

BUSY TIME FOR COLONEL IN KANSAS

In a Speech at Pittsburg He Discusses the Courts

TELLS WHY HE WANTS RECALL OF DECISIONS

Roosevelt Spent Sunday Resting, as the Guest of W. A. White at Emporia—Attends Services at the Dutch Reformed Church.

Pittsburg, Kan., Sept. 23.—A large crowd gathered at Pacific Square to hear Colonel Roosevelt today. A woman in the crush fainted and Roosevelt sent his physician to care for her. "Don't you want an umbrella, Colonel?" a woman called out. "No," said the colonel, "you'll have to use a club to kill me."

In his speech Roosevelt defended the recall of judicial decisions. "If you decide with us on the principles for which we stand, so far as I am concerned I shall not rest content under any judicial rulings which nullify these decisions. In New York we have nominated for the court of appeals two jurists who believe the people have a right to pass such laws as these and who further believe that the courts rule against them appeals should be due the people, after a reasonable time."

"Our opponents criticize what I say about the courts. The New York court of appeals says we cannot have a workable system of compensation. Our opponents say they approve the law but we cannot have it because the courts won't let us. We say before the court makes such a decision the people who made the constitution should have a chance to say what they meant when they made it."

Spends Quiet Sunday.

Emporia, Sept. 23.—William Allen White, assisted by Old Tom, took charge of Colonel Roosevelt yesterday and gave him the most peaceful Sunday he had had since the campaign opened. Mr. White, who is a Progressive national committeeman, was Colonel Roosevelt's host. Old Tom is Mr. White's black horse, which has been in the family so long that either his exact age has been forgotten or else it is no longer mentioned. Old Tom jugged soberly to church with Colonel Roosevelt this morning, and in the afternoon ambled through the quiet shaded streets of Emporia while the colonel took the air. Colonel Roosevelt and Mr. White sat on the front seat of the family carryall and shared the responsibilities of piloting Old Tom, while the rest of the party rode behind. Colonel Roosevelt said, as they moved along, that he always did like horses better than automobiles.

Mr. White had issued a public appeal to the people of Emporia in the interests of Colonel Roosevelt, asking them to "give the man the one thing in the world he needs—complete rest." Let Emporia, Kan., show him that if he wants to sit on the front porch and read the papers he can do it, and attract no more attention than any other man doing the same thing."

Some of the people had planned differently. They had arranged to give Colonel Roosevelt a Kansas welcome, beginning with a band concert at 2 a. m., when he arrived here from Topeka. These plans were canceled when the colonel's wish to be alone was known. His sleep was not interrupted by the band when the train drew in, and when the congregation gathered at the Dutch Reformed church, this morning no one knew the colonel would be there until he entered.

The only departure from the rules laid down came when Colonel Roosevelt left town. A crowd gathered at the station to see him off and raised a cheer at the approach of Old Tom on his last trip with the colonel.

ERRATIC SERVICE IN DULUTH AS RESULT OF STREET CAR STRIKE

Duluth, Minn., Sept. 23.—Erratic service, with cars wandering up and down lines apparently lost, marked the local strike situation here today. After waiting 20 to 40 minutes for cars, people bound for suburbs usually found themselves going in a totally different direction.

"Say," said a strikebreaker conductor to a motorman, "have you ever been in Superior? If you can find the way let's go over and see the town." By making inquiries along the way the car finally got into Superior, although marked "East End, Duluth." Reports of intoxicated crews were verified in one instance.

CHINESE LOAN OF FIFTY MILLIONS IS NEGOTIATED

Independent Group of Banks Seems to Have Cut Ground From Under Feet of Six Powers.

London, Sept. 23.—A Chinese loan of \$50,000,000 will be offered for London subscription Thursday, according to Charles Birch Crisp, head of the Anglo-Russian bank, which has been prominent in the negotiations. Though the capitalists hesitated to believe that an independent group of banks had been able to cut the ground from under the feet of the six-power combination, the latest advices from Peking appear convincing.

The British government has retreated from the position supporting the Hong Kong and Shanghai bank, as a result of newspaper attacks, which accused it of backing a monopoly. The issue of the independent loan will be due largely to the efforts of Dr. George Morrison, political advisor to the president of the Chinese republic, who spent a month in London conferring with financiers and politicians.

OIL TRUST STILL ASSIGNING SALES TO TERRITORIES

Testimony Indicates That Dissolution Was in Name Only—Conference Is Held at White House.

New York, Sept. 23.—The Standard Oil company of New Jersey is still assigning sales territory to oil refineries, former subsidiaries outside its own territory, according to testimony given today by Kenneth Wytas, assistant clerk of the New Jersey company, at the hearing of the Waters-Pierce-Standard Oil litigation.

