a great deal of destitution among the Russian settlers who arrived there last spring. On account of the dry summer their small crops failed to yield satisfactorily, and adjoining farmers were unable to give them employment, as had been anticipated. As a result they are in want.

An Old Employe.

Robert Cowley, flagman at a street crossing in Jamestown, has reached the age of 89 years and is said to be the oldest railroad employe in the United States. He is the oldest on the line of the Northern Pacific. He assisted in the building of the first railroad in England and has been employed by railroad companies for 66 years. He never misses a day in his work as flagman, and is remarkably active for a man of his years.

Epidemic in Insane Hospital.

In addition to an epidemic of typhoid fever among the patients and attendants at the state hospital for the insane at Jamestown, a case of diphtheria has made its appearance. The person afflicted is an attendant, who has been at the hospital only a short time and is supposed to have been exposed before going there. Precautions are being taken to prevent a spread of the disease.

Arrested.

Officers arrested a stranger at Bismarck suspected of being Lloyd Scott, wanted for murder of Mabel Herdman in the Black Hills. The man rode into town and was noticed first by Thomas Fortune, at whose barn he slept all night. He refuses to talk and is being held in the county jail awaiting fuller identification from officers at Deadwood. There is a reward of several hundred dollars for Scott.

News in Brief.

The county commissioners of Cass county have received bids for $51,236 bonds for three drains. The bidders are all Chicago parties and the highest offered was $250 above par. The bonds draw 7 per cent interest.

The North Dakota University football team defeated the St. Paul high school eleven—score 12 to 0.

The Sioux Indians have sold to the government over 1,000,000 pounds of gross beef at 4 cents a pound. The cattle were of fine quality and will net the Indians nearly $70,000.

Needham and Granquist will put in a 100-barrel flouring mill at Wilton. They have secured the site and work will be begun at once upon the erection and fitting up of the mill. Custom work will be done, in addition to the regular output.

The 10-year-old son of Tom Field of Aneta was knocked from a binder which he was driving and thrown in front of the sickle, receiving injuries which evidently caused immediate death. He was found some hours later by a neighbor.

An attempt was made to wreck the regular passenger train on the Bismarck, Washburn & Great Falls road. A railroad tie was placed across the rails at the entrance to a cut and was fastened down in such a manner that it would have derailed the train had it not been discovered by the section men.

The Great Northern depot at Cavalier burned to the ground. The safe in the office, which contained about $4, has been robbed, the door being blown about 20 feet.

Postoffice service has been established at Berthold, Ward county F. C. Walther, postmaster.

It is expected that the secretary of the interior will issue orders for the sale of lands in the abandoned Fort Stevenson military reservations in North Dakota in a few days. The lands have been appraised and will be sold at public auction at not less than the appraised value.

A. H. Wahl's store at Washburn burned, causing a loss of $6,000.

Medina will have a new school house, 46x30, with an annex 28x12.

The Troy Farm creamery at Tappen is getting 2,000 pounds of milk daily, and arrangements are being made for a larger supply next year.

FORM AN ALLIANCE.

England and Germany Agree to Prevent Partition of China—Powers Will Accede.

London, Oct. 22.—Germany and England have formed an alliance to maintain territorial integrity of China and to keep ports open.

The terms of this agreement, which was arrived at October 16, between Lord Salisbury and Count von Hatzfeldt, German ambassador to England, are officially given out as follows:

"The German government and her British majesty's government, being desirous to maintain their interests in China and their rights under existing treaties, have agreed to observe the following principles regarding a mutual policy in China:

"Firstly—It is a matter of joint permanent international interest that the ports on the rivers and litteral of China should remain free and open to trade and to every other legitimate form of economic activity for the peoples of all countries without distinction; and the two governments agree on their part to uphold the same for all Chinese territory as far as they can exercise influence.

"Secondly—Both governments agree that they will not on their part make use of the present complication to obtain for themselves any territorial advantage in Chinese dominion, and will direct their policy towards maintaining undiminished the territorial condition of the Chinese empire.

"Thirdly—In case of another power making use of the complications in China in order to obtain under any form whatever such territorial advantages, the contracting parties reserve to themselves the right to come to a preliminary understanding regarding the eventual step to be taken for the protection of their own interests in China.

"Fourthly—The two governments will communicate this agreement to the other powers interested, especially Austria-Hungary, France, Italy, Japan, Russia and the United States, and invite them to accept the principles recorded in it."

