

PEACE OUTLOOK IS REGARDED AS VERY FAVORABLE

Disposition on the Part of the Allies to Modify Some of the Demands Made on Turkey.

London, Dec. 24.—There remains little doubt in diplomatic circles that the crisis will ultimately be surmounted without the resumption of hostilities, despite the outward appearance of unity of views. It is known there is considerable latent jealousy among the allied nations and as time tends to sharpen the differences as to the amount of credit due to the work of the respective armies, there are indications of a Balkan league to yield some of the demands to hasten a settlement.

Terms of the Allies. London, Dec. 24.—After several days of preliminary skirmishing in accordance with the cherished traditions of oriental diplomacy, the Turkish delegates yesterday faced the real attack of the allies at the fifth meeting of the peace conference.

The victorious allies laid their most important cards on the table. They were in the form of territorial conditions which they had agreed to impose on the Ottoman empire. The demands set forth were: First—The cession by Turkey of all territory west of a line starting from a point east of Rodosto on the sea of Marmora, to a point in the bay of Malatira, on the Black sea, and excluding the peninsula of Gallipoli; Albania's status to be decided by the powers.

Second—The cession of the Aegean islands, occupied by the Greek forces in the present war, and by the Italians in the recent war.

Third—The cession to Greece of all Turkish rights in the island of Crete. The allies did not reveal the financial proposals which they will make Turkey, reserving them for a future meeting.

Abandons Previous Request. Before the allies presented their specifications, the Turks announced that their government was prepared to proceed with the negotiations, leaving the question of revictualing Adrianople for discussion between Turkey and Bulgaria. They abandoned their previous request to provision Scutari and Janina.

The Turks listened to the proclamation of the fate of their European empire without formal comment and asked for an adjournment until Saturday to consider the allies' demands. In the informal conversation with the delegates, which consumed an hour, they asserted that it would be impossible for them to accept such terms, but that statement is inevitable in meetings of this character, and was expected today. The territorial profits of the war which the allies will divide are the same as those published in these dispatches Dec. 14, with the exception of the arrangement of the powers made for Albania.

The allies will recognize the autonomy of Albania under the suzerainty of the Porte, but not its sovereignty. Albania will become what Crete was and what Egypt is in its relation to Turkey. The sultan will be the nominal ruler, but without political, administrative or military powers. He will have the right to raise his flag in Albania and appoint a resident governor, but only for the purpose of ratifying the decisions of the local government.

All the delegations attended yesterday's session in full force, with their military and legal advisers and secretaries. Everyone appreciated the fact that the meeting was to mark the passage of the deliberations from the preliminary stage to that of real negotiations and that it was destined to revise the map of eastern Europe.

Her 111th Christmas. Yellville, Ark., Dec. 24.—Mrs. Elmira Wagoner, residing in the northern part of this county close to the Missouri line, is looking forward to a double celebration of Christmas and her one hundred and eleventh birthday anniversary tomorrow. Mrs. Wagoner is believed to be the oldest white woman in the United States. She has resided in this section the greater part of her life and her age of 111 years is vouched for by many grandfathers and grandmothers who knew her as a woman of middle age when they were children. She enjoys remarkable health and vigor and still takes an active interest in her household affairs.

Pope Receives Sacred College. Rome, Dec. 24.—The pope this morning received members of the sacred college, who brought their Christmas greetings. The ceremony consisted of simple exchange of felicitations.

English Aviator Falls to His Death. London, Dec. 24.—Edward Petre, a well known English aviator, was killed today near Redcar while undertaking a flight from Brooklands to Edinburgh. His monoplane ran into a heavy gale and the machine was dashed to the earth. The motor fell on Petre, killing him instantly.

President Remembers White House Employees. Washington, Dec. 24.—Before their departure for Panama the president and Mrs. Taft made all necessary arrangements for the distribution of Christmas presents to the White House employees tomorrow. So the day will probably be a merry one below stairs.