Conference at Washington.

Washington, Sept. 23.—Samuel Untermyer, attorney for the house money trust investigation committee, and for the Waters-Pierce Oil company, in its fight with the Standard, conferred with the president at the White House today. The report that the government was watching developments in the Waters-Pierce suit aroused interest in the conference.

NO EFFORT MADE TO OPERATE THE BINGHAM MINES

The Streets Crowded With Strikers Who Awaited Attempt to Resume Work With Strikebreakers.

Bingham, Utah, Sept. 23.—The morning found the streets crowded with striking miners who awaited expectantly an attempt by the Utah Copper company to begin operations. As the day wore on and no move was made the men scattered to their homes or hung about the headquarters of the local miners' union.

Two members of the executive board of the Western Federation of Miners went to Salt Lake to confer with President Moyer. Sympathetic strikes in other mining camps is one of the matters to be discussed.

The 4500 men on strike for higher wages and union recognition here continue to maintain order, under the watchful eyes of leaders who are taking every precaution for peace. Several officers of the Utah Copper company are expected to come here, possibly late today.

TO TEST ACTION OF GOVERNOR IN COURT

Charleston, W. Va., Sept. 23.—Reports from the martial law district this morning indicated that the striking miners and military spent a quiet night, but more than usual excitement was created by the report that the action of Governor Glascock would be tested before the district court of West Virginia. Suit will be filed by a detective agency, whose men, employed as mine guards, have been sent to prison by the commission. The petition, it was stated, would question the right of the governor to declare martial law when a state of war is not existing.

BULGARIA IS IN FIGHTING MOOD; AFTER THE TURKS

War Party Is in the Ascendancy and Active Measures Are Already Being Taken by Army.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 23.—An investigation of conditions in Bulgaria discloses a unanimity of sentiment that that country is on the eve of a war with Turkey. Unless the conferences which the Russian foreign minister, M. Sazonoff, will have in London with British statesmen are fruitful for Macedonia the war party is likely to gain the upper hand.

The army already is taking active measures. Railroad tracks are guarded throughout their whole extent, detachments are stationed at the bridges and whole requisition commissions are canvassing the frontier towns. Preparations have been made to acquire ample provisions.

Maneuvers at Shumia will be carried out by 60,000 troops, but it has been decided to dispatch no further troops to that district. It is doubtful if the reserves will be disbanded. The serious situation is reflected in business and foreign branch banks have suspended credit.

The pacific policy of King Ferdinand is now challenged by a systematic propaganda for war.

The insurrection of the wild Albanian tribes has opened the eyes of Greece and Serbia and for the first time Bulgaria faces the Turkish problem in accord with these two countries. There is an earnest conviction that the international situation offers the Bulgarians the best chances of success, because it is thought a strait will decline to move, owing to international relations of the triple alliance.

Although Russia declares she is not preparing for war, it is believed in the Balkan states that she, with Great Britain and France, is now in a position to defend the Balkan Slavs.

The failure of King Ferdinand and his ministers to induce the powers to insist upon the adoption of autonomy in Macedonia and an appeal to arms probably will result in terrorist excesses, and Macedonian leaders say they are persuaded that only desperate measures will prove effective.

ROOSEVELT AND TAFT ON THE BALLOT

Both Sets of Electors to Be Under Republican Head

SOLUTION FOUND FOR CALIFORNIA MIDDLE

Proposed to Have Words "Republican Electors Favoring Taft" and "Republican Electors Favoring Roosevelt" on the Ballot.

Sacramento, Cal., Sept. 23.—"Republicans favoring Taft," and "Republicans favoring Roosevelt" are the column heads under which it is probable the secretary of state will place two of the sets of presidential electors to be chosen here tomorrow by the nominating conventions.

The conventions are composed of the assembly of nominees named at the recent primaries and "holdover" state senators. The candidates pledged to support Roosevelt and Johnson were widely successful at the primaries and the outcome of the Republican convention is a foregone conclusion, as the Taft men announced their program at once.

They will introduce a resolution in-favoring President Taft and if, as they expect, it is defeated, they will walk out, organize a convention of their own and nominate their own electors, immediately thereafter bringing suit in the federal courts to contest the right of the Roosevelt electors to a place on the November ballot under the designation "Republican."

WILSON DEEPLY INVOLVED IN THE STATE PRIMARY

The Democratic Nominee's Ascendancy in His Home State Is at Issue in Senatorial Contest.

