

BOHRAH ATTACKS IDAHO DEMANDS MINERAL LAND AMENDMENT TO LEASING BILL RAILROAD BILL

Idaho Senator Vigorously Assails Measure Which He Says, Leaves Door Open for Oil Monopoly.

Declares for Federal or State Development of Mineral Land and Power Sites or Else Flat Government Control.

Washington, Jan. 7.—Senator Bohrah today declared the Walsh mineral land leasing bill leaves the door open to a monopoly of western oil, while shutting out independents. Bohrah's charge was made in reply to an attack on the foes of the bill by Senator Pittman.

DEATH TO INDEPENDENTS.

Bohrah asserts the bill puts independents in the position of bidding against the Standard for leases "and the independents will disappear."

The bill will be voted on today by agreement. Senator Phelan said the bill is necessary to keep out foreign corporations seeking to get control of large portions of the American land.

Senator Bohrah, continuing his attack on the bill this afternoon, declared for federal or state development of mineral lands and power sites as the only way to preserve the people's rights.

AGAINST LEASING SYSTEM.

"I will never again vote for a leasing system," said Bohrah. "I favor government grants of these lands and power sites to the states, to be operated and developed by the states or else flat government control."

"What has become of the power sites of the west under the leasing system? Who is developing the power? The power trust. Has the price to the public come down under this system? Not a penny."

ANNOUNCEMENTS

Idaho encampment, No. 1, I. O. O. F., will install officers tonight.

Women of the First Presbyterian church, especially those of the first and second divisions of the Ladies' Aid society, are requested to come to the church parlors Tuesday prepared to help with the making of comforters. Work for the Red Cross will be done as usual.

The regular meeting of the W. R. C. will be held Tuesday afternoon at the G. A. R. hall.

Rev. D. H. Jones requests all members of Christ church, Episcopal, and their friends to be at the Bishop Tuttle church house on Tuesday from 10 until 5 o'clock to sew for the Red Cross.

Rupture's Worst Enemy

Such Makeshifts Have Forced Thousands Into Risking Dangerous Operations.

Wearing elastic and spring trusses year after year is almost sure to shorten your life.

You can't make them hold, even when drawn so tight you can scarcely stand to keep them on.

They usually let you get worse all the time—that's why every year they are forcing thousands of people into undergoing operation.

They are simply a crime—squeeze the rupture, often causing strangulation—dig into the pelvic bone in front—press against the spinal column at the back—make life miserable for nearly everybody who wears them.

The Plain Truth Is This

You can't possibly get well—can't even keep from getting worse—unless your rupture is constantly held in place. Just as a broken bone can't heal unless held securely together.

And just as a bandage or splint is the only way a broken bone can be held, so the right kind of truss is the only thing in the world that can keep a rupture from coming out and growing worse.

You'll feel like a new person from the day you put on that kind of truss.

But you know as well as we that you'll never find such a sure-to-hold truss at any drug store. Yet it's easy enough to get. And you can test it first—by sixty days trial—without having to risk a single cent.

It's the famous *Clute Truss* or *Clute Automatic Massager*—absolutely guaranteed to hold, and won't cost you a cent if it doesn't. It is so utterly different from everything else for rupture that it has received eighteen separate patents.

Fight for the Long and Short Haul Clause to Be Made in the Interests of Inter-mountain Region.

Traffic Department of the Boise Commercial Club Asks Idaho Delegation in Congress to Work for Measure.

The Boise Commercial club, through George B. Graff, secretary of its traffic department, has sent the following telegram to every member of the Idaho delegation in congress:

Boise, Ida., Jan. 7.—In railway legislation about to be taken up by congress we ask that provision for absolute long and short haul be incorporated as an amendment to section 4 of the act to regulate commerce in order that economic waste of back-hauling may be overcome.

Six million pounds of Idaho wool now in storage in Portland. Idaho rate ranges from \$1.78 to \$2.66. The rate from Portland is \$1.18 cheaper to ship to Portland, thence to Boston, than to ship direct.

Conditions demand greater efficiency in the carriage-of-freight policy of government to eliminate unnecessary freight movement.

Idaho wool, to reach market, travels 1400 miles farther than necessary. This is certainly in opposition to the government plan for increasing efficiency in transportation.