DECISION IN CONTEMPT CASE TO BE GIVEN ON JANUARY 2

(Continued from First Page.) Cruzen had a control of the paper. Political Stunts. The "performing of political stunts" the explanation given by Cruzen for telling he was in control of the paper's policy, was scored by the attorney general. "What was Cruzen's object?" queried. "On the other hand he is now before this court and we can readily see why he should enter a denial to the charge."

WATER SUPPLY FOR SAN FRANCISCO COSTLY

San Francisco, Dec. 24.—To acquire a McCloud river water supply instead of the Hetch-Hetchy supply, would cost San Francisco \$57,000,000 not including the price of watershed rights, according to estimates filed with the board of army engineers by City Engineer O'Shaughnessy and transmitted to the department of the interior. This is twice the estimated cost of the Hetch-Hetchy project.

Wall Street's Christmas Gifts. New York, Dec. 24.—A tidy little fortune in Christmas gifts is being placed in Wall street's stockings. It is estimated that about a million will be paid out in presents to the army of salaried employes in the financial district.

DEATHS—FUNERALS

The 5-day-old infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Alfred H. Day of 1006 East State street, died yesterday at St. Luke's hospital. The body is to be taken to the City morgue tomorrow, and funeral services will be held there on Thursday.

BREVITIES

Special services will be held Christmas morning at 10:30 o'clock at Grace Episcopal church, at State and Walnut streets.

Judge Davis granted a divorce yesterday to Amy L. Ludlow against Frank E. Ludlow, on the grounds of non-support.

Marriage licenses have been issued by the county recorder to Jesse Clyde Berry of Boise and Pauline Cecilia Hestling of South Boise; John F. Winters and Carrie Eala Bliss of Boise.

Addie Williamson was granted a divorce from Joseph C. Williamson by Judge Davis this afternoon on the grounds of desertion. Mrs. Williamson was granted the right to her maiden name, Addie Cullen.

Marriage licenses have been issued by the county recorder to Andrew C. Stuart and Barbara Bauer; Willih Bruch and Nora Ellen Yenne; Raymond E. Carter and Hazel Morrison, and Gus Olson and Ethel Snider.

Roswell, N. M., was the coldest point in the United States when the wires brought in the temperature readings to the local weather office. The thermometer there registered 2 degrees below zero, while in Havre, Mont., it read 34 degrees higher.

Mr. and Mrs. John Bair and children of Meridian, Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Dunlap and children of Caldwell and Miss Winnie Baird, a teacher at Caldwell arrived here this evening and will spend Christmas at the home of Judge and Mrs. R. H. Dunlap.

Christmas services will be held in Christ Episcopal church tomorrow morning at 10:30 o'clock. Special music will be rendered. In the evening, a Christmas tree entertainment will be held in the church, and an entertaining program rendered for the little folks.

Bishop James B. Funston today presented his resignation to Governor James H. Hawley as chaplain of the Idaho National Guard, and it was accepted. Bishop Funston gave as his reasons for resigning that other duties so occupied his time that he could not attend to those of the guard.

Eleven men were admitted to citizenship by Judge Frank S. Dietrich in the federal court yesterday afternoon: Carl Emil Johnson, Albert Close Peterson, A. H. Dalgren, Alexander Bell, Bernard Sariad, Alfred Hammond, Alfred Quinton, Nelson J. Mabee, Pasco Neuman, Robert Brink and Joseph Ait.

Charged with the embezzlement of a \$500 note, Charles LeFavour, was arrested last night upon a warrant sworn out before Judge G. D. Adams by Edward C. Ostner. The note was made out in favor of Howell & Ostner. LeFavour was placed under a \$500 bond which he furnished and the case will probably be heard this week.