Trenton, N. J., Sept. 23.—Candidates seeking nomination on state, legislative, congressional, county and municipal tickets throughout New Jersey today completed plans for getting out a large vote at tomorrow's primary election. The nominations to be made in the primaries will include 12 members of congress, six members of the state senate, a new house of assembly with 60 members, mayors in several cities, and a long list of city and county officials.

A preference vote for United States senator to succeed Frank O. Briggs will be included in the primary and it is this feature that is attracting most attention from the voters. Senator Briggs will appear unopposed for reelection on the Republican ballot. The faith in Democratic success in the senatorial contest is reflected in the presence of three Democratic aspirants, culled from a field of twice that number several weeks ago.

Governor Woodrow Wilson, the Democratic candidate for president, is deeply involved in the contest for the United States senatorship. The anti-Wilson faction has agreed upon former United States Senator James Smith, Jr., as the candidate to succeed Senator Briggs. Governor Wilson is employing every effort to defeat Smith in tomorrow's primaries. The break between the two occurred almost two years ago, after Governor Wilson's election, but before he assumed office. Mr. Smith supported Wilson and after the election announced his candidacy for the United States senate. Governor Wilson opposed him and in the ensuing contest was victorious, winning his contention that James E. Marline, the primary choice at that time, should be elected by the legislature.

Breach Never Healed.

The breach between Governor Wilson and Senator Smith has never healed and as soon as the latter announced his intention to enter the primaries against Governor Wilson began to plan for his defeat. The governor lost no

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GENERAL CAMPA AND NINE OTHER REBELS CAPTURED

Found on the American Side and Taken Into Custody—Campa Admits Identity—Tired of Fighting.

Tucson, Sept. 23.—Ten rebels were captured at a ranch 30 miles south of Tucson yesterday. Included was Emilio Campa, a rebel leader. He admitted his identity and said he was tired of fighting.

Mexican Rebels Captured.

Tucson, Sept. 23.—Fifteen Mexican rebels were captured yesterday on American territory 30 miles southwest of this city by deputy sheriffs. The rebels were believed to have been on their way to Casas Grandes to obtain ammunition. Twelve of the rebels were caught in one group. The others were in the covered bottom of a prairie wagon which the American officers passed later. All were given into the custody of United States authorities.

Violation of Neutrality Laws.

El Paso, Sept. 23.—Interrupted while eating ice cream and giving an interview to a newspaper reporter, Juan Didapp was arrested here yesterday by secret service men. Fresh from Washington where, he says, he represented certain factions of Mexican revolutionists, Senator Didapp was lodged in the county jail and his room in a hotel was searched for evidence. During the Vasquez Gomez revolutionary movement Didapp evaded secret service men while passing through San Antonio, Tex., arriving here Friday night. After giving a number of interviews to the newspapers the secret service men here discovered his presence and arrested him.

Left Washington Hurriedly.

Washington, Sept. 23.—Juan Pedro Didapp, arrested at El Paso yesterday on charges of violating the neutrality laws, left Washington hurriedly last week. He had been here for some time, claiming first to represent Orozco, then the Vasquez-Gomez and finally General Zapata. General Gomez had repudiated him.

Under the Diaz administration Didapp was consul at Constantinople and later consul at Norfolk, Va.

Federals Are Routed.

Monterey, Mex., Sept. 23.—A body of federals numbering about 100, sent to drive the rebels from La Babin ranch, escaped annihilation Thursday, but were completely routed, although it is said only 10 were killed.

The news of the defeat was brought here yesterday by one fleeing soldier, who said the federals had gained La Boetta pass and there for three hours sustained the rebel fire and held the position of their men. The rebels then ceased firing and withdrew.

The federals, thinking the enemy gone, resumed their march into the ambush.

The whereabouts of Major Villareal, who commanded the federals, is unknown.

With Marcel Caraveo, commanding the rebels, is said to be one of the Garza Galan brothers, believed to be the author of a new revolutionary movement which developed a few weeks ago in the state of Coahuila. Andres Bonza Galan, head of the family, is now in San Antonio, Tex.

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MAY BE PROBE INTO BOISE TRUSTS

County Grand Jury May Be Asked to Investigate

CLAIMED THAT CITY IS NOW TRUST-RIDDEN

Anti-Trust Law Enacted by the Last Legislature One of the Most Drastic in the Country—Attorney General Given Power.

Boise, Sept. 23.—The county grand jury may be asked to investigate the claims that Boise is now trust-ridden. The anti-trust law enacted by the last legislature is one of the most drastic in the country. Attorney General Given has been given power to investigate trusts.

NOW THE NEW SEASON BRINGS A HUNDRED NEW DESIRES

By J. R. HAMILTON.
Former Advertising Manager of Wanamaker's, Philadelphia.