PRAYERS FOR SOULS OF AMERICANS WHO DIED FOR FRANCE

With the American Army in France, Jan. 6.—(Delayed).—In the little church of the village of Domremy where Joan of Arc was born, France's plain people today knelt in earnest prayer for the souls of Americans who have died in France.

Scores of wooden shod peasants they were and even a few fur-coated aristocrats beside the simple folk united.

Their heads bowed reverentially, they made the sign of the cross and petitioned Joan of Arc once more to pray for "Les Soldats Americains morts pour France" (American soldiers who have died for France).

Every church in the "American zone" of France held special masses today for the repose of the souls of these dead heroes. It was a spontaneous outpouring. They whispered haltingly the well remembered but strangely hard to pronounce American names of Enright, Hay and Gresham, now sleeping beneath the snow-blanketed Lorraine battlefield.

Nor were prayers forgotten for those of the Americans slain at Cambrai, or for those to whom came death through illness.

LITTLE NEWS OF BOISE

ADVANCE ON TOBACCO.

Another advance on the price of tobacco is announced by local dealers. Five-cent cigars now cost 6 cents. Tobacco and some cigarettes which sold two packages for 25 cents are now 15 cents straight. Snuff has also advanced 1 and 2 cents per box. It was formerly sold for 5 and 10 cents.

COMMITTED SUICIDE.

Ernest Dudler, formerly a real estate dealer in Boise, killed himself in Salt Lake last Thursday, according to advices received here. Dudler shot himself in the head with a six-shooter while in a fit of despondency caused, it is believed, by financial worry. Mr. Dudler lived in Boise for a number of years with his family. He platted and opened the Dudler addition northwest of Boise in which there was a large sale of lots. He had been in Salt Lake the past year connected with an automobile firm.

SEEKING S. I. COHEN.

A letter from England has been received here asking that publicity be given in an attempt to locate Sidney I. Cohen, sometimes known as Sidney Cole. He was last known to be at Nampa. His mother died in October and a brother was recently killed in the war. He is sought by the administrator of the estate, E. J. Salmon, Rembrandt, High Wycombe, Bucks, England.

QUARLES HOME SOLD.

The home of Judge R. P. Quarles at 1211 Washington street, known as "The Elms," was sold last week by the Edward Stein company to Mrs. Emma Vorhies, proprietor of the Priscilla art shop.

HOME FROM SOUTH.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Wheeler, who went to southern California six weeks ago to spend the winter, have returned. Mrs. Wheeler's health failed in the lower altitude, making their return necessary. The trip was made in the interests of Mr. Wheeler and his health was much improved by it.

AUTOMOBILE DAMAGED.

A dead auto with no lights, causing considerable damage to a big machine at the top of the fair grounds hill Sunday night. The driver of the west bound machine did not see the auto until almost to it. He turned sharply to avoid striking it and ran into the curbing on the opposite side of the road smashing the front wheels of his machine.

W. R. C. OFFICERS.

The Women's Relief Corps will hold its initial meeting of 1918 Tuesday afternoon. The newly elected officers of the organization will fill their respective stations. The officers, elective and appointive, for the year are: President, Mrs. Della Straun; senior vice president, Mrs. Fannie Ayers; junior vice president, Celia A. Condit; chaplain, Mrs. Nettie Dibble; conductor, Anna Leeson; guard, Arvilla Proffer; secretary, Pauline Short; patriotic instructor, Elizabeth Randall; press correspondent, Laura Dodd; assistant conductor, Mrs. Carson; assistant guard, Mrs. Sarah Ann Flood; color bearers, No. 1, Emma Williams; No. 2, Addie Tousey; No. 3, Bertha Langer; No. 4, Susan Durant.

CARD OF THANKS.

We wish to express our sincere thanks for the many kindnesses shown during the illness and at the death of our beloved mother, Mrs. Sarah Stover. GEORGE A. STOVER, D. I. STOVER, MRS. WILLIAM GREENBURG.

PLEADS GUILTY.

Dean O. Coughman entered a plea of guilty to grand larceny this morning when arraigned before Judge McCarthy. Coughman is one of the youths who stole an automobile here on Dec. 8 and drove it to Rupert, where he and his companion were arrested. Judge McCarthy will pronounce sentence Tuesday. It is understood a parole will be asked.