The Owyhee hotel is profusely decorated in Yuletide colors of green and red and the lobby is adorned with a gigantic Christmas tree which reaches into the arches dome over the center. Two smaller trees are in the smoking room while the dining rooms are handsomely trimmed and all is in readiness to appropriately celebrate Christmas tomorrow and to make the guests in the house feel at home and enjoy the day.

Charged with disturbing the peace upon complaint of Wilbur J. Tate, proprietor of the Sixteenth and Main streets rooming house, J. B. Stang and wife, Stella Stang, were tried before a jury in Judge Adams' justice court this morning and at a late hour the jury had not reached a verdict and was still loudly wrangling over the case. Mr. Tate had some trouble with Stang and his wife, who were running the rooming house for him, and he discharged them both and attempted to put another man in their place, but they refused to permit the new man to go to work and attacked him with some heavy weapons, whereupon they were arrested.

ON SOME REMARKS MAY BE MADE, IF NECESSARY.

C. O. Broxon, being introduced, on behalf of the defendants, and having been first duly sworn, testified as follows under direct examination by Mr. Fraser:

Q.—Where do you reside? A.—Boise, Idaho. Q.—How long have you resided here? A.—I have resided here this last time about six years; a little over six years. Q.—What has been your business or occupation during most of the time? A.—Managing editor of The Evening Capital News. Q.—Did you occupy that position during the months of October and November of the present year? A.—Yes, sir. Q.—Do you know during this period of time, October and November, who controlled and dictated the policy of The Evening Capital News? A.—Yes, sir. Q.—Who was it, or do you care to say? A.—I did. Q.—You have read this information, Mr. Broxon, which has been filed against yourself and one R. S. Sheridan, have you? A.—Yes. Q.—Charging the three of you with being responsible for the publication of certain articles set forth as exhibits of this information and in it? A.—Yes. Q.—The information charges in the third paragraph that R. S. Sheridan, as business manager of The Capital News aforesaid, and in his capacity as such owner and business manager, in conjunction with defendants Broxon and Cruzen, has as plaintiff is informed and believes, and therefore alleges, controlled and dictated the policy of said Evening Capital News aforesaid, and has, as aforesaid, commanded, controlled, governed and dictated the matter which has appeared in said newspaper during the time he has acted as such owner and business manager. I will ask you on behalf of the defendant Cruzen, whether or not he had any part, or had anything to do with controlling the policy, or dictating the policy of The Evening Capital News, or did he ever command or attempt to control and dictate any of the matters which appeared therein, during the months of say September, October and November of the present year? A.—He did not. Q.—In your capacity as managing editor of the Evening Capital News, was it your business and duty to look over the editorials and matters appearing in the paper prior to their publication? A.—Yes. Q.—In regard to all these articles set forth in this information, or any exhibits thereto attached, did A. R. Cruzen ever dictate or cause to be dictated publishing any of these articles? A.—He did not; had nothing to do with it. Q.—If he had, would you have known it? A.—I would. Q.—Did he ever talk to you or consult with you in regard to the publication or the writing of any of the articles which have appeared set forth in the information, or as exhibits prior to the time they were published? A.—He did not. Q.—Has he ever, to your knowledge, counseled, or advised, or aided, or abetted, any person or persons in the writing of any of those editorials, or advocated the publishing of any of them in the Evening Capital News, as set forth in this information, to your knowledge? A.—Not any one who had anything to do with the publication. Q.—I am asking if defendant Cruzen ever advised or encouraged the publishing or the writing of any of these articles which appear here? A.—No. Q.—What was your relation to A. R. Cruzen during the period of time—this period of time, one of friendship, or otherwise? Friendly to you, sir. A.—Very friendly; yes, sir. Q.—You were working together, to a certain extent, in politics? A.—Yes, sir. Q.—Did you agree altogether on the matter of the political policy which your paper would follow, or did you disagree in a number of cases? A.—I don't know as we talked at any time about the policy of the paper; we talked about the policy of the act, but we would take in relation to politics we did not agree in that. Q.—Believe you stated the control of the policy of the paper and dictation of its editorial policy was not controlled or influenced in any manner or extent by Mr. Cruzen? A.—It was not. Q.—In Harmony With Owner. Cross-examination by Attorney General McDougall: Q.—You say, Mr. Broxon, that you were entirely responsible for the publication of those articles? A.—In what respect, Mr. McDougall? As far as their authority was concerned and their being sent to the press and publication, I am responsible, yes. I don't own the paper. Q.—Do you own any interest in the paper? A.—No. Q.—What is your relation to that paper, Mr. Broxon; are you salaried? A.—Yes, sir. Q.—You don't control the policy of the paper? A.—I always have; I will say in connection with that, I have worked, so far as I know, in absolute harmony with Mr. Sheridan, but the question of whether I could or could not do certain things has never come up between us; I have been allowed to proceed as I saw fit generally; I have consulted with him, certainly. Q.—Upon the beginning of a campaign, particularly of this campaign, was the question of the position the paper would take on public questions discussed with Mr. Sheridan before the paper took its position? A.—Sometimes; sometimes not. Q.—In case Mr. Sheridan had—in case you and Mr. Sheridan had—in case you and Mr. Sheridan had—in case you would have directed the policy, you or he? A.—I can never answer as I Q.—You say you never talked with Mr. Cruzen anything about these arti-

