

Senator Borah's Views on the Income Tax Explained in Speech

That the unjust tax burden carried by those who can least afford to shoulder it and escaped by those who would not notice it due to their wealth, is the cause of most of the restlessness in this country and this will never be quieted nor will the great mass of the people be satisfied until such a measure of the income tax is put into force in the United States, is plainly the belief of Senator William E. Borah, champion of the income tax, who in his Meridian address delivered a powerful denunciation of the owners of vast estates and incomes who bear practically no taxation. Senator Borah admitted that the question of taxation is an old one, but asserted it is still the most vital to be solved.

Idaho's junior senator declared in that address that it was a powerful influence that issued the mandate to defeat the income tax measure after he and other senators favorable to it had secured the promise of 53 senators to vote for it, and the next morning the corporation bill was introduced as a substitute. Immediately after its introduction Senator Borah received 24 telegrams from as many corporations in Idaho telling him he ought to vote for the corporation tax instead of the income tax.

Discussing this important issue Senator Borah said:

More Important Than Election.
"What I desire to say is of more direct interest to you than whether I shall be senator again or not, and that is the subject of taxation. You know government and all political policies have for their end and purpose two primary propositions. First is the desire and the purpose to insure prosperity among the people, that is, to have such economic policies and governmental principles as will insure individual prosperity generally throughout the country. We have in this country a great republic, one made up of a great citizenship, the kind of a citizenship that meets the responsibility resting upon it, by reason of the fact they are living under a republic where we have prosperity in the home, and the party which overlooks those policies and those principles which bring general prosperity will never be able to accomplish those other things which have reference more to the ethical, or highest ideals of life.

"The second great purpose and object to be obtained in government is that we have a proper, fair and equal distribution of the profits among all the people. It doesn't make any difference how much wealth you have in this country in the sum total, if it is not distributed among the great masses of the people it is not making us a great and powerful people or nation. If it is all gathered in the hands of a few; that is, if 25 or 30 men finally control the powers of this government, we might as well, so far as the people are concerned, be without that wealth as

to have it gathered in the hands of a few. This, my friends, is the distinctive feature of the progressive movement. We have gathered wealth in this country as no other people in the world have ever gathered it. Our natural resources in this country are boundless and immeasurable from every conceivable standpoint. The God of nature has planted here those things which, if properly used, will make every man and woman in this country individually prosperous, provided that that individual exercises the knowledge or powers which he or she possesses and enjoys. But the question of the distribution of the wealth of this country has been very poorly handled up to this hour, and the result has been that this wealth has fast been gathered in the hands of a few, and more and more it is being concentrated in the hands of a few and taken further and further from the great masses of the people of this country. How is it being done? One of the most effective, subtle and irresistible methods by which it is accomplished is that of taxation.

Old But New Question.
"The question of taxation is an old question. We had it with us from the beginning and always will have it with us. Other questions come and go and for a time engage the minds of the people, but the question of taxation comes back again and again, and its proper solution is one of the most important questions before the American people today. I read the other day a platform which I believe has been promulgated by the tax league in this country. I do not know what all the purposes of this tax league are. They state two things in that platform which ought to be uppermost in the minds of all men who have to deal with governmental affairs. First, that all property should bear its just proportion of taxation. My friends, if that one single rule could be put into operation in this country it would have a most powerful and transforming effect upon the individual prosperity of the masses of the people from the Atlantic to the Pacific and from the north to the south.

Now Corporations Even Up.
"Let all property bear its due proportion of taxation. Is that true today? Our system of taxation, from the beginning, has been that of permitting taxes to finally find the low man; they finally reach the man least able to pay it. They have passed on and on down until they reached the man who cannot pay it, especially if he has nothing to pay it with. In 1888 we passed (or they passed) a bill which was designed to tax the Standard Oil company and the sugar refinery company such and such a per cent of their output, and they also laid a heavy tax upon the tobacco trust. Now, do you know what happened? They raised the price of oil just the amount of

A HAPPY CHILD IN A FEW HOURS

When Cross, Sick, Feverish, Tongue Coated or Bilious, Give Delicious "Syrup of Figs."

