

# The Hope Pioneer.

Nineteenth Year.

HOPE, STEELE COUNTY, NORTH DAKOTA, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1900.

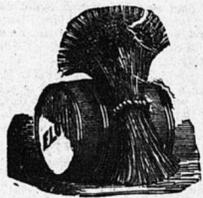
No. 32.

## The Pioneer Hardware Store.



Look over our line of STOVES. Our heaters are complete this year, as usual. Everything in line up-to-date.

TINSHOP IN CONNECTION  
H. I. STANDLEY.



## Hope Roller Mill!

C. S. MOORES, Proprietor.  
The Popular Brands of Flour: Remodeled.  
"Queen of the North" and "No. 1 Hard Straight."  
EVERY SACK WARRANTED.  
Farmers can exchange Wheat for Flour. We always have a good stock on hand. Farmers' trade solicited.

## ORRIN L. BOWEN,

DEALER IN

## LUMBER

Lath, Shingles, Sash, Doors, Mouldings  
AND ALL KINDS OF BUILDING MATERIALS

## F. E. Mayes,

Dealer In

## Light and Heavy HARNESS.

Repairing a Specialty. Prices the Lowest. Satisfaction Guaranteed.

## Let Us Reason Honestly TOGETHER.



You want to buy LUMBER some time, if not now. We want to sell Lumber all the time.

You want the best Lumber your money will buy. We have for sale the Best Lumber anybody's money can buy.

You want to buy where you can get just what your bill calls for; get it without delay, and at the best price. Our stock is complete, and we can fill any order for Pine or Fir, at right prices.

We can save you money. Will you let us?

BEIDLER & ROBINSON  
F. N. GILMORE, Agt. LUMBER CO.

## The STEELE COUNTY BANK.

HOPE, NORTH DAKOTA.  
J. D. BROWN, Cashier.

CAPITAL \$10,000.  
SURPLUS \$2,000.

A general banking business transacted. Insurance and Real Estate.

Money Loaned on Farms and Town Property at Lowest Rates and on BEST TERMS PROMPTNESS. ACCURACY



## "JUST LIKE THE CLUB... ONLY

better"—is what every traveler says of the buffet-library car on the Burlington's Chicago Limited, leaving Minneapolis 7:20 p. m., St. Paul, 8:05 p. m., every day, arriving Chicago 9:25 next morning. Has sofa, writing desk, card tables, easy chairs, illustrated weeklies, popular magazines, daily papers and a well-stocked buffet. Lighted by electricity. Heated by steam. The "Scenic Express" leaves Minneapolis 7:40 a. m., except Sunday. Arrives Chicago same evening. Ask your home agent for tickets via this line.

P. S. EVSTIS, Gen'l Pass. Agent, CHICAGO, ILL.  
GEO. F. LYMAN, Ass't Gen'l Pass. Agent, ST. PAUL, MINN.

## The Pioneer.



By C. L. ALLEN.

Subscription price one year.....\$1.50

Official Newspaper of Steele County.

Entered as second class mail matter at the postoffice at Hope, North Dakota.

This paper will continue to be sent till all arrearages are paid and it is ordered discontinued.

"Keep the Old Flag Flying."



Hurray for McKinley!



## A REGULAR LAND SLIDE for MCKINLEY and the G. O. P.

The Entire Republican Ticket Elected In Steele County, Except Treasurer and Auditor, by Handsome Majorities.

## Too Early for Definite Figures

We hold Porto Rico by the same title as the Philippines. The treaty of peace which ceded us the one conveyed to us the other. Congress has given to this island a government in which the inhabitants participate, elect their own legislature, enact their own local laws, provide their own system of taxation, and in these respects have the same power and privileges enjoyed by other territories belonging to the United States, and a much larger measure of self-government than was given to the inhabitants of Louisiana under Jefferson. — William McKinley's Acceptance Speech.