cles set forth in this information? A.—I said before they were published.

Q.—Did you discuss with him any other articles that appeared in the paper last year before they were published? A.—No, not to my recollection. Q.—Did you ever write any articles and give them to him to procure their signatures—somebody to sign them and after he brought them back they appeared in the paper as contributions from persons whose names were attached to the articles? A.—I did not. Q.—You say that none of these articles set forth in this information—that you never discussed them with Mr. Cruzen before publication? A.—I don't think I did any of them at all. Q.—Didn't you show him the first one of the articles set forth here and have him examine it before it was published? A.—I have no recollection of it; if I did, it was just merely as I might any one else—not for his approval or disapproval, or anything else. The reason I hesitated here was because I have done the same thing with numerous persons; I have no recollection of it in this case. Q.—During the campaign, Mr. Broxon, how frequently was Mr. Cruzen in the office? A.—I couldn't tell you that; very frequently. Q.—You frequently went up to his office, also, did you? A.—No, I don't think I went there very frequently. Q.—When he was there, did you and he discuss the political questions of the day? A.—Yes. Q.—Did you discuss any of the publications that had appeared in your paper? A.—Sometimes. Q.—Did you discuss any of these questions—any of these articles that are the basis of this proceeding after they had been published? A.—Not to my recollection. Q.—You were both of you quite interested in the campaign? A.—I was. Q.—Wasn't he? Didn't he so express himself? A.—Yes, I suppose. Q.—Taking a very active interest in the success of the Progressive party? A.—It was not my understanding that he was supporting the entire Progressive party. Q.—Supporting President Roosevelt, wasn't it? A.—It was my impression he was not. Q.—Didn't you discuss with him the Roosevelt telegram that appears in this information? A.—No. Q.—Did you ever hear him—do you say at no time that that was published there was any conversation between you upon that telegram? A.—I couldn't say that; I don't know; I probably talked with a number of people; I might have talked with Mr. Cruzen somewhat. Q.—Office Popular Place. Q.—Did he ever disapprove of any of the articles in your paper during the campaign? A.—Disapprove in what respect? To say they ought not be printed or to argue or the policy or— Q.—Yes, either way. A.—Yes, he has doubted the advisability of some of the things I have said. Q.—Doubted them as a political expedient or in what way did he doubt them? A.—I understand it as doubting the political expediency of some things; I don't refer to these political articles because I don't know. Q.—Did he ever disapprove of any of these 31 articles that were published? A.—I don't know; I wouldn't have paid any attention if he had. Q.—Don't you know whether he did or not? A.—No, I don't know. Q.—You know he didn't approve of a number of them? A.—Before they were written? Q.—Or afterward? A.—No, I couldn't say that; I don't know. Q.—As a matter of fact, he was there during the campaign very frequently while the articles were written, Mr. Broxon? A.—Yes; so were numerous other people; I can't distinguish, General, between what Mr. Cruzen said and others said. Q.—He neither approved or disapproved or commented at all on any of these articles which are the subject of this proceeding? A.—I wouldn't put it so broadly as that; I should say I have no recollection, if he did. (Witness excused.) Badley Quickly Excused. O. V. Badley being introduced on behalf of the defendant Cruzen, and being first duly sworn, testified as follows: Direct examination by Mr. Fraser. Q.—Where do you reside? A.—Caldwell, Idaho. Q.—How long have you resided in Idaho? A.—About twenty-five or six years. Q.—Where were you during the months of October and part of November of this present year? A.—The latter part of October and the first week of November I was in Boise. Q.—What were you doing in Boise during that period of time? A.—I was acting as vice chairman of the state central committee of the Progressive party. Q.—Where did you have your office at that time? A.—Overland building—room three hundred and something—seven or eight. Q.—Did you have any conversation with Mr. Cruzen during that time in relation to certain articles appearing in the Capital News in regard to the decision in the case of Spofford vs. Gifford, involving the certifying of names of the Progressives down to the state auditor? A.—Yes, I had several conversations on that subject. Q.—Just state as many as you can, what happened at that time and what was said. General McDougall: If these are serving statements that were made by this defendant, I object to this as inadmissible. If it is proposed to prove