Mother! look at the tongue! see if it is coated. If your child is listless, drooping, isn't sleeping well, is restless, doesn't eat heartily or is cross, irritable, out of sorts with everybody, stomach sour, feverish, breath bad; has stomachache, diarrhoea, Sore Throat, or is full of cold, it means the little ones' stomach, liver and 30 feet of bowels are filled with poisons and clogged up with waste and need a gentle, thorough cleansing at once.

Give a teaspoonful of Syrup of Figs, and in a few hours the foul, decaying, constipated matter, undigested food and sour bile will gently move on out of its little bowels without nausea, griping or weakness, and you will surely have a well and smiling child shortly.

With Syrup of Figs you are not drugging your children, being composed entirely of luscious figs, senna and aromatics it cannot be harmful, besides they dearly love its delicious taste.

Mothers should always keep Syrup of Figs handy. It is the only stomach, liver and bowel cleanser and regulator needed—a little given today will save a sick child tomorrow.

Full directions for children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly printed on the package.
Ask your druggist for the full name, "Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna," prepared by the California Fig Syrup Co. This is the delicious tasting, genuine old reliable. Refuse anything else offered.

these taxes, and you paid it. They lessened the size of the tobacco package which you buy, just one-half, to cover the additional tax, and you paid it. They passed it on to the consumer, and while the government of the United States prided itself that it was taxing them, the great trusts and combines, it was really only adding additional power for the trusts to tax you, and when the government finally repealed those taxes, as it did after the Spanish-American war, the trusts forgot to repeal the price; and the people of this country continued to pay the taxes, which the government was not getting.

Explains His Vote.
"So it is that our system of taxes find the man whose property is in sight—finds the farmer, the small business man, the small merchant, and those with certainty and definiteness, and just so far as they can be moved along they are individually moved along. Two or three years ago we passed a corporation tax law. I have been criticised for having voted against the corporation tax. The two and a half years since its passage has demonstrated two things. First, that the great corporations, those which are working in the field where there is no competition, can fix their own prices for their articles, while the small corporations, composed of small business men in communities such as this and other communities, working in fields where there is competition, have no opportunity to fix their prices, and so the taxes come out of the pockets of the small stockholders and small business men throughout the community, where it would have to come from anyway sooner or later. Now, during this last congress, the house sent us an excise tax bill, and I both spoke and voted against that bill. Doubtless you may consider that it was an error on my part. This bill provided that the carrying on of business should bear an excise tax—taxing the right to carry on business. Well, the result of it has been that every man under that law would have to pay an excise tax; no difference how small his income, he would pay a tax. The reason I voted against it was because it again reached those upon whom the great burden of taxes already rest in this country.

Income Tax the Remedy.
"Now, there is only one way, in my opinion, to remedy this so far as the national government is concerned, and that is to tax incomes. If we had that, in some instances they would transfer it, but in seven cases out of ten they couldn't do so. Now, let us discuss for a few moments this income tax from a national standpoint in view of the taxing system generally. When our fathers framed this government they supposed they were giving congress the right to levy an income tax, and for 100 years the supreme court of the United States sustained the power of the government to levy an income tax, but finally, in 1894 and 1895, the supreme court, that big divided court, held that the income tax was unconstitutional, because it was a direct and not an indirect tax. That left us in the position where it was not within the power of the government to levy a single dollar upon the great incomes of this country, even for the purpose of protecting the life of the government itself. Over in New York City there is a gentleman who owns several large business blocks and has a large income. He lives in Europe. He travels in his yacht in foreign waters, and has not visited this country for years. He receives thousands and thousands of dollars each and every year as an income from this government, and yet he doesn't pay the color of a cent toward sustaining the government, and couldn't be compelled to do so if we were attacked by a Japanese fleet tonight, while the women and children who walk over his marble floors pay more than this man with his millions. Mr. Carnegie receives \$12,000,000 as interest on his bonds, and we cannot tax the income from those bonds one dollar for the national government.

People Need Relief.
Now, my friends, you people here

ACKNOWLEDGE IT

Boise Has to Bow to the Inevitable—Scores of Endorsements Prove It.
After reading the public statement of this fellow-sufferer given below, you must come to this conclusion: A remedy which proved so beneficial years ago, with the kidneys can naturally be expected to perform the same work in similar cases. Read this:
Mrs. Nora Isaacs, Mountain Home, Idaho, says: "I gladly confirm all I said in my previous endorsement of Doan's Kidney Pills given for publication in October, 1907. Off and on for over a year, I was subject to attacks of backache. Whenever I caught cold, it settled on my kidneys and caused my trouble to become more severe. One attack followed another and my condition became critical. When I was suffering in that way Doan's Kidney Pills were brought to my attention and I began using them. Their promptness in relieving me was surprising. After taking this remedy a short time, I was free from my pains and aches and had no further cause for complaint."