THE Summer is over and Autumn has come to every City in the land. Even those cities that lay for a week in sweltering heat have found cool breezes at last.

You are going to have to spend a great deal of money now. From your hats to your shoes you will have to replenish again. Some of you will come out of this shopping tornado looking as spick and span and as new as if you had been born again. Others will look as dowdy as if they had never bought new things, but had struggled along on last year's worn out clothes.

It all depends on how and where you spend your money during the next few weeks.

There are shoes to be bought, but there are all kinds of shoes being sold—and all kinds of people being sold, when shoes are sold. There are suits and dresses to be had. There are evening gowns, and hats, and everything to make a woman beautiful—or unbeautiful—depending entirely upon where and how she makes her choice.

There are many homes to be refurbished, too, and these also will look happy or unhappy accordingly as you choose. A piano can be a public nuisance or a joy for life. Your furniture can be a comforting friend, or a broken beggar always in your way.

The only difference is in learning how to buy. And the quickest way for a person to learn how to buy is simply to study the advertising day by day. You will find as you read this advertising that you will very quickly be able to read the man behind the advertising. A man cannot publish a part of himself every day and not be found out if he is not right.

That is why the man who does not advertise is a dangerous fellow to deal with. He has made no promises and no pledges. He does not stand for anything. He may be right but he has not gone on record to that effect.

The advertising in this paper day by day will give you the news of what to buy and where to go. It will help you with your styles and your pocketbook. And above all, it will give you every merchant's guarantee of good faith in all of his dealings with you.

That is the greatest thing about advertising. It always raises the business morals of men. So use this paper absolutely today for your shopping guide, as well as for the other features it contains.

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GOVERNOR WILSON TO GO TO PENNSYLVANIA

Scraper, Sept. 23.—The accumulated correspondence of Governor Wilson kept him busy this forenoon. This afternoon he leaves for Scranton to open the Pennsylvania campaign tonight. The governor will vote at the primaries at Princeton tomorrow and then start a three days' trip of New England.

Abe Martin



It's purty hard 't fell a two dollar necktie. A toupee never looks th' part.

PROVISIONS OF ANTI-TRUST LAW OF IDAHO

- That every contract, combination in the form of trust or otherwise, or conspiracy in the restraint of trade or commerce, within this state, is hereby declared to be illegal.
- Every person who shall make such contract or who shall engage in any such combination or conspiracy, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine not exceeding \$5000 or by imprisonment not exceeding one year or by both said punishments, at the discretion of the court.
- That all of the books of record and papers of every corporation, joint stock company, or other association, engaged in business within this state, shall be subject to the inspection by the attorney general of this state, or by any agent he may designate for that purpose, and such corporation, joint stock company, or other association shall, at any time he shall prescribe, make such returns duly verified by an officer of such corporation, joint stock company or other association, as shall be by him prescribed either by general regulations or by special direction.

The greatest trust busting grand jury in the history of this state is now in session, if the suggestions that are soon to be made by outsiders are adopted by that body.

Idaho has the strongest anti-trust law of any state in the Union, it is claimed, and few cases have ever been brought against combinations of any sort existing inside of the state lines.

Wholesale charges that there are trusts of every kind doing business inside of the state in defiance of the state law, that the butchers have formed a meat trust, the coal dealers a coal trust, that the grocers have formed a grocery trust, and that many lines of business have, contrary to the express prohibition of the statutes, formed combinations for mutual benefit are made by some of these outsiders.

Facts Before Grand Jury.

Under the present plan, they will demand that Raymond L. Given, county attorney, present facts to the grand jury of this state now in session here and provide for the most rigid inspection of everything in Idaho that smells like a trust or a combination of any sort.

They propose to ask the grand jury to find out just where these combinations are, what they include, the names of the men and the companies that belong to them, how they regulate prices if they do regulate them, how they drive out competing concerns from the business field, if they do, and any and all other facts that can be obtained by the exercise of the power of a grand jury under the state law.

No half way probe into these facts will satisfy the enemies of the "trusts." They want the grand jury to run the instrument all of the way up into the wound and find out just where the trouble is and who is the cause of it. They want a thorough knowledge of the facts and they want those facts presented in such a way that the courts may take cognizance of them and that some definite trust-busting steps shall be taken.

From the way the advocates of the probe talk, one would think Boise is the original home of the trusts. They mention what they believe to be combinations of the butchers in a meat trust, the coal men into a coal trust, the milk men and dairies into a milk trust, the creameries into a butter trust, the grocery men into a grocery trust, the bakers into a bakery trust, and, in short, combinations of every kind in the necessities of life.

Combinations to the right of them, combinations to the left of them, combinations in front of them, volley and thunder in the minds of the trust-

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