Berlin, Oct. 24.—A high official of the German foreign office asserted Tuesday evening that Austria-Hungary and Italy have expressed their formal adherence to the Anglo-German agreement, but that France, Russia and the United States have not defined their positions.

Peking, Oct. 21, via Tientsin, Oct. 21, and Shanghai, Oct. 23.—The Fourteenth United States infantry has departed from the city. It was escorted beyond the walls by the other American troops.

FAMOUS AUTHOR DIES.

Charles Dudley Warner Expires Suddenly from Heart Trouble in Hartford, Conn.

Hartford, Conn., Oct. 22.—Charles Dudley Warner, the well-known author and lecturer, died here suddenly Saturday night. Mr. Warner had dined with Senator J. R. Hawley, Rev. Joseph H. Twitchell and Col. Frank Cheney, as the guest of Samuel G. Dunham. Following the dinner he called at the office of the Hartford Courant, of which he is a part owner, for a short stay and then went for a walk. An hour later Gen. Hawley and others were summoned to the house of a colored family named Smith, on Windsor street, where they found the body of Mr. Warner, who had died very suddenly.

He was interested in the family and supplied them with many books. It is said that he called at the house, and, after talking a few minutes, was seized with a fainting spell and called for water. He compalined of the heat and asked the privilege of lying down. He soon fell asleep and breathed heavily. In ten minutes he was dead. Medical Examiner Fuller pronounced death due to heart failure.

YOUTSEY FOUND GUILTY.

Given Life Sentence — Motion for Arrest of Judgment Set for Trial Next February.

Georgetown, Ky., Oct. 22.—"We, the jury, find this defendant guilty and fix his punishment at life imprisonment." This is the verdict returned by the 12 men who were selected to try Henry E. Youtsey, one of the principals in the murder of William Goebel.

The defense filed their motion for an arrest of judgment, and Judge Cantrill set the motion for hearing the second day of the February term, and therefore Youtsey will not be sentenced till next year, if then.

President at Canton.

Canton, O., Oct. 24.—President and Mrs. McKinley reached Canton Tuesday morning about 10:30 o'clock, coming in a private car attached to the regular Pennsylvania train. There was no organized demonstration in honor of their return, but a large number of people assembled on the station platform and bade them hearty welcome as they passed under a large flag draped over a section of the platform. The president and Mrs. McKinley expect to remain here until election day, except that the president according to present plans will go to Mansfield for the Sherman funeral.

Cuba Prospers.

Washington, Oct. 23.—Wonderful progress has been made in the reconstruction of Cuba during the last year, according to Leonard Wood, governor general of the island, now in this city. The Cuban government now is self-supporting, with a balance of $1,500,000 in the treasury. The sugar and tobacco crops of the present year will bring in the markets of the world $100,000,000. Other crops and the mineral products, as well as the industries rapidly springing up, promise general prosperity in the island.

British Harassed by Boers.

Cape Town, Oct. 24.—Guerrilla attacks by the Boers are still giving great trouble. Gen. French encountered continuous opposition in his march from Carolina to Bethel, his casualties numbering 36. After the arrival of Lord Methuen at Zeerust there was a reconnoissance in force northward, which resulted on Sunday in the discovery of a large number of Boers, who were only dislodged after artillery and rifle fire lasting four hours. The British had four killed and ten wounded.

Embezzles Large Sum.

New York, Oct. 24.—Charles L. Alvord, Jr., note teller of the First national bank of this city, is a fugitive and a defaulter to the extent of $700,000. The announcement of the defalcation, which was made Tuesday afternoon, created the utmost excitement in the financial district of the city, but the well-known stability of the First national and a statement issued by the bank had a quieting effect

Military Automobiles.

The immense advantages presented by automobiles have had a great fascination for progressive military men all over the world. Large sums have been offered for the best military automobile. In war, as in everything, it pays to use the best weapons. The best shield with which to protect the stomach is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. It is a certain cure for constipation, indigestion, dyspepsia and biliousness, and prevents malaria, fever and ague.

First Doubt of Her Love.

She (as her lover is about to start on a journey round the world)—My dear Adolf, will you be true to me when you are far away? Promise me that you will write to me from every town you visit.

He—Oh, Ada, is it love that prompts you to say this? Ada, swear to me, do you really love me, or are you merely collecting foreign postage stamps?—Stray Stories.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh That Contain Mercury,

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is often ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally, and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by Druggists, price 75c per bottle.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Papa Was Wearing the Laundry.