"When Your Back is Lame—Remember the Name." Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—ask distinctly for Doan's Kidney Pills, the same that Mrs. Isaacs had—the remedy backed by home testimony. 50c all stores. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

shield? Yours, it is true, but yours in a very small way as compared with the protection it gives to those vast estates built up along these great coast cities. While I have been in the senate I have cast just one vote that I would like to change. I voted for five battleships once, because they told me that we were going to have a war with the Japs. The next year when we came to vote for battleships, they told me the Japs were getting restless again, and I voted for only three that time. The last time the battleship question came up the Japs were pretty quiet, and I found it possible to vote for two; but if we could tax the property in this country as it ought to be taxed and place the burden of taxes where it should be, we could send out battleships which would make our flag respected in every part of the world, and no man would ever feel the weight of the burden. (Applause.) But so long as this system of taxation goes on as it is now, I propose to take some chance upon the Japs and to continue to voteless and less protection in that way until those men who have the wealth of this country are willing to come in and bear their proportion of the burden."

WILDER ITEMS.
(Capital News Special Service)
Wilder, Sept. 18.—Wesley Clark and his sister, Irene, were at Parma Sunday.
Mrs. Martin Knott entertained the Methodist Ladies' Aid in the basement of the M. E. church Thursday afternoon.
Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Buell and son, Homer, Mrs. E. B. Seaton and Miss Anna Seaton went to Emmett Tuesday after fruit. While there they were entertained at the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Blom.
O. T. Wood had the misfortune of losing all his hay and corn by fire last week. The inside of the stack was all burned out before they noticed the fire. It is supposed to have been started by spontaneous combustion.

The student of the ads knows the secret of "elastic currency"—for, knowing values, she makes many a dollar do the work of two.
His Skill May Prove Useful.
Townley—I understand that the new minister out your way was formerly a dentist.
Subbubs—Yes, and he's going to find it like pulling teeth to get his salary.
Notice to Coal Consumers.
I am now with Smith & Co., Eighth and Myrtle streets, Phone 322. Call me when you want good clean Hiawatha or Rock Springs Coal. S-29 CLAUDE PARROTT.

Estates Escape Taxation.
"If these great estates had been justly earned, if these vast incomes had been justly gathered, still it would be their duty to meet the responsibility of government; but when you take into consideration that honest men, law-abiding men, who believe in their government nevertheless believe that these vast estates in many instances, have not been honestly gathered, and you wonder that throughout this country, where the common people are paying such a large per cent of the taxes, there is discontent and disturbance in the political sky? I heard someone say the other day in a political speech (I will not mention his name) that these men who were making the people believe they were dissatisfied were not good citizens and were not patriotic. I don't know whether that man had been reading some books on the French revolution or not, but I struck me as you can find so many speeches produced almost verbatim in connection with Turgot, who was attempting to equalize the burdens of taxation."

Corporations Against Income Tax.
"When I went to the senate of the United States, if you will excuse another reference, in connection with Senator Bailey, we submitted an income tax bill in connection with various other bills. We continued to agitate and agitate it until we had 53 senators ready to vote for it, and then a great eastern senator said that an income tax bill could not pass the senate, that before it should pass the senate this tariff revision as a whole should die, and he made his word good. They went out and brought in what is known as the corporation tax bill, which I explained to you a few moments ago; and why did they want this corporation tax instead of the income tax? The morning after that corporation bill was introduced I received 24 telegrams from corporations in the state of Idaho telling me I ought to vote for the corporation tax instead of the income tax. Why? Do you think the corporations were dying to be taxed? That they wanted those taxes put upon them for fear they didn't have enough? No. They knew, as I said a moment ago, that if that income tax bill was passed they could not transfer it.