TWO GET LICENSES.

Marriage licenses were issued today to John I. Bailey and Daisy M. Mallard of Boise and to George W. Colton and Effie Paris of Star.

JURY HEARS ARGUMENT.

The Sand creek damage case, which opened in district court last week, was argued before a jury Monday afternoon. E. C. Delana, county attorney, spoke in behalf of the county, which is the defendant, while S. T. Schreiber represented Mrs. Fisher.

APPOINTED ADMINISTRATOR.

John D. Daly was today appointed administrator of the estate of the late William A. Rankin.

CALLED TO SALMON.

Judge Carl Davis has gone to Salmon City to officiate as judge on several cases in that section in which the regular judge is disqualified.

PERSONALS.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred H. Vogt of Blackfoot arrived in Boise the latter part of the week and will make their home here.

Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Taylor are spending the week in Boise. They came from the Agency ranch in Oregon.

Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Mitchell of Weiser are Boise visitors.

H. C. Branstetter and son of Echo, Ore., were among the Sunday arrivals at the Bristol.

Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Thompson of Middleton are Boise visitors today. J. F. Campbell is transacting business in Boise. He arrived Sunday night from Cambridge. J. R. Bush left Sunday for Sacramento, Cal., on a business trip. Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Barmon, who have been visiting their daughter, Mrs. Louis Stark, have returned to Seattle. Will H. Gibson, manager of Senator

Brady's interests at Mountain Home, is in the city with land holders of that section on a mission before the state land board.

Dr. George R. Proctor, state senator from Owyhee county, is here from Grand View. He brought two patients to Boise for treatment in the hospital.

Alex Simr is looking after business matters in Boise. He arrived Sunday evening from Idaho Falls.

Dan G. Devine, stockman of the Halley country, is at the Owyhee.

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Armstrong are visitors in the city from Salt Lake.

Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Portlock are here from Brunau to spend a few days.

R. J. Gifford is in the city from Brunzell, a guest at the Pacific.

D. D. Holgate was an arrival in Boise Sunday from Portland, Ore.

Charles W. Evans is down from his ranch at Prairie, Ida., on a short business visit.

Hugh H. Rankin came in this morning from Ashton and will spend several days in Boise on business.

Milton Brooks and Fisk Collins are here from Mountain Home, guests at the Idanha.

Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Stanfield came up from Ontario Sunday for a visit of a few days.

Miss Isabelle Hall of Glenns Ferry, is visiting in the city.

Samuel Henry has gone to Bakersfield, Cal., on an extended visit.

Mrs. Charles Freeman, who has been visiting friends in Boise, left today on her return trip to Kansas City.

Mrs. Julia Green has returned from San Francisco, where she has been visiting.

Mrs. C. W. Richardson has returned from a visit at Salt Lake.

Mr. and Mrs. John R. Dickson, who have been in California for several months, have returned and contemplate remaining.

UNDER THE CAPITAL DOME

GENERAL TO SOUTHEAST.

Adjutant General C. S. Moody has gone to the southeastern part of the state on military matters.

WALTERS TO AMERICAN FALLS.

Attorney General T. A. Walters left Sunday for American Falls, where he spent today on legal matters requiring his attention.

AFFIRM JUDGMENT GIVEN.

The supreme court handed down a decision today on the appeal in the case of James Sumby versus the Craig Mountain Lumber company, in which the judgment given by the Second judicial district court for Nez Perce county, Edgar C. Steele presiding, is affirmed. This is an action for damages. The lower court gave judgment for the plaintiff for \$7500 for injuries received while working with a jammer or derrick used by the company in hoisting logs. The original suit asked for \$25,000 damages. Justice Morgan made the decision. In his findings his associates on the bench concur.

GENERAL GOETHALS APPOINTED AS CHIEF OF TRANSPORTATION

Washington, Jan. 7.—General Goethals, acting quartermaster general, has been appointed chief of transportation for the war department to co-operate with Director General McAdoo in movement of all kinds of war supplies.

Another step in this program was taken today when Edward N. Hurley was named chairman of the New York port board, which is assisting in improving New York port facilities.

In connection with Goethals' work, the plan for diverting war shipments to several destinations is being developed.

NEW APARTMENT HOUSE.