Crocker's Share of the Spoils. "I am pleased with the outlook in New York. Things are looking much better there than a month ago. What I have said about Bryan promising Crocker a cabinet position has been substantiated. I know that Bryan has promised to let Crocker distribute the Federal patronage in New York, and if Bryan is elected Crocker can put former Senator Murphy in Bryan's cabinet." — Chairman M. A. Hanna.

## Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat. Artificially digests the food and aids Nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs. It is the latest discovered digestant and tonic. No other preparation can approach it in efficiency. It instantly relieves and permanently cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Flatulence, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Sick Headache, Gastralgia, Cramps and all other results of imperfect digestion. Price 5c. and 25c. Large size contains 2 1/2 times small size. Book all about dyspepsia mailed free Prepared by E. C. DEWITT & CO., Chicago.

## RUST ISSUE PLAYED OUT

THE DEMOCRATS HAVE NEVER SOUGHT TO CONTROL UNLAWFUL COMBINATIONS.

Richard Olney, Who is Now a Prominent Figure in the Bryan Camp, Scoffed at the Restraining Law.

Chicago, Ill., Oct. 29.—At Republican National committee headquarters the trust question is being handled without gloves. Not only is Senator Hanna making trusts the principal feature of his speeches, but it is understood that nearly all of the other speakers acting under the auspices of the Republican national committee, are devoting much attention to trusts.

The records of the executive department at Washington during the terms of President Cleveland, and the records of various Democratic states, as well as Republican states, have been searched for any evidence that the Democratic party has made effort to restrict the operations of trusts, and to enact or enforce anti-trust laws. Secretary Heath, of the Republican national committee, stated today that no trace of evidence could be found showing that during the two terms of President Cleveland anything was done in the direction of restricting trust operations.

"On the contrary," said Secretary Heath, "President Cleveland had as attorney general Mr. Richard Olney of Massachusetts, who, according to the New York World of Jan. 3, 1894, declared the Sherman anti-trust law to be 'unconstitutional and void.' Mr. Olney further said (quoting the New York World of date given), and the World declared it was quoting from Attorney General Olney's report, 'but as all ownership of property lies of itself a monopoly, and as every business contract or transaction may be viewed as a combination, which, more or less, restrains some part or kind of trade or commerce, any literal application of the provisions of the statute is out of the question.'"

"The World declared, and the World this year is supporting Mr. Bryan, with Mr. Olney, that, accordingly, Mr. Olney concludes that the law, if it is to be considered as constitutional, must be regarded as applicable only to those cases which never occur—in which the conspiracy of greed against need backs itself by imposing some legal disability on others from engaging in the same trade or industry." The World also said, editorially, in its issue of Jan. 3, 1894: "The simple fact is, that his man Olney, while serving as attorney general, is on the other side his own interests in a matter affecting the trust conspiracies. It was an affront to the people to make him attorney general. It is a disgrace to the administration to continue him in office."

"It is refreshing to note," continued Mr. Heath, "that the New York World, as far back as 1893 and as late as 1894, praised the Sherman anti-trust law, which was proposed by a grand old Republican and endorsed by a Republican congress, and sharply criticized Cleveland's attorney general for not enforcing the law, when the World and other Democratic newspapers, now favoring the election of Mr. Bryan, are praising Mr. Olney as a great modern Democrat, and one whose influence will do the Bryan cause much good."

The World, of Aug. 11, 1893, editorially stated that Richard Olney, acting as attorney general, was the president of the whiskey trust, and under indictment for violating the Sherman anti-trust law, declared in his pleadings that the Sherman anti-trust law 'is not within the power of congress, and is unconstitutional and void,' and then the World inquired, in the same editorial: 'Is it not an embarrassment to have as attorney general one who, in prosecuting trusts, will be confronted with his own contention that the law under which he proceeds is unconstitutional and void—one, who, in prosecuting the monopolists, will be forced to send his own best clients to jail?'"