Will Never Cease Efforts.
"No, my friends, I must say that some people seem to think that Senator Borah is a little unsteady, that he is unsettled and unstable, but I was settled and determined upon this income tax when I entered the senate six years ago, and if I am returned there in 1913 I expect to see that tax amendment adopted as a part of our constitution, for as long as I am in public life I propose never to cease my efforts to place some of these great burdens of government upon those who will never miss it. (Extended applause.) They would never know that they had paid it. We build battleships year after year, spending millions and millions of dollars for those great floating, fighting men-of-war. Whose property do they protect? Whose interests do they

ACKNOWLEDGE IT

pay an enormous tax—your county tax, and then you pay a tax to the national government either one way or the other—either for the things you purchase, or otherwise—but these vast incomes in this country are untouched and untaxed, and under our present form of government there is no way to reach them. There is no way you can more completely keep a man poor who is poor, and make the man richer who is rich, than to exempt the rich from taxation, for the burdens will grow heavier and heavier upon those who have property in sight. Therefore, if we had in this country today a system of taxation, county, state and national, so that every piece of property, or all wealth, would pay its proper proportion, these men of great incomes never miss a dollar of it and it would mean a great burden lifted from those who are unable to pay, so those who are engaged in this matter of trying to make all property bear its due proportion of taxes are engaged in an effort which, if it is ever realized, will do as much toward relieving the people of this country as a whole as any possible proposition that could be advanced.

Taxes Cause French Revolution.
"The second proposition which I found in this platform was that of the economic use of the taxes which we collect. Now, if these two propositions could be realized it would be almost beneficial to you as any other single proposition that I can conceive of, but let me tell you that it will never be realized except through an aroused public sentiment all over the country. Taxes are so common—we are so used to see them and know about them—that they have been left in this way so long that people have come to the conclusion that it is almost impossible to right the system, but it is not impossible, and it is absolutely necessary to do so. You know one of the causes of the French revolution was their system of taxation, and that system was precisely the same as we have in this country today. Three-fifths of the great estates of France were absolutely untaxed at the time of the French revolution.

Turgot, the great French minister of finance, undertook to levy a tax upon the great incomes of France, upon the great estates of France, and for a time the king stood by his minister, but finally the powerful influence of the great estates and the great wealth of the country prevailed upon the king, and he dismissed Turgot and the taxes went back upon the peasantry and common people of the country until it is literally true that out of every \$16 earned in France, \$12 is paid to the government. It was true that while these great estates went untouched that if a man from almost any province of France wanted a cask of wine, he paid for it 16 times before it reached Paris, and blind as they were, even after the rumblings of the French revolution were somewhat in the distance, these men of vast estates and their sons stood there holding their hands upon their wealth until the fires of the revolution swept it away, but just so sure as the vast wealth of this country doesn't come face to face with its responsibility of meeting this great burden of government, this discontent which now prevails among the people of both the great political parties will never cease.

Some Do Have Luck.
Gibbs—There's a rumor that Parkins is going to marry Miss Roxleigh. Do you think there is anything in it?
Dibbs—Yes, about a million for Parkins.

HOW THEY DO BUSINESS IN CENTRAL AMERICA.
All about the mountain capital of Costa Rica. Its stores and its markets. A country where all transportation is by ox-cart and the markets are the chief stores. See Frank G. Carpenter's letter in next Sunday's Capital News.

Mean Disposition.
"Allow me to congratulate you."
"What for?"
"Oh, for just anything—the sunshine, the blue skies, the fact that you are up and about. Isn't that something?"
"No!"
"Then congratulate me for not having a disposition like yours."

REUNION UNITED SPANISH WAR VETERANS.
Soda Springs, Sept. 18-25.
Excursions via Oregon Short Line. Tickets on sale from points Pocatello and east, Sept. 17 to 20 inclusive. From points south of McCammon and west and north of Pocatello to Idaho, Sept. 16 to 19 inclusive. Limit Sept. 26. See men-of-war. Whose property do they protect? Whose interests do they

The Boise City National Bank

133d Report of Condition made to Comptroller of the Currency. At Close of Business Sept. 4, 1912.