The little girl was inclined to answer the door bell about as soon as it sounded, and sometimes she gave answers to whoever might be there that were curious. One day the man who collects the packages of laundry was at the door and asked if the laundry was ready. "No," she replied, "papa has got it on."—Chicago Chronicle.

Best for the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. Cascarets help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

Kind of the Kid.

Jones—Come, be honest; when you have to walk the baby don't you swear a little?

Smith—Possibly, but then the baby makes such a noise with his crying that nobody can hear me.—Boston Transcript.

What Shall We Have for Dessert?

This question arises every day. Let us answer it to-day. Try Jell-O, delicious and healthful. Prepared in two minutes. No boiling! no baking! add boiling water and set to cool. Flavors:—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry, Strawberry. At your grocers. 10c.

He Did It—With a Slam.

"I am willing to do anything," said the applicant for work.

"All right," said the hard-hearted merchant. "Please close the door behind you when you go out."—Somerville Journal.

$24.00 PER WEEK

to men with rigs to introduce our Poultry Compound among farmers. Address with stamp, Acme Mfg. Co., Kansas City, Mo.

There should be less worrying about what the "unseen has in store," and more care of the health to be able to do the work it brings to everyone.—Atchison Globe.

Jell-O, The New Dessert,

pleases all the family. Four flavors:—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. At your grocers. 10 cts. Try it to-day.

Nothing Doing.—Bernstein—"Vot's der news, oldt man?" Flamski (with paper)—"Oh, nodding to speak of; two false alarms undt seven small fires."—Town Topics.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of the throat and lungs.—Wm. O. Endsley, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

"Do you believe in luck?" asked Edgely. "Depends on who is dealing," replied Stacker, sagely.—Town Topics.

Each package of PUTNAM'S FADELESS DYES colors more goods than any other dye and colors them better too. Sold by all druggists.

The day is lost if you pass it without having laughed at least once.—Chicago Daily News.

If you want "good digestion to wait upon your appetite" you should always chew a bar of Adams' Pepsin Tutti Frutti.

We do a good many needless things just because we suspect somebody thinks we can't.—Puck.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

The flea was probably the original backbiter.—Chicago Daily News.

The "whirl of fashion"—the waltz.—Ally Sloper.

$3.00 W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES $3.50 UNION MADE

If you have been paying $4 to $5 for shoes, a trial of W. L. Douglas $3 or $3.50 shoes will convince you that they are just as good in every way and cost from $1 to $1.50 less. Over 1,000,000 wearers.

One pair of W. L. Douglas $3 or $3.50 shoes will will positively outwear two pairs of ordinary $3 or $3.50 shoes.

We are the largest makers of men's $3 and $3.50 shoes in the world. We make and sell more $3 and $3.50 shoes than any other two manufacturers in the U. S.

BEST $3.50 SHOE. The reputation of W. L. Douglas $3.00 and $3.50 shoes for style, comfort, and wear is known everywhere throughout the world. They have to give better satisfaction than other makes because the standard has always been placed so high that the wearers expect more for their money than they can get elsewhere. BEST $3.00 SHOE.

THE REASON more W. L. Douglas $3 and $3.50 shoes are sold than any other make is because THEY ARE THE BEST. Your dealer should keep them; we give one dealer exclusive sale in each town. Take no substitute! Insist on having W. L. Douglas shoes with name and price stamped on bottom. If your dealer will not get them for you, send direct to factory, enclosing price and 25c. extra for carriage. State kind of leather, size, and width, plain or cap toe. Our shoes will reach you anywhere. *Catalogue Free.* W. L. Douglas Shoe Co. Brockton, Mass.

GRAIN-O
THE PURE GRAIN COFFEE

Coffee injures growing children even when it is weakened. Grain-O gives them brighter eyes, firmer flesh, quicker intelligence and happier dispositions. They can drink all they want of Grain-O—the more the better—and it tastes like coffee.

All grocers; 15c. and 25c.

THE TURN OF LIFE.

The Most Important Period in a Woman's Existence.—Mrs. Johnson Tells How She Was Helped Over the Trying Time.

Owing to modern methods of living, not one woman in a thousand approaches this perfectly natural change without experiencing a train of very annoying, and sometimes painful symptoms.

Those dreadful hot flashes, sending the blood surging to the heart until it seems ready to burst, and the faint feeling that follows, sometimes with chills, as if the heart were going to stop for good, are only a few of the symptoms of a dangerous nervous trouble. The nerves are crying out for assistance. The cry should be heeded in time. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was prepared to meet the needs of woman's system at this trying period of her life.