"The New York World, Jan. 3, 1894, contained a special telegram from Washington, commenting upon the attitude of Attorney General Olney, which stated that the Republicans are quick to seize the opportunity to score the law under the ground of bad faith," and that, the anti-trust law, which bears Senator Sherman's name, was drafted by that able lawyer, ex-Senator Edmunds of Vermont (a Republican), who had no doubt that its provisions could be enforced, and that 'Mr. Olney has not given the law a fair construction.'"

## MORE WHEAT USED AT HOME.

Consumption Per Capita Has Nearly Doubled.

Mr. Bryan and the Democratic party propose to return to all of the conditions which produced the depression of 1894, thus greatly reducing the value of the home market and the price of everything that the farmer has to sell. The following table shows the home consumption, total and per capita, of wheat in 1892, 1894 and 1899; also, the quantities of wheat exported in each of those years, the average export price, and the per cent of the crop retained for home consumption each year. It will interest every farmer and indeed every one interested in seeing prosperity in all branches of our home industries:

Year.	Bushels consumed.	Bushels per capita.
1892.	386,727,724	5.91
1894.	232,815,041	3.41
1899.	452,470,332	5.96

Year.	Bushels Exported.	Per cent retained for home consumption.
1892.	225,625,812	63.12
1894.	164,283,129	68.53
1899.	222,618,420	67.03

Get your ice cream at Elner's—made of pure cream—and not skimmed milk. Just try a dish.

## BRYAN KNOWS HIS FAILURE

IT IS VERY EVIDENT THAT HE HAS REALIZED THAT HE HAS LOST.

Seeks Now to Array Class Against Class, and Takes No Care to Conceal His Disappointment.

(From Harper's Weekly, Oct. 20, 1900.)

It is quite evident that the Democratic candidate for the presidency realizes the futility of his quest, and has practically given up the fight. We can not imagine that any American citizen having the dignity of the presidential office in mind, and being himself an aspirant for its honors, could descend to the depths of demagoguery used by Mr. Bryan in his Wisconsin and Indiana speech-making tours during the past fortnight, and still consider him self a presidential possibility.

Mr. Bryan knows as well as any one else that the American people want a Democratic candidate for the presidency to exercise the functions of the executive office, not an incendiary; he knows quite as well as he knows his alphabet, that the kind of fire the people wish to have emanate from the White House that which inspires men to undertake and to perform worthy deeds; not that which leads to pillage, rapine and murder.

If he has studied the temper of the people, solicitude for whose welfare has given him so many sleepless nights, he must know that fundamentally they are lovers of truth; that they will not tolerate reckless misstatement of conditions or wilful perversion of facts or absolute and unmitigated falsehood in the mouth of a man before the world as the outward and visible sign of their national being.

FALSEHOOD CANNOT REPRESENT THE TRUTH; INCENDIARISM CANNOT EVER BECOME THE EMBODIMENT OF PATRIOTISM; DEMAGOGY CAN NEVER PASS FOR STATESMANSHIP; AND THE POLITICAL AGITATOR WHO INCITES THE MASSES INTO A RECKLESS DEFIANCE OF AUTHORITY CAN NEVER BECOME THE GUARDIAN OF LAW, ORDER AND PUBLIC DECENCY.

It is only proper, therefore, in view of Mr. Bryan's wild appeals to class hatred and to the evil passions of the discontented, in view of the essentially incendiary character of the bulk of his recent utterances, in view of his wicked mis-statements of the acts and purposes of his political opponents, allied falsehood in the mouth of a man before the world as the outward and visible sign of their national being, that we should be amusing if it were not humiliating, to assume that he at last realizes how far beyond his reach is the seat of Washington, Jefferson and Lincoln, and to admit that his vain efforts in his speech-making naturally follows the palpable wrecking of his ambition, is only charity.