Twin Falls, Jan. 7.—Ground was broken today for a \$45,000 modern apartment house by Contractor Robert Paysee. The house is being built for Mrs. Mary Hickler and will be one of the finest in the state.

Rasping Coughs eased with Dr. King's Discovery for Coughs & Colds



That wretched, torturous tearing at the throat, and lungs give way to ease and comfort through the prompt use of Dr. King's Discovery—the standard cough and cold remedy for 75 years. Keep it in hand and use freely. It goes right to the root of a cold—brings up the phlegm and eases the raw, feverish membranes. Contains balsam, it cools and soothes the sore parts. Just the thing for baby's croup. The kiddie likes it. Your druggist sells it.

Dizzy? Bilious? Constipated?

Dr. King's new Life Pills cause a healthy flow of bile and rid your Stomach and Bowels of waste and fermenting body poisons. They are a Tonic to your Stomach and Liver and tone the general system. First dose relieves. Get a bottle today. 25c. all druggists.

ATTENTION! Sick Women

To do your duty during these trying times your health should be your first consideration. These two women tell how they found health.

Hellam, Pa.—"I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for female troubles and a displacement. I felt all run down and was very weak. I had been treated by a physician without results, so decided to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial, and felt better right away. I am keeping house since last April and doing all my housework, where before I was unable to do any work. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is certainly the best medicine a woman can take when in this condition. I give you permission to publish this letter."—Mrs. E. R. CRUMMING, R. No. 1, Hellam, Pa.

Lowell, Mich.—"I suffered from cramps and dragging down pains, was irregular and had female weakness and displacement. I began to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound which gave me relief at once and restored my health. I should like to recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's remedies to all suffering women who are troubled in a similar way."—Mrs. ELISE HELM, R. No. 6, Box 83, Lowell, Mich.



Why Not Try LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND

LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO. LYNN, MASS.

ENFORCEMENT OF FINES NOT FIXED POLICY

Commissioner Declares Department Intends to Be Reasonable Where Companies Show Good Faith.

Compensation Commission Still Undecided Regarding Form of Insurance—Third Set of Rules Presented—With Attorney General.

Large and small employers of Idaho need not unnecessarily worry about the enforcement of the penalty clause in the workmen's compensation act or the collection of a \$1 fine for each employee because of failure to secure compensation, for the state insurance department does not intend to arbitrarily enforce it where employers show their good intention to comply with the terms of the act. This was made plain by State Insurance Manager C. O. Broxon.

Up to a late hour today the compensation commission had not adopted its rules or regulations, nor had it decided to close out surety bonds or other forms of insurance than that offered under the state plan. A third set of rules was offered for consideration, and it was unanimously agreed they should be first passed upon by the attorney general before the board takes formal action. It is understood this set of rules recognizes state insurance. The representatives of the casualty companies are anxiously awaiting the decision of the board. If it is against them, they will immediately take a test case to the supreme court. It is reliably reported. They are expecting to be admitted, under the terms of the compensation act.

TWO FORMS ALLOWED.

Section 65 of the act sets forth how employers may secure compensation to their employees. First, by insuring and keeping insured the payment of such compensation in the state insurance fund; second, by depositing and maintaining with the state insurance manager, security satisfactory to the board, securing the payment by the employer of compensation according to the terms of the act. This security may consist of a surety bond or guarantee contract with any company authorized to do a surety or guaranty business in Idaho and having a sufficient deposit with the state treasurer upon which execution may lawfully be issued against the company in behalf of any workman secured under the bonds or contract. All companies must be approved by the board.

PENALTY ATTACHED.

Section 68 of the law provides that if any employer fails to comply with the provisions of section 65 he becomes liable to a penalty for every day during which such failure continues, of \$1 for every employee, to be recovered in an action brought by the state insurance manager in the name of the state or in his own name. The amount so collected is to be paid into the insurance fund. The insurance manager may in his own discretion for good cause shown, remit any such penalty in whole or in part, providing the employer in default secures compensation as provided in section 65. Further provision is made that if the employer defaults for a period of 30 days, he may be enjoined by the district court from carrying on his business while the default continues.

It is the enforcement of this penalty clause that is worrying some of the larger employers of the state. That is one of the reasons why the mine owners have been so anxious for the board to accept the Liberty and other bonds amounting to \$90,000 they brought with them to Boise, as surety they will protect their employees.