The three following letters are guaranteed to be genuine and true, and still further prove what a great medicine Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is for women.

Mar. 12, 1897.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I have been sick for a long time. I was taken sick with flooding. All my trouble seemed to be in the womb. I ache all the time at the lower part of the womb. The doctor says the womb is covered with ulcers. I suffer with a pain on the left side of my back over the kidney. I am fifty years old and passing through the change of life. Please advise me what to do to get relief. Would like to hear from you as soon as possible."—MRS. CHARLOTTE JOHNSON, Monclova, Ohio.

Jan. 23, 1898.

"I have been taking your remedies, and think they have helped me a great deal. I had been in bed for ten weeks when I began taking your Vegetable Compound, but after using it for a short time I was able to be up around the house. The aching in the lower part of womb has left me. The most that troubles me now is the flowing. That is not so bad, but still there is a little every day. I am not discouraged yet, and shall continue with your medicine, for I believe it will cure me."—MRS. CHARLOTTE JOHNSON, Monclova, Ohio.

April 13, 1900.

"I send you this letter to publish for the benefit of others. I was sick for about nine years so that I could not do my work. For three months I could not sit up long enough to have my bed made. I had five different doctors, and all said there was no help for me. My trouble was change of life. I suffered with ulceration of the womb, pain in sides, kidney and stomach trouble, backache, headache, and dizziness I am well and strong, and feel like a new person. My recovery is a perfect surprise to everybody that knew me. I owe all to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I would not do without your medicine for anything. There is no need of women suffering so much if they would take your remedies, for they are a sure cure."—MRS. CHARLOTTE JOHNSON, Monclova, Ohio.

When one stops to think about the good Mrs. Johnson derived from Mrs. Pinkham's advice and medicine, it seems almost beyond belief; yet it is all true as stated in her three letters published above at her own request.

As a matter of positive fact Mrs. Pinkham has on file thousands of letters from women who have been safely carried through that danger period "Change of Life." Mrs. Johnson's cure is not an unusual one for Mrs. Pinkham's medicine to accomplish.

$5000 REWARD.—We have deposited with the National City Bank of Lynn, $5000, which will be paid to any person who can find that the above testimonial letters are not genuine, or were published before obtaining the writer's special permission. LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup

Cures Hacking Coughs, Sore Lungs, Grippe, Pneumonia and Bronchitis in a few days. Why then risk Consumption? Get Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. Don't be imposed upon. Refuse the dealer's substitute. It is not as good as Dr. Bull's.

Salvation Oil cures Rheumatism and all Pain. Price, 15 and 25 cents.

WALTHAM WATCHES

Over twenty-five years ago the American Waltham Watch Company stated that "350,000 Waltham Watches are speaking for themselves in the pockets of the people." To-day EIGHT MILLION Waltham Watches are in use throughout the civilized world.

"The Perfected American Watch", an illustrated book of interesting information about watches, will be sent free upon request.

American Waltham Watch Company, Waltham, Mass.

WINCHESTER
"NEW RIVAL"
FACTORY LOADED SHOTGUN SHELLS

No black powder shells on the market compare with the "NEW RIVAL" in uniformity and strong shooting qualities. Sure fire and waterproof. Get the genuine.

WINCHESTER REPEATING ARMS CO. New Haven, Conn.

Do You Know

Burnham's Hasty Jellycon will satisfactorily answer the question: "what shall we have for dessert to-day?" You have the choice of six delicious flavors: orange, lemon, strawberry, raspberry, peach, wild cherry, and the plain "calfsfoot" for making wine and coffee jellies. Every where Jellycon is having a large sale. Your grocer sells it.

A. N. K.—G 1836

OLD SORES CURED

Allen's Ulcerine Salve cures Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Indolent Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, White Swelling, Milk Leg, Eczema, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, all old sores. Positively no failure, no matter how long standing. By mail, 65c. J. P. ALLEN, ST. PAUL, MINN.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box D, Atlanta, Ga.

EZ-O-NAT
PREPARATIONS:
Ez-O-Nat Soap, per cake, 25c
Ez-O-Nat Eczema Cure, - 50c

Your money refunded if it does not cure any case of eczema, or skin diseases of any kind. Order by mail.

EZ-O-NAT CO., Suit 33 Lindley Bldg., MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS please state that you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

ESTABLISHED 1879.
Minneapolis. WOODWARD & CO., GRAIN COMMISSION DULUTH.
Orders for Future Delivery Executed in All Markets.