It takes a stronger man than Mr. Bryan to accept so deeply-stirring a disappointment as he is with a dignified and philosophical bearing. There must be greater depths of character than can ever be attributed to the Populist candidate within which to hide the bitterness and the gall of overthrown ambition from the eye of man.

IT WAS TOO MUCH FOR THE GREAT SOUL OF GREELEY, AND EVEN SO STRENUOUS A FIGHTER AS 'THAT OLD FATHER WEAVER' NEVER PERCEIPTIBLY IN THE FACE OF IT, BUT NO MAN HAS EVER GONE DOWN UNDER A SIMILAR DISAPPOINTMENT IN SUCH UTTER DEMORALIZATION AS HAS THE UNLucky CANDIDATE FROM NEBRASKA.

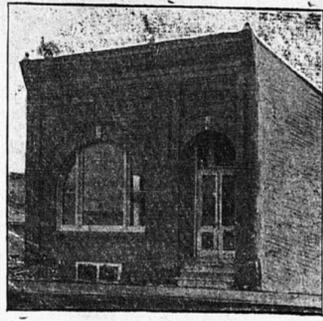
Of course, that he should make so obvious a confession of his failure to commend himself to the electorate is not without some exciting features; those who have witnessed him and from the first moment of his appearance as a figure of national interest opposed his pretensions; but there is none the less a touch of pathos in the situation which moves one rather to grief than to unalloyed satisfaction. It is never a pleasing spectacle, to see a human being suffer, and the vast majority of men, even the most morbidly inclined, shudder at the outward manifestation of the inward madness of an individual whose hopes have been shattered and before whom lies nothing but humiliation and disappointment.

There is also to be considered in the case of Mr. Bryan, that the distress of innumerable good people, who, like Mr. Schurz and Mr. Olney, have been leveled that the discipline of defeat in 1896 and a growth of four years in intellectual vigor had made the Bryan of 1900 a very different person from the man they had brandied as an anarchist and an advocate of national dishonor in 1896. Those persons who had hoped for a development of strength and real character in Mr. Bryan, which indeed, in the earlier days of the campaign he showed some signs, must now stand appalled at the reckless demagoguery of his recent utterances, with his wicked assertions of the real purposes of imperialism, which they have dignified with their support, and saturated through and through with passionate appeals to violence and incitement to rebellion against the authorities, which in other days would have brought about his sequestration as an enemy to the public welfare.

Saddest of all is the fact that this man to-day stands before the world as the flower of a once great party, its standard bearer, its most precious idol of its hopes, the material expression of its principles!

Truly it will be a glad day for this republic when the humiliating campaign of 1900 has become a thing of the past, and the disgraceful scenes and utterances of its closing days are but memories.

Bryan the Prophet. "You know that what the slightest prospect of foreign war, we would suspend gold payments, and go either to a silver or to a paper basis at once." — W. J. Bryan, 1896. "We came in 1898. Were we placed on a silver or paper basis in consequence?"



J. M. KREWE, C. S. MOORES, President, Vice-President, W. E. BOISE, Cashier.

## HOPE STATE BANK

Capital, \$10,000.00

Does a General Banking Business

Farm Loans a Specialty

Fire Insurance Written In Best Companies.

## Farmers Observe! Kill Your Gophers With Elner's Liquid Gopher Killer.

It is a death shot and I will cheerfully refund your money if you are not perfectly satisfied.

REMEMBER this is no fake or humbug; it has been tested here in Hope in the presence of our most influential farmers, and pronounced by them SURE KILL.

PAINT Your house with Stearn's Paints and it will not scale off.

PURE and FRESH DRUGS always in stock.

J. A. ELNER.

## W. W. HAZLETT, Proprietor of the New Meat Market.

HOPE, N. DAK.

Steele Avenue, opposite old Arcade Bldg. Choice Cuts, Chops & Steaks. GAME IN SEASON.