"This department does not intend to be arbitrary in the enforcement of the penalty clause, and those employers who show good faith in their intention to comply with the terms of the workmen's compensation act have no need to worry about the fines," said Manager Broxon. "On every possible occasion I have given assurances to employers that if they demonstrate they intend to comply with the terms of the act they need have no fears. The aim of this department is to see with as little friction as possible and to have it in operation for the protection of the employee without unnecessary delay."

"On Dec. 1 I notified employers of this state that the industrial accident board would not become effective until Jan. 1 and therefore could not pass upon application for bonds until that date, but that employers fully intending not to insure in the state fund but to proffer bonds, should notify the department of such intention. I also stated that employers who neither insure in the state fund nor furnish notification to this department of their intention to deposit bonds, would be subject to the penalty of the law."

"The fact that the commission has not passed upon the surety presented will be taken into consideration by this department in the matter of enforcing the penalty clause."

The attorney general ruled some time ago that his construction of the compensation law was that the commission could not accept government bonds. It is this construction of the law which is said to be holding up the acceptance of the Liberty bonds presented by the mine owners. It is said to be possible that the board may decide to accept the government bonds as offered on the grounds that there is no better legal security than a Liberty bond.

LARGE ATTENDANCE AT POULTRY SHOW

A large attendance is assured at the show being staged by the Idaho Poultry & Pet Stock association. The number of people from outside points who are here for the show is surprising and many have made entries and were about the show rooms today looking after their birds and stock.

While in previous years this annual show has always drawn a large number of entries, this year all records are far exceeded and the show has been placed upon a basis where it now ranks among the best shows of its kind held anywhere in the northwest. The show rooms have been made attractive with special decorations and the exhibits are all in place.

NOTICE TO SMOKERS!

All cigars that formerly sold for 5 cents will now sell at 6 cents straight

THERE WILL ALSO BE SOME CHANGES IN PRICES IN CERTAIN BRANDS OF SMOKING TOBACCOS AND ALSO CERTAIN BRANDS OF CIGARETTES WHICH WILL BE POSTED IN ALL CIGAR STORES AND DRUG STORES, TO TAKE EFFECT ON THIS DATE.

RETAIL CIGAR AND TOBACCO MERCHANTS OF BOISE

EXTRA SESSION OF LEGISLATURE NOW BEING TALKED OF

That an extra session of the Fourteenth Idaho legislature is not improbable was intimated today by those who claim to be familiar with the subject. For some time there has been talk that a session extraordinary was necessary to care for some of the issues that have come up since the last session, particularly with relation to properly financing the state for the war emergency.

While Governor Alexander had nothing to say with regard to the matter, it is known that he is giving the subject serious consideration and is weighing the subjects, which many claim, should be given the attention of the legislature. Several responsible parties have stated that they would not be surprised if a decision was reached to call the legislature in session extraordinary.

Ever since the last legislature convened reports have been in circulation linking it with an extra session. That important subjects require attention is well known. Governor Alexander stated prior to going to American Lake to attend the conference as to cantonment camp conditions there, that he would reach a decision as to an extra session of the legislature later. It is said he may decide definitely to convene the solons in the very near future, or he may reach the conclusion that an extra session of the legislature is not warranted at the present time.

CASES FOR TRIAL IN JANUARY TERM

Judge McCarthy called the January court calendar this morning and set cases for both courts under an agreement. The list of cases to be heard are as follows:

Judge McCarthy—Minneapolis Steel Machinery company vs. King Hill Irrigation company, Ltd., Jan. 14; Charles M. Caldwell vs. Thelo Netter, Jan. 15; Peter Fogarty versus Theodore Hasbarger, Jan. 22; C. B. Hurt et al vs. Nampa-Meridian Irrigation district, Jan. 23; Coast Lumber company vs. Guy E. Matthews, Jan. 29; Aliene D. Carson versus R. C. Hughes et al, dismissed on motion of plaintiff at plaintiff's costs.

Judge Davis—State vs. Andrew Davis, Jan. 14; E. W. Yeomans vs. A. C. Laster, Jan. 21; T. S. Risser vs. Slick Brothers Construction company, Jan. 25; T. S. Risser vs. Crater Farm Orchard company, Jan. 24.