RESOURCES	
Loans and Discounts	\$1,590,971.94
Overdrafts	6,084.57
U. S. Bonds	375,000.00
Bonds and Securities	319,483.39
Furniture and Fixtures	300.00
Banking House	100,000.00
Other Real Estate	26,654.43
Due from Banks and U. S. Treasurer	\$539,674.97
Cash in Vault	251,092.61
	790,767.58
	\$3,209,277.01
LIABILITIES.	
Capital Stock	\$ 250,000.00
Surplus and Undivided Profits	257,921.81
Circulation	241,750.00
Deposits	
United States	\$ 99,327.24
U. S. Postal Savings	\$1,658.85
Banks	529,587.17
Individual	1,689,662.46
Savings	109,369.48
	2,459,605.20
	\$3,209,277.01
OFFICERS	
F. R. Coffin.....President	
Timothy Regan...Vice-President	
J. E. Clinton, Jr...Vice-President	
F. F. Johnson.....Cashier	
B. W. Walker.....Asst. Cashier	
W. V. Regan.....Asst. Cashier	
C. H. Coffin.....Asst. Cashier	
C. S. Crawford.....Auditor	
DIRECTORS	
F. R. Coffin	J. E. Clinton, Jr.
Timothy Regan	W. V. Regan
Andrew Little	E. M. Hoover
F. F. Johnson	Leo J. Falk
C. H. Coffin	Thos. McMillan
E. H. Davis	

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Good Morning
Ladies and Gentlemen: My name is still Peet. I have had a long vacation. I have been home since the first of the month and am just getting rested and will start on light work, just selling Aluminum Ware for a few days. As soon as I get fully rested I will be around with the old reliable Jewel Stoves and Ranges and all kinds of Hardware.
Loree & Son Hardware Co.
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HUMORS IN THE BLOOD
Humors get into the blood usually because of an inactive condition of the system. Those members whose duty it is to expel all refuse matter do not properly perform their work, and an unhealthy accumulation is absorbed into the blood. Then instead of performing its natural function of nourishing the skin the circulation irritates and inflames it because of its impure condition. A thorough cleansing of the blood is the only certain cure for any skin disease; external applications can only give temporary relief. S. S. S. goes into the circulation and drives all humors from the blood, and in this way makes a permanent and complete cure in every form of skin trouble. S. S. S. supplies the blood with the nutritive qualities necessary to sustain the skin and preserve its natural texture and perfect appearance. S. S. S. cures Eczema, Acne, Tetter, Salt Rheum, and all other skin eruptions or diseases. Book on Skin Diseases and any medical advice free.
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I use Prof. Ehrlich's wonderful new discovery, "606," in case of blood disorders. It is the greatest marvel of medical science. This new remedy has been used in thousands of cases. Let me explain it to you.
VARICOCELE
Impairs vitality. I daily demonstrate that Varicocele can be cured in nearly all cases by one treatment, in such a satisfactory way that the vital parts are preserved and strengthened, pain ceases, swelling subsides, a healthy circulation is rapidly re-established, instead of the depressing condition. I guarantee you a cure to stay cured.
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New Soft Street Hats. Redfern and La Marquise Corsets In New Fall Models



Everything for Little Tots
Those not familiar with our Infants' and Juvenile departments should make it a point to visit same these pre-autumnal days and see the new arrivals in Coats, Dresses, Hats, Caps, Knit Goods, Underwear, Hosiery, etc. We make a specialty of "Stork" goods and are sole selling agents for the renowned Arnold's Infants' Knit Goods. Everything in Infants' Toilet Goods.

Wool Finished Blankets
Extra quality long napped, wool finished, white Blankets in 11-4 size, with pretty cluster striped pink and blue borders, and silk bound ends; special value at, a pair, Thursday..... **\$1.98**

"Maish" Cotton Comforters
The famous "Maish" laminated cotton down Comforters, covered with best silkline, in light and dark colors, yarn tied, extra size, finished with button hole stitch; special Thursday..... **\$3.50**

German Velour Blankets
German Velour Blankets in handsome Indian and conventional patterns; good weight and very suitable for robes, couch covers, chair throws, etc.; special Thursday..... **\$4.50**

Turkish Bath Towels
21x45 inch heavy triple looped, close woven Terry cloth Bath Towels, with fancy Turkey red borders and hemmed ends; very absorbent, the best for wear; special Thursday..... **29c**

Bed Sheet Specials
Extra quality, serviceable, seamless, Bed Sheets with deep hem, made from firm Calderwood bleached muslin, size 81x90 inch; none better made; on sale at Special Thursday..... **83c**

Extra Quality Pillow Cases
Extra quality bleached muslin Pillow Cases; made from best specially woven casing cloth, with deep hem; a rare opportunity for the frugal housekeeper; Special Thursday..... **6 for \$1.00**