TO MAKE STUDY OF CAPITAL AND LABOR



Senator George Sutherland and F. C. Schwedman.

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statements that he has made that are self-serving, I submit they are not admissible. Mr. Fraser: In matters of this kind he is charged with acquiescing and aiding the publication of these certain articles in a public newspaper. The inference would certainly be, if a man was disapproving of these things openly and publicly that it wouldn't be liable he would be publishing them broadcast in newspapers. If a man is willing to publish certain articles he certainly would occupy the same position later on; for that reason and further the statement that he acquiesces and approves of these articles—the only way we can prove he didn't is by parties who are disinterested who have talked with him about the time they came out, know his frame of mind as far as it went at that time. In examinations of this kind, where intention or malice, things of that kind, that might be involved in this case, disapproval of these articles is as much in his favor as publication, if he did disapprove. We think we have the right to show that. The court: Objection sustained. Mr. Fraser: That will be all, Mr. Badley. (Witness excused.) General McDougall: All. (Witness excused.) Mr. Fraser: In the stipulation of facts, Attorney General, there is one paragraph where you charge that he conversed freely with candidates about the action of the paper with reference to their candidacy and to certain ones stated that the attacks that the paper had been making upon them would cease and thereafter such attacks did

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CHRISTMAS GIFT FOR PRISONER IS GIVEN BY BOARD

Albert C. Leahy, Sentenced From Canyon County for Embezzlement, Is Granted an Unconditional Pardon. The state board of pardons exemplified the Yuletide spirit today, a custom that has been followed by the board for years, and presented a full, free and unconditional pardon to Albert C. Leahy, serving an indeterminate sentence in the Idaho state penitentiary of from 1 to 14 years. The gates in the grim prison walls will swing open to Leahy tonight and he will face the world a free and probably better man.

Leahy was sent to the state penitentiary March 5, 1912, when he commenced the service of his sentence. He was arrested, tried and convicted in Canyon county on the charge of embezzlement. The case attracted a great deal of attention at the time.

Since entering the penal institution he had been a model prisoner, according to the report of Warden John Snook presented to the board at its meeting this afternoon. For this fact, and the fact the board believed that he should receive a full pardon, Governor Hawley signed the order which virtually comes as a Christmas present to Leahy.

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