A GREAT OPPORTUNITY—NOT A MATTER OF CHANCE

## \$17,500 in Prizes

EVERY WOMAN HAS AN OPPORTUNITY TO WIN A LARGE PRIZE. THERE ARE NO BLANKS.

THE DELINEATOR, the Magazine of Fashion well known for a generation, celebrates the dawn of the new century—the year 1901—by offering 1901 prizes ranging from \$500 to \$5,000 to 1901 women. Total of prizes, \$17,500. Prizes will be awarded, not to those sending the largest number of subscriptions to THE DELINEATOR, but to those sending the largest number in proportion to the population of each town in which they are secured. The woman living in the smallest town has just as good a chance to win a large prize as the woman living in a city.

To this end all towns and cities in the United States and Canada are divided into seven classes, according to population:

CLASS ONE includes all cities of 200,000 inhabitants or over. In this class there are 23 prizes to be given away, the highest being \$500, the lowest \$50.00. CLASS TWO includes all cities from 50,000 to 200,000 inhabitants. In this class there are 423 prizes to be given away, the highest being \$400, the lowest \$25.00. CLASS THREE includes all cities from 30,000 to 50,000 inhabitants. In this class there are 208 prizes to be given away, the highest being \$350, the lowest \$50.00. CLASS FOUR includes all cities from 10,000 to 30,000 inhabitants. In this class there are 257 prizes to be given away, the highest being \$300, the lowest \$25.00. CLASS FIVE includes all towns from 5,000 to 10,000 inhabitants. In this class there are 307 prizes to be given away, the highest being \$200, the lowest \$50.00. CLASS SIX includes all towns from 1,000 to 5,000 inhabitants. In this class there are 367 prizes to be given away, the highest being \$150, the lowest \$50.00. CLASS SEVEN includes towns of 1,000 inhabitants and under. In this class there are 604 prizes to be given away, the highest being \$100, the lowest \$50.00.

AN ILLUSTRATION A woman taking subscriptions in a city of 45,000 population would be in Class 4. She would compete with others sending subscriptions from towns of 10,000 population up to 30,000. She would have an opportunity of winning one of 257 prizes, the highest being \$350 and could not be less than \$50. She would win a larger prize if she sent in twenty subscriptions than would a woman who forwarded twenty from a town of 2,000, because her proportion of subscriptions to population would be larger. This being the case, some very small towns will win some very large prizes. In one of our recent prize offers, a woman in Washington, D.C., won a prize of \$25 for securing only 14 subscriptions.

NO CONDITIONS The same woman can win several prizes in every class by taking subscriptions in different towns. The contest begins with this announcement and will terminate February 15th, 1901. Providing the first order contains two or more subscriptions, they will be accepted at 50 cents each. Subscriptions can be sent afterward at the present rate until February 15th, 1901. The regular price of THE DELINEATOR is \$2.00 a year. Subscriptions must begin with November of December of 1900, or January, February or March of 1901.

PROFITS FOR ALL Every woman who fails to win one of the above prizes, but who sends subscriptions in proportion to the proportion of one to every two hundred inhabitants of a town, will be paid a special prize of ten cents on each subscription secured, in addition to the ten cents allowed above.

WHY DO WE LIMIT THIS OFFER TO WOMEN? Because THE DELINEATOR and women can best recommend it to women. It is a great favorite is published for women, and now more than four hundred and eighty thousand subscribers. If you are not interested in this offer, call the attention of your friends to it.

ALL women in sending their first order of two or more subscriptions must mention that they are to apply upon above offer; complete instructions as to the merits of THE DELINEATOR, full information will be sent upon request. Address,

## THE DELINEATOR

7 TO 17 WEST 13TH STREET, NEW YORK

## HOPE MEAT MARKET.



H. H. BAKER, Proprietor.

WANTED! WANTED!

Oats, Barley, Rye, and low grade Wheat.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers, The famous little pills.

One Minute Cough Cure, cures. That is what it was